

# Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3 as an Evolution Server, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2 to support Magnetic North's SIP Trunk Service - Issue 1.0

## **Abstract**

These Application Notes describe the steps used to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between Magnetic North's SIP Trunk Service and an Avaya SIP enabled Enterprise Solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager as an Evolution Server. Magnetic North is a member of the DevConnect Service Provider program.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

# 1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps used to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between Magnetic North's SIP Trunk Service and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE), Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server. Customers using this Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution with Magnetic North SIP Trunk are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a dedicated Internet connection and the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise customer.

# 2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to configure a simulated enterprise site using an Avaya SIP telephony solution consisting of Communication Manager, Session Manager and Avaya SBCE. The enterprise site was configured to use the SIP Trunking service provided by Magnetic North.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

# 2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

The interoperability test included the following:

- Incoming calls to the enterprise site from PSTN phones using the SIP Trunk provided by Magnetic North, calls made to analogue, digital, SIP and H.323 telephones at the enterprise
- Outgoing calls from the enterprise site completed via Magnetic North's SIP Trunk to PSTN destinations, calls made from analogue, digital, SIP and H.323 telephones
- Calls using the G.711A, G.729 and G.711MU codecs
- Fax calls to/from a group 3 fax machine to a PSTN connected fax machine using T.38
- DTMF transmission using RFC 2833 with successful Voice Mail/Vector navigation for inbound and outbound calls
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from Avaya one-X® Communicator and Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows Softphone clients running on a laptop PC as well as Avaya Flare® Experience running on an Avaya A175 Desktop Video Device
- User features such as hold and resume, transfer, conference, call forwarding, etc
- Caller ID Presentation and Caller ID Restriction
- Direct IP-to-IP media (also known as "shuffling") with SIP and H.323 telephones
- Call coverage and call forwarding for endpoints at the enterprise site
- Transmission and response of SIP OPTIONS messages sent by Magnetic North's SIP
   Trunk requiring Avaya response and sent by Avaya requiring Magnetic North response

#### 2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the sample configuration was completed with successful results for Magnetic North's SIP Trunk Service with the following observations:

- The response from the network to an outgoing test call with an SDP with no matching codec from Communication Manager was "406 Not Acceptable". The more commonly observed response is "488 Not Acceptable Here".
- Inbound Toll-Free calls were not tested as no Toll-Free access was available for test.
- Emergency Services access was not tested as no test call was booked with the emergency Services Operator.
- When the signalling link was unavailable and the network received "500 Server Link Monitor Status Down", it re-attempted the call several times resulting in a 20 second delay before a tone was played to the caller. This failure could be more graceful.

# 2.3. Support

For technical support on Magnetic North products please visit the website at www.magneticnorth.co.uk or contact an authorized Magnetic North representative.

# 3. Reference Configuration

**Figure 1** illustrates the test configuration. The test configuration shows an Enterprise site connected to Magnetic North SIP Trunk. Located at the Enterprise site is an Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Session Manager and Communication Manager. Endpoints are Avaya 96x0 series and Avaya 96x1 series IP telephones (with SIP and H.323 firmware), Avaya 46xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya 16xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya Flare® Experience (audio only), Avaya analogue telephones and an analogue fax machine. Also included in the test configuration was an Avaya one-X® Communicator soft phone and Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows running on a laptop PC.

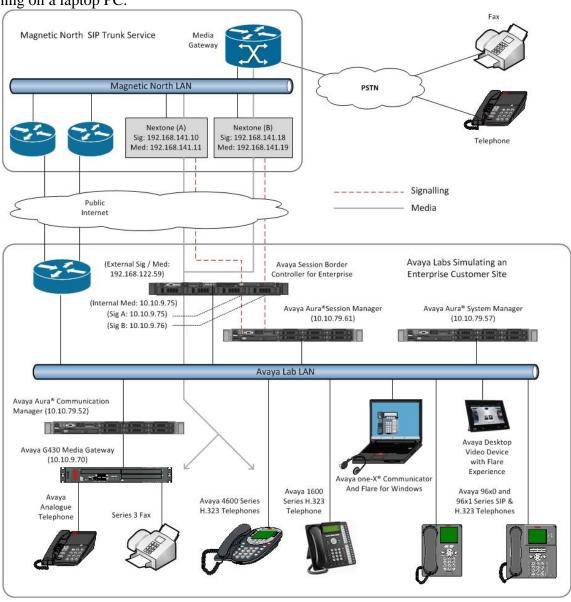


Figure 1: Test Setup Magnetic North SIP Trunk to Avaya Enterprise

**Note**: The diagram uses "Sig" for signalling and "Med" for media for brevity. The two Nextone (Genband S3) SBCs in Magnetic North's network are referred to as "A" and "B" for clarity in the configuration described in this document. This is used in this document only and in no way reflects the naming convention used by Magnetic North.

# 4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Equipment/Software	Release/Version						
Avaya							
Dell PowerEdge R620 running Avaya	SM-6.3.2.0.632023-e50-00						
Aura® Session Manager on VM Version 8							
Dell PowerEdge R620 running Avaya	SMGR-6.3.0.8.5682-e50-64 (Build 5682)						
Aura® System Manager on VM Version 8							
Dell PowerEdge R620 running Avaya	R016x.03.0.124.0						
Aura® Communication Manager on VM							
Version 8							
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	FW 33.13.0						
Avaya Session Border Controller Advanced	6.2.0.Q48						
for Enterprise Server							
Avaya 1616 Phone (H.323)	1.302						
Avaya 4621 Phone (H.323)	2.902						
Avaya 9670 Phone (H.323)	3.200						
Avaya A175 Desktop Video Device (SIP)	Avaya Flare® Experience Release 1.1.2						
Avaya 9630 Phone (SIP)	R2.6 SP9						
Avaya 9608 Phone (SIP)	R6.2 SP1						
Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323) on	6.1.8.06-SP8-40314						
Lenovo T510 Laptop PC							
Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows	1.1.3.14						
(SIP) on Lenovo T510 Laptop PC							
Analogue Handset	NA						
Analogue Fax	NA						
Magnetic North							
Nextone (Genband S3) SBC	5.2						

# 5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the steps for configuring Communication Manager for SIP Trunking. SIP trunks are established between Communication Manager and Session Manager. These SIP trunks will carry SIP signalling associated with the Magnetic North SIP Trunk. For incoming calls, the Session Manager receives SIP messages from the Avaya SBC for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) and directs the incoming SIP messages to Communication Manager. Once the message arrives at Communication Manager, further incoming call treatment, such as incoming digit translations and class of service restrictions may be performed. All outgoing calls to the PSTN are processed

within Communication Manager and may be first subject to outbound features such as automatic route selection, digit manipulation and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selects a SIP trunk, the SIP signalling is routed to the Session Manager. The Session Manager directs the outbound SIP messages to the Avaya SBCE at the enterprise site that then sends the SIP messages to the Magnetic North network. Communication Manager Configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation. The general installation of the Servers and Avaya G430 Media Gateway is presumed to have been previously completed and is not discussed here.

# 5.1. Confirm System Features

The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to add additional capacity. Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command and on **Page 2**, verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** supported by the system is sufficient for the combination of trunks to the Magnetic North SIP Trunk network, and any other SIP trunks used.

```
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                Page 2 of 11
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
IP PORT CAPACITIES
                    Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks: 12000 0
          Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations: 18000 3
            Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks: 12000 0
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations: 18000 0
             Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons: 414
 Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations: 100
                       Maximum Video Capable Stations: 41000 0
                  Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones: 18000 0
                      Maximum Administered SIP Trunks: 24000 10
 Maximum Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports: 24000 0
  Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation: 522
                            Maximum TN2501 VAL Boards: 128
                   Maximum Media Gateway VAL Sources: 250
          Maximum TN2602 Boards with 80 VoIP Channels: 128
         Maximum TN2602 Boards with 320 VoIP Channels: 128
   Maximum Number of Expanded Meet-me Conference Ports: 300
```

#### On **Page 4**, verify that **IP Trunks** field is set to **y**.

```
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                      4 of 11
                                                               Page
                               OPTIONAL FEATURES
   Emergency Access to Attendant? y
                                                                 IP Stations? y
          Enable 'dadmin' Login? y
          Enhanced Conferencing? y
                                                          ISDN Feature Plus? n
                 Enhanced EC500? y
                                         ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection? y
   Enterprise Survivable Server? n
                                                            ISDN-BRI Trunks? y
      Enterprise Wide Licensing? n
                                                                   ISDN-PRI? y
                                                 Local Survivable Processor? n
             ESS Administration? y
         Extended Cvg/Fwd Admin? y
                                                       Malicious Call Trace? y
    External Device Alarm Admin? y
                                                   Media Encryption Over IP? y
                                     Mode Code for Centralized Voice Mail? n
 Five Port Networks Max Per MCC? n
               Flexible Billing? n
   Forced Entry of Account Codes? y
                                                   Multifrequency Signaling? y
     Global Call Classification? y
                                           Multimedia Call Handling (Basic)? y
                                        Multimedia Call Handling (Enhanced)? y
           Hospitality (Basic)? y
Hospitality (G3V3 Enhancements)? y
                                                 Multimedia IP SIP Trunking? y
                      IP Trunks? y
          IP Attendant Consoles? y
```

#### 5.2. Administer IP Node Names

The node names defined here will be used in other configuration screens to define a SIP signalling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager. In the IP Node Names form, assign the node Name and IP Address for the Session Manager. In this case, SMVM1 and 10.10.79.61 are the Name and IP Address for the Session Manager SIP interface. Also note the procr name as this is the processor interface that Communication Manager will use as the SIP signalling interface to Session Manager.

```
| IP NODE NAMES | IP NODE NAMES | Name | IP Address | IP NODE NAMES | IP NODE
```

# 5.3. Administer IP Network Region

Use the **change ip-network-region 1** command to set the following values:

- The **Authoritative Domain** field is configured to match the domain name configured on Session Manager. In this configuration, the domain name is **avaya.com**.
- By default, **IP-IP Direct Audio** (both **Intra** and **Inter-Region**) is enabled (**yes**) to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between endpoints without using gateway VoIP resources. When a PSTN call is shuffled, the media stream is established directly between the enterprise end-point and the internal media interface of the Avaya SBCE.
- The Codec Set is set to the number of the IP codec set to be used for calls within the IP network region. In this case, codec set 1 is used.
- The rest of the fields can be left at default values.

```
Page 1 of 20
change ip-network-region 1
                              IP NETWORK REGION
 Region: 1
              Authoritative Domain: avaya.com
Location: 1
   Name: default Stub Network Region: n
MEDIA PARAMETERS
                             Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
     Codec Set: 1
                             Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
  UDP Port Min: 2048
                                         IP Audio Hairpinning? n
  UDP Port Max: 3329
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
Call Control PHB Value: 46
       Audio PHB Value: 46
       Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
       Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
       Video 802.1p Priority: 5
                                  AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
                                                      RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
           Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

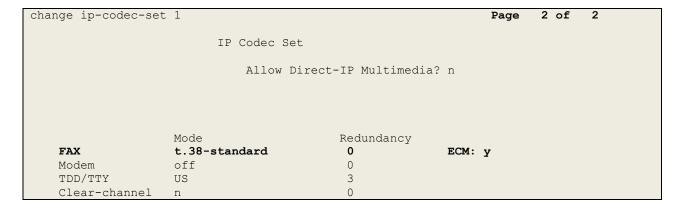
#### 5.4. Administer IP Codec Set

Open the **IP** Codec Set form for the codec set specified in the IP Network Region form in Section 5.3. Enter the list of audio codec's eligible to be used in order of preference. For the interoperability test the codec supported by Magnetic North was configured, namely **G.711A**.

```
change ip-codec-set 1
                                                                 Page 1 of
                          IP Codec Set
   Codec Set: 1
Audio Silence Frames Packet Codec Suppression Per Pkt Size (m 1: G.711A n 2 20
               Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)
                n 2
2: G.729A
                               2
                     n
                                         20
3: G.711MU
                                2
                      n
                                         20
4:
```

Magnetic North's SIP Trunk supports T.38 for transmission of fax. Navigate to **Page 2** and define T.38 fax as follows:

- Set the FAX Mode to t.38-standard
- Leave **ECM** at default value of **y**



**Note**: **Redundancy** can be used to send multiple copies of T.38 packets which can help the successful transmission of fax over networks where packets are being dropped. This was not experienced in the test environment and **Redundancy** was left at the default value of **0**.

# 5.5. Administer SIP Signaling Groups

This signalling group (and trunk group) will be used for inbound and outbound PSTN calls to the Magnetic North SIP Trunk network. During test, this was configured to use TCP and port 5060 to facilitate tracing and fault analysis. It is recommended however, to use TLS (Transport Layer Security) and the default TLS port of 5061 for security. Configure the **Signaling Group** using the **add signaling-group x** command as follows:

- Set Group Type to sip
- Set **Transport Method** to **tcp**
- Set **Peer Detection Enabled** to **y** allowing the Communication Manager to automatically detect if the peer server is a Session Manager
- Set Near-end Node Name to the processor interface (node name procr as defined in the IP Node Names form shown in Section 5.2)
- Set **Far-end Node Name** to the Session Manager (node name **SMVM1** as defined in the **IP Node Names** form shown in **Section 5.2**)
- Set Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port to 5060 (Commonly used TCP port value)
- Set **Far-end Network Region** to the IP Network Region configured in **Section 5.3**. (logically establishes the far-end for calls using this signalling group as network region 1)
- Leave **Far-end Domain** blank (allows the CM to accept calls from any SIP domain on the associated trunk)
- Set Direct IP-IP Audio Connections to y
- Leave DTMF over IP at default value of rtp-payload (Enables RFC2833 for DTMF transmission from the Communication Manager)

The default values for the other fields may be used.

```
add signaling-group 1
                                                                 Page 1 of 2
                                SIGNALING GROUP
Group Number: 1
IMS Enabled? n
                              Group Type: sip
                        Transport Method: tcp
       Q-SIP? n
    IP Video? n
                                                   Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? y
 Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Server: SM
 Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? n
  Near-end Node Name: procr
                                             Far-end Node Name: SMVM1
Near-end Listen Port: 5060
                                           Far-end Listen Port: 5060
                                       Far-end Network Region: 1
Far-end Domain:
                                             Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate
                                                     RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3
                                              Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
                                                       IP Audio Hairpinning? n
       Enable Layer 3 Test? n
                                                  Initial IP-IP Direct Media? n
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n
                                                  Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6
```

# 5.6. Administer SIP Trunk Group

A trunk group is associated with the signaling group described in **Section 5.5**. Configure the trunk group using the **add trunk-group x** command, where x is an available trunk group. On **Page 1** of this form:

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**
- Choose a descriptive **Group Name**
- Specify a trunk access code (TAC) consistent with the dial plan
- The **Direction** is set to **two-way** to allow incoming and outgoing calls
- Set the **Service Type** field to **public-netwrk**
- Specify the signalling group associated with this trunk group in the **Signaling Group** field as previously configured in **Section 5.5**
- Specify the Number of Members supported by this SIP trunk group

```
add trunk-group 1

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 1

Group Name: OUTSIDE CALL

Direction: two-way

Dial Access? n

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: public-ntwrk

Member Assignment Method: auto

Signaling Group: 1

Number of Members: 10
```

On **Page 2** of the trunk-group form, the Preferred **Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec)** field should be set to a value mutually agreed with Magnetic North to prevent unnecessary SIP messages during call setup.

```
add trunk-group 1
Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 10000

SCCAN? n
Digital Loss Group: 18
Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec): 900

Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y
```

On **Page 3**, set the **Numbering Format** field to **private**. This allows delivery of CLI in formats other than E.164 with leading "+". In test, CLI was sent as the unaltered extension number and was modified using an adaptation on the Session Manager.

```
add trunk-group 1
TRUNK FEATURES

ACA Assignment? n

Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Numbering Format: private

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? n
Replace Unavailable Numbers? n
```

#### On **Page 4** of this form:

- Set **Support Request History** to **n** as the required information for forwarded and transferred calls will be sent in the **Diversion Header** and **Transferring Party Information**
- Set Send Transferring Party Information to y
- Set **Send Diversion Header** to **y**
- Set the **Telephone Event Payload Type** to **101** to match the value preferred by Magnetic North (this Payload Type is not applied to calls from SIP end-points)
- Set the **Identity for Calling Party Display** to **From** to ensure that where CLI for incoming calls is withheld, it is not displayed on the Communication Manager extension

```
add trunk-group 1
                                                                Page
                                                                       4 of 21
                              PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                       Mark Users as Phone? n
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n
                       Send Transferring Party Information? y
                                  Network Call Redirection? n
                                     Send Diversion Header? y
                                   Support Request History? n
                              Telephone Event Payload Type: 101
                       Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n
                 Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n
                       Identity for Calling Party Display: From
            Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n
                 Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n
                                              Enable Q-SIP? n
```

# 5.7. Administer Calling Party Number Information

Use the **change private-unknown-numbering** command to configure Communication Manager to send the calling party number in the format required. In test, calling party number was sent as the unaltered extension number and was modified using an adaptation on the Session Manager. This calling party number is sent in the SIP From, Contact and PAI headers, and displayed on display-equipped PSTN telephones.

**Note**: The above configuration accepts all **4** digit numbers starting with **2**, which includes all SIP and H.323 extension numbers, and passes them on with no prefix.

#### 5.8. Administer Route Selection for Outbound Calls

In the test environment, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature was used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to Magnetic North's SIP Trunk. The single digit 9 was used as the ARS access code providing a facility for telephone users to dial 9 to reach an outside line. Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure a digit as the **Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1**.

```
change feature-access-codes

FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)

Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:
Announcement Access Code:
Announcement Access Code:
Answer Back Access Code:
Attendant Access Code:
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: 7
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 9

Access Code 2:
```

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialled digits following the first digit 9. A small sample of dial patterns are shown here as an example. Further administration of ARS is beyond the scope of this document. The example entries shown will match outgoing calls to numbers beginning 0. Note that exact maximum number lengths should be used where possible to reduce post-dial delay. Calls are sent to **Route Pattern 1**.

change ars analysis 0						Page 1 of 2
	AR	RS DI	GIT ANALYS			
			Location:	all	Percent Full: 0	
Dialed	Tota	ıl	Route	Call	ANI	
String	Min	Max	Pattern	Type	Num	Reqd
0	11	14	1	pubu		n
00	13	15	1	pubu		n
0035391	13	13	1	pubu		n
030	10	10	1	pubu		n
0800	8	10	1	pubu		n
0900	8	8	1	pubu		n
118	3	6	1	pubu		n

Use the **change route-pattern x** command, where **x** is an available route pattern, to add the SIP trunk group to the route pattern that ARS selects. In this configuration, route pattern **1** is used to route calls to trunk group **1**. **Numbering Format** is applied to CLI and is used to set TDM signalling parameters such as type of number and numbering plan indicator. This doesn't have the same significance in SIP calls and during testing it was set to **unk-unk**.

char	ige :	rout	e-pat	tter	n 1								]	Page	1 of	3	
					Patt	ern 1	Number	: 1		Pattern N	Name	:					
							SCCAN	1? n		Secure SIF	?? n	ı					
	Grp	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Нор	Toll	No.	Inser	rted						DCS/	' IXC	
	No			Mrk	Lmt	List	Del	Digit	S						QSIC	3	
							Dgts								Intv	I	
1:	1	0													n	user	
2:															n	user	
3:															n	user	
4:															n	user	
5:															n	user	
6:															n	user	
									_								
		C VA		TSC			ITC	BCIE	Ser	vice/Featu	ıre				_	LAR	
	0 1	2 M	4 W		Requ	ıest							_	Forma	at		
												Sub	addr				
1:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	5						unk-ı	ınk	none	
2:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	-								none	
3:	У У	УУ	уn	n			rest	5								none	
4:	У У	УУ	уn	n			rest	5								none	
5:	У У	УУ	уn	n			rest									none	
6:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	:								none	

# 5.9. Administer Incoming Digit Translation

This step configures the settings necessary to map incoming DDI calls to the Communication Manager extensions. The incoming digits sent in the INVITE message from Magnetic North can be manipulated as necessary to route calls to the desired extension. During test, the incoming DDI numbers were changed in the Session Manager to the Communication Manager Extension number using an adaptation. When done this way, there is no requirement for any incoming digit translation in the Communication Manager. If incoming digit translation is required, use the **change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group x** command where **x** is the Trunk Group defined in **Section 5.6**.

```
change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 1 Page 1 of 30
INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT
Service/ Number Del Insert
Feature Len Digits
```

**Note**: One reason for configuring the enterprise in this way is that it was found when using national number format for CLI delivery, the message waiting indicator was not successfully sent to SIP extensions when a voice mail message was available and unread.

# 5.10. EC500 Configuration

When EC500 is enabled on the Communication Manager station, a call to that station will generate a new outbound call from Communication Manager to the configured EC500 destination, typically a mobile phone. The following screen shows an example EC500 configuration for the user with station extension 2396. Use the command **change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping x** where **x** is the Communication Manager station.

- The **Station Extension** field will automatically populate with station extension
- For Application enter EC500
- Enter a **Dial Prefix** (e.g., 9) if required by the routing configuration
- For the **Phone Number** enter the phone that will also be called (e.g. **0035386781nnnn**)
- Set the **Trunk Selection** to **1** so that Trunk Group 1 will be used for routing
- Set the **Config Set** to **1**

change off-pb;	-telephone st	ation-mapp	ing 2396		Page 1	of	3
	STATIONS	WITH OFF-P	BX TELEPHONE INT	EGRATION			
Station	Application	Dial CC	Phone Number	Trunk	Config	Dual	L
Extension		Prefix		Selection	Set	Mode	€
2396	EC500	_	0035386781nnnn	1	1		
-							

**Note:** The phone number shown is for a mobile phone used for testing at Avaya Labs and is in international format with international dialling prefix 00. To use facilities for calls coming in from EC500 mobile phones, the number received in Communication Manager must exactly match the number specified in the above table.

Save Communication Manager changes by entering save translation to make them permanent.

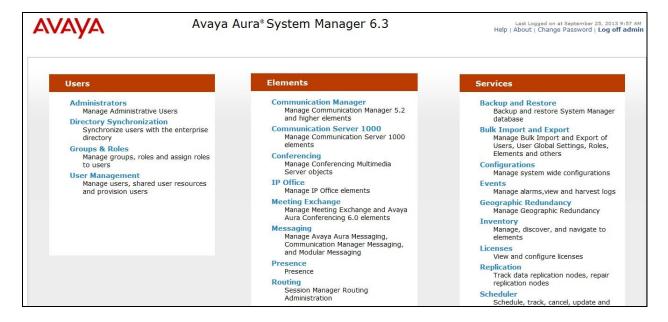
# 6. Configuring Avaya Aura® Session Manager

This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The Session Manager is configured via the System Manager. The procedures include the following areas:

- Log in to Avaya Aura® System Manager
- Administer SIP domain
- Administer Locations
- Administer Adaptations
- Administer SIP Entities
- Administer Entity Links
- Administer Routing Policies
- Administer Dial Patterns
- Administer Application for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager
- Administer Application Sequence for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager
- Administer SIP Extensions

# 6.1. Log in to Avaya Aura® System Manager

Access the System Manager using a Web Browser by entering http://<FQDN >/SMGR, where <FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of System Manager. Log in using appropriate credentials (not shown) and the **Home** tab will be presented with menu options shown below.



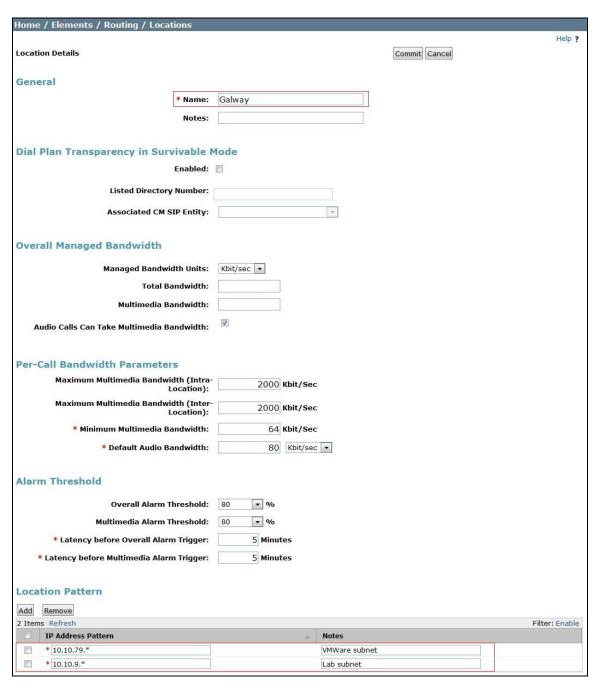
#### 6.2. Administer SIP Domain

To add the SIP domain that will be used with Session Manager, select **Routing** from the **Home** tab menu and in the resulting tab select **Domains** from left hand menu. Click the **New** button to create a new SIP domain entry. In the **Name** field enter the domain name agreed with Magnetic North; this will be the same as specified in the Authoritative Domain specified in the IP Network Region on the Communication Manager. Refer to **Section 5.3** for details. In test, **avaya.com** was used. Optionally, a description for the domain can be entered in the Notes field (not shown). Click **Commit** to save changes.



#### 6.3. Administer Locations

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for the purposes of bandwidth management. One location is added to the sample configuration for all of the enterprise SIP entities. On the **Routing** tab select **Locations** from the left hand menu (not shown). Under **General**, in the **Name** field, enter an informative name for the location. Scroll to the bottom of the page and under **Location Pattern**, click **Add**, then enter an **IP Address Pattern** in the resulting new row, \* is used to specify any number of allowed characters at the end of the string. Below is the location configuration used for the enterprise.



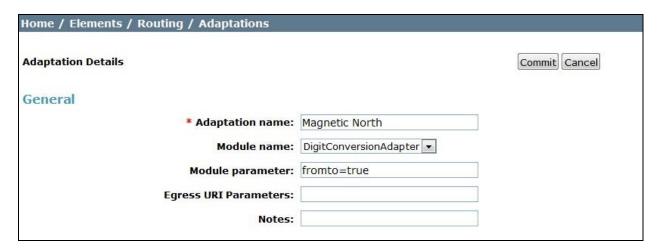
# 6.4. Administer Adaptations

Calls from Magnetic North are received at the enterprise in national format with a leading "0" on the Request URI. An Adaptation specific to Magnetic North is used to convert the called number to an extension number as defined in the Communication Manager before forwarding to the Communication Manager SIP Entity.

The adaptation is also used to convert the calling party number from an extension number to national format with leading "0".

On the **Routing** tab select **Adaptations** from the left-hand menu. Click on **New** (not shown).

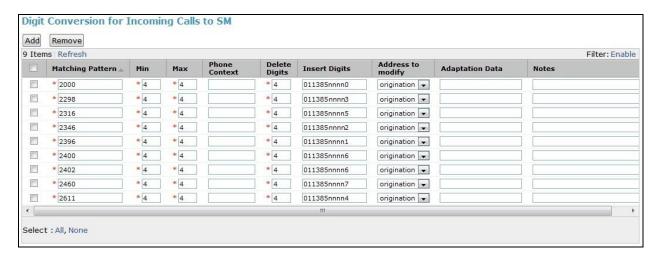
- In the **Adaptation Name** field, enter a descriptive title for the adaptation.
- In the **Module Name** enter **DigitConversionAdapter**. This is used for simple digit conversion adaptations.
- In the **Module Parameter** field, enter **fromto=true**. This will apply the adaptation to the From and To headers as well as the Request URI.



Scroll down and in the section **Digit Conversion for Incoming Calls to SM**, click on Add. An additional row will appear. This allows information to be entered for the manipulation of numbers coming from the Communication Manager. This is where the calling party number is translated from the extension number to national format for calls routing out to the PSTN.

The screenshot below shows a translation for each calling party number. This is not normally necessary where the extension number forms part of the national number. When this is the case, a simple prefix is required.

- Under **Matching Pattern** enter the minimum number of digits to identify the extension number as required. During test, this was the full extension number as each extension was translated to a national number. If the extension number forms part of the DDI number, a single digit will suffice.
- Under **Min** and **Max** enter the Minimum and Maximum digits of the extension number.
- Under **Delete Digits** enter the number of digits to delete if the full extension number does not form part of the national number, during test all had to be deleted.
- Under **Insert Digits** enter the prefix required to make up the full national number. During test, this was the entire number
- Under **Address to Modify** choose **origination** from the drop down box to apply this rule to the From and P-Asserted-ID headers only.

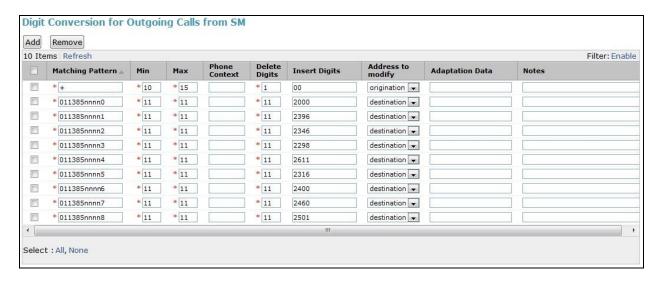


**Note**: In the above screenshots the DDI numbers are partially obscured.

Scroll down further and in the section **Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM**, click on Add. An additional row will appear. This allows information to be entered for the manipulation of numbers going from the Session Manager to the Communication Manager. This is where the incoming number is translated from national format to the extension number as defined in the Communication Manager.

The screenshot below shows a translation for each DDI number. This is not normally necessary where the extension number forms part of the national number. When this is the case, only the digits up to the extension number need to be analysed and removed.

- Under **Matching Pattern** enter the DDI number as received from the network.
- Under **Min** and **Max** enter the Minimum and Maximum digits of the incoming DDI number.
- Under **Delete Digits** enter the number of digits to delete to leave only the extension number remaining, during test all had to be deleted as the extension number did not form part of the national number.
- Under Insert Digits enter digits to be inserted. During test, this was the full extension number. If the extension number forms part of the DDI number, there will be no entry required here.
- Under **Address to Modify** choose **destination** from the drop down box to apply this rule to the To and Request URI headers only.



**Note**: included in the above configuration is a conversion to remove the leading "+" from the P-Asserted-ID and To headers and insert the international dialling prefix of 00. This was done during test so that the P-Asserted-ID of incoming calls from the EC500 mobile phone would match the entry in the **off-pbx-telephone station-mapping** table defined in **Section 5.10** 

#### 6.5. Administer SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for each SIP-based telephony system supported by a SIP connection to the Session Manager. In the Magnetic North Network, two network SBCs are provided as the interface to the enterprise equipment. These are Nextone (Genband S3) SBCs and for the purposes of this document have been designated as A and B. A SIP Entity is required for each.

To add a SIP Entity, select **SIP Entities** on the left panel menu, and then click on the **New** button (not shown). The following will need to be entered for each SIP Entity.

# Under **General**:

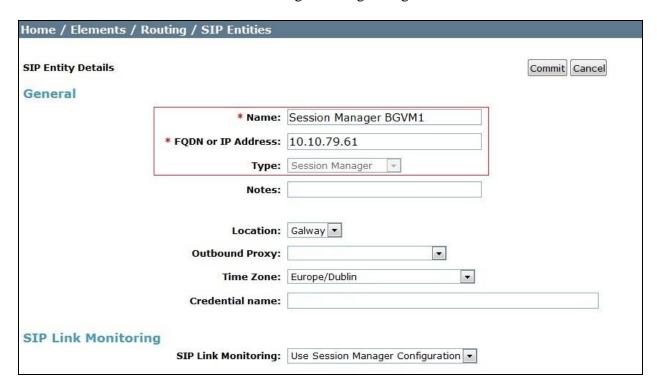
- In the **Name** field enter an informative name
- In the **FQDN or IP Address** field enter the IP address of the Session Manager or the signalling interface on the connecting system
- In the **Type** field use **Session Manager** for a Session Manager SIP entity, **CM** for a Communication Manager SIP entity and **SIP Trunk** for the Avaya SBCE SIP entity
- In the **Adaptation** field (not available for the Session Manager SIP Entity), select the appropriate Adaptation from the drop down menu
- In the **Location** field select the appropriate location from the drop down menu
- In the **Time Zone** field enter the time zone for the SIP Entity

In this configuration there are four SIP Entities:

- Avaya Aura® Session Manager SIP Entity
- Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity
- Two Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) SIP Entities

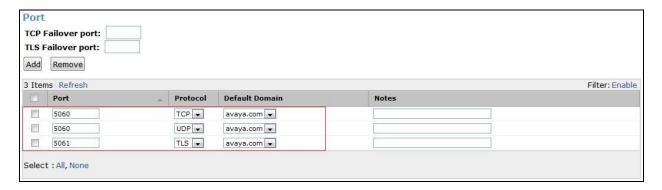
# 6.5.1. Avaya Aura® Session Manager SIP Entity

The following screens show the SIP entity for Session Manager. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Session Manager SIP signalling interface.



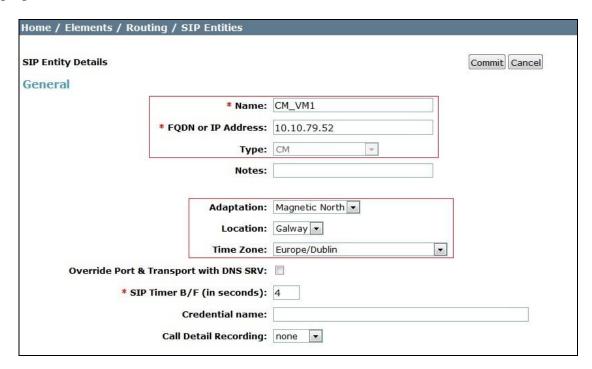
The Session Manager must be configured with the port numbers on the protocols that will be used by the other SIP entities. To configure these scroll to the bottom of the page and under **Port**, click **Add**, then edit the fields in the resulting new row.

- In the **Port** field enter the port number on which the system listens for SIP requests
- In the **Protocol** field enter the transport protocol to be used for SIP requests
- In the **Default Domain** field, from the drop down menu select the domain added in **Section 6.2** as the default domain



## 6.5.2. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity

The following screen shows the SIP entity for Communication Manager which is configured as an Evolution Server. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the interface on Communication Manager that will be providing SIP signalling. Set the **Location** to that defined in **Section 6.3**, the Adaptation to that defined in **Section 6.4** and the **Time Zone** to the appropriate time zone.

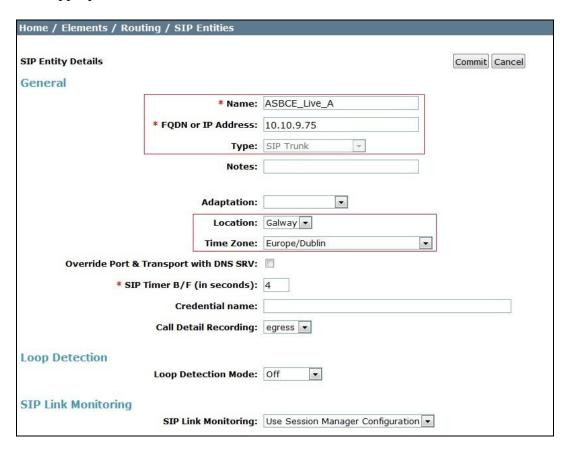


Other parameters can be set for the SIP Entity as shown in the following screenshot, but for test, these were left at default values.



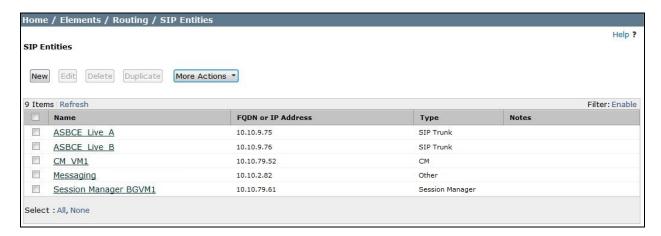
# 6.5.3. Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

The following screen shows one of the SIP Entities for the Avaya SBCE. Two SIP Entities were used for the two interfaces established so that routing could take place to both of the Nextone SBCs. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Avaya SBCE private network interface (see **Figure 1**). Set the location to that defined in **Section 6.3** and the **Time Zone** to the appropriate time zone.



Configure the other SIP Entity with the details of the alternative signalling interface established on the Avaya SBCE.

A summary of all the SIP Entities is shown in the following screenshot:

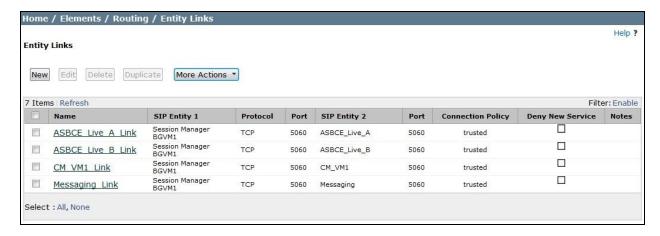


# 6.6. Administer Entity Links

A SIP trunk between a Session Manager and another system is described by an Entity Link. To add an Entity Link, select **Entity Links** on the left panel menu and click on the **New** button (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed.

- In the **Name** field enter an informative name
- In the SIP Entity 1 field select Session Manager
- In the **Port** field enter the port number to which the other system sends its SIP requests
- In the SIP Entity 2 field enter the other SIP Entity for this link, created in Section 6.5
- In the **Port** field enter the port number to which the other system expects to receive SIP requests
- Select the **Trusted** tick box to make the other system trusted
- In the **Protocol** field enter the transport protocol to be used to send SIP requests

Click **Commit** to save changes. The following screen shows the Entity Links used in this configuration.



**Note:** The **Messaging\_Link** Entity Link is used for the Avaya Aura ® Messaging system and is not described in this document.

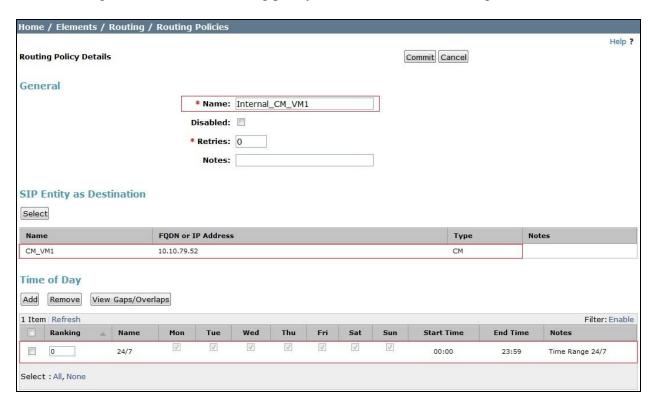
# 6.7. Administer Routing Policies

Routing policies must be created to direct how calls will be routed to a system. To add a routing policy, select **Routing Policies** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown).

#### Under General:

- Enter an informative name in the **Name** field
- Under **SIP Entity as Destination**, click **Select**, and then select the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies
- Under **Time of Day**, click **Add**, and then select the time range

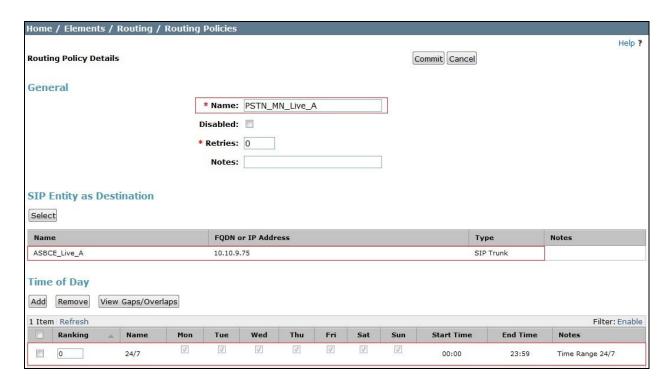
The following screen shows the routing policy for Communication Manager.



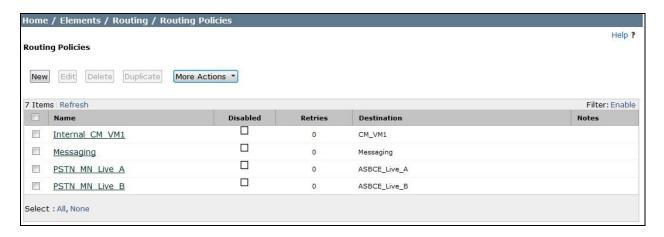
The routing and fallback for the two SBCs is configured on the Session Manager, with two server flows configured on the Avaya SBCE for routing to each network SBC. There is an interface configured on the Avaya SBCE for each of these server flows, and a corresponding SIP Entity, Entity Link and Routing Policy is required on the Session Manager for each of these interfaces.

A full description of the configuration of the interfaces and server flows on the Avaya SBCE is provided in **Section 7**.

The following screen shows the Routing Policy for the Avaya SBCE interface that will be routed on to the PSTN via network SBC A.



Provide an additional Routing Policy for network SBC B. The following screenshot shows a summary of the routing policies provided.



**Note:** The **Messaging\_Link** Routing Policy is used for the Avaya Aura ® Messaging system and is not described in this document.

#### 6.8. Administer Dial Patterns

A dial pattern must be defined to direct calls to the appropriate telephony system. To configure a dial pattern select **Dial Patterns** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown).

#### Under General:

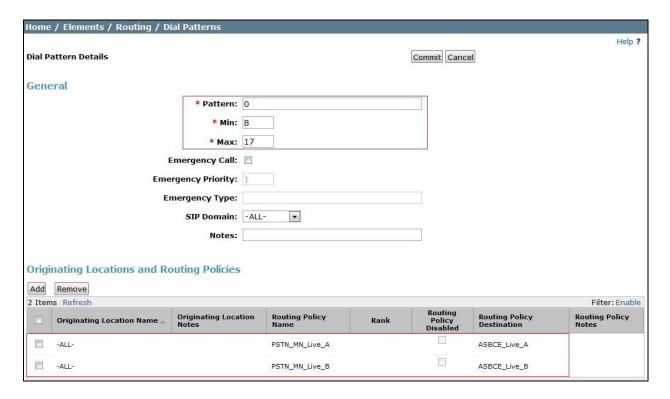
- In the **Pattern** field enter a dialled number or prefix to be matched
- In the **Min** field enter the minimum length of the dialled number

- In the **Max** field enter the maximum length of the dialled number
- In the SIP Domain field select ALL or alternatively one of those configured in Section
   6.2

#### **Under Originating Locations and Routing Policies:**

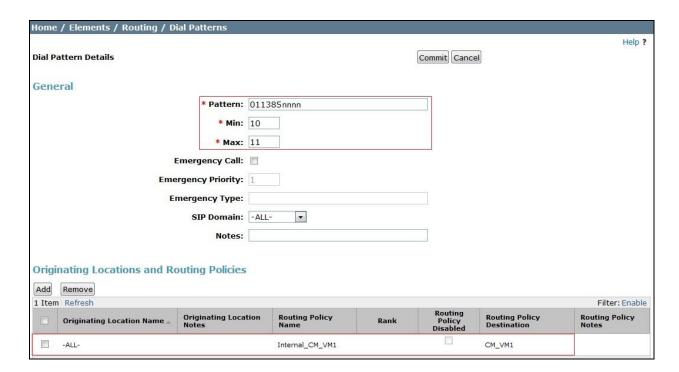
- Click **Add**, in the resulting screen (not shown)
- Under Originating Location, select the location defined in Section 6.3 or ALL
- Under **Routing Policies** select one of the routing policies defined in **Section 6.7**.
- Click **Select** button to save.

The following screen shows an example dial pattern configured for the Avaya SBCE which will route the calls out to the Magnetic North network via network SBC A with fallback via network SBC B.



**Note**: The above dial plan will result in failover to the alternative SBC in the case of call failure. This includes failures such as "486 Busy Here" and "404 Not Found"

The following screen shows the test dial pattern configured for Communication Manager.

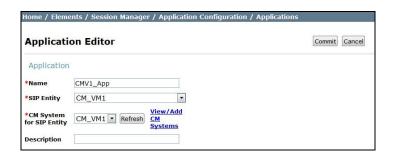


Note: The least significant four digits of the pattern to be matched have been obscured.

# 6.9. Administer Application for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

From the **Home** tab select **Session Manager** from the menu. In the resulting tab from the left panel menu select **Application Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Applications** and click **New** (not shown).

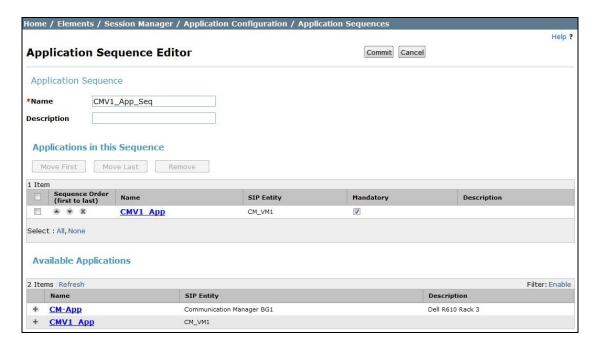
- In the **Name** field enter a name for the application
- In the SIP Entity field select the SIP entity for the Communication Manager
- In the **CM System for SIP Entity** field select the SIP entity for the Communication Manager and select **Commit** to save the configuration.



# 6.10. Administer Application Sequence for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

From the left panel navigate to Session Manager → Application Configuration → Application Sequences and click on New (not shown).

- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name
- Under **Available Applications**, click the + sign in front of the appropriate application instance. When the screen refreshes the application should be displayed under the **Applications in this Sequence** heading. Select **Commit**.

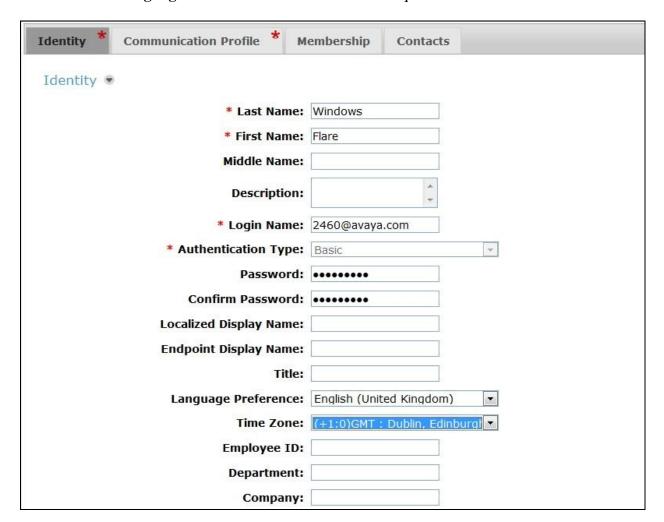


#### 6.11. Administer SIP Extensions

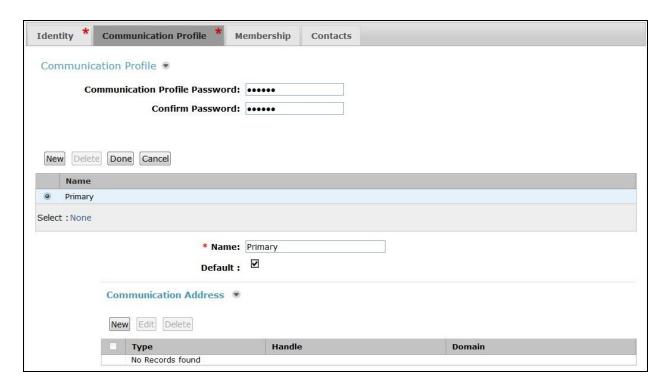
SIP extensions are registered with the Session Manager and use Communication Manager for their feature and configuration settings. From the **Home** tab select **User Management** from the menu. Then select **Manage Users** and click **New** (not shown).

#### On the **Identity** tab:

- Enter the user's name in the **Last Name** and **First Name** fields
- In the **Login Name** field enter a unique system login name in the form of user@domain e.g. **2460@avaya.com** which is used to create the user's primary handle
- The **Authentication Type** should be **Basic**
- In the Password/Confirm Password fields enter an alphanumeric password
- Set the Language Preference and Time Zone as required



On the **Communication Profile** tab, enter a numeric **Communication Profile Password** and confirm it.

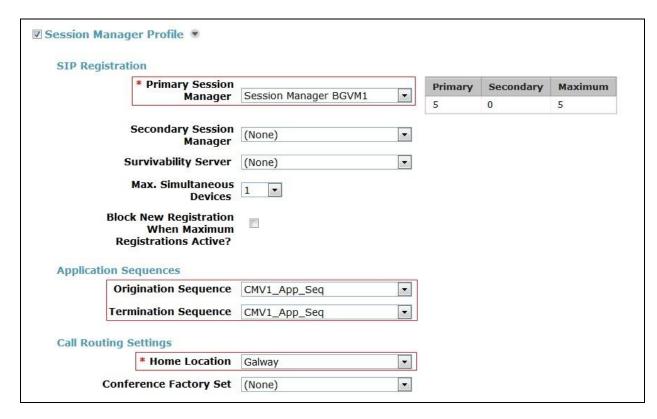


Expand the Communication Address section and click New. For the Type field select Avaya SIP from the drop-down menu. In the Fully Qualified Address field, enter an extension number and select the relevant domain from the drop-down menu. Click the Add button.



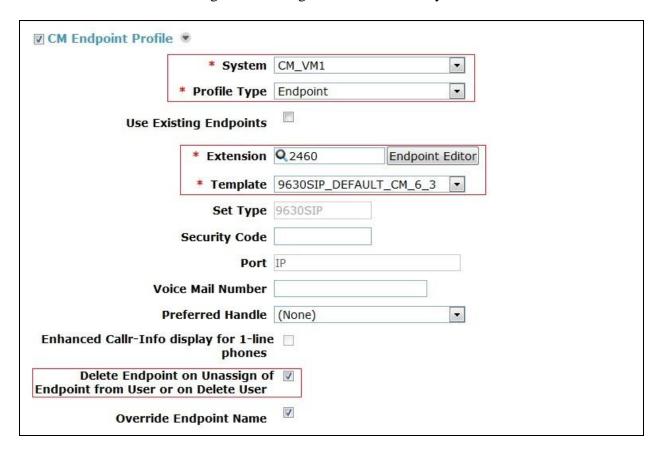
#### Expand the **Session Manager Profile** section.

- Make sure the **Session Manager Profile** check box is checked
- Select the appropriate Session Manager instance from the drop-down menu in the Primary Session Manager field
- Select the appropriate application sequence from the drop-down menu in the **Origination Application Sequence** field configured in **Section 6.10**
- Select the appropriate application sequence from the drop-down menu in the **Termination Application Sequence** field configured in **Section 6.10**
- Select the appropriate location from the drop-down menu in the **Home Location** field



#### Expand the **Endpoint Profile** section.

- Select the Communication Manager SIP Entity from the **System** drop-down menu
- Select **Endpoint** from the drop-down menu for **Profile Type**
- Enter the extension in the Extension field
- Select the desired template from the **Template** drop-down menu
- In the **Port** field **IP** is automatically inserted
- Select the **Delete Endpoint on Unassign of Endpoint from User or on Delete User** check box
- Select **Commit** (Not Shown) to save changes and the System Manager will add the Communication Manager user configuration automatically



# 7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

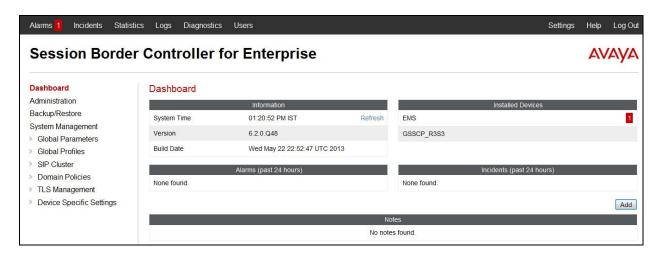
This section describes the configuration of the Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE). The Avaya SBCE provides security and manipulation of signalling to provide an interface to the Service Provider's SIP Trunk that is standard where possible and adapted to the Service Provider's SIP implementation where necessary.

# 7.1. Access Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Access the Session Border Controller using a web browser by entering the URL https://<ip-address>, where <ip-address> is the private IP address configured at installation. A log in screen is presented. Log in using username ucsec and the appropriate password.



Once logged in, a dashboard is presented with a menu on the left-hand side. The menu is used as a starting point for all configuration of the Avaya SBCE.



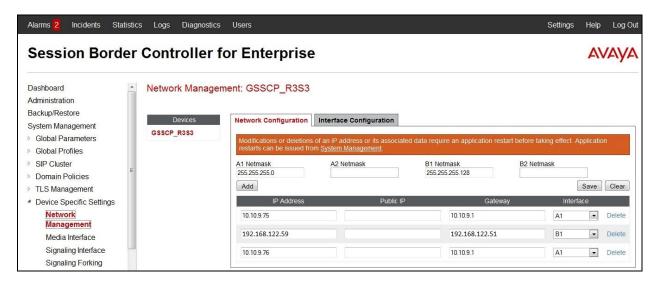
#### 7.2. Define Network Information

Network information is required on the Avaya SBCE to allocate IP addresses and masks to the interfaces. Note that only the A1 and B1 interfaces are used, typically the A1 interface is used for the internal side and B1 is used for external. Each side of the Avaya SBCE can have only one interface assigned though there can be more than one IP address defined on each interface.

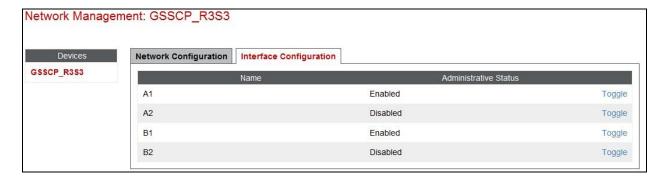
In the test configuration, two IP addresses were used on the internal interface so that different server flows could be assigned depending on which interface address the SIP messages were received on. These server flows were used to direct traffic to the two network SBCs separately.

To define the network information, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Network Management** (not shown) in the main menu on the left hand side and click on **Add**. Enter details in the blank box that appears at the end of the list

- Define the two internal IP addresses with screening mask and assign to interface A1
- Select **Save** to save the information
- Click on Add
- Define the external IP address with screening mask and assign to interface **B1**
- Select **Save** to save the information
- Click on **System Management** in the main menu
- Select **Restart Application** indicated by an icon in the status bar (not shown)



Select the **Interface Configuration** tab and click on **Toggle State** to enable the interfaces.



## 7.3. Define Interfaces

When the IP addresses and masks are assigned to the interfaces, these are then configured as signalling and media interfaces.

## 7.3.1. Signalling Interfaces

To define the signalling interfaces on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Device Specific Settings > Signaling Interface** (not shown) in the main menu on the left hand side.

To enter details of transport protocol and ports for the SIP signalling on the internal interface to be used in the server flow for network SBC A:

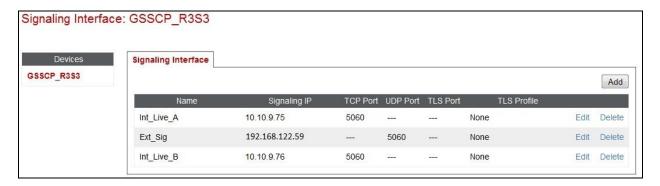
- Select **Add** and enter details of the first internal signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown)
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the interface
- For **Signaling IP**, select one of the **internal** signalling interface IP addresses defined in **Section 7.2**
- Select **TCP** port number, **5060** is used for the Session Manager

To enter details of the for the SIP signalling on internal interface to be used in the server flow for network SBC B:

- Select **Add** and enter details of the internal signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown)
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for interface
- For **Signaling IP**, select the other **internal** signalling interface IP address defined in **Section 7.2**
- Select **TCP** port number, **5060** is used for the Session Manager

To enter details of the external SIP signalling:

- Select **Add** and enter details of the external signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown)
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the external signalling interface
- For Signaling IP, select an external signalling interface IP address defined in Section
   7.2
- Select **TCP** port number, **5060** is used for the SIP Trunk



#### 7.3.2. Media Interfaces

To define the media interfaces on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Media Interface** (not shown) in the main menu on the left hand side. Details of the RTP and SRTP port ranges for the internal and external media streams are entered here. The IP addresses for media can be the same as those used for signalling.

- Select **Add** and enter details of the internal media interface in the pop-up menu
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the internal media interface
- For Media IP, select an internal media interface IP address defined in Section 7.2
- Select **RTP port** ranges for the internal media path with the enterprise end-points
- Select **Add** and enter details of the external media interface in the pop-up menu
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the external media interface
- For Media IP, select an external media interface IP address defined in Section 7.2
- Select **RTP port** ranges for the external media path.



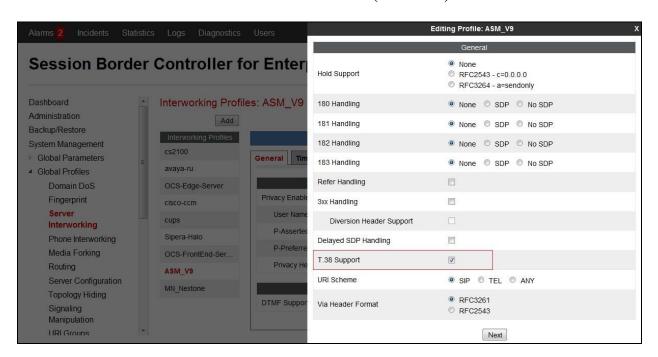
**Note:** During test the port ranges for the internal and external media interfaces were defined as the default values used by the Communication Manager,

## 7.4. Define Server Interworking

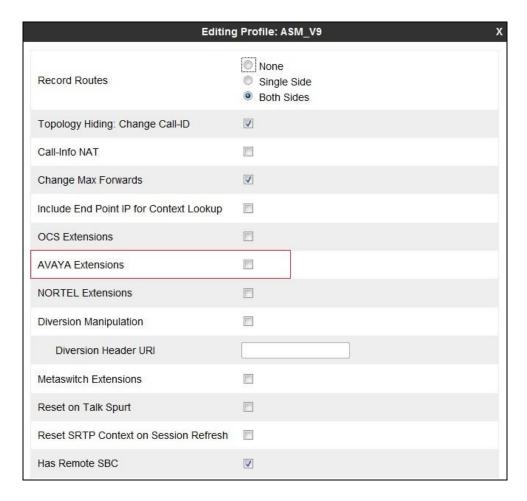
Server interworking is defined for each server connected to the Avaya SBCE. In this case, Magnetic North's SIP Trunk is connected as the Trunk Server and the Session Manager is connected as the Call Server. Configuration of interworking includes Hold support, T.38 fax support and SIP extensions.

To define server interworking on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Server Interworking** in the main menu on the left hand side. To define Server Interworking for the Session Manager, highlight the **avaya-ru** profile which is a factory setting appropriate for Avaya equipment and select **Clone Profile**. A pop-up menu is generated headed **Clone Profile** (not shown)

- In the Clone Name field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager and click Finish in test ASM9 was used
- In the **General** tab (not shown) Select **Edit** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- Check the **T.38** box then click **Next** and **Finish** (not shown)



- In the **Advanced** tab (not shown) Select **Edit** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- Uncheck the **AVAYA Extensions** box



To define Server Interworking for Magnetic North's SIP Trunk, highlight the previously defined profile for the Session Manager and select **Clone Profile**. A pop-up menu is generated headed **Clone Profile** (not shown)

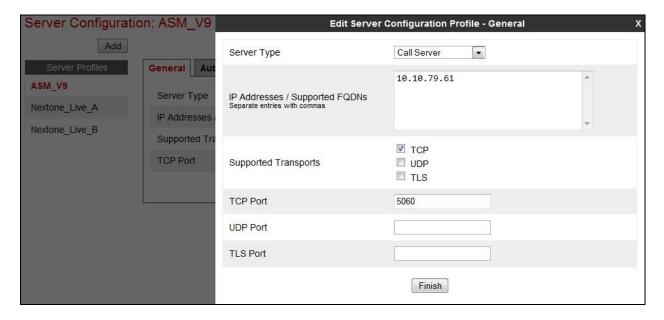
- In the **Clone Name** field enter a descriptive name for server interworking profile for Magnetic North and click **Finish** in test **MN\_Nextone** was used
- Select **Edit** and enter details in the pop-up menu
- Check the **T.38** box
- Select **Next** three times and **Finish**

#### 7.5. Define Servers

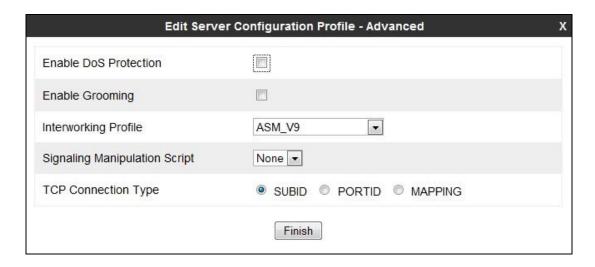
Servers are defined for each server connected to the Avaya SBCE. In this case, the Magnetic North network is connected as the Trunk Server and the Session Manager is connected as the Call Server. To define the Session Manager, navigate to **Global Profiles > Server Configuration** (not shown) in the main menu on the left hand side.

Click on **Add** and enter details in the pop-up menu

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager and click **Next** (not shown)
- In the Server Type drop down menu, select Call Server
- In the **IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs** box, type the Session Manager SIP interface address which is the same as that defined on the Communication Manager in **Section 5.2**
- Check TCP in Supported Transports
- Define the TCP port for SIP signalling, 5060 is used for the Session Manager and click
   Finish

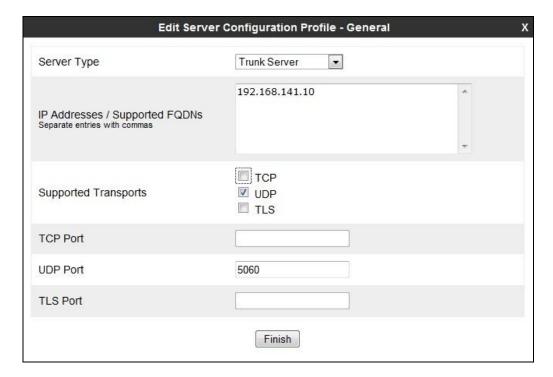


- Select the **Advanced** tab (not shown)
- In the **Interworking Profile** drop down menu, select the **Interworking Profile** for the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.4**
- Click Finish

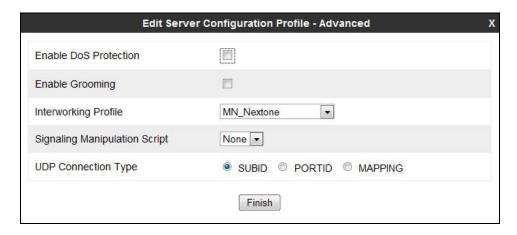


To define the first network SBC (Nextone A) as a Trunk Server, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Server Configuration** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the pop-up menu

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the network SBC, in test **Nextone\_Live\_A** was used, and click **Next** (not shown)
- In the Server Type drop down menu, select Trunk Server
- In the **IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs** box, type the IP address of the first network SBC
- Check **UDP** in **Supported Transports**
- Define the **UDP** port for SIP signaling, **5060** is used for the Magnetic North network

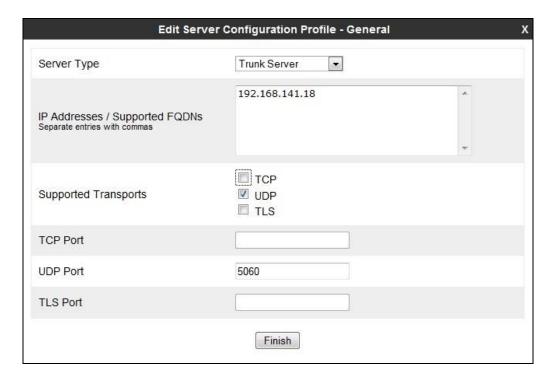


• Click **Next** again then select the **Interworking Profile** for the Magnetic North network defined in **Section 7.4** from the drop down menu

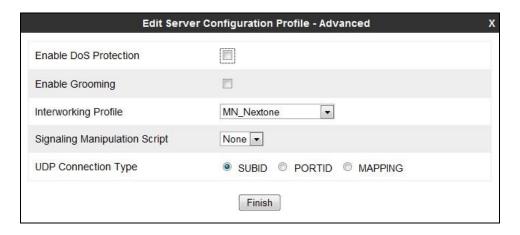


To define the second network SBC (Nextone B) as a Trunk Server, navigate to **Global Profiles**Server Configuration in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the pop-up menu

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the network SBC, in test **Nextone\_Live\_B** was used, and click **Next** (not shown)
- In the Server Type drop down menu, select Trunk Server
- In the IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs box, type the IP address of the second network SBC
- Check **UDP** in **Supported Transports**
- Define the **UDP** port for SIP signaling, **5060** is used for the Magnetic North network



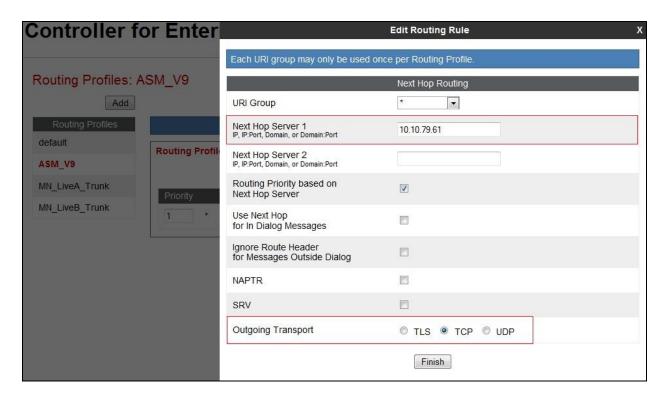
• Click **Next** again then select the **Interworking Profile** for the Magnetic North network defined in **Section 7.4** from the drop down menu



## 7.6. Define Routing

Routing information is required for routing to the Session Manager on the internal side and both network SBCs on the external side. The IP addresses and ports defined here will be used as the destination addresses for signalling. If no port is specified in the **Next Hop IP Address**, default 5060 is used. To define routing to the Session Manager, navigate to **Global Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **Routing** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Routing Profile** pop-up menu.

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager, in this case **ASM\_V9**, and click **Next** (not shown)
- Enter the Session Manager SIP interface address and port in the Next Hop Server 1 field
- Select **TCP** for the **Outgoing Transport**
- Click Finish



To define routing to the first network SBC (Nextone A), navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Routing** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Routing Profile** pop-up menu.

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the network SBC, in this case MN\_LiveA\_Trunk was used, and click Next (not shown)
- Enter the network SBC IP address and port in the Next Hop Server 1 field
- Select **UDP** for the **Outgoing Transport**
- Click Finish



To define routing to the second network SBC (Nextone B), navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Routing** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Routing Profile** pop-up menu (not shown).

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the network SBC, in this case **MN\_LiveB\_Trunk** was used, and click **Next**
- Enter the network SBC IP address and port in the **Next Hop Server 1** field
- Select **UDP** for the **Outgoing Transport**
- Click Finish

The following screenshot shows a summary of the routing to the second network SBC

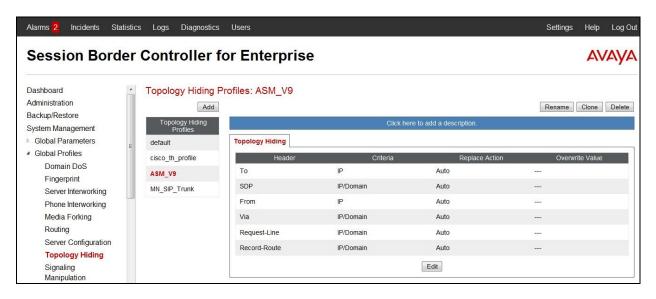


## 7.7. Topology Hiding

Topology hiding is used to hide local information such as private IP addresses and local domain names. The local information can be overwritten with a domain name or IP address. The default **Replace Action** is **Auto**; this replaces local information with IP addresses, generally the next hop. Topology hiding has the advantage of presenting single Via and Record-Route headers externally where multiple headers may be received from the enterprise, particularly from the Session Manager. In some cases where Topology Hiding can't be applied, in particular the Contact header, IP addresses are translated to the Avaya SBCE external addresses using NAT.

To define Topology Hiding for the Session Manager, navigate to Global Profiles → Topology Hiding (not shown) in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on Add and enter details in the Topology Hiding Profile pop-up menu (not shown).

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager and click **Next**
- If the **Request-Line**, **Record-Route**, **SDP** and **Via** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and **s**elect from the **Header** drop down menu
- For each of the above headers, leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**
- If the **To** and **From** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and **s**elect from the **Header** drop down menu
- For each of the above headers, select IP from the Criteria drop down menu (important
  for the From header so that the "anonymous.invalid" domain name for restricted CLI is
  not overwritten)
- For each of the headers leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**



**Note:** The use of **Auto** results in an IP address being inserted in the host portion of the Request-URI as opposed to a domain name. If a domain name is required, the action **Overwrite** must be used where appropriate, and the required domain names entered in the **Overwrite Value** field. Different domain names can be used for the enterprise and the SIP Trunk.

To define Topology Hiding for the Magnetic North network, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Topology Hiding** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Topology Hiding Profile** pop-up menu (not shown).

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for Magnetic North's SIP Trunk and click **Next**
- If the **Request-Line**, **Record-Route**, **SDP** and **Via** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and **s**elect from the **Header** drop down menu
- For each of the above headers, leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**
- If the **From** and **To** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and select from the **Header** drop down menu
- For each of the above headers, select **IP** from the **Criteria** drop down menu (important for the **From** header so that the "anonymous.invalid" domain name for restricted CLI is not overwritten)
- For each of the above headers, leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**



#### 7.8. Server Flows

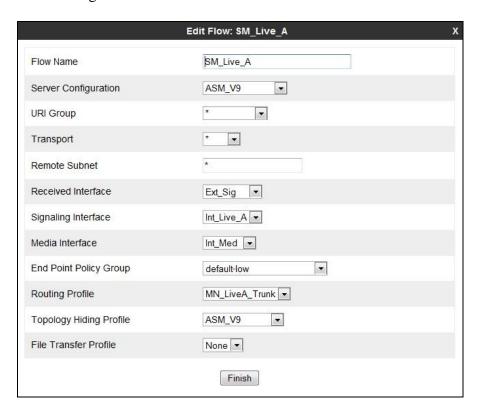
Server Flows combine the previously defined profiles into outgoing flows from the Session Manager to Magnetic North's SIP Trunk and incoming flows from Magnetic North's SIP Trunk to the Session Manager. This configuration ties all the previously entered information together so that signalling can be routed from the Session Manager to the PSTN via the Magnetic North network and vice versa.

Two server flows are required for outgoing traffic and two are required for incoming. This is so that traffic can be routed to both the network SBCs and can also be received from both network SBCs. As mentioned previously, the network SBCs have been designated as Nextone A and Nextone B for the purposes of the testing and documentation.

The screenshot at the end of the section shows a summary of the server flows created.

To define a Server Flow for the Session Manager to each of the network SBCs, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**.

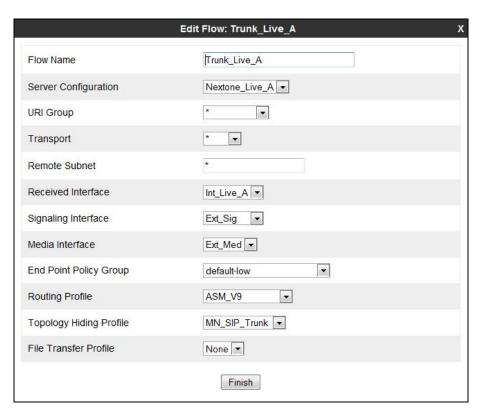
- Click on the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add Flow** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the server flow for the Session Manager, in this case **SM\_Live\_A** was used.
- In the **Server Configuration** drop down menu, select the Server defined in **Section 7.5** for the Session manager.
- In the **Received Interface** drop-down menu, select the external SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for the Session Manager is received on.
- In the **Signaling Interface** drop-down menu, select the first internal SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for the Session Manager from Nextone A is sent on.
- In the **Media Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal media interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that media bound for the enterprise from Nextone A is sent on.
- In the **Routing Profile** drop-down menu, select the routing profile of Nextone A defined in **Section 7.6**.
- In the **Topology Hiding Profile** drop-down menu, select the topology hiding profile of the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.7** and click **Finish**.



Repeat the above process for Nextone B selecting the specific Nextone B entries for **Signalling Interface** and **Routing Profile**.

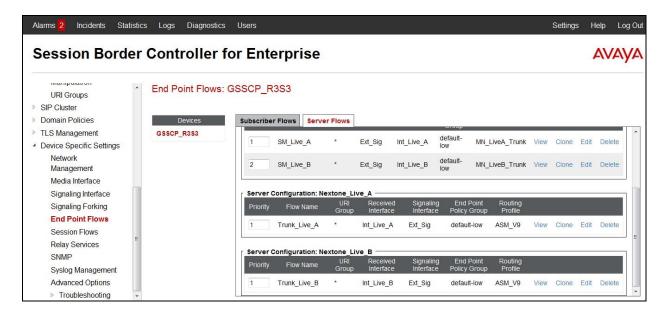
To define Server Flows for the network SBCs (Nextone A and B), navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → End Point Flows.

- Click on the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add Flow** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the server flow for Nextone A, in this case **Trunk\_Live\_A** was used.
- In the **Server Configuration** drop down menu, select the Server defined in **Section 7.5** for Nextone A
- In the **Received Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling from the Session Manager bound for Nextone A is received on.
- In the **Signaling Interface** drop-down menu, select the external SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for Nextone A from the Session manager is sent on.
- In the **Media Interface** drop-down menu, select the external media interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that media bound for the PSTN is sent on.
- In the **Routing Profile** drop-down menu, select the routing profile of the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.6**.
- In the **Topology Hiding Profile** drop-down menu, select the topology hiding profile of the Magnetic North network defined in **Section 7.7** and click **Finish.**

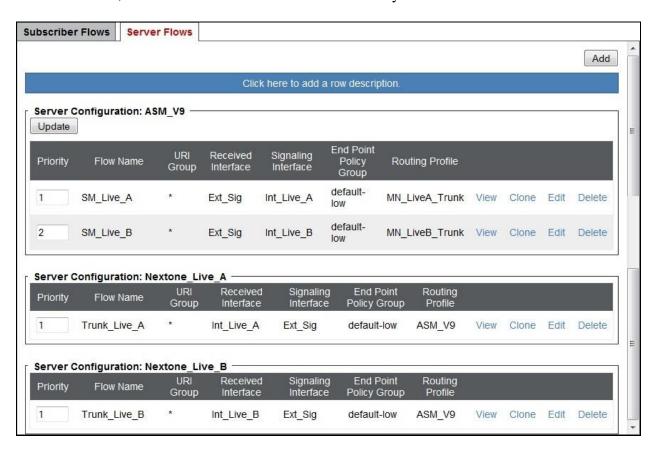


Repeat the above process for Nextone B selecting the specific Nextone B entries for **Server Configuration** and **Received interface**.

Once the server flows have been configured, they appear on the main page as follows:



For information, the server flows are shown in their entirety here:



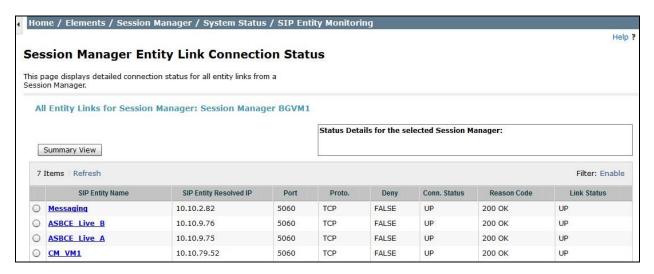
# 8. Configure Magnetic North SIP Trunk Equipment

The configuration of the Magnetic North equipment used to support Magnetic North's SIP Trunk is outside of the scope of these Application Notes and will not be covered. To obtain further information on Magnetic North equipment and system configuration please contact an authorised Magnetic North representative.

## 9. Verification Steps

This section provides steps that may be performed to verify that the solution is configured correctly.

From System Manager Home tab click on Session Manager and navigate to Session
 Manager → System Status → SIP Entity Monitoring (not shown). Select the relevant
 SIP Entities from the list and observe if the Conn Status and Link Status are showing as
 up.



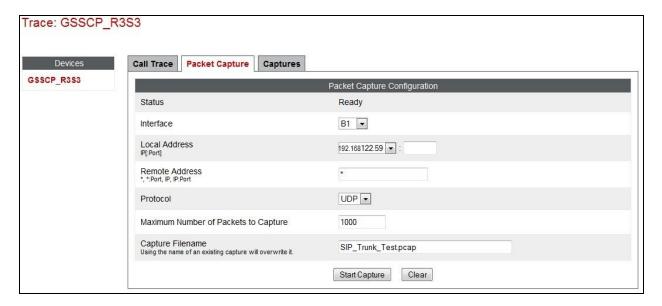
2. From the Communication Manager SAT interface run the command **status trunk n** where **n** is a previously configured SIP trunk. Observe if all channels on the trunk group display **in-service/idle**.

status trunk 1			
TRUNK GROUP STATUS			
Member	Port	Service State	Mtce Connected Ports Busy
0001/001	T00001	in-service/idle	no
0001/002	T00002	in-service/idle	no
0001/003	T00003	in-service/idle	no
0001/004	T00004	in-service/idle	no
0001/005	T00005	in-service/idle	no
0001/006	T00006	in-service/idle	no
0001/007	T00007	in-service/idle	no
0001/008	T00008	in-service/idle	no
0001/009	T00009	in-service/idle	no
0001/010	T00010	in-service/idle	no

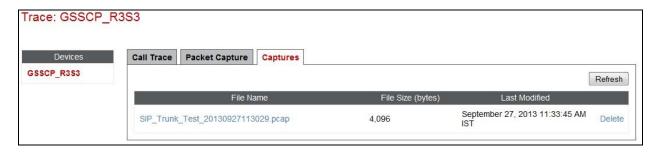
- 3. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active.
- 4. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active.
- 5. Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- 6. Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.
- 7. Should issues arise with the SIP trunk, use the Avaya SBCE trace facility to check that the OPTIONS requests sent from the Session Manager via the Avaya SBCE to the network SBCs are receiving a response.

To define the trace on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Advanced Options** → **Troubleshooting** → **Trace** in the main menu on the left hand side and select the **Packet Capture** tab.

- Select the SIP Trunk interface from the **Interface** drop down menu
- Select the signalling interface IP address from the **Local Address** drop down menu
- Enter the IP address of the network SBC in the **Remote Address** field or enter a \* to capture all traffic
- Specify the **Maximum Number of Packets to Capture**, 10000 is shown as an example
- Specify the filename of the resultant pcap file in the **Capture Filename** field
- Click on Start Capture



To view the trace, select the **Captures** tab and click on the relevant filename in the list of traces.



The trace is viewed as a standard pcap file in Wireshark. If the SIP trunk is working correctly, a SIP response in the form of a 200 OK will be seen from the Magnetic North network.

## 10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration necessary to connect Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3 as an Evolution Server, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2 to Magnetic North's SIP Trunk Service. Magnetic North's SIP Trunk Service is a SIP-based Voice over IP solution providing businesses a flexible, cost-saving alternative to traditional hardwired telephony trunks. The service was successfully tested with a number of observations listed in **Section 2.2**.

## 11. Additional References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes. Additional Avaya product documentation is available at <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.

- [1] Installing and Configuring Avaya Aura® System Platform, Release 6.3, May 2013.
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura® System Platform, Release 6.3, May 2013.
- [3] Avaya Aura® Communication Manager using VMware® in the Virtualized Environment Deployment Guide, May 2013
- [4] Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 6.3 Documentation library, August 2013.
- [5] Avaya Aura® System Manager using VMware® in the Virtualized Environment Deployment Guide Release 6.3 May 2013
- [6] Implementing Avaya Aura® System Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [7] Upgrading Avaya Aura® System Manager to 6.3.2, May 2013.
- [8] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [9] Avaya Aura® Session Manager using VMware® in the Virtualized Environment Deployment Guide Release 6.3 May 2013
- [10] Implementing Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [11] Upgrading Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [12] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3, June 2013,
- [13] Installing Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 6.2 June 2013
- [14] Upgrading Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.2 July 2013
- [15] Administering Avava Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.2 March 2013
- [16] RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol, http://www.ietf.org/

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