



Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring Avaya one-X® Mobile as part of an Avaya Unified Communication Mobile Worker Solution – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring Avaya one-X® Mobile 5.2 as part of an Unified Communication Mobile Worker solution. Avaya one-X® Mobile is an Enterprise mobility solution that allows users roaming or otherwise located away from the office to access enterprise telephony and unified communications services. More specifically, users can utilize the Avaya one-X® Mobile Unified Communication (UC) client application running on their mobile phones to manage the routing of inbound business calls, place outbound business calls, manage corporate voice messages, and search the corporate directory. The Mobile Extension offer is an integrated solution that provides all the necessary components to enable PBX integration at the enterprise, including a cost control capability for enterprise wireless usage.

Testing was conducted via the Internal Interoperability Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring simulated Enterprise and Branch sites with Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager (CM), Avaya Aura™ Session Manager, Midsize Business Template (MBT), Avaya SIP Enablement Services (SES), and ISDN-PRI trunks.

Avaya one-X® Mobile is an Enterprise mobility solution that allows users roaming or otherwise located away from the office to access Enterprise Telephony and Unified Communications (UC) services. More specifically, users can:

- **Manage the routing of inbound business calls**
Using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application (running on the mobile phone), users can select the destinations, e.g., office phone, mobile phone, home phone, other landline phones, etc., to which inbound business calls are routed. The users can then answer inbound business calls at any of the selected destinations.
- **Place outbound business calls**
Using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application, users can place outbound business calls from any phone, e.g., mobile phone, home phone, other landline phones, etc. Since these business calls are placed through the Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager, the user's business number is presented as the calling party number.
- **Switch between using the office phone and mobile phone on active calls**
Users can move active calls from the office phone to the mobile phone, and vice versa. And move active calls from GSM to Enterprise Wireless, and vice versa.
- **Manage corporate voice messages**
Users can view, listen to, save, and delete corporate voice messages from the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application.
- **Search the corporate directory**
Using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application, users can search the corporate directory for the contact information of other enterprise users.
- **Access one-X® Speech to place and receive calls, using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application.**

Figure 1 illustrates the configuration that was used to verify these Application Notes.

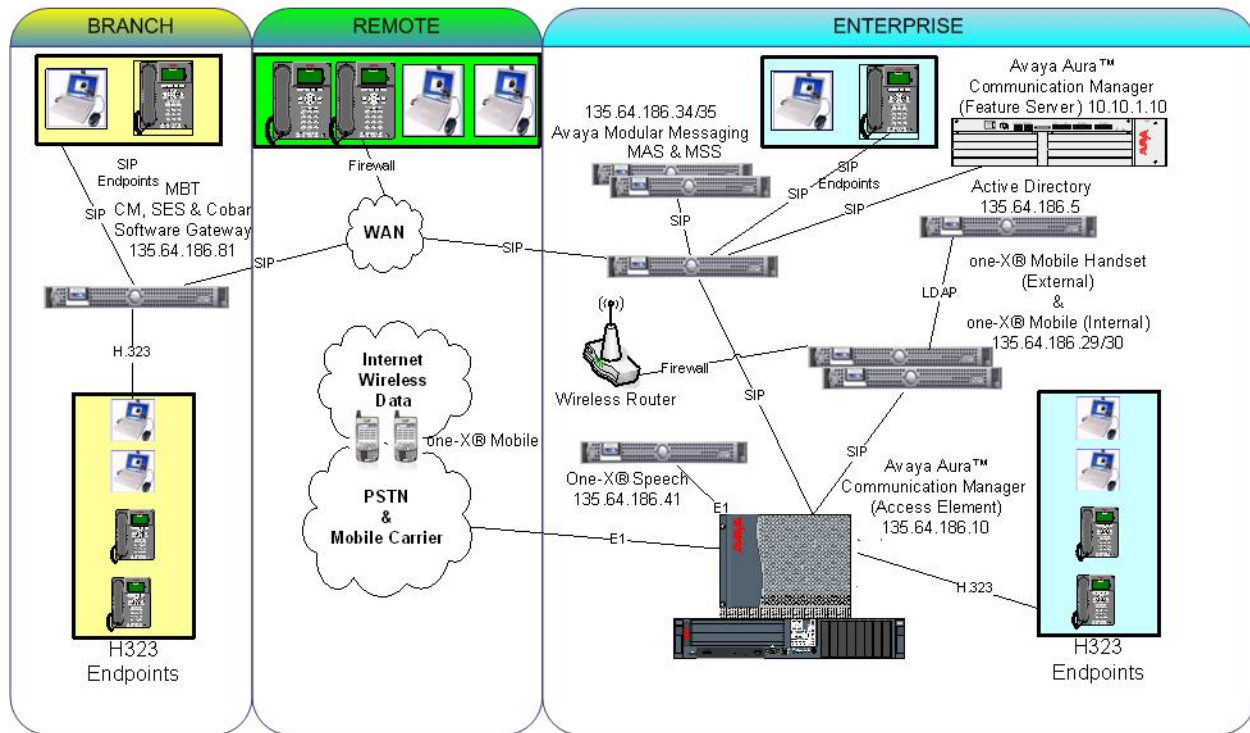


Figure 1: Sample Avaya one-X® Mobile Solution Configuration

1.1. Call Flows

To understand how the Avaya one-X® Mobile solution manages outbound and inbound calls, several call flows are described in this section. The first call scenario illustrated in **Figure 2** is an inbound PSTN call to an Enterprise user enabled with Avaya one-X® Mobile. The call arrives via a public trunk at Communication Manager, and due to the Avaya one-X® Mobile integration, rings all of the endpoints, e.g., office phone, mobile phone, home phone, other landline phones, etc., selected by the user as receive (**Send Calls**) destinations.

1. The inbound PSTN call arrives on Communication Manager and is routed to an Communication Manager extension.
2. Since Avaya one-X® Mobile is monitoring calls on the called extension, Avaya one-X® Mobile is aware of the inbound call and looks up the receive destinations that the Avaya one-X® Mobile user associated with the called extension has selected for receiving inbound calls. Avaya one-X® Mobile then instructs Communication Manager to route the call to those receive destinations. In these Application Notes, the calls routed to those receive destinations are referred to as simultaneous ring, or **Simulring**, calls. The called user may then answer the call at **a)** the office phone; **b)** the mobile phone; or **c)** other selected receive destinations. Once the user answers at any one of those destinations, the user is connected to the caller and ringing stops on the other receive destinations.

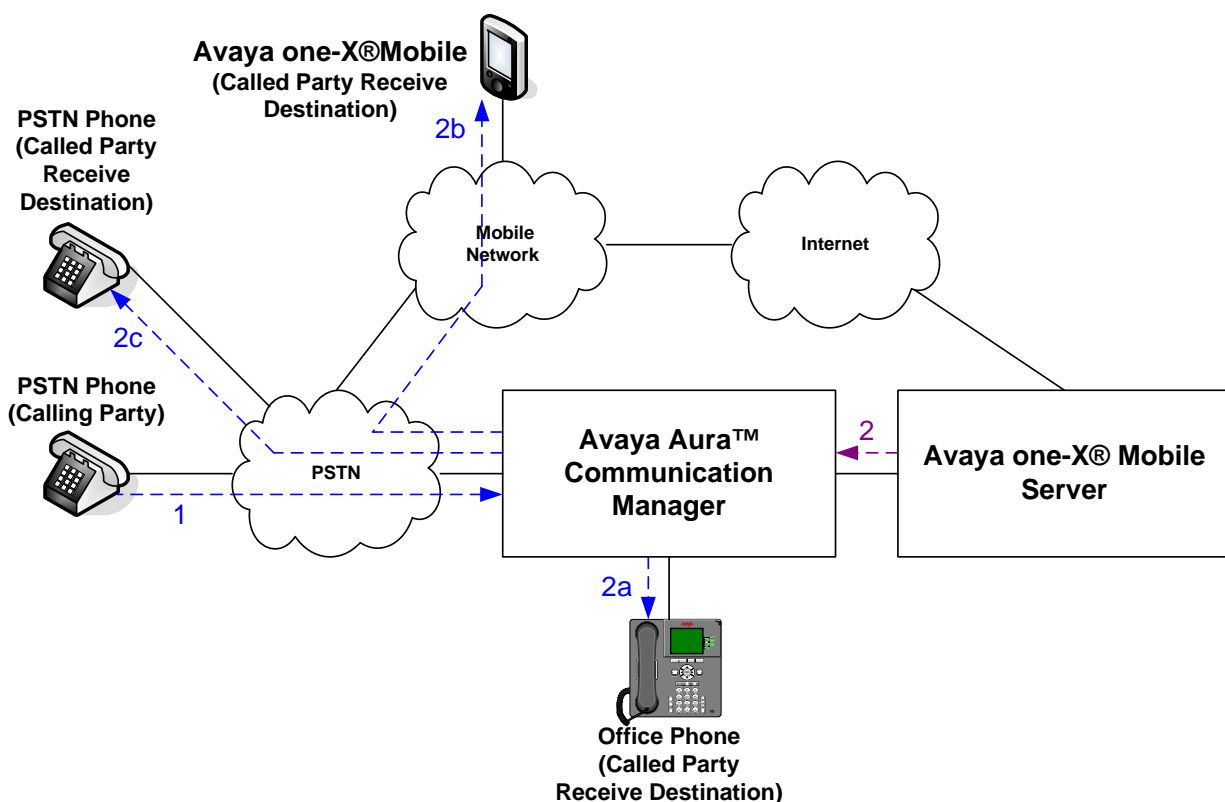


Figure 2: Inbound PSTN Call Scenario

The second call scenario illustrated in **Figure 3** is similar to the first call scenario, except that the call is an internal call from another Communication Manager phone, e.g., an intra-office call.

1. A Communication Manager phone calls the office extension of an enterprise user enabled with Avaya one-X® Mobile.
2. Since Avaya one-X® Mobile is monitoring calls on the called extension, Avaya one-X® Mobile is aware of the inbound call and looks up the receive destinations that the Avaya one-X® Mobile user associated with the called extension has selected for receiving inbound calls. Avaya one-X® Mobile then instructs Communication Manager to route the call to those receive destinations. In these Application Notes, the calls routed to those receive destinations are referred to as simultaneous ring, or **Simulring**, calls. The called user may then answer the call at **a**) the office phone; **b**) the mobile phone; or **c**) other selected receive destinations. Once the user answers at any one of those destinations, the user is connected to the caller and ringing stops on the other receive destinations.

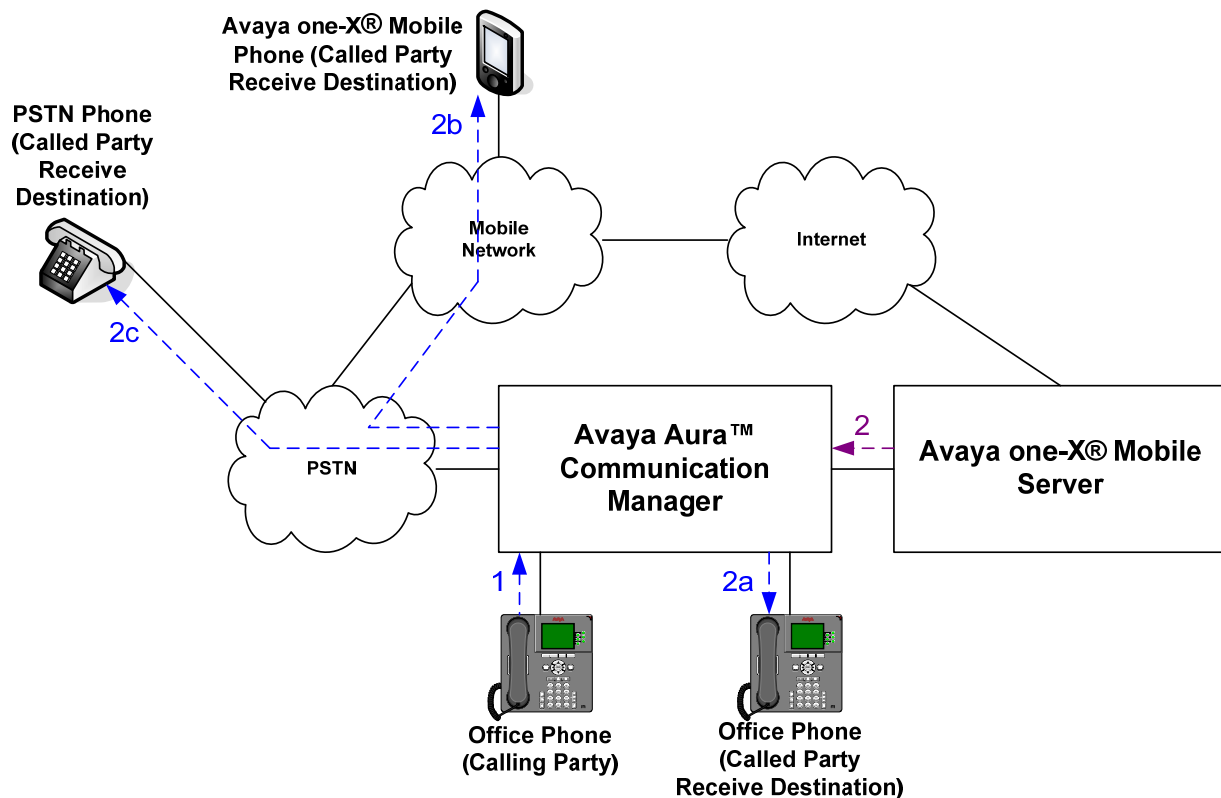


Figure 3: Inbound Internal Call Scenario

The third call scenario illustrated in **Figure 4** is a business call from a user's mobile phone to a PSTN number, where the call is initiated from the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application running on the user's mobile phone.

1. Using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application, the user enters a request to make a business call between the mobile phone and a PSTN number, e.g., a customer's number. The request is delivered over the Internet via HTTP/HTTPS to Avaya one-X® Mobile.
2. Avaya one-X® Mobile decomposes the request into parts. First, Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to place a call to the calling user's mobile phone number. In these Application Notes, this leg of the overall business call is referred to as the **Callback** call. The calling user answers the **Callback** call.
3. Avaya one-X® Mobile then instructs Communication Manager to place a call to the destination PSTN number. The destination PSTN phone answers.
4. Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to merge the two call legs, thereby connecting the calling user (on the mobile phone) to the destination PSTN phone.

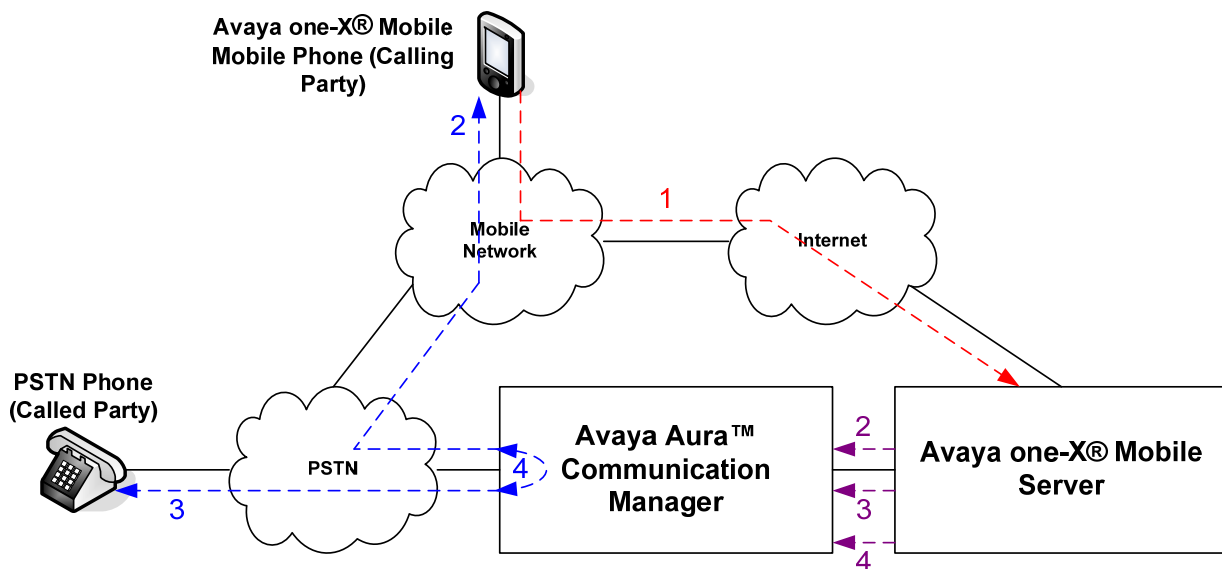


Figure 4: Outbound PSTN Call From Mobile Phone Call Scenario

The fourth call scenario illustrated in **Figure 5** is similar to the third call scenario, except that the destination number is another Communication Manager extension, e.g., another office extension.

1. Using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application, the user enters a request to make a business call between the mobile phone and another Communication Manager extension. The request is delivered over the Internet via HTTP/HTTPS to Avaya one-X® Mobile.
2. Avaya one-X® Mobile decomposes the request into parts. First, Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to place a call to the calling user's mobile phone number. As in the third call scenario, this leg of the overall business call is referred to as the **Callback** call. The calling user answers the **Callback** call.
3. Avaya one-X® Mobile then instructs Communication Manager to place a call to the destination extension. The destination extension answers.
4. Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to merge the two call legs, thereby connecting the calling user (on the mobile phone) to the destination extension. Note that if the destination extension is also that of another Avaya one-X® Mobile user, then as in the first call scenario, the called user's selected receive destinations will simultaneously ring, and the called user may answer the call at his/her office phone, mobile phone, or other selected receive destinations.

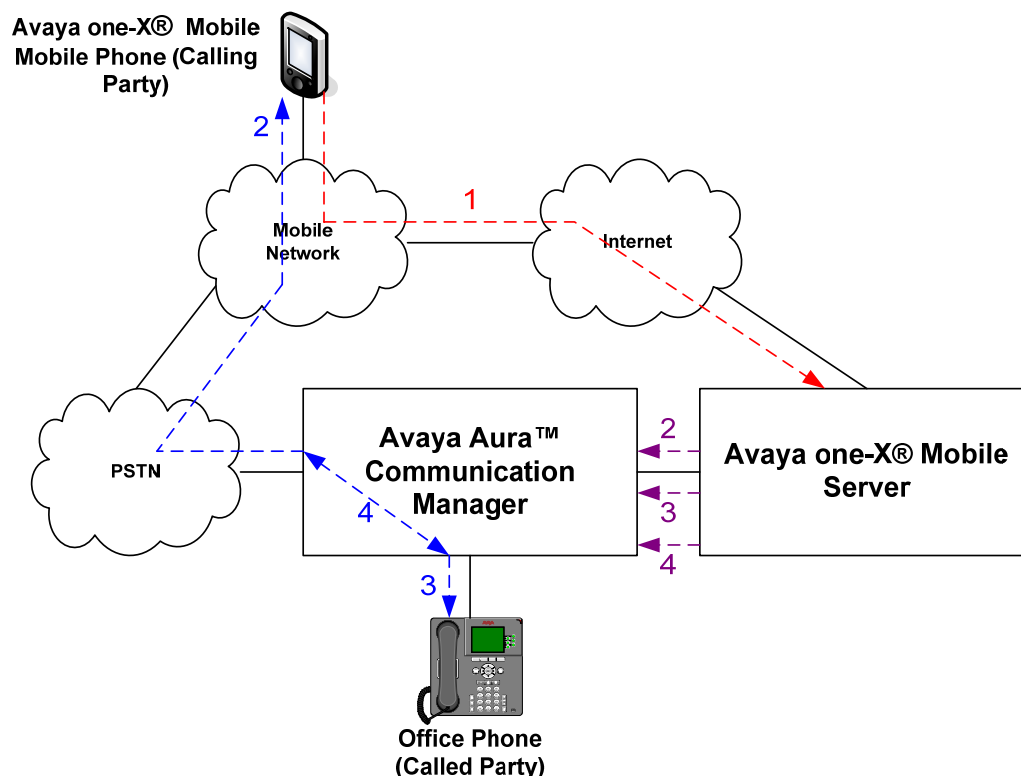


Figure 5: Outbound Internal Call From Mobile Phone Call Scenario

The fifth call scenario illustrated in **Figure 6** is a business call from a user's landline phone, i.e., not the user's office or mobile phone, to another PSTN number, where the call is initiated from the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application running on the user's mobile phone.

1. Using the Avaya one-X® Mobile UC client application, the user enters a request to make a business call between the user's landline phone, e.g., home phone, hotel phone, phones in conference rooms, etc., and another PSTN number, e.g., a customer's number. The request is delivered over the Internet via HTTP/HTTPS to Avaya one-X® Mobile.
2. Avaya one-X® Mobile decomposes the request into parts. First, Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to place a call to the calling user's landline phone number. As in the third call scenario, this leg of the overall business call is referred to as the **Callback** call. The calling user answers the **Callback** call.
3. Avaya one-X® Mobile then instructs Communication Manager (via Avaya Application Enablement Services) to place a call to the destination PSTN number. The destination PSTN phone answers.
4. Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to merge the two call legs, thereby connecting the calling user (on the landline phone) to the destination PSTN phone.

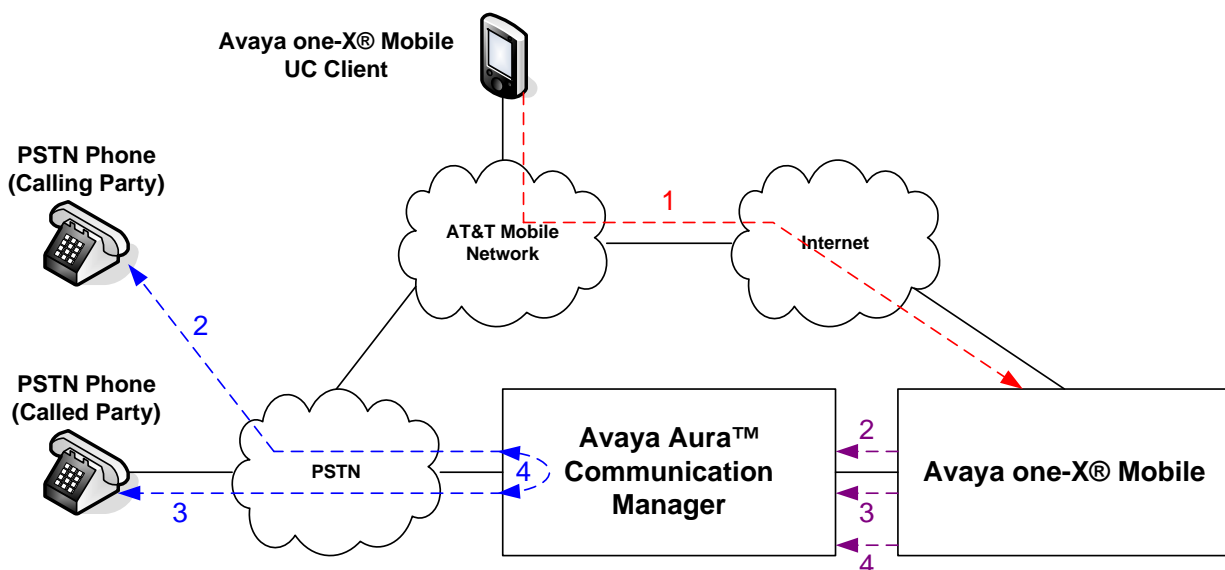


Figure 6: Outbound Call From Landline Phone Call Scenario

The sixth call scenario illustrated in **Figure 7** is one where an active business call on a user's office phone is moved to the user's mobile phone.

1. The user is on an active business call on his/her desk phone.
2. The user then decides to move the call to his/her mobile phone by pressing the **extend call** button on his/her office phone. Communication Manager places a call to the user's mobile phone number. The user answers at the mobile phone.
3. Communication Manager connects the user to the other party on the call, and the user hangs up the office phone. The call appearance on the office phone is still available should the user decide to return to the office phone (see seventh call scenario below).

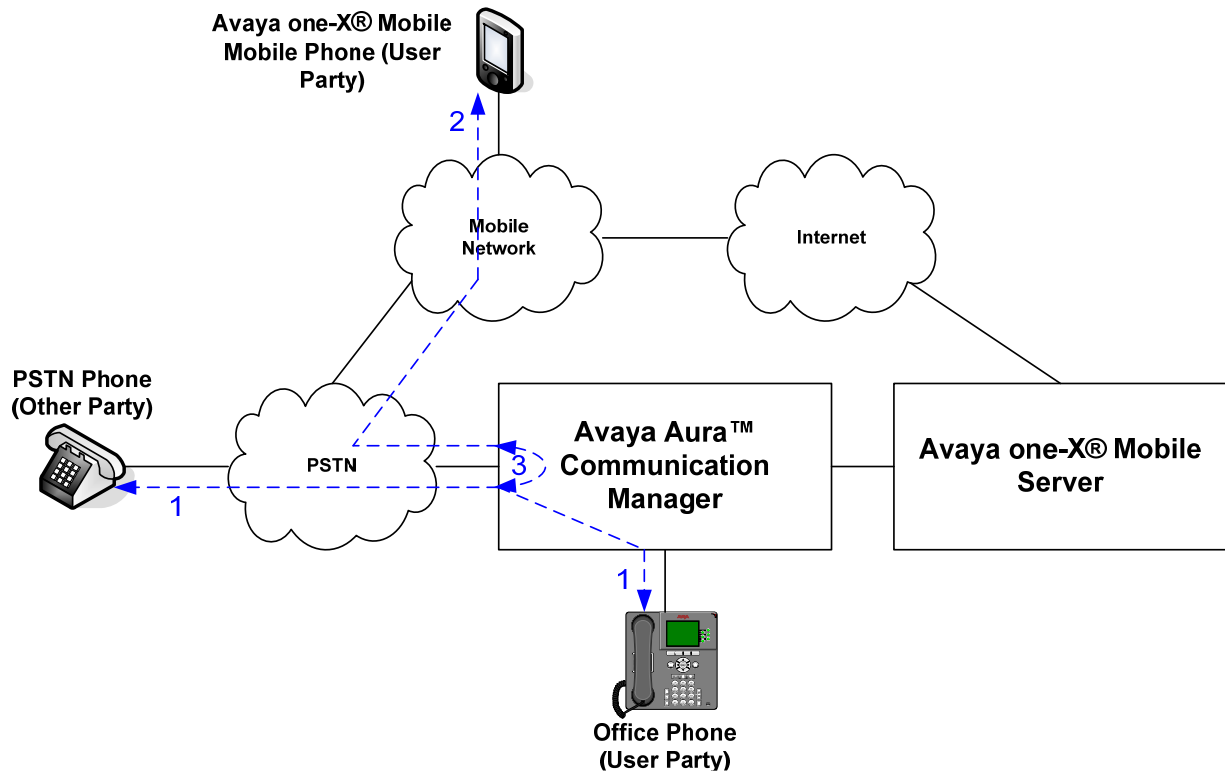


Figure 7: Move Call From Office Phone to Mobile Phone Call Scenario

The seventh call scenario illustrated in **Figure 8** is one where an active business call on a user's mobile phone is moved to the user's office phone.

1. The user is on an active business call on his/her mobile phone.
2. The user then returns to his/her office, and sees that the call is also available on the office phone. The user presses the corresponding call appearance on his/her office phone, and the office phone is connected to the other party on the call.
3. The user disconnects the mobile phone. If the user decides to move the call back to his/her mobile phone, then the user would have to carry out the sixth call scenario above.

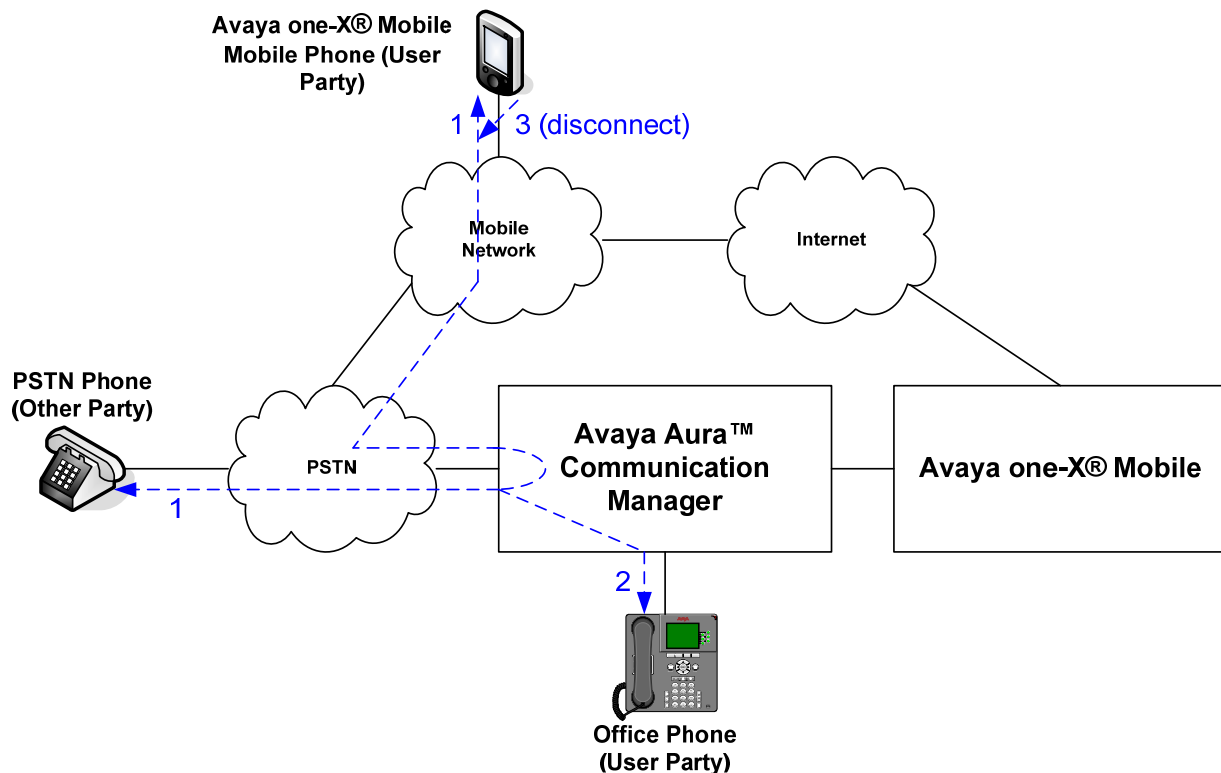


Figure 8: Move Active Call From Mobile Phone to Office Phone Call Scenario

2. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software was used for the sample configuration described in these Application Notes.

Component		Version
Avaya one-X®™ Mobile Internal Server S8510		Avaya Software 5.2.0.0.69 running on Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 Enterprise Edition Service Pack 2
Avaya one-X®™ Mobile Handset Server S8510		Avaya Software 5.2.0.0.69 running on Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 Enterprise Edition Service Pack 2
Avaya one-X®™ Mobile UC Client Application		5.2.0.0.1
Nokia E71		Symbian OS v9.2
Nokia E63		Symbian OS v9.2
Avaya S8720 Server (Access Element Server)		Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager 5.2 (S8720-015-02.1.016.4 with update 17774)
Avaya G650 Media Gateway		
	TN2312BP IP Server Interface (IPSI)	HW15 FW049
	TN799DP Control-LAN (C-LAN)	HW01 FW034
	TN464GP DS1 Interface	HW06 FW020
	TN2224CP Digital Line	HW08 FW015
	TN2602AP IP Media Resource 320 (MedPro)	HW08 FW049
Avaya 9630 IP Telephone		Avaya one-X® Deskphone Edition H.323 Release S3.0
Avaya 9640 IP Telephone		Avaya one-X® Deskphone Edition H.323 Release S3.0
Avaya 4620SW IP Telephone		2.9
Avaya Aura™ System Manager Server S8510		5.2.0.1- SP0
Avaya Aura™ Session Manager Server S8510		5.2.0.1- SP0
Avaya Modular Messaging on Avaya S8730 Messaging Servers (MAS and MSS)		5.2 (9.2.150)
Microsoft Active Directory on Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 x64 Edition Service Pack 2		5.2.3790.3959
Avaya one-X® Speech S8730		5.2.0.38
Avaya S8720 Server (Access Element and Feature Servers)		Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager 5.2 (S8720-015-02.1.016.4 with update 17774)
Avaya Aura™ for Midsize Enterprises S8800		5.2.1.2.5

Table 1: Equipment and Software Versions

Configuration of Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager

This section describes the administration steps for Communication Manager in support of integration with Avaya one-X® Mobile. The steps are performed from the Communication Manager System Access Terminal (SAT) interface. These Application Notes assume that basic Communication Manager administration has already been performed.

2.1. System Parameters

This section reviews the Communication Manager licenses and features that are required for the sample configuration described in these Application Notes. For required licenses that are not enabled in the steps that follow, contact an authorized Avaya account representative to obtain the licenses.

Enter the command **display system-parameters special-applications** and navigate to **Page 7**, verify that **(SA8931) – Send IE with EC500 Extension Number** is set to **y**.

```
display system-parameters special-applications                               Page 7 of
8
                                SPECIAL APPLICATIONS

                                (SA8888) - Per Station Music On Hold? n
(SA8889) - Verizon VoiceGenie SIP MIME MessageBodies? n
                                (SA8891) - Verizon VoiceGenie SIP Headers? n
                                (SA8896) - IP Softphone Lamp Control? n
                                (SA8900) - Support for NTT Call Screening? n
                                (SA8904) - Location Based Call Type Analysis? n
                                (SA8911) - Expanded Public Unknown Table? n
(SA8917) - LSP Redirect using special coverage point? n
                                (SA8927) - Increase Paging Groups? n
(SA8928) - Display Names on Bridged Appearance Labels? n
                                (SA8931) - Send IE with EC500 Extension Number? y
                                (SA8942) - Multiple Unicode Message File Support? n
                                (SA8944) - Multiple Logins for Single IP Address? n
                                (SA8946) - Site Data Expansion? n
                                (SA8957) - PIN Checking for Private Calls? n
(SA8958) - Increase BSR Polling/Interflow Pairs to 40000? n
                                (SA8965) - SIP Shuffling with SDP? n
(SA8967) - Mask CLI and Station Name for QSIG/ISDN Calls? n
                                (SA8972) - Overwrite Calling Identity? n
```

Enter the **display system-parameters customer-options** command. On **Page 1** of the system-parameters customer-options form, verify that the **Maximum Off-PBX Telephones – EC500** and **Maximum Off-PBX Telephones - PBFMC** number is sufficient for the number of expected Avaya one-X® Mobile users (one EC500 license per Avaya one-X® Mobile user).

display system-parameters customer-options		Page	1 of 11
OPTIONAL FEATURES			
G3 Version: V15	Software Package: Standard		
Location: 1	RFA System ID (SID): 1		
Platform: 6	RFA Module ID (MID): 1		
		USED	
Platform Maximum Ports: 44000		286	
Maximum Stations: 36000		101	
Maximum XMOBILE Stations: 0		0	
Maximum Off-PBX Telephones - EC500: 1000		0	
Maximum Off-PBX Telephones - OPS: 36000		15	
Maximum Off-PBX Telephones - PBFMC: 100		0	
Maximum Off-PBX Telephones - PVFMC: 0		0	
Maximum Off-PBX Telephones - SCCAN: 0		0	

On **Page 4**, of the **system-parameters customer-options** form, verify that the bolded fields in the following screenshots are set to **y**.

display system-parameters customer-options		Page	4 of 11
OPTIONAL FEATURES			
Emergency Access to Attendant? y		IP Stations? y	
Enable 'dadmin' Login? y			
Enhanced Conferencing? y		ISDN Feature Plus? y	
Enhanced EC500? y	ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection? y		
Enterprise Survivable Server? n		ISDN-BRI Trunks? y	
Enterprise Wide Licensing? n		ISDN-PRI? y	
ESS Administration? n	Local Survivable Processor? n		
Extended Cvg/Fwd Admin? y	Malicious Call Trace? n		
External Device Alarm Admin? n	Media Encryption Over IP? n		
Five Port Networks Max Per MCC? n	ode Code for Centralized Voice Mail? n		
Flexible Billing? n			
Forced Entry of Account Codes? n	Multifrequency Signaling? y		
Global Call Classification? n	Multimedia Call Handling (Basic)? y		
Hospitality (Basic)? y	Multimedia Call Handling (Enhanced)? y		
Hospitality (G3V3 Enhancements)? n	Multimedia IP SIP Trunking? n		
IP Trunks? y			
IP Attendant Consoles? n			

2.2. Dial Plan and Feature Access Codes

This section briefly describes the dial plan requirements and feature access codes for the configuration described in these Application Notes. Enter the **change dialplan analysis** command to provision the dial plan.

- 3-digit dial access codes (indicated with a **Call Type** of **dac**) beginning with the digits **1** – Trunk Access Codes (TACs) defined for trunk groups in this configuration conform to this format.
- 5-digit extensions (indicated with a **Call Type** of **ext**) beginning with the digit **2** – extensions for stations in this configuration conform to this format.
- Single-digit (**9**) feature access codes (indicated with a **Call Type** of **fac**) – These dialed strings will be interpreted as Feature Access Codes (FACs). In this configuration, **9** is used as the user-dialed prefix for outbound calls to the PSTN.

change dialplan analysis						Page 1 of 12			
DIAL PLAN ANALYSIS TABLE									
Location: all						Percent Full: 2			
Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	
1	3	dac	*	2	fac				
2	5	ext	#	3	fac				
3	5	ext							
333	5	aar							
34	5	aar							
350	5	aar							
4	5	aar							
420	5	aar							
5	6	ext							
60	4	aar							
666	5	aar							
7	5	aar							
8	5	aar							
81	5	aar							
9	1	fac							

Enter the **change feature-access-codes** command. On **Page 1** of the **feature-access-codes** form, provision access codes that are valid under the administered dial plan as per this section for the following features:

- **Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1** – In this configuration, ARS is used for routing calls to the PSTN, and the access code entered here is used as the user-dialed prefix for outbound calls. See **Section 2.4.1** for further details on outbound call routing administration.

change feature-access-codes		Page 1 of 9
FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)		
Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:		
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:		
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:		
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:		
Announcement Access Code:		
Answer Back Access Code:		
Attendant Access Code:		
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: 8		
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 9		Access Code 2:
Automatic Callback Activation:		Deactivation:
Call Forwarding Activation Busy/DA:	All:	Deactivation:
Call Forwarding Enhanced Status:	Act:	Deactivation:
Call Park Access Code:		
Call Pickup Access Code:		
CAS Remote Hold/Answer Hold-Unhold Access Code:		
CDR Account Code Access Code:		
Change COR Access Code:		
Change Coverage Access Code:		
Contact Closure	Open Code:	Close Code:

2.3. ISDN-PRI Trunk

In this configuration, an ISDN-PRI trunk is used for both inbound Direct Inward Dialing (DID) calls from, and outbound calls to, the PSTN. Since the ISDN-PRI trunk administration can vary according to customer needs and the ISDN-PRI trunk service offered in a given locale, this section briefly describes the administration options relevant to this configuration. Enter the **add trunk-group t** command, where **t** is the number of an ISDN-PRI trunk group.

add trunk-group 100		Page 1 of 21
TRUNK GROUP		
Group Number: 100	Group Type: isdn	CDR Reports: y
Group Name: To Outside world	COR: 1	TN: 1 TAC: 100
Direction: two-way	Outgoing Display? y	Carrier Medium: PRI/BRI
Dial Access? y	Busy Threshold: 255	Night Service:
Queue Length: 0		
Service Type: tie	Auth Code? n	TestCall ITC:
rest		
	Far End Test Line No:	
TestCall BCC: 4		

add trunk-group 100		Page 3 of 21
TRUNK FEATURES		
ACA Assignment? n	Measured: none	Wideband Support? n
	Internal Alert? n	Maintenance Tests? y
	Data Restriction? n	NCA-TSC Trunk Member:
	Send Name: y	Send Calling Number: y
Used for DCS? n	Hop Dgt? n	Send EMU Visitor CPN? n
Suppress # Outpulsing? n	Format: public	
Outgoing Channel ID Encoding: preferred	UII IE Treatment: service-provider	
		Replace Restricted Numbers? n
		Replace Unavailable Numbers? n
		Send Connected Number: y
		Hold/Unhold Notifications? y
		Modify Tandem Calling Number? n
Send UII IE? y		
Send UCID? y		
Send Codeset 6/7 LAI IE? y		Dsl Echo Cancellation? n
Apply Local Ringback? n		
Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y		
	Network (Japan) Needs Connect Before Disconnect?	
n		

2.4. PSTN Call Routing

This section describes the steps for administering outbound and inbound PSTN call routing on Communication Manager. In this configuration, each user is assigned a DID number. Note that these Application Notes uses Dublin Ireland (10-digit numbers with a leading “353” as the country code where necessary) numbering in all calling and called number examples that follow.

User Extension	User DID (Business Number)
20031	353-1-2075651
20032	353-1-2075652

2.4.1. Outbound Calls

This section describes the steps for administering the routing of outbound calls to the PSTN. In this configuration, ARS is used to route outbound calls via the ISDN-PRI trunk described in **Section 2.3** to the PSTN. Outbound call routing is used in the following situations:

- Calls placed by a Communication Manager phone (e.g., an office phone) to PSTN phone numbers.
- **Simulring** calls to receive (**Send Calls**) destinations, e.g., mobile phone, home phone, other landline phones, etc., selected by an Avaya one-X® Mobile user for inbound business calls.
- Callback calls from Communication Manager to the phone, e.g., mobile phone, home phone, other landline phone, etc., selected by an Avaya one-X® Mobile user for originating a call.

Enter the **change ars analysis d** command, where **d** is any digit(s). In the **ars digit-conversion** form, provision an entry for each PSTN destination as follows:

- **Dialed String** Enter the leading digits of a dialed PSTN destination, e.g., 9 followed by the destination area code.
- **Total Min and Max** Enter **10**
- **Route Pattern** Enter the number of an unused route pattern (e.g., 100).
- **Call Type** Enter **pubu**

In addition, provision another entry to cover the case where enterprise users dial PSTN destinations in the **home** area code of the enterprise office without a leading **9**. For this entry, set **Dialed String** to the leading digits of the dialed PSTN destination, e.g., the **mobile** area code, **Total Min and Max** to **10**, **Route Pattern** to the same route pattern as above, and **Call Type** to **pubu**.

change ars analysis 0							Page 1 of 2
ARS DIGIT ANALYSIS TABLE							
Location: all							Percent Full: 2
Dialed String	Total Min	Total Max	Route Pattern	Call Type	Node Num	ANI Req'd	
0	1	1	deny	op		n	
0	8	8	deny	op		n	
0	11	11	deny	op		n	
00	2	2	deny	op		n	
01	9	17	deny	iop		n	
011	10	18	deny	intl		n	
086	10	10	100	pubu		n	
087	10	10	100	pubu		n	
101xxxx0	18	18	deny	op		n	
101xxxx01	16	24	deny	iop		n	
101xxxx011	17	25	deny	intl		n	
101xxxx1	18	18	deny	fnpa		n	
10xxx0	6	6	deny	op		n	
10xxx0	16	16	deny	op		n	
10xxx01	14	22	deny	iop		n	

Figure 9: ARS Analysis Form

In **Figure 9**, entries are shown for outbound calls to 086-xxx-xxxx and 087-xxx-xxxx. Typical deployments generally require additional entries, or the use of less exact or wildcard matching strings, to cover all permitted PSTN destination numbers, but that is beyond the scope of these Application Notes. Ensure that there are entries to cover all permitted PSTN destination numbers, including those of the mobile phones and other receive destinations.

Enter the **change route-pattern r** command, where **r** is the route pattern entered

Provision an entry as follows:

- **Grp No** Enter the number of the ISDN-PRI trunk group described in **Section 2.3**.
- **FRL** Enter the minimum Facility Restriction Level necessary to use this trunk group, with 0 being the least restrictive.
- **Digits** Enter the number **9**

change route-pattern 100										Page 1 of 3	
Pattern Number: 100 Pattern Name: To Silstack											
SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n											
Grp	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Hop	Toll	No.	Inserted	DCS/ IXC			
No			Mrk	Lmt	List	Del	Digits	QSIG			
							Dgts	Intw			
1:	100	0					9	n user			
2:								n user			
3:								n user			
4:								n user			
5:								n user			
6:								n user			
BCC VALUE		TSC	CA-TSC		ITC BCIE		Service/Feature	PARM	No.	Numbering	LAR
0 1 2 M 4 W			Request							Dgts Format	
										Subaddress	
1:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n	rest			none
2:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n	rest			none

2.4.2. Inbound Calls

This section describes the steps for administering the routing of inbound DID calls to Communication Manager extensions. Once a DID call is routed to an extension, if that extension is also that of an Avaya one-X® Mobile user, then Avaya one-X® Mobile instructs Communication Manager to route the call to all of the receive (**Send Calls**) destinations selected by the user. For the receive destinations that are in the PSTN (e.g., mobile and/or landlines), those calls are routed according to the outbound call routing described in **Section 2.4.1**. In this configuration, inbound calls from the PSTN arrive via the ISDN-PRI trunk described in **Section 2.3**. Enter the **change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group t** command, where **t** is the number of the trunk group described in **Section 2.3**, to specify how the called party numbers on inbound calls on the ISDN-PRI trunk are to be interpreted. In the **inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group** form, provision an entry as follows:

- **Called Len** – Enter the total number of digits in the called party number.

change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 100						
Page	1	of	30			
INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT						
Service/ Feature	Number Len	Number Digits	Del	Insert	Per Call CPN/BN	Night Serv
tie	5	35650	5	20036	cpn-only	
tie	5	35651	5	35651	cpn-only	
tie	5	35652	5	70019	cpn-only	
tie	5	35653	5	20090	cpn-only	
tie	5	35654	5	20002	cpn-only	

2.5. Voicemail and Avaya one-X® Speech

The integration of Communication Manager with Modular Messaging and one-X® Speech is beyond the scope of these Application Notes.

2.6. Configuration for Avaya one-X® Mobile Users

This section describes the steps for enabling Communication Manager stations (users) with Avaya one-X® Mobile functionality. The steps assume existing stations, though for new stations, the commands below are simply **add** rather than **change** commands. Enter the **change station e** command, where **e** is the office extension of a user to be enabled with Avaya one-X® Mobile. On Page 1 of the **station** form, ensure that a **Coverage Path** is assigned. Coverage paths are typically used to allow inbound calls to a station to be redirected to other extensions, e.g., voicemail, when the station does not answer. The administration of call coverage is beyond the scope of these Application Notes. **Enable IP Softphone =Y** if the user is one-X® Communicator.

change station 20031		Page 1 of 5
STATION		
Extension: 20031	Lock Messages? n	BCC: M
Type: 9630	Security Code: 1234	TN: 1
Port: S00015	Coverage Path 1: 1	COR: 1
Name: EntUser20031_1XM	Coverage Path 2:	COS: 1
	Hunt-to Station:	
STATION OPTIONS		
Loss Group: 19	Time of Day Lock Table:	
	Personalized Ringing Pattern: 1	
Speakerphone: 2-way	Message Lamp Ext: 20031	
Display Language: english	Mute Button Enabled? y	
Survivable GK Node Name:	Button Modules: 0	
Survivable COR: internal	Media Complex Ext:	
Survivable Trunk Dest? y	IP SoftPhone? y	
	IP Video Softphone? n	
	Customizable Labels? y	

On **Page 2** of the **station** form, consider the following. The default **Restrict Last Appearance** of **y** reserves one call appearance for outbound calls only; in other words, if all but one call appearance is occupied, the remaining call appearance may be used for outbound calling only. Setting **Restrict Last Appearance** to **n** allows the remaining appearance to be used for other calls, such as inbound calls. The decision to change this setting from the default is a customer preference.

change station 20032		Page 2 of 5
STATION		
FEATURE OPTIONS		
LWC Reception: spe	Auto Select Any Idle Appearance? n	
LWC Activation? y	Coverage Msg Retrieval? y	
LWC Log External Calls? n	Auto Answer:	
none		
CDR Privacy? n	Data Restriction? n	
Redirect Notification? y	Idle Appearance Preference? n	
Per Button Ring Control? n	Bridged Idle Line Preference? n	
Bridged Call Alerting? n	Restrict Last Appearance? y	
Active Station Ringing: single		
H.320 Conversion? n	EMU Login Allowed? n	
Service Link Mode: as-needed	Per Station CPN - Send Calling Number? y	
Multimedia Mode: enhanced	EC500 State: enabled	
MWI Served User Type: sip-adjunct		
	Display Client Redirection? n	
	Select Last Used Appearance? n	
	Coverage After Forwarding? s	
	Multimedia Early Answer? n	
	Direct IP-IP Audio	
Connections? y		
Emergency Location Ext: 20031	Always Use? n IP Audio Hairpinning? n	

On **Pages 4** (and/or 5 if necessary) of the **station** form, provision at least five **call-appr** buttons and one **extend-call** button. Provision an additional **call-appr** button if **Restrict Last Appearance** is set to **y**. **Extend-call** button enables user to move an active call from a desk phone to one-X® Mobile.

change station 20031		Page 4 of 5	
STATION			
SITE DATA			
Room:		Headset?	n
Jack:		Speaker?	n
Cable:		Mounting:	d
Floor:		Cord Length:	0
Building:		Set Color:	
ABBREVIATED DIALING			
List1:	List2:	List3:	
BUTTON ASSIGNMENTS			
1: call-appr	5: call-appr		
2: call-appr	6: call-appr		
3: call-appr	7: extnd-call		
4: call-appr	8:		

Repeat above steps for each user to be enabled with Avaya one-X® Mobile.

3. Avaya Modular Messaging with Message Storage Server

This section describes the administration steps for Avaya Modular Messaging with Message Storage Server (MSS) in support of integration with Avaya one-X® Mobile. These Application Notes assume that basic Modular Messaging administration, including user voice mailboxes, has already been performed.

Launch a web browser, enter <https://<IP address of Avaya MSS Server>> in the URL, and log in with the appropriate credentials. In the left pane under **Messaging Administration**, click on **System Administration**. In the **Administer System Attribute and Ports** page, provision the following fields and click on **Save**:

- **LDAP Port** Set to **Authenticated or Anonymous**
- **IMAP4 Port** Use the default port **143** and set to **Enabled**
- **IMAP4 SSL Port** Use the default port **993** and set to **Enabled**
- **SMTP Port** Use the default port **25** and set to **Enabled**

The screenshot displays the 'Administer System Attribute and Ports' configuration page. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'Messaging Administration' expanded, and 'System Administration' selected. The main content area is divided into two sections. The top section, 'Increment', contains ten rows of time increment settings, each with a dropdown for days, hours, and minutes. The bottom section, 'SYSTEM TCP/IP PORTS', is a table with two columns for port names and their configurations. Red boxes highlight the 'LDAP Port', 'IMAP4 Port', 'IMAP4 SSL Port', and 'SMTP Port' rows, which are the focus of the configuration instructions. The 'Save' button is located at the bottom left of the page.

SYSTEM TCP/IP PORTS		
LDAP Port	389	Authenticated or Anonymous
LDAP Internal Server Port	55389	Enabled
LDAP Front End Alternate Port		Disabled
IMAP4 Port	143	Enabled
POP3 Port	110	Disabled
SMTP Port	25	Enabled
SMTP SSL Port	465	Enabled
MCAP1 Port	55000	Enabled
LDAP SSL Port	636	Enabled
LDAP Directory Update Port	56389	Enabled
IMAP4 TUI Port	55143	Enabled
IMAP4 SSL Port	993	Enabled
POP3 SSL Port	995	Disabled
SMTP Alternate Port		Disabled
Allow TLS for Outgoing SMTP	25	Enabled

In the left pane under **Messaging Administration**, click on **Trusted Server**. In the **Manage Trusted Servers** page, click on **Add a New Trusted Server**.

Manage Trusted Servers

Trusted Server	IP Addr/Name	Service Name
One-XSpeech	135.64.189.41	Speech Access
OneXMobile	135.64.186.30	edge
VVSTS	192.168.1.250	MWI Server
mas	192.168.1.250	Messaging Application Server
oneXPortal	135.64.186.26	One-X Portal

In the **Add Trusted Server** page, provision the following and click on **Save**:

- **Trusted Server Name** Enter a descriptive name. This name must match the Trusted Server Name provisioned in the one-X Mobile® Voicemail Profile in **Section 5.4.3**
- **Password and Confirm Password** This password must match the Trusted Server Password provisioned in the one-X Mobile® Voicemail Profile in **Section 5.4.3** Steps 0 - 0.
- **Machine Name / IP Address** Enter the IP address of the internal one-X Mobile® server.
- **Service Name** Enter **Edge**
- **LDAP Access Allowed and IMAP4 Super User Access Allowed** Set to **yes**
- **LDAP Connection Security** Set to **No encryption required**
- **IMAP4 Super User Connection Security** Set to **Must use SSL or encrypted SASL**

Edit Trusted Server

Trusted Server Name	OneXMobile	Password	
		Confirm Password	
Machine Name / IP Address	135.64.186.30	Service Name	edge
Minutes of Inactivity Before Alarm	0	Default Community	1
Access to Cross Domain Delivery	no	Special Type	(none)
LDAP Access Allowed	yes	LDAP Connection Security	No encryption required
IMAP4 Super User Access Allowed	yes	IMAP4 Super User Connection Security	Must use SSL or encrypted SASL

Save Delete Back Help

4. Microsoft Active Directory

In this configuration, Microsoft Active Directory is used as the LDAP server. This section describes the administration of users' business numbers, and extensions if necessary, in Microsoft Active Directory.

1. On the Microsoft Active Directory server, launch the Active Directory Users and Computers snap-in. Right-click on a user account and select **Properties**. In the user's **Properties** window, enter the user's DID number as an E.164-formatted number in the **Telephone number** textbox.

The screenshot shows the 'Ent User20031 Properties' dialog box. The 'General' tab is active, displaying the following information:

- First name:** Ent
- Last name:** User20031
- Display name:** Ent User20031
- Description:** 1xM user
- Office:** (empty)
- Telephone number:** 20031
- E-mail:** User20031@silstack.com
- Web page:** (empty)

The 'Telephones' tab is also visible in the tab bar. The 'Telephone number' field has a button labeled 'Other...' next to it. The 'Web page' field also has a button labeled 'Other...'.

Repeat above Steps as necessary for other Avaya one-X Mobile users.

5. Avaya one-X® Mobile

This section describes the administration steps for one-X® Mobile Split Server integration with Communication Manager, Modular Messaging with MSS, Corporate Directory, Class of Service and Provisioning Profile. These Application Notes assume that basic one-X® Mobile installation and administration has already been performed. In this sample configuration one-X® Mobile client application is installed on Internal Server.

5.1. Licenses

Launch a web browser, enter `http://<IP Address of internal one-X® Mobile server>/admin` in the URL, and log in with the appropriate credentials. Select the **Status** tab, and verify that there are sufficient licenses. If not, contact an authorized Avaya account representative to obtain the licenses.

The screenshot displays the Avaya one-X Mobile administration web interface. At the top, the Avaya one-X logo is visible. Below it is a navigation bar with tabs: Status, Server Setup, Avaya Setup, Serviceability, Licenses (selected), Carrier Offset, and Direct Call PBX Numbers. The main content area is divided into two sections. The first section, titled 'License Information', contains a table with the following data:

Total Licenses	20
Currently Used	9
Available Licenses	11
WebLM Hostname URL	https://127.0.0.1:8443/WebLM/LicenseServer

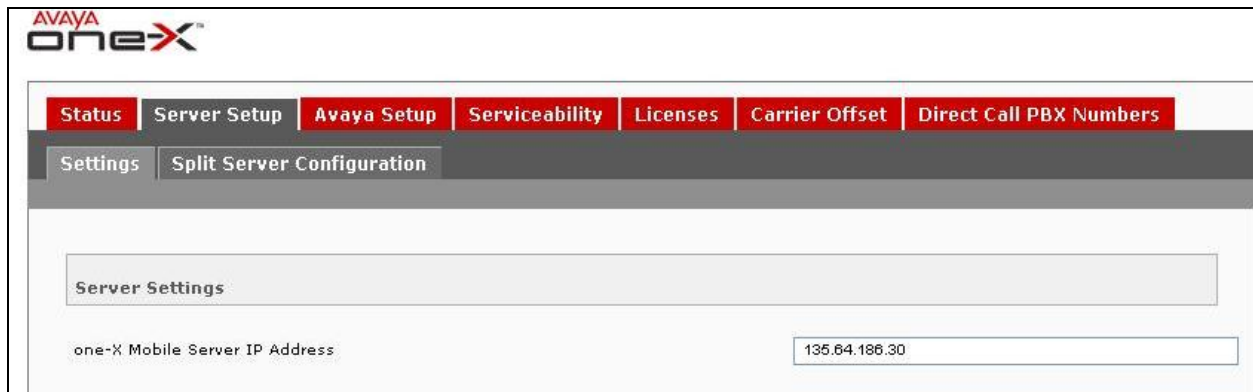
The second section, titled 'Mobile Release Synchronization', contains a paragraph of instructions and a note. The instructions state: 'Please press the Synchronize mobile software release versions button below to synchronize the one-X Mobile database with the most current software release versions for mobile devices. This is required for users to download the correct one-X Mobile software to their mobile devices.' The note states: 'Note: The synchronization will run in the background and may take some time to complete.' Below this, a table shows the 'Last Synchronized' date and time as '12/9/2009 12:27 PM'. At the bottom of the section is a button labeled 'Synchronize mobile software release versions' with a double arrow icon.

5.2. Settings

To configure IP address of the one-X® Mobile Internal Server. This is not 127.0.0.1 but the server's IP as seen externally.

Select the **Server Setup** → **Settings**, and click on tab and provisioning the following.

- **one-X Mobile Server IP Address** Enter the IP address of the internal one-X® Mobile server



The screenshot shows the Avaya one-X Mobile Server configuration interface. At the top is the Avaya one-X logo. Below it is a navigation bar with tabs: Status, Server Setup, Avaya Setup, Serviceability, Licenses, Carrier Offset, and Direct Call PBX Numbers. Under the Server Setup tab, there are sub-tabs: Settings and Split Server Configuration. The Settings sub-tab is active. Below the sub-tabs is a section titled 'Server Settings'. In this section, there is a label 'one-X Mobile Server IP Address' followed by a text input field containing the IP address '135.64.186.30'.

5.3. Split Server Configuration

Configure internal and external servers when there is more than one server used. The Split Server Configuration settings can be configured only if split server setup was chosen at the time of the installation. In this sample configuration Split Server Configuration was used.

Select the **Server Setup → Split Server Configuration** tab, and click on tab and provisioning the following

- **Internal Server IP Address**-IP address of the internal one-X Mobile server as it appears to the external servers.
- **Localhost**- Leave the default value **127.0.0.1**.

Click **Save**.

Click on **Add Trusted Server** to add a server that will be allowed access to the internal server.

In this sample configuration 135.64.186.29 was external server used.

- **Server Name**-Enter descriptive name of the External one-X Mobile server (**OneXMobile1**)
- **Server IP Address**-Enter the IP Address of the External one-X Mobile Server
- **Server Type**-From the drop-down box select the type **External**

The screenshot shows the Avaya one-X web interface for Split Server Configuration. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Status, Server Setup, Avaya Setup, Serviceability, Licenses, Carrier Offset, and Direct Call PBX Numbers. Below this, a sub-navigation bar shows Settings and Split Server Configuration. The main content area is titled 'Split Server Configuration' and contains the following fields:

Internal Server IP Address	135.64.186.30
localhost	127.0.0.1
OneXMobile1	135.64.186.29 Delete
Internal	135.64.186.30 Delete

At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: [Save Changes](#) and [Add Trusted Server](#).

5.4. Profiles

This section describes the steps for creating profiles on one-X® Mobile. The profiles are used for integration with LDAP servers, Communication Manager and Modular Messaging.

5.4.1. Provisioning Profile

A Provisioning Profile defines the parameters for importing user information from an LDAP server. Select the **Avaya Setup → Setup Profiles → Provisioning Profile** tab, and click on **New Provisioning Profile**.



In the **New Provisioning Profile** page, click on “**Show Advanced Settings**” and provision the following:

- **Profile Name** Enter a descriptive profile name.
- **Ldap Search Type** Select the appropriate LDAP type. In this configuration, **Active Directory** is used.
- **LDAP User DN** Enter the LDAP Distinguished Name (DN) of a user with permissions to search the LDAP directory. For example, in this configuration, **cn=admin, cn=users, dc=silstack, dc=com** is entered
- **LDAP Hostname** Enter the IP address of the LDAP server
- **LDAP Port Number** Enter the LDAP server port, typically **389**
- **LDAP Password** Enter the password of the LDAP user above
- **LDAP Base DN** Enter the base search DN. For example, in this configuration, **ou=Enterprise Users, dc=silstack, dc=com** is entered
- **Extension** **telephone number**
- **First Name** Enter the LDAP attribute corresponding to the user’s first name. For Active Directory, enter **givenName**

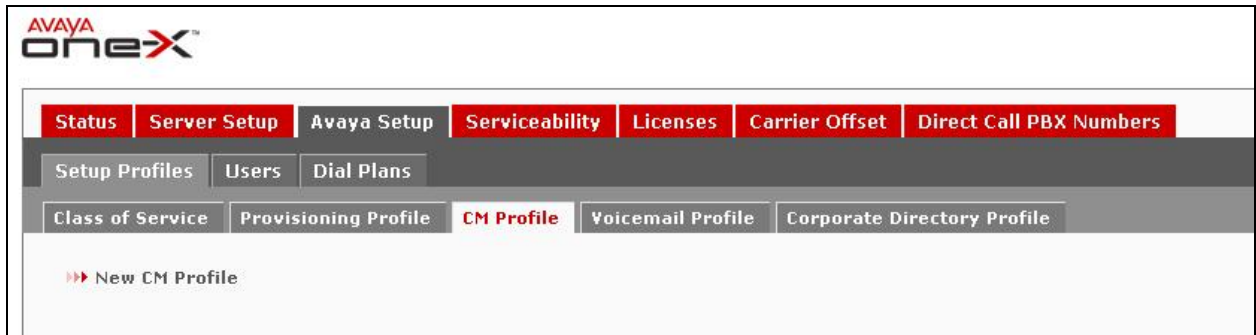
Use defaults for the remaining fields. Click on **Save**.

Class of Service	Provisioning Profile	CM Profile	Voicemail Profile	Corporate Directory Profile
<div> Edit Provisioning Profile </div>				
Profile Name		ProvProfile		
Description		Provision Profile		
<div> LDAP Settings </div>				
<p>Note: If you use SSL to connect to a server on a port that is not using SSL or if you use a plain socket to connect to a server's SSL socket, your connection attempt will fail. The one-X Mobile Administrative website may not respond for up to 30 minutes while connection attempts continue to process in the background. This is a characteristic of the SSL protocol.</p>				
Ldap Search Type		Active Directory		
LDAP User DN		cn=admin, cn=users, dc=silstack, dc=com		
LDAP Hostname		135.64.186.5		
LDAP Port Number		389		
LDAP Password		*****		
LDAP Base DN		ou=Enterprise Users, dc=silstack, dc=com		
▶▶ Hide Advanced Settings				
<div> LDAP Attributes </div>				
Extension		telephoneNumber		
Phone Number		telephoneNumber		
Handle or UserID		sAMAccountName		
First Name		givenName		
Last Name		sn		
Email		mail		
Department		department		
Directory Fetch Size		1000		
Search Referrals		None		

5.4.2. CM Profile

A Provisioning Profile defines the parameters for importing user information from an LDAP server.

Select the **Avaya Setup** → **Setup Profiles** → **CM Profile** tab, and click on **New CM Profile**.



In the **New CM Profile** page, provision the following:

- **CM Profile Name** Enter a descriptive profile name.
- **Description** Enter a brief profile description
- **SIP Port** **5060** for **TCP** non-secure; in case of **TLS** Port **5061**
- **SIP Protocol** **TCP (non-secure)** (to match port 5060 as shown)
- **Dial Plan** Select DP1.To create a dial plan **Refer Section 6.7**
- **one-X Speech Access Number** Enter a one-X® Speech access number. Example 80900.
- **Clan-IP** Enter the IP Address of Communication Manager C-LAN interface

Click on **Save**.

Setup Profiles Users Dial Plans

Class of Service Provisioning Profile **CM Profile** Voicemail Profile Corporate Directory Profile

Edit CM Profile

CM Profile Name CM_test

Description CM_test

SIP Port 5060

SIP Protocol TCP (non-secure) ▼

Dial Plan DP1 ▼

one-X Speech Access Number 80900

Routing prefixes

Callback routing prefix

☐ Force callback via mobile device

Communication Manager

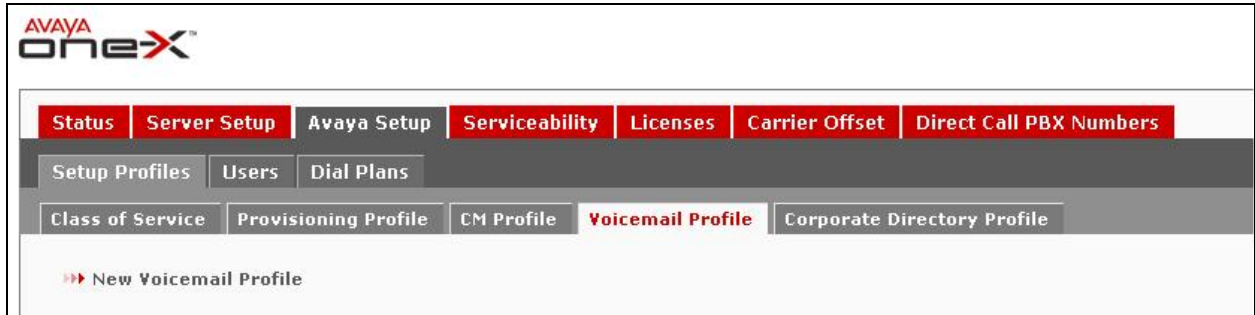
CLAN IP 135.64.186.6

▶▶ Save ▶▶ Cancel ▶▶ Delete

Repeat above steps to integrate more than one Communication Manager to the one-X® Mobile Internal Server.

5.4.3. Voicemail Profile

A Voicemail Profile defines the parameters for connecting to the Modular Messaging MSS server to retrieve corporate voice mailbox information for one-X® Mobile users. Select the **Avaya Setup → Setup Profiles → Voicemail Profile** tab, and click on **New Voicemail Profile**.



In the **New Voicemail Profile** page, provision the following and click on **Save**:

- **Profile Name** Enter a descriptive profile name.
- **Profile Type** Select the appropriate Avaya Modular Messaging integration. In this configuration, **Modular Messaging with MSS** is used.
- **Voicemail Platform Hostname** Enter the IP address of the Avaya MSS server.
- **IMAP Port** Enter the IMAP4 SSL port provisioned in **Section 3**
- **Voicemail Audio Format** Select the appropriate codec. In this configuration, **mu-law** was used.
- **Trusted Server Name and Trusted Server Password** Enter the Trusted Server Name and Password provisioned in **Section 3**
- **LDAP User DN** Enter the LDAP DN of the Trusted Server Name above. For example, in this configuration, **cn=onexmobile,dc=Avaya** is entered, where **onexmobile** is the Trusted Server Name above. **Avaya** is the default value
- **LDAP Hostname** Enter the IP address of the Avaya MSS server.
- **LDAP Port Number** Enter **389**
- **LDAP Password** Enter the same password as Trusted Server Password above.
- **LDAP Base DN** Enter **ou=People,dc=Avaya**
- **Voicemail Mailbox ID Source** Set to **Extension**

Click on **Save**.

Status	Server Setup	Avaya Setup	Serviceability	Licenses	Carrier Offset	Direct Call PBX Numbers
Setup Profiles Users Dial Plans						
Class of Service Provisioning Profile CM Profile Voicemail Profile Corporate Directory Profile						
Edit Voicemail Profile						
Profile Name	voicemail_profile					
Profile Type	Modular Messaging with MSS					
Voicemail Platform Hostname	135.64.186.35					
IMAP Port	993					
Voicemail Audio Format	mu-law					

MSS Administrative User Setting	
Trusted Server Name	onexmobile
Trusted Server Password	*****

MSS LDAP Settings	
LDAP User DN	cn=onexmobile,dc=Avaya
LDAP Hostname	135.64.186.35
LDAP Port Number	389
LDAP Password	*****
LDAP Base DN	ou=People,dc=Avaya

Voicemail Mailbox Settings	
Voicemail Mailbox ID Source	Extension

>>> Save >>> Cancel >>> Delete

5.4.4. Corporate Directory Profile

A Corporate Directory Profile defines the parameters for connecting to and searching a corporate directory server. Select the **Avaya Setup → Setup Profiles → Corporate Directory Profile** tab, and click on **New Corporate Directory Profile**.



In the **New Corporate Directory Profile** page, click on “**Show Advanced Settings**” and provision the following:

- **Profile Name** Enter a descriptive profile name
- **Ldap Search Type** Select the appropriate LDAP type. In this configuration, **Active Directory** is used
- **LDAP User DN** Enter the LDAP Distinguished Name (DN) of a user with permissions to search the LDAP directory. For example, in this configuration, **cn=Administrator,cn=users,dc=silstack,dc=com** is entered
- **LDAP Hostname** Enter the IP address of the LDAP server.
- **LDAP Port Number** Enter the LDAP server port, typically **389**
- **LDAP Password** Enter the password of the LDAP user above
- **Corporate Directory Search Base DN** Enter the base search DN. For example, in this configuration, “**ou=Enterprise Users,dc=silstack,dc=com**” is entered.
- **Extension** Enter **telephoneNumber**
- **First Name** Enter the LDAP attribute corresponding to the user’s first name. For Active Directory, enter **givenName**

Use defaults for the remaining fields. Click on **Save**.

Status	Server Setup	Avaya Setup	Serviceability	Licenses	Carrier Offset	Direct Call PBX Numbers
<div>Setup Profiles</div> <div>Users</div> <div>Dial Plans</div>						
<div>Class of Service</div> <div>Provisioning Profile</div> <div>CM Profile</div> <div>Voicemail Profile</div> <div>Corporate Directory Profile</div>						

Edit Corporate Directory Profile

Profile Name

CorpDirProfile

Description

Corporate Directory Profile

LDAP Settings

Note: If you use SSL to connect to a server on a port that is not using SSL or if you use a plain socket to connect to a server's SSL socket, your connection attempt will fail. The one-X Mobile Administrative website may not respond for up to 30 minutes while connection attempts continue to process in the background. This is a characteristic of the SSL protocol.

Ldap Search Type

Active Directory

LDAP User DN

cn=Administrator,cn=users,dc=silstack,dc=com

LDAP Hostname

135.64.186.5

LDAP Port Number

389

LDAP Password

••••••••

Corporate Directory Search Base DN

ou=Enterprise Users,dc=silstack,dc=com

Hide Advanced Settings

LDAP Attributes

User LDAP Filter

objectclass=user

Extension

telephoneNumber

Phone Number

telephoneNumber

Handle or UserID

sAMAccountName

First Name

givenName

Last Name

sn

Email

mail

Department

department

Directory Fetch Size

1000

Search Referrals

None

Save

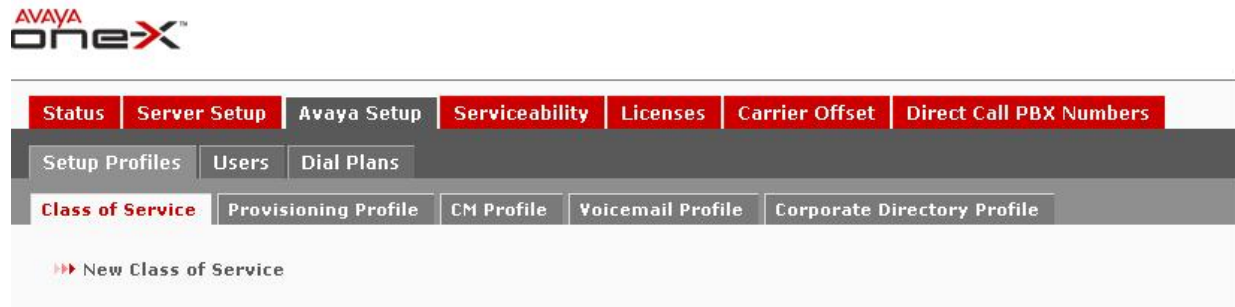
Cancel

Delete

Click on **Save**.

5.4.5. Class of Service

A Class of Service aggregates the aforementioned profiles along with several additional settings. Each one-X® Mobile user is assigned to a Class of Service. Select the **Avaya Setup → Setup Profiles → Class of Service** tab, and click on **New Class of Service**.



In the **New Class of Service Profile** page, provision the following:

- **Class of Service Name** Enter a descriptive name
- **Provisioning Profile** Set to the Provisioning Profile administered in **Section 5.4.1**
- **Voicemail Profile** Set to the Voicemail Profile administered in **Section 5.4.3**
- **Corporate Directory Profile**
Set to the Corporate Directory Profile administered in **Section 5.4.4**
- **CM Profile**
Set to the Corporate Directory Profile administered in **Section 5.2.2**

Use defaults for the remaining fields. Click on **Save**.

Status	Server Setup	Avaya Setup	Serviceability	Licenses	Carrier Offset	Direct Call PBX Numbers
Setup Profiles Users Dial Plans						
Class of Service Provisioning Profile CM Profile Voicemail Profile Corporate Directory Profile						

Edit Class of Service Profile

Class of Service Name	COS
Description	Class of Service
Provisioning Profile	ProvProfile
Voicemail Profile	voicemail_profile
Corporate Directory Profile	CorpDirProfile
CM Profile	CM_test

Security

☒ Allow voicemail to be stored on the mobile device
☒ Allow voicemail to be forwarded via email.
☐ Require login each time one-X Mobile is launched on mobile device

Maximum number of attempts before user is locked out: 7
 Time period for which a user is locked out in minutes: 90

Dial Plan Settings

Maximum number of phones to Send Calls to (2 to 5): 5
 PSTN Prefix: 9

☐ Require DTMF (Dual Tone Multi-Frequency) during CallBack via PBX.
☐ Require DTMF (Dual Tone Multi-Frequency) during incoming calls.
☒ Translate e-164 numbers to extensions
☐ Use user entered to dialable dial plan
☐ Use National Direct Dialing Prefix

Mobile Client Settings

☒ Require client software upgrades
 Number of days to warn users before making updates mandatory: 5

Server

User Interface Language: English (US)

[▶▶ Hide Advanced Settings](#)

Class of Service Profile Page – Continued

Continuing in the **New Class of Service Profile** page, provision the following and click on **Save**:

- **Determine Extensions from** – If the users' extensions and the users' LDAP telephone numbers do NOT share a common suffix, i.e., do NOT have common trailing digits, set to **From LDAP extension attribute**. If the users' extensions are suffixes of the users' LDAP telephone numbers, then set to **10 digit phone number manually**
- Other **LDAP Attribute Source Profiles** fields – Set to **Provisioning Profile**.

LDAP Attribute Source Profiles

Handle or UserID	Provisioning Profile
10 Digit Phone Number	Provisioning Profile
First Name	Provisioning Profile
Last Name	Provisioning Profile
Email	Provisioning Profile
Department	Provisioning Profile
Determine Extension from	From LDAP extension attribute
LDAP Extension Source	Provisioning Profile

Save Cancel

New Class of Service Profile Page – Continued

- **Automatically using DMCC** – Appears if **Determine Extensions from** is set to **10 digit phone number manually**. Select this if the customer elects to use Avaya AE Services Dial Plan rules to convert one-X® Mobile users' LDAP telephone numbers to users' extensions .

LDAP Attribute Source Profiles

Handle or UserID	Provisioning Profile
Phone Number	Provisioning Profile
First Name	Provisioning Profile
Last Name	Provisioning Profile
Email	Provisioning Profile
Department	Provisioning Profile
Determine Extension from	LDAP extension attribute
LDAP Extension Source	Provisioning Profile

Save Cancel Delete

Click on **Save**.

Repeat above steps to integrate more than one Communication Manager to the one-X® Mobile Internal Server. Under **CM Profile** field select the second Communication Manager to integrate.

5.5. Import Users

This section describes the steps for importing users into the Avaya one-X® Mobile database. Select the **Avaya Setup → Users → Import Users** tab and provision the following:

- **Class of Service** Set to the one-X® Mobile Class of Service administered in **Section 0**.
- **Filter** Enter an LDAP search filter string, for example, **cn=*e*** searches for users with an “e” in their name. In this sample configuration the user name begins with “e”

Click on **Import Users**.

The screenshot shows the 'Import Users' configuration page in the Avaya one-X Mobile database. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Status, Server Setup, Avaya Setup, Serviceability, Licenses, Carrier Offset, and Direct Call PBX Numbers. Below this, there are sub-tabs for Setup Profiles, Users, and Dial Plans. The 'Users' sub-tab is active, and within it, the 'Import Users' tab is selected. The configuration area includes a 'Class Of Service' dropdown menu set to 'COS' and a 'Filter' text input field containing 'cn=e*'. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Import Users' and 'Clear Changes'.

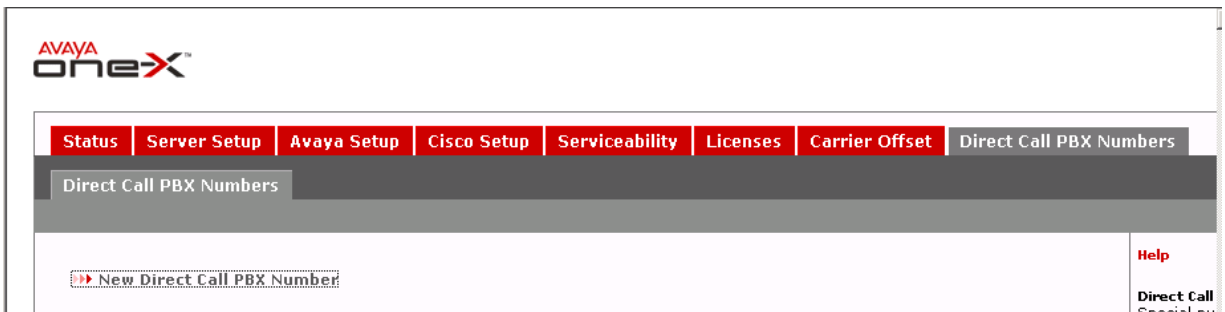
Select the **Avaya Setup → Users → Unlicensed User Management** tab. Select the users to be imported into the one-X® Mobile database and click on **License Selected Users**.

The screenshot shows the 'Unlicensed User Management' page in the Avaya one-X Mobile database. The top navigation bar is the same as in the previous screenshot. The 'Users' sub-tab is active, and within it, the 'Unlicensed User Management' tab is selected. The page displays a list of users with columns for selection, user name, extension, and class of service. There are also buttons for 'License Selected Users', 'Delete Selected Users', and 'Change Class of Service'. A search bar and a 'Sort by' dropdown menu are also present.

	User	Ext	COS		
<input type="checkbox"/>	User20031	Ent	20031	COS	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	User20032	Ent	20032	COS	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	User20033	Ent	20033	COS	-

5.6. Direct Call PBX Numbers

This section describes the administration of Direct Call PBX Numbers to allow one-X® Mobile users to call other Communication Manager extensions and extension ranges, i.e., voicemail access, conference rooms, hunt groups, etc. Select the **Direct Call PBX Numbers** tab and click on **New Direct Call PBX Number**.



In the **New Direct Call PBX Number** page, provision the following and click on **Save**:

- **Switch HostName** Set to the IP address of the Communication Manager server.
- **Leading String** Enter enough leading digits to match a Communication Manager extension or extension range.
- **Digit Count** Enter the number of digits in the Communication Manager extension or extension range.

Click on **Save**.

Repeat above steps to access for number different extensions.

5.7. Dial Plans

These are used to deal with a situation where the caller ID for an incoming call arrives as an extension. This can happen if the caller is on the same switch but not identified in the enterprise directory and one-X® Mobile is not able to resolve the number.

Select the **Avaya Setup → Dial Plans → Extension Conversion Dial Plans → Add New Conversion Dial Plan** and provision the following

- **Dial Plan Name** Enter a descriptive name

Enter **Min Length**, **Max Length**, **Starts with**, **Del Length** and **Prepend** as per the requirement. In this configuration following was used as shown below. Click on **Save**.



The screenshot shows the 'Edit Extension Conversion Plan' window in the Avaya one-X management console. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Status, Server Setup, Avaya Setup, Serviceability, Licenses, Carrier Offset, and Direct Call PBX Numbers. Below this, there are sub-tabs for Setup Profiles, Users, and Dial Plans. The main form area is titled 'Edit Extension Conversion Plan'. It contains a 'Dial Plan Name' field with the value 'DP1'. Below this, there are radio buttons for 'Pattern Matching' (selected) and 'Regular Expression'. A table with five columns is visible: 'Min Length', 'Max Length', 'Starts with', 'Del Length', and 'Prepend'. The values entered are 5, 5, 2, 0, and an empty field respectively. To the right of the table are buttons for 'Up', 'Down', and 'Delete'. At the bottom of the form, there are four buttons: 'Save', 'Save and Add new rule', 'Delete', and 'Cancel'.

Click on **Save**.

6. Configuring the Avaya one-X Mobile User Account

Before user begin using one-X® Mobile, the user needs to set up their account on the one-X® Mobile Client web site and on the Mobile handset. The following procedure is for first time users.

6.1. one-X® Mobile Client web site

To log in to the one-X® Mobile Client web site (for the first time and set up your account). Open the Web browser on your PC with URL <http://<IP Address of internal one-X Mobile server>/>.

Note:

You can set up your user account only from the PC browser; you cannot set it up from the one-X® Mobile browser. Using http/https as advised by your system administrator, go to your corporate URL for the one-X® Mobile Server. The one-X® Mobile Web site login page appears. In the **Username** field, enter your corporate computer username. In the **Password** field, enter your corporate computer password. Click the **Log In** button. Enter the Modular Messaging password. **The End User License Agreement** appears.

Note:

The Modular Messaging password prompt does not appear if the Avaya one-X® Mobile Web account is configured without voicemail. Read the license agreement, and then click the **Accept** button. Select the option that exactly matches the message on the screen of your desk phone, and then click the **OK** button.

Note:

If you have a shared phone extension, you are prompted to identify your desk phone. On the one-X® Mobile Setup page, enter your 10-digit mobile phone number, and then click the **Next**

button. Select your mobile carrier from the drop-down menu, and then click the **Next** button. Select your mobile manufacturer from the drop-down menu, and then click the **Next** button. Select your mobile model from the drop-down menu, and then click the **Next** button.

6.2. one-X® Mobile Client Handset

This section provides the procedure to set up your Avaya one-X® Mobile account assuming the administrator has installed the Avaya one-X® Mobile application on your mobile device. The first time you use the Avaya one-X® Mobile application on your mobile device, you must log in with your corporate computer username and password. See your system administrator for the URL for the one-X® Mobile server and the protocol (http or https) you should use when logging in for this first time. To log in for the first time, select **Start → one-X Mobile**.

Note:

You might find this application in the **downloads** folder on newer devices. Enter the URL or IP address of the Avaya one-X® Mobile External server. In the **Server Protocol** drop-down menu, select the appropriate protocol. In the **Username** field, enter your corporate computer username. This entry is case sensitive. In the **Password** field, enter your corporate computer password. This entry is case sensitive. Select **Login**.

7. Verification Steps

The following steps may be used to verify the configuration. After importing and licensing the user on one-X® Mobile Internal server and configuring one-X® Mobile client account through the web, verify the status of the one-X® Mobile extension and on off-pbx-telephone station-mapping on Communication Manager as shown below.

status station 20031	
GENERAL STATUS	
Administered Type: 9630	Service State: in-service/on-hook
Connected Type: 9630	TCP Signal Status: connected
Extension: 20031	
Port: S00015	Parameter Download: complete
Call Parked? no	SAC Activated? no
Ring Cut Off Act? no	
Active Coverage Option: 1	one-X® Server Status: trigger
EC500 Status: N/A	Off-PBX Service State: in-service/active
Message Waiting: VM Server	
Connected Ports:	
Limit Incoming Calls? no	
User Cntrl Restr: none	HOSPITALITY STATUS
Group Cntrl Restr: none	Awaken at:
	User DND: not activated
	Group DND: not activated
	Room Status: non-guest room

display off-pbx-telephone station-mapping 20031							Page 1 of 3
STATIONS WITH OFF-PBX TELEPHONE INTEGRATION							
Station	Application	Dial	CC	Phone Number	Trunk	Config	Dual
Extension		Prefix			Selection	Set	Mode
20031			-				

Place inbound calls to a one-X® Mobile user and verify that all of the user's selected receive destinations ring. Answer the calls, verify two-way talkpath, and verify that the calls remain stable for several minutes and disconnect properly. Use the one-X® Mobile UC client application to place outbound calls from a one-X® Mobile user's phones (mobile phone, home phone, other landline phones, etc.). Answer the calls, verify two-way talkpath, and verify that the calls remain stable for several minutes and disconnect properly. Leave voice messages on an one-X® Mobile user's corporate voice mailbox and verify that the user's one-X® Mobile UC client application correctly displays the number of new voice messages. Use the one-X® Mobile UC client application to view, listen to, save, and delete voice messages, and verify that Avaya Modular Messaging is updated accordingly. Perform the same functions on Modular Messaging and verify that the one-X® Mobile UC client application is updated accordingly.

8. Conclusion

These Application Notes described the steps for configuring Avaya one-X® Mobile and Communication Manager with Mobile Extension and ISDN-PRI trunks. Avaya one-X® Mobile is an Enterprise Mobility solution that allows users roaming or otherwise located away from the office to access enterprise telephony and unified communications services. The Mobile Extension offer is an integrated solution that provides all the necessary components to enable PBX integration at the enterprise, including a cost control capability for enterprise wireless usage. The Mobile Extension offer is based on the combination of enterprise communications products.

The sample configuration shown in these Application Notes is representative of a basic enterprise customer configuration and is intended to provide configuration guidance to supplement other Avaya product documentation. It is based upon formal interoperability compliance testing as part of the Avaya Interoperability testing.

9. Additional References

The Avaya product documentation is available at <http://support.avaya.com> unless otherwise noted.

- [1] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile Installation Guide,*
- [2] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile Integration, Administration, and Maintenance Guide,*
- [3] *Administrator Guide for Avaya Communication Manager,*
- [4] *Feature Description and Implementation for Avaya Communication Manager,*
- [5] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile Web User Guide,*
- [6] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile User Guide for iPhone,*
- [7] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile User Guide for RIM BlackBerry*
- [8] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile User Guide for Windows Mobile,*
- [9] *Avaya one-X®™ Mobile User Guide for Symbian Mobile,*

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