

## Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring TDC Business Trunk Service with Avaya Communication Server 1000 Release 7.6, Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.3 – Issue 1.0

### **Abstract**

These Application Notes describe the procedure for configuration of the TDC Business Trunk Service with Avaya Communication Server 1000 Release 7.6, Avaya Aura<sup>®</sup> Session Manager Release 6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.3.

The test was performed to verify SIP trunk features including basic calls, call forward (all calls, busy, no answer), call transfer (blind and consult), conference, and voice mail. Calls were placed to and from the PSTN with various Avaya endpoints.

TDC Business Trunk Service provides PSTN access via SIP trunks between the enterprise and the TDC Business Trunk Service's network as an alternative to legacy analog or digital trunks. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

# **Table of Contents**

1.	Introd	duction5			
2.	Gener	ral Test Approach and Test Results			
	2.1. Inte	**			
	2.3. Sup	port	8		
3.	Refere	ence Configuration	9		
4.	Equip	ment and Software Validated	10		
5.	Confi	gure Avaya Communication Server 1000	12		
		g into Communication Server 1000 System			
		Log into System Manager and Element Manager (EM)			
		Log into Call Server by Using Overlay Command Line Interface (CLI)			
		ninister IP Telephony Node			
	5.2.1.	Obtain Node IP address	15		
	5.2.2.	Administer Terminal Proxy Server (TPS)	17		
	5.2.3.	Administer Quality of Service (QoS)			
	5.2.4.	Synchronize New Configuration.	18		
	5.3. Adı	ninister Voice Codec	20		
	5.3.1.	Enable Voice Codec G.711A-law, G.729A, G.711MU-law	20		
	5.3.2.	Enable Voice Codec on Media Gateways			
	5.4. Zon	es and Bandwidth Management	22		
	5.4.1.	Create Zone for IP Phones (Zone 10)			
	5.4.2.	Create Zone for Virtual SIP Trunk (Zone 255)			
	5.5. Adı	ninister SIP Trunk Gateway	24		
	5.5.1.	Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)	24		
	5.5.2.	Administer SIP Trunk Gateway to Avaya Communication Server 1000	26		
	5.5.3.	Administer Virtual D-Channel			
	5.5.4.	Administer Virtual Super-Loop	32		
	5.5.5.	Administer Virtual SIP Routes			
	5.5.6.	Administer Virtual Trunks	34		
	5.5.7.	Administer Calling Line Identification Entries	37		
	5.5.8.	Enable External Trunk to Trunk Transfer	39		
	5.6. Adr	ninister Dialing Plans	40		
	5.6.1.	Define ESN Access Codes and Parameters (ESN)	40		
	5.6.2.	Associate NPA and SPN Call to ESN Access Code 1	41		
	5.6.3.	Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI)	42		
	5.6.4.	Route List Block Index (RLI 14)			
	5.6.5.	Inbound Call – Incoming Digit Translation Configuration	45		
	5.6.6.	Outbound Call - Special Number Configuration			
	5.6.7.	Outbound Call - Numbering Plan Area (NPA)	48		
	5.7. Adr	ninister a Phone	48		
	5.7.1.	Phone creation			
	5.7.2.	Enable Privacy for the Phone			
	5.7.3.	Enable Call Forward for Phone.	51		

6.	Config	gure Avaya Aura® Session Manager	53	
	6.1. Ava	5.1. Avaya Aura® System Manager Login and Navigation		
	6.2. Spe	cify SIP Domain	56	
	6.3. Add	l Location	56	
6.4. Configure		figure Adaptations	58	
	6.5. Add	I SIP Entities		
	6.5.1.	Configure Session Manager SIP Entity		
6.5.2.		Configure Communication Server 1000 SIP Entity		
	6.5.3.	Configure Avaya SBCE SIP Entity		
		l Entity Links		
		figure Time Ranges		
		l Routing Policies		
		l Dial Patterns		
7.		gure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise		
		in Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise		
		bal Profiles		
	7.2.1.	Configure Server Interworking Profile - Avaya Session Manager		
	7.2.2.	Configure Server Interworking Profile – TDC Business Trunk		
	7.2.3.	Configure Signaling Manipulation		
	7.2.4.	Configure Server – Avaya Session Manager	76	
	7.2.5.	Configure Server – TDC Business Trunk		
	7.2.6.	Configure Routing – Avaya Session Manager		
	7.2.7.	Configure Routing – TDC Business Trunk		
	7.2.8.	Configure Topology Hiding – Avaya Session Manager		
	7.2.9.	Configure Topology Hiding – TDC Business Trunk		
		nain Policies		
	7.3.1.	Create Signaling Rules		
	7.3.2.	Create Endpoint Policy Groups		
		rice Specific Settings		
	7.4.1.	Manage Network Settings		
	7.4.2.	Create Media Interfaces		
	7.4.3.	Create Signaling Interfaces		
	7.4.4.	$\mathcal{E}$	93	
8.		Business Trunk Service Configuration		
9.		cation Steps		
		eral		
		ification of an Active Call on Communication Server 1000		
		tocol Trace		
1(		usion		
11		ences		
12		ndix A: SigMa Script		
13		ndix B: MEX Testing		
		abound Call To MEX Fixed Number		
		Configure Signaling Manipulation on Avaya SBCE		
	13.1.2.	Configure Session Manager – Dial Pattern	103	

13.1.3.	Configure CS1000 – Incoming Digit Conversion	105
13.1.4.	Configure CS1000 – Mobile Extension Users	106
13.1.5.	Configure CS1000 – NPA 463	111
13.2. O	outbound Call from MEX Enabled Mobile Number	112
13.2.1.	Configure Signaling Manipulation on Avaya SBCE	113
13.2.2.	Configure Session Manager – Dial Pattern	113
13.2.3.	Configure CS1000	115
14. Apper	ndix C: TDC Special Services Testing	118
14.1. C	onfigure CS1000	118
14.1.1.	Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 16)	118
14.1.2.	Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 17)	119
	Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 18)	
14.1.4.	Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 19)	120
14.1.5.	Configure Route List Block Index	121
	Configure Special Number (SPN)	
14.2. C	onfigure Session Manager – Dial Pattern	124

### 1. Introduction

These Application Notes illustrate a sample configuration using Avaya Communication Server 1000 (CS1000) Release 7.6, Avaya Aura<sup>®</sup> Session Manager Release 6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) Release 6.3 with TDC Business Trunk Service. TDC Business Trunk Service provides PSTN access via SIP Trunks between the enterprise and the TDC Business Trunk Service's network as an alternative to legacy analog or digital trunks.

# 2. General Test Approach and Test Results

CS1000 was connected to Avaya SBCE via Session Manager by using SIP trunks over the enterprise internal IP network. Avaya SBCE was connected to TDC Business Trunk Service's network via SIP trunks over the public Internet. Various call types were made from CS1000 to TDC Business Trunk Service and vice versa to verify interoperability.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution

## 2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

Compliance testing scenarios for the configuration described in these Application Notes included the following:

- General call processing between CS1000 and TDC Business Trunk Service, including the following:
  - Codec/ptime: G.711 a-law/20ms, G.729 a-law/20ms, G.711 mu-law/20ms, no Voice Activity Detection (VAD).
  - Calling Line Identification Display (CLID).
  - Ring-back tone.
  - Speech (audio) path.
- Incoming PSTN calls to various phone types including UNISTim, SIP, digital, and analog telephones at the enterprise. All inbound PSTN calls were routed to the enterprise across the SIP trunk from the service provider.
- Outgoing PSTN calls from various phone types including UNISTim, SIP, digital, and analog telephones at the enterprise. All outbound PSTN calls were routed from the enterprise across the SIP trunk to the service provider.
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from Avaya IP Softphone 2050.
- Various call types including: long distance, international, outbound toll-free, 11414, 1177, 118118 and 112 services.
- Call redirection verification: all supported methods (blind transfer, consultative transfer, call forward, and conference). Call redirection was performed from both ends. Note: TDC Business Trunk Service supports Diversion Header for off-net call forwarding.
- Response to SIP OPTIONS queries.

- Response to incomplete call attempts and trunk errors.
- Fax using T.38.
- Inbound and outbound long-hold call stability.
- Inbound and outbound long-duration call stability.
- Privacy requests (i.e., caller anonymity) and Caller ID restriction for inbound and outbound calls.
- DTMF (RFC2833) in inbound and outbound calls.
- SIP Transport UDP, port 5060.
- Voicemail navigation for inbound and outbound calls.
- Additional TDC Mobile Extension (MEX) call testing. With TDC Business Trunk, MEX
  calls from MEX enabled mobile phones are tromboned in the Avaya PBX and returned as
  normal Business Trunk calls. The MEX implementation relies on IN triggers on the
  PSTN side which prefixes the called number with a routing number used for routing the
  call towards the Avaya PBX.

#### The following are items not supported:

- Inbound toll free TDC Business Trunk setup is not available at the compliance testing.
- CS1000 Mobile-X feature In the TDC network, the PSTN number or mobile number should be known to be twinned to make it work. This test can only be done with mobile phones that are part of the MEX solution (i.e. the SIM cards with numbers in Sweden). If they were, tests could be executed using ANG signaling (it is added by TDC) and prefix (+46394980) added by Avaya PBX. The testing of TDC Mobile Extension (MEX) was documented in **Appendix B, Section 13**.

During testing, the following activities were made to each tested scenario:

- Calls were checked for the correct call progress tones and cadences.
- During the ringing state, the ring back tone and destination ringing were checked.
- Calls were checked in both hands-free and handset mode in compliance with internal Avaya requirement.
- Calls were checked for speech path in both directions using spoken words to ensure clarity of speech.
- The display(s) of the sets/clients involved were checked for consistent and expected CLID and redirection information both prior to answer and after call establishment.
- The speech path and messaging system were observed for timely and quality End to End tone and audio path as well as application responses.
- The call server maintenance terminal window was open during the test execution for the monitoring of BUG(s), ERROR and AUD messages (See Section 5.1.2).
- Speech path was checked before and after calls were put on hold and resumed from each end.
- Calls were checked to ensure that all resources such as Virtual trunks, TDM trunks, Sets
  and VGWs (Voice Gateways) were released when calls were ended (see SIP Trunk
  monitoring in Section 9.2).

#### 2.2. Test Results

The objectives outlined in **Section 2.1** were verified. All the applicable test cases were executed successfully. However, the following observations were noted during the compliance testing:

- TDC-sourced SIP OPTIONS included Max-Forward = 0, and Avaya responded with "483 Too Many Hops" The OPTIONS request is simply a keep-alive message. As long as TDC received a legitimate reply, TDC treated the connection to be alive. Of course the value of Max-Forward could be increased but since it did not cause any problem during compliance testing, TDC would like to keep the existing configuration.
- TDC responded to Avaya-sourced SIP OPTIONS with "404 Called User Unknown" As long as Avaya received a legitimate reply, Avaya treated the connection to be alive.
- Anonymous outbound call from Avaya PBX to PSTN failed In this call scenario, Avaya set Privacy header as "id" and sent FROM header with "anonymous" for user's Name and ID number. TDC would reject the call because the system needed a Privacy header with "id" as well as a valid ID number instead of an anonymous ID number to trust with 3GPP specifications. In order to fix this, TDC has a workaround to replace the anonymous string with the fixed pilot user identity. Consequently, charging for these calls cannot be done on individual basis.
- If the CS1000 phone holds/resumes an outbound call, the dialed digits were no longer displayed. This is a CS1000 known limitation.
- Due to the SIP UPDATE problem, the off-net blind transfer did not work properly -For PSTN-originated inbound calls to an Avaya Communication Server 1000 phone, the caller could not press the transfer button on Avaya Communication Server 1000 phone to complete blind transfer. In this particular scenario, SIP UPDATE support was required on the Communication Server 1000 for blind transfer, but SIP UPDATE did not work properly on the TDC PSTN-to-SIP gateway used for this interop test. In order to resolve this problem, plug-in 501 was enabled on the Communication Server 1000 to allow blind transfer to work without the UPDATE method (On CS1000 Element Manager, select System  $\rightarrow$  Software  $\rightarrow$  Plug-ins and then click on number 501 to enable plug-in 501). However, with this fix, when the user pressed the transfer button on the Avaya Communication Server 1000 to complete blind transfer, the original PSTN calling phone could not hear ring-back tones while the call was being transferred. In order to resolve this, the Avaya SBCE was configured to translate the SIP 183 with SDP to SIP 180 without SDP (see Section 7.2.1 and Section 7.3.1), so that the original PSTN calling phone could receive the local ring-back tones. However, this translation on the Avaya SBCE removed support for early media. Customers of the TDC Business Trunk Service should be aware of this limitation before implementing this specific translation on the Avaya SBCE.
- When the Avaya 1140E SIP telephone hosted a conference call, but dropped out of the conference first, the entire conference call was terminated —This is a known CS1000 SIP telephone limitation.

• Call from Mobile Extension (MEX) mobile A to any MEX Fixed network numbers or to any MEX Fixed extension numbers, the MEX Fixed number was always displayed in full length number instead of extension number - This is the configuration of SIP manipulation on Avaya SBCE to replace the MEX mobile extension number by MEX fixed number.

# 2.3. Support

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit: <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.

For technical support on the TDC Business Trunk system, please use the support link at <a href="http://www.tdc.se/">http://www.tdc.se/</a>, or call the customer support number at 020-832 832.

# 3. Reference Configuration

**Figure 1** illustrates the test configuration used during the compliance test between CS1000 and TDC Business Trunk Service. For confidentiality and privacy purposes, actual public IP addresses used in this testing have been masked and replaced with fictitious IP addresses throughout the document.

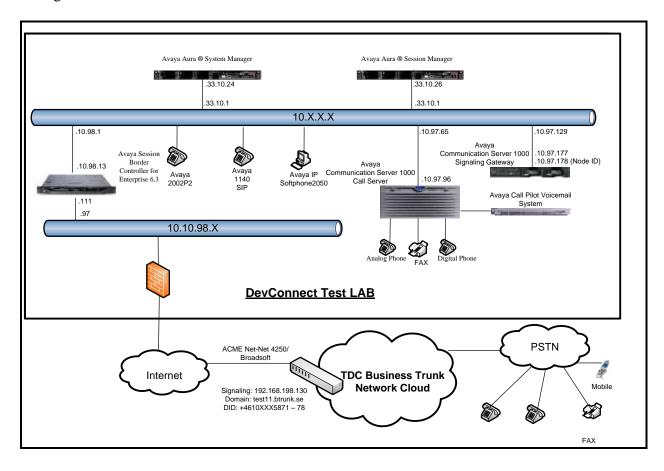


Figure 1 - Network diagram for Avaya and TDC Business Trunk Service

# 4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration:

#### Avaya systems:

Equipment/Software	Release/Version
Avaya Communication Server	Call Server: 765 P +
1000 (CPPM)	Signaling Server: 7.65.16 GA
	SIP Line Server: 7.65.16 GA
Avaya Call Pilot C201i	Call Pilot Voice Mail Manager: 05.00.41.143
Avaya Aura <sup>®</sup> Session Manager	6.3.13
running on Avaya S8800 Server	(6.3.13.631303)
Avaya Aura® System Manager	6.3.13
running on Avaya S8800 Server	(Build No 6.3.0.8.5682 – Patch 6.3.8.5108
	Software Update Revision No: 6.3.13.10.3336)
Avaya Session Border Controller	6.3.2-08-5478
for Enterprise	
Avaya Phones:	
2002 p2 (UNIStim)	0604DCO
1140E SIP	04.04.18.00
Avaya 3904 Digital Phone	Core: 2.4 – Flash: 9.4 PO L1.8
Avaya IP Softphone 2050	4.04.0067
Analog Symphony 2000	N/A
HP Office jet 4500 Fax	N/A

#### **TDC Business Trunk Service systems:**

System	Software
ACME Net-Net 4250	Firmware SC6.1.0 MR-9 Patch 3 (Build 967)
Broadsoft	R20SP1

The following assumptions were made for the compliance tested configuration:

- CS1000 R7.6 software with latest patches.
- TDC Business Trunk Service provides support to set up, configure and troubleshoot on the TDC network side during test execution.

Additional patch lineup for the configuration is listed as follows:

Call Server: 7.65 P+ GA plus latest DEPLIST – CPM\_7.6\_6.zip (X2107.65P) Signaling Server: 7.65.16 GA plus latest DEPLIST – SP\_7.6\_6.ntl (7.65.16.00)

CS1000 Signaling Server patch list: [admin@car3-cores ~]\$ pstat

Product Release: 7.65.16.00

In system patches: 5

PATCH# NAME IN\_SERVICE DATE SPECINS TYPE RPM

38 47 48 49 50	p31484_1 p33125_1 p33274_1 p33331_1 p33384_1	Yes Yes Yes	20/02/14 23/12/14 23/12/14 23/12/14 23/12/14	NO YES YES	FRU FRU FRU	cs1000-shared-general-7.65.16-00.i386 cs1000-OS-1.00.00.00-00.noarch initscripts-8.45.25-1.el5.i386 cs1000-OS-1.00.00.00-00.noarch cs1000-OS-1.00.00.00-00.noarch	
In System service updates: 31 PATCH# IN_SERVICE DATE SPECINS REMOVABLE NAME							

0 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-linuxbase-7.65.16.23-3.i386.000 1 Yes 23/12/14 NO YES cs1000-Jboss-Quantum-7.65.16.23-3.i386.000 2 cs1000-patchWeb-7.65.16.22-4.i386.000 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES 3 YES cs1000-dmWeb-7.65.16.23-1.i386.000 Yes 23/12/14 YES 4 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-csoneksvrmgr-7.65.16.22-5.i386.000 5 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-baseWeb-7.65.16.22-4.i386.000 6 cs1000-oam-logging-7.65.16.22-4.i386.000 Yes YES 23/12/14 YES 7 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-csv-7.65.16.22-2.i386.000 8 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-mscTone-7.65.16.22-2.i386.000 9 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-mscMusc-7.65.16.22-4.i386.000 10 cs1000-mscConf-7.65.16.22-2.i386.000 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES 11 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-mscAnnc-7.65.16.22-2.i386.000 12 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-mscAttn-7.65.16.22-2.i386.000 13 23/12/14 NO YES Yes cs1000-gk-7.65.16.22-1.i386.000 14 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-shared-pbx-7.65.16.22-3.i386.000 Yes 15 20/02/14 NO YES cs1000-pd-7.65.16.21-00.i386.000 Yes 16 20/02/14 NO YES cs1000-shared-carrdtct-7.65.16.21-01.i386.000 Yes 17 Yes 20/02/14 NO YES cs1000-shared-tpselect-7.65.16.21-01.i386.000 18 20/02/14 NO cs1000-dbcom-7.65.16.21-00.i386.000 Yes yes 26 Yes 20/02/14 NO YES cs1000-snmp-7.65.16.21-00.i686.000 31 Yes 20/02/14 NO YES cs1000-shared-omm-7.65.16.21-2.i386.000 34 Yes 20/02/14 YES YES cs1000-ipsec-7.65.16.22-1.i386.000 36 Yes 20/02/14 NO YES cs1000-cppmUtil-7.65.16.22-1.i686.000 39 Yes 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-shared-xmsg-7.65.16.22-1.i386.000 40 Yes 23/12/14 NO YES cs1000-sps-7.65.16.23-1.i386.000 41 23/12/14 YES YES Yes idk-1.6.0 81-fcs.i586.000 42 23/12/14 YES YES cs1000-cs-7.65.P.100-03.i386.000 Yes 43 YES Yes 23/12/14 NO bash-3.2-33.el5 11.4.i386.000

44

45

46

Yes

Yes

Yes

23/12/14 NO

23/12/14 YES

23/12/14 YES

YES

YES

YES

tzdata-2014g-1.el5.i386.000

cs1000-tps-7.65.16.23-7.i386.000

cs1000-vtrk-7.65.16.23-24.i386.000

# 5. Configure Avaya Communication Server 1000

The configuration documented by these Application Notes uses the Incoming Digit Translation feature to receive calls, the Numbering Plan Area Code (NPA), and the Special Number (SPN) features to route calls from the CS1000 to the PSTN via SIP trunks to the TDC Business Trunk Service network.

These Application Notes assume that the basic CS1000 configuration has already been administered. For further information on CS1000, please consult the references in **Section 11**.

The procedures below describe the configuration details for configuring the CS1000.

# 5.1. Log into Communication Server 1000 System

### 5.1.1. Log into System Manager and Element Manager (EM)

Open an instance of a web browser and connect to the System Manager using the following address: https://<System Manager IP address>/SMGR/. Log in using an appropriate User ID and Password (not shown). Select **Elements > Communication Server 1000**.

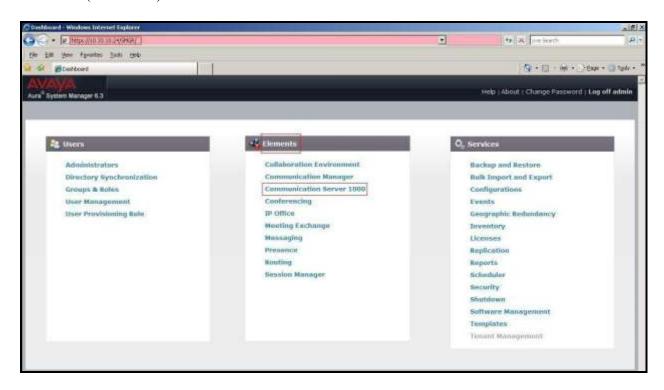


Figure 2 – System Manager Home Screen

The **Avaya Communication Server 1000 Management** screen is displayed. Click on the **Element Name** of the CS1000 Element as highlighted in red box below:

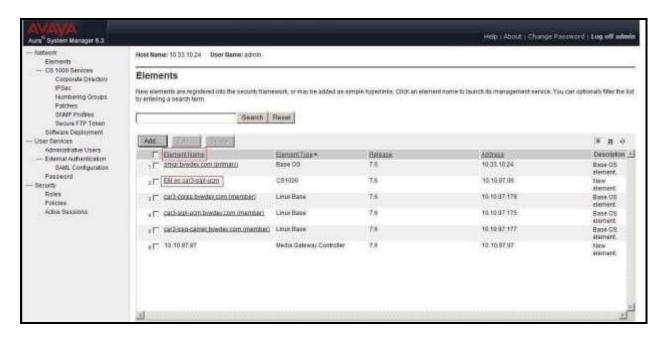


Figure 3 – Communication Server 1000 Management

Log into the CS1000 using an appropriate User ID and Password.



Figure 4 – Communication Server 1000 Log In Screen

The CS1000 Element Manager System Overview page is displayed as shown in Figure 5.

IP Address: 10.10.97.96

Type: Avaya Communication Server 1000E CPPM Linux

Version: 4121 Release: 765 P +



Figure 5 – Element Manager System Overview

### 5.1.2. Log into Call Server by Using Overlay Command Line Interface (CLI)

Using Putty, SSH to the IP address of the CS1000 Signaling Server using an account with administrator credentials.

Run the command **cslogin** and log in with the appropriate user account and password. Sample output is shown below.

#### login as: **Enter an account with administrator credentials**

The software and data stored on this system are the property of, or licensed to, Avaya Inc. and are lawfully available only to authorized users for approved purposes. Unauthorized access to any software or data on this system is strictly prohibited and punishable under appropriate laws. If you are not an authorized user then do not try to login. This system may be monitored for operational purposes at any time.

admin@10.10.97.178's password: ← Enter the password Last login: Mon Aug 24 07:20:18 2015 from 10.10.98.78 [admin@car3-cores ~]\$ cslogin

SEC054 A device has connected to, or disconnected from, a pseudo tty without authenticating >login

USERID? ← Enter the user account PASS? ← Enter the password

TTY #08 LOGGED IN ADMIN 07:39 24/8/2015

The software and data stored on this system are the property of, or licensed to, Avaya Inc. and are lawfully available only to authorized users for approved purposes. Unauthorized access to any software or data on this system is strictly prohibited and punishable under appropriate laws. If you are not an authorized user then log out immediately. This system may be monitored for operational purposes at any time.

>

**Note**: This screen can be used for monitoring of BUG(s), ERROR and AUD messages.

### 5.2. Administer IP Telephony Node

This section describes how to configure an IP Telephony Node on CS1000.

#### 5.2.1. Obtain Node IP address

These Application Notes assume that the basic CS1000 configuration has already been administered and that a Node has already been created. This section describes the steps for configuring a Node (Node ID 3000) in CS1000 IP network to work with TDC Business Trunk Service. For further information on CS1000, please consult the references in **Section 11**.

Select System  $\rightarrow$  IP Network  $\rightarrow$  Nodes: Servers, Media Cards and then click on the Node ID as shown in Figure 6.

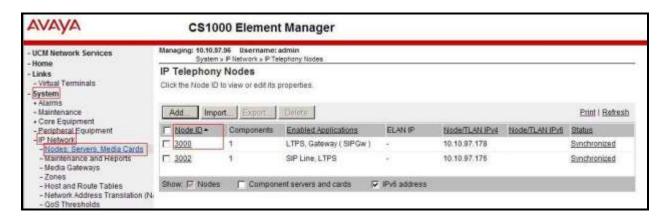


Figure 6 – IP Telephony Node

The **Node Details** screen is displayed in **Figure 7** with the IP address of the CS1000 node: **Call server IP address: 10.10.97.96**. The **Node IPv4 address 10.10.97.178** for **Telophony LAN** (**TLAN**) is a virtual address which corresponds to the **TLAN IPv4** address **10.10.97.177** of the Signaling Server/SIP Signaling Gateway. The SIP Signaling Gateway uses this Node IP address to communicate with other components to process SIP calls.

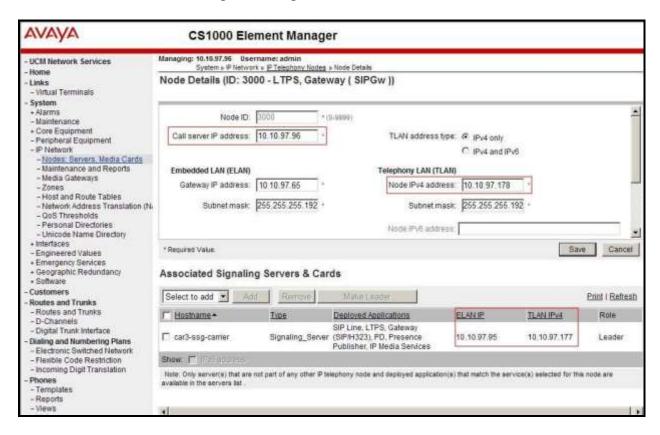


Figure 7 – Node Details 1

Scrolling down, the **Node Details** screen displays the **IP Telephony Node Properties** and **Applications** sections as shown in **Figure 8** with.

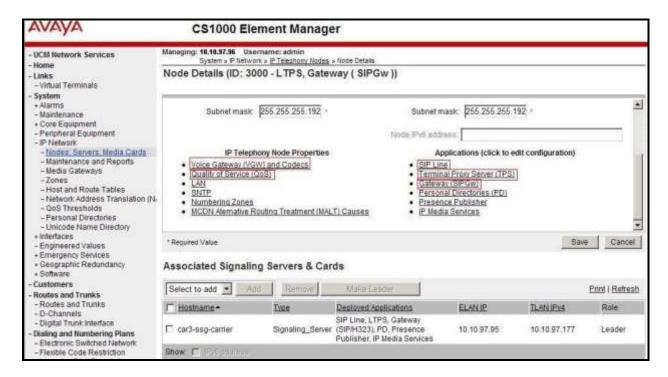


Figure 8 – Node Details 2

## 5.2.2. Administer Terminal Proxy Server (TPS)

Continuing from Section 5.2.1, on the Node Details page, select the Terminal Proxy Server (TPS) link as shown in Figure 8. Check the UNIStim Line Terminal Proxy Server checkbox to enable proxy service on this node and then click the Save button as shown in Figure 9.

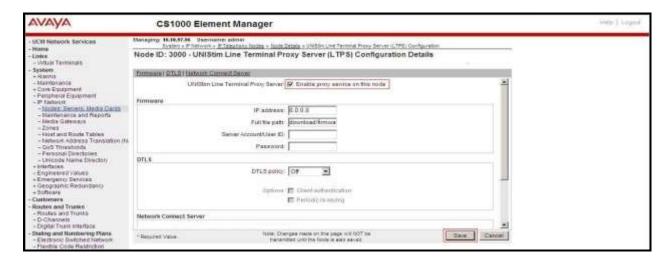


Figure 9 – TPS Configuration Details

# 5.2.3. Administer Quality of Service (QoS)

Continuing from Section 5.2.1, on the Node Details page, select the Quality of Service (QoS) link as shown in Figure 8. The default Diffserv values are shown in Figure 10. Click on the Save button.



Figure 10 – QoS Configuration Details

### 5.2.4. Synchronize New Configuration

Continuing from Section 5.2.3, return to the Node Details page (Figure 7) and click on the Save button. The Node Saved screen is displayed. Click on Transfer Now.



Figure 11 - Node Saved Screen

The Synchronize Configuration Files (Node ID <3000>) screen is displayed. Check the car3-ssg-carrier checkbox and click on Start Sync. When the synchronization completes, check the car3-ssg-carrier checkbox and click on the Restart Applications.

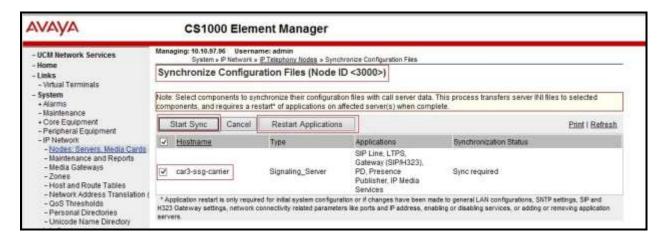


Figure 12 - Node Synchronized Screen

#### 5.3. Administer Voice Codec

#### 5.3.1. Enable Voice Codec G.711A-law, G.729A, G.711MU-law

Select System  $\rightarrow$  IP Network  $\rightarrow$  Nodes: Servers, Media Cards from the left pane and on the IP Telephony Nodes screen displayed (not shown), select the Node ID of the CS1000 system. The Node Details screen is displayed (see Section 5.2.1 for more details). On the Node Details page shown in Figure 8, click on Voice Gateway (VGW) and Codecs.

TDC Business Trunk Service supports G.711 a-law, G.729 a-law, G.711 mu-law with Voice payload size 20 milliseconds per frame. Uncheck Voice Activity Detection (VAD) checkbox. Click on the Save button.

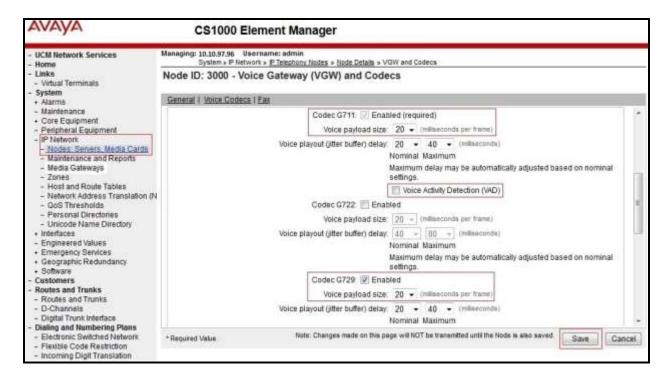


Figure 13 – Voice Gateway and Codec Configuration Details

Synchronize the new configuration (please refer to **Section 5.2.4**).

### 5.3.2. Enable Voice Codec on Media Gateways

From the left menu of the Element Manager page in **Figure 13**, select **System** → **IP Network** → **Media Gateways**. The Media Gateways page will appear (not shown). Click on the **MGC** which is located on the right of the page. In the following screen, scroll down to select the **Codec G711** and **G.729A** with **Voice payload size 20 ms/frame** and uncheck **VAD** as shown in **Figure 14**. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click on the **Save** button (not shown).

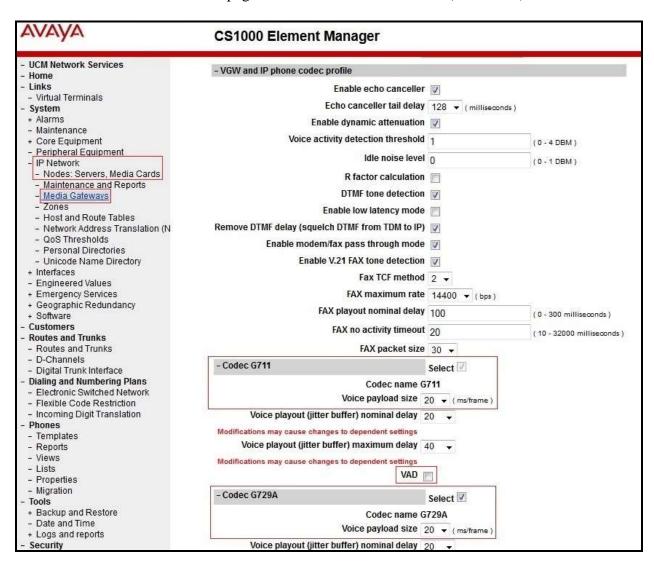


Figure 14 - Media Gateways Configuration Details

### 5.4. Zones and Bandwidth Management

This section describes the steps to create two zones: zone 10 for the VGW and IP phones, and zone 255 for the SIP Trunk.

## 5.4.1. Create Zone for IP Phones (Zone 10)

The following figures show how to configure a zone for VGW and IP phones for bandwidth management purposes. The bandwidth strategy can be adjusted to preference.

Select System  $\rightarrow$  IP Network  $\rightarrow$  Zones from the left pane (not shown), click on Bandwidth Zones as shown in Figure 15.



Figure 15 – Zones Page

The **Bandwidth Zones** screen is displayed as shown in **Figure 16**. Click **Add** to create a new zone for IP Phones.

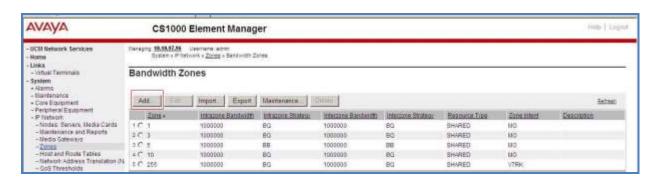


Figure 16 – Bandwidth Zones

Select and input the values as shown below (in the red boxes) in **Figure 17**, and click on the **Submit** button.

- Intrazone Bandwidth (INTRA\_BW): 1000000.
- Intrazone Strategy (INTRA\_STGY): Set codec for local calls. Select Best Quality (BQ) to use G.711 as the first priority codec for negotiation or select Best Bandwidth (BB) to use G.729 as the first priority codec for negotiation.
- Interzone Bandwidth (INTER\_BW): 1000000.
- Interzone Strategy (INTER\_STGY): Set codec for the calls over trunk. Select Best Quality (BQ) to use G.711 as the first priority codec for negotiation or select Best Bandwidth (BB) to use G.729 as the first priority codec for negotiation.
- **Zone Intent (ZBRN)**: Select **MO (MO)** for IP phones, and VGW.



Figure 17 – Bandwidth Management Configuration Details – IP phone

## 5.4.2. Create Zone for Virtual SIP Trunk (Zone 255)

Follow the steps described in **Section 5.4.1** to create a zone for the virtual SIP trunk. The difference is in the **Zone Intent (ZBRN)** field. Select **VTRK(VTRK)** for virtual trunk as shown in **Figure 18** and then click on the **Submit** button.



Figure 18 – Bandwidth Management Configuration Details – Virtual SIP trunk

## 5.5. Administer SIP Trunk Gateway

This section describes the steps for establishing a SIP connection between the SIP Signaling Gateway and Session Manager.

## 5.5.1. Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

Select **Customers** in the left pane. The **Customers** screen is displayed. Click on the link associated with the appropriate customer, in this case **00**.

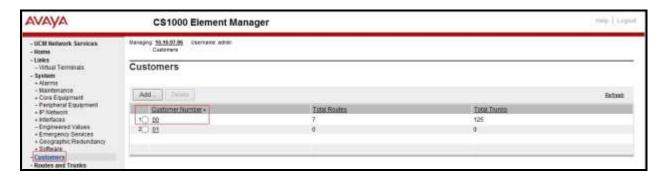


Figure 19 – Customer – ISDN Configuration 1

The system can support more than one customer with different network settings and options. The **Customer Details** page will appear. Select the **Feature Packages** option from **Customer Details** page.

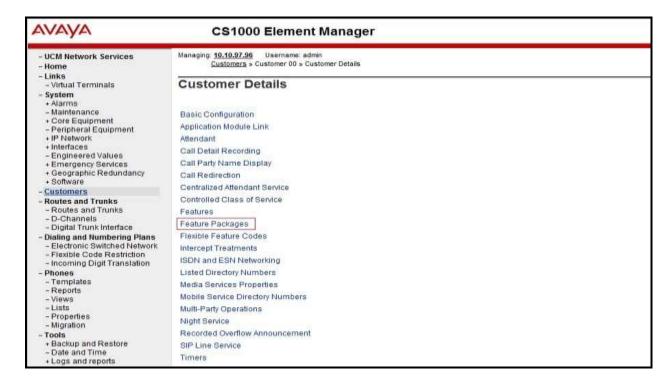


Figure 20 - Customer - ISDN Configuration 2

The screen is updated with a listing of available **Feature Packages** (not all features are shown in **Figure 21** below). Select **Integrated Services Digital Network** to edit the parameters shown below. Check the **Integrated Services Digital Network** option, and retain the default values for all remaining fields. Scroll down to the bottom of the screen, and click on the **Save** button (not shown).

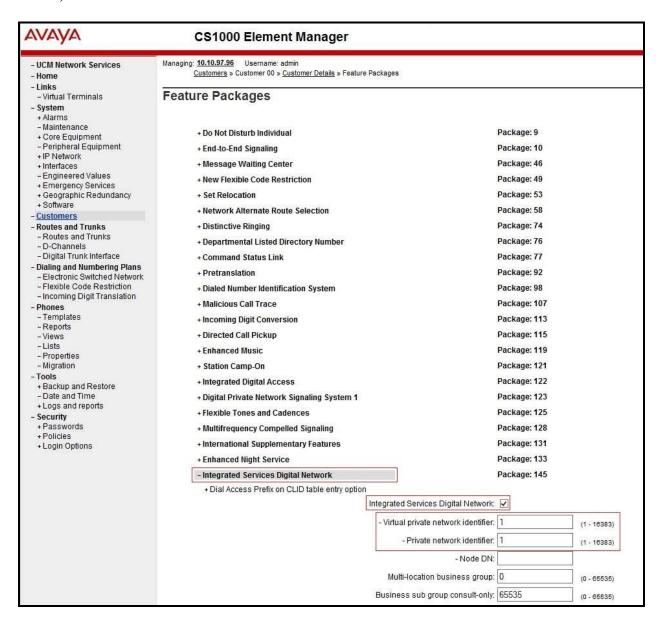


Figure 21 – Customer – ISDN Configuration 3

### 5.5.2. Administer SIP Trunk Gateway to Avaya Communication Server 1000

Select System → IP Network → Nodes: Servers, Media Cards from the left pane. In the IP Telephony Nodes screen displayed (not shown), select the Node ID of the CS1000 system. The Node Details screen is displayed as shown in Figure 8, Section 5.2.1.

On the **Node Details** screen, select **Gateway** (**SIPGw**). Under the **General** tab of the **Virtual Trunk Gateway Configuration Details** screen, enter the following values (highlighted in red boxes) for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields as shown in **Figure 22**. The **SIP domain name** and **Local SIP port** should be matched in the configuration of Session Manager (in **Section 6.2**, and **6.6**).

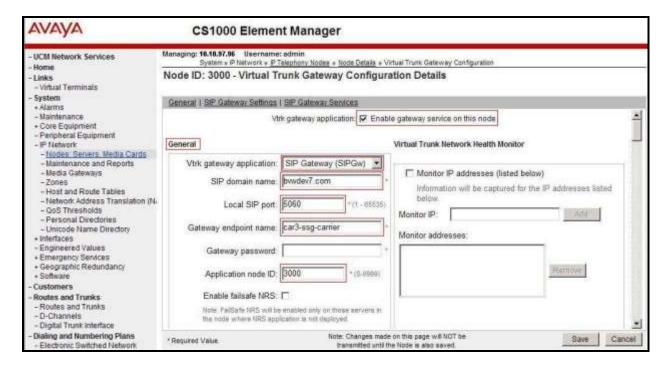


Figure 22 – Virtual Trunk Gateway Configuration Details

Click on the **SIP Gateway Settings** tab. Under **Proxy or Redirect Server**, enter the following values (highlighted in red boxes) for the specified fields and retain the default values for the remaining fields, as shown in **Figure 23**. Enter the IP address of Session Manager in the **Primary TLAN IP address** field. Enter **5060** for **Port** and select **UDP** for **Transport protocol**. This should be matched in the configuration of Session Manager (see in **Section 6.5.1**). Uncheck the **Support registration** checkbox.

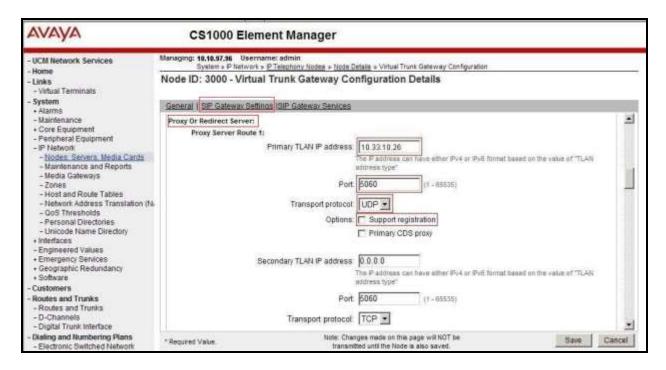


Figure 23 – Virtual Trunk Gateway Configuration Details

On the same page as shown in **Figure 23**, scroll down to the **SIP URI Map** section. Under **Public E.164 domain names**, enter the following:

- **National**: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- **Subscriber**: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- **Special Number**: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- Unknown: leave this SIP URI field blank.

#### Under **Private domain names**, enter the following:

- **UDP**: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- **CDP**: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- Special Number: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- Vacant number: leave this SIP URI field blank.
- Unknown: leave this SIP URI field blank.

The remaining fields can be left at their default values as shown in **Figure 24**. Click on the **Save** button.

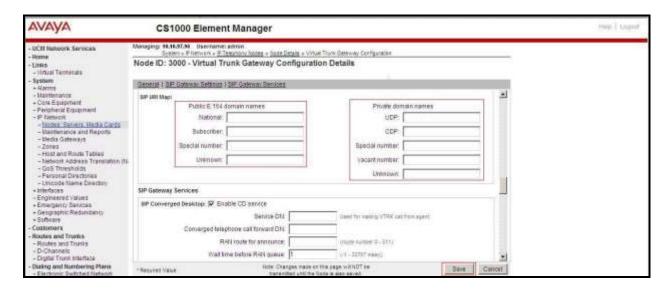


Figure 24 – Virtual Trunk Gateway Configuration Details

Synchronize the new configuration (please refer to Section 5.2.4).

#### 5.5.3. Administer Virtual D-Channel

Select **Routes and Trunks** → **D-Channels** (not shown) from the left pane to display the **D-Channels** screen. In the **Choose a D-Channel Number** field, select an available D-channel from the drop-down list and type **DCH** as shown in **Figure 25**. Click on the **to Add** button.

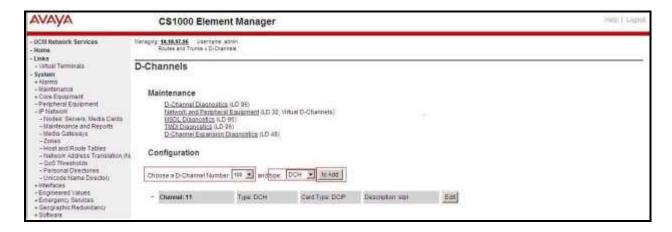


Figure 25 – D-Channels

The **D-Channels 100 Property Configuration** screen is displayed next, as shown in **Figure 26**. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.

- **D** channel Card Type: D-Channel is over IP (**DCIP**).
- **Designator**: A descriptive name.
- User: Integrated Services Signaling Link Dedicated (ISLD).
- Interface type for D-channel: Meridian Meridian1 (SL1).
- Meridian 1 node type: Slave to the controller (USR).
- Release ID of the switch at the far end: 25.

Click on Advanced options (ADVOPT). Check on the Network Attendant Service Allowed checkbox under H323 Overlap Signaling Settings (H323) as shown in Figure 26. Other fields are left as default.

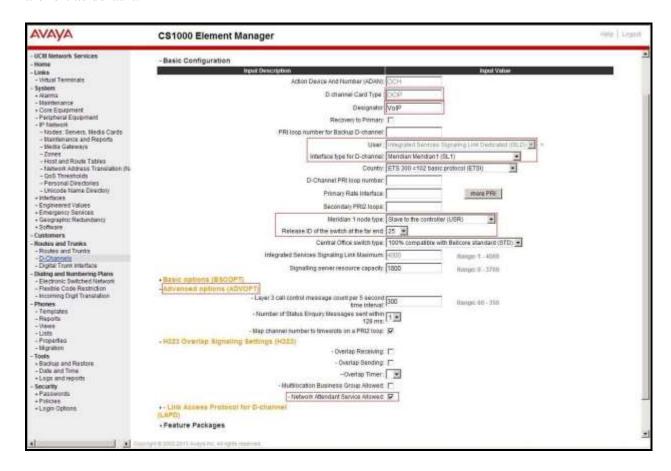


Figure 26 – D-Channel Configuration

Click on **Basic Options** (**BSCOPT**) and click on the **Edit** button on the **Remote Capabilities** field as shown in **Figures 27**.

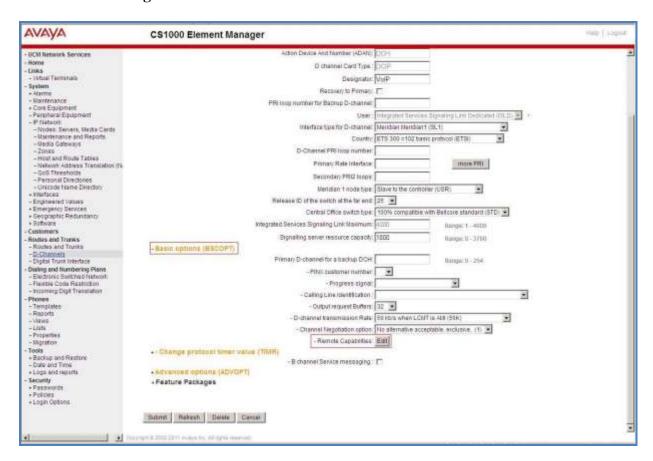


Figure 27 – D-Channel Configuration

The **Remote Capabilities Configuration** page appears as shown in **Figures 28**. Check the **ND2** and the **MWI** checkboxes.

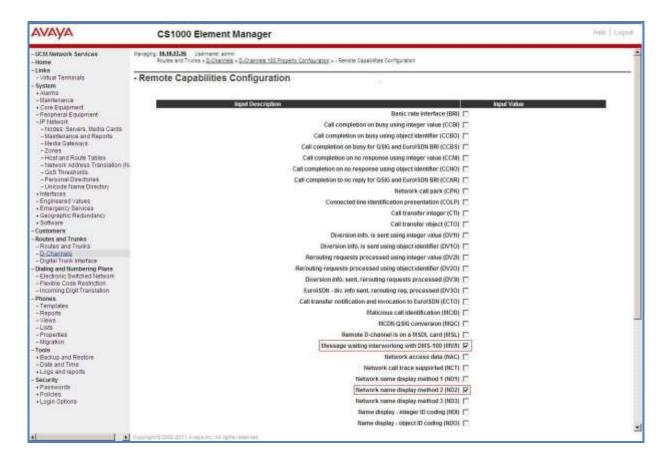


Figure 28 – Remote Capabilities Configuration

Click on the **Return – Remote Capabilities** button (not shown).

Click on the **Submit** button (not shown).

### 5.5.4. Administer Virtual Super-Loop

Select **System** → **Core Equipment** → **Superloops** from the left pane to display the **Superloops** screen. If the Superloop does not exist, please click the **Add** button to create a new one as shown in **Figure 29**. In this example, Superloops 4, 96, 100, and 124 have been added and are being used.

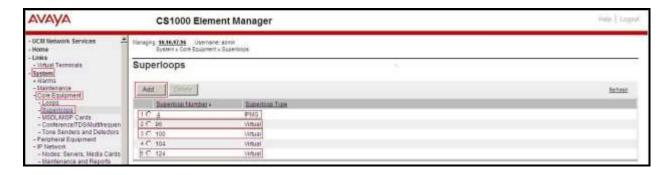


Figure 29 – Administer Virtual Super-Loop Page

#### 5.5.5. Administer Virtual SIP Routes

Select Routes and Trunks  $\rightarrow$  Routes and Trunks (not shown) from the left pane to display the Routes and Trunks screen. In this example, Customer 0 is being used. Click on the Add route button as shown in Figure 30.



Figure 30 – Add route

The Customer 0, New Route Configuration screen is displayed next (not shown). The Basic Configuration section is displayed. Enter the following values for the specific fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields. The screenshot of Basic Configuration section of existing route 100 is displayed to edit as shown in Figure 31.

- Route data block (RDB) (TYPE): RDB as default.
- Customer number (CUST): 0 as customer 0 is used.
- Route number (ROUT): Enter an available route number (example: route 100).
- **Designator field for trunk (DES)**: A descriptive text (100).
- Trunk type (TKTP): TIE trunk data block (TIE).
- Incoming and outgoing trunk (ICOG): Incoming and Outgoing (IAO).
- Access code for the trunk route (ACOD): An available access code (example: 8100).

- Check the **The route is for a virtual trunk route (VTRK)** field, to enable four additional fields to appear.
- For the **Zone for codec selection and bandwidth management (ZONE)** field, enter **255** (created in **Section 5.4.2**). **Note:** The Zone value is filled out as 255, but after it is added, the screen is displayed with prefix 00.
- For the **Node ID of signaling server of this route (NODE)** field, enter the node number **3000** (created in **Section 5.2.1**).
- Select SIP (SIP) from the drop-down list for the **Protocol ID for the route (PCID)** field.
- Check the **Integrated Services Digital Network option (ISDN)** checkbox to enable additional fields to appear. Scrolling down to the bottom of the screen, enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.
  - Mode of operation (MODE): Select Route uses ISDN Signalling Link (ISLD).
  - **D channel number (DCH)**: Enter **100** (created in **Section 5.5.3**).
  - Interface type for route (IFC): Select Meridian M1 (SL1).
  - Private network identifier (PNI): Enter 1. Note: The value is filled out as 1, but after it is added, the screen is displayed with prefix 0000.
  - **Network calling name allowed (NCNA)**: Check this option to allow calling name display.
  - **Network call redirection (NCRD)**: Check this option to allow call redirection.
  - **Insert ESN access code** (**INAC**): Check this option to insert ESN access code (Refer to **Section 5.6.1**).

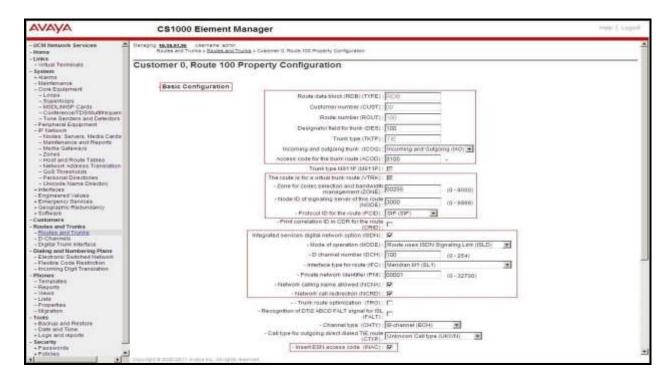


Figure 31 – Route Configuration 1

Click on Basic Route Options, check the North American toll scheme (NATL) and Incoming DID digit conversion on this route (IDC) checkboxes. Enter 1 for both Day IDC tree number and Night IDC tree number as shown in Figure 32.

Click on the **Submit** button.

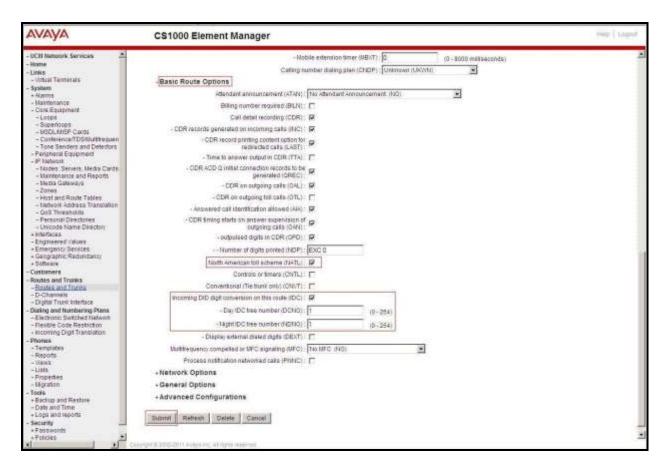


Figure 32 – Route Configuration 2

#### 5.5.6. Administer Virtual Trunks

Select **Routes and Trunks**  $\rightarrow$  **Route and Trunks** (not shown). The Route list is now updated with the newly added routes. In the example, the Route 100 was being added. Click on the **Add trunk** button as shown in **Figure 33**.



Figure 33 – Routes and Trunks

The Customer 0, Route 100, Trunk 1 Property Configuration screen is displayed. Enter the following values for the specified fields and retain the default values for the remaining fields. Media Security (sRTP) needs to be disabled at the trunk level by editing the Class of Service (CLS) at the bottom of the basic trunk configuration page. Click on the Edit button as shown in Figure 34.

**Note**: The Multiple trunk input number (MTINPUT) field (not shown) may be used to add multiple trunks in a single operation, or repeat the operation for each trunk. In the sample configuration, 32 trunks were created.

- Trunk data block: IP Trunk (IPTI).
- **Terminal Number**: Available terminal number (Superloop 100 created in **Section 5.5.4**).
- **Designator field for trunk**: A descriptive text.
- Extended Trunk: Virtual trunk (VTRK).
- **Member number**: Current route number and starting member.
- Card Density: 8D.
- Start arrangement Incoming: Select Immediate (IMM).
- Start arrangement Outgoing: Select Immediate (IMM).
- Trunk group access restriction: Desired trunk group access restriction level.
- **Channel ID for this trunk**: An available starting channel ID.

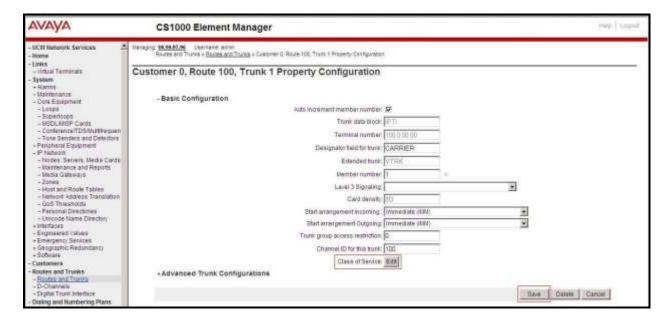


Figure 34 – New Trunk Configuration

For **Media Security**, select **Media Security Never** (**MSNV**). Enter the values for the specified fields as shown in **Figure 35**. Scroll down to the bottom of the screen and click **Return Class of Service** and click on the **Save** button (shown in **Figure 34**).

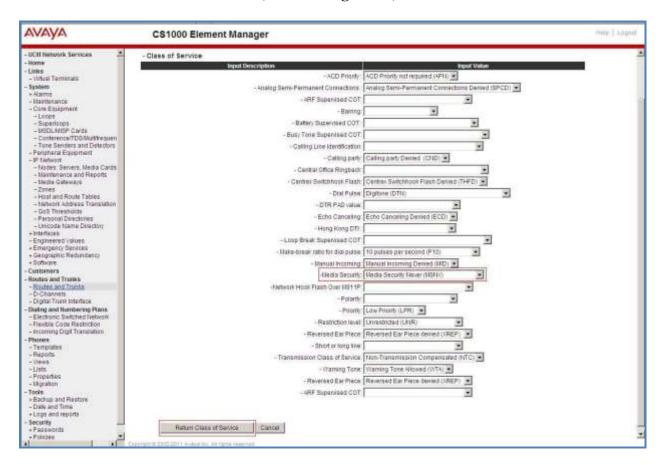


Figure 35 – Class of Service Configuration

## 5.5.7. Administer Calling Line Identification Entries

Select Customers on the left pane, then select  $00 \rightarrow ISDN$  and ESN Networking (Not shown). Click on Calling Line Identification Entries as shown in Figure 36.

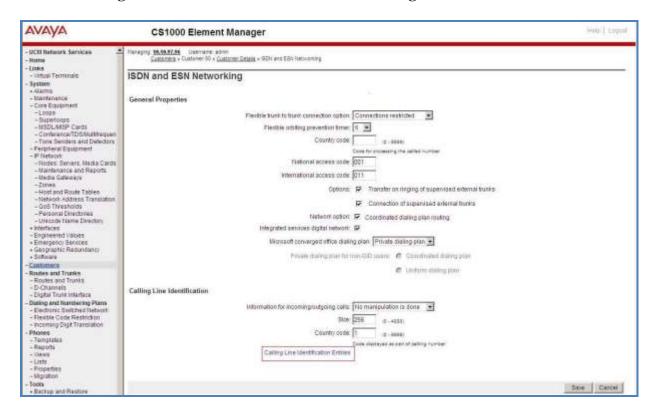
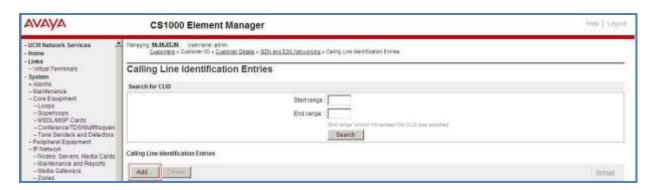


Figure 36 – ISDN and ESN Networking

Click on **Add** as shown in **Figure 37**.



**Figure 37 – Calling Line Identification Entries** 

The add entry **0** screen is displayed. Enter or select the following values for the specified fields and retain the default values for the remaining fields. The **Edit Calling Line Identification** screen of the existing entry 0 is displayed as shown in **Figure 38**.

- National Code: Leave it blank.
- **Local Code**: Input prefix digits assigned by TDC Business Trunk Service, in this case 7 digits **4610XXX**. This **Local Code** will be used for call display purpose for Call Type = Unknown.
- **Home Location Code**: Input the prefix digits assigned by TDC Business Trunk Service, in this case 7 digits **4610XXX**. This **Home Location Code** will be used for call display purpose for Call Type = National (NPA).
- Local Steering Code: Input prefix digits assigned by TDC Business Trunk Service, in this case 7 digits **4610XXX**. This Local Steering Code will be used for call display purpose for Call Type = Local Subscriber (NXX).
- Use DN as DID: YES.
- Calling Party Name Display: Uncheck Roman characters.

Click on the **Save** button as shown in **Figure 38**.

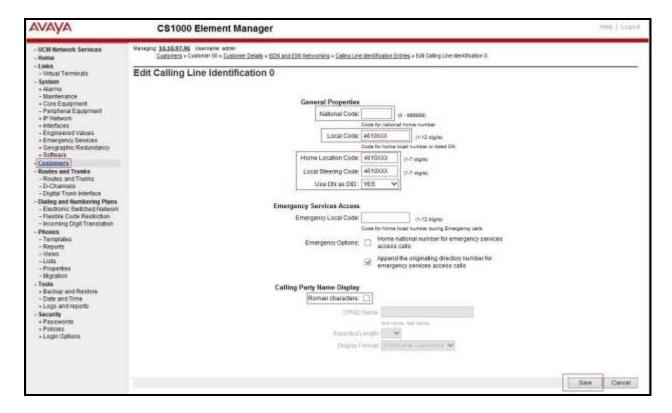


Figure 38 – Edit Calling Line Identification 0

## 5.5.8. Enable External Trunk to Trunk Transfer

This section shows how to enable the External Trunk to Trunk Transfer feature, which is a mandatory configuration to make call transfer and conference work properly over a SIP trunk.

Log in to Call Server Overlay CLI (please refer to **Section 5.1.2** for more details). Allow External Trunk to Trunk Transfer for Customer Data Block by using **ld 15**.

>ld 15
CDB000

MEM AVAIL: (U/P): 33600126 USED U P: 8345621 954062 TOT: 45579868

DISK SPACE NEEDED: 1722 KBYTES

REQ: chg

TYPE: net

TYPE NET\_DATA
CUST 0
OPT
...

TRNX YES ← Enable transfer feature

EXTT YES ← Enable external trunk to trunk Transfer
...

# 5.6. Administer Dialing Plans

#### 5.6.1. Define ESN Access Codes and Parameters (ESN)

Select Dialing and Numbering Plans  $\rightarrow$  Electronic Switched Network from the left pane to display the Electronic Switched Network (ESN) screen as shown in Figure 39.

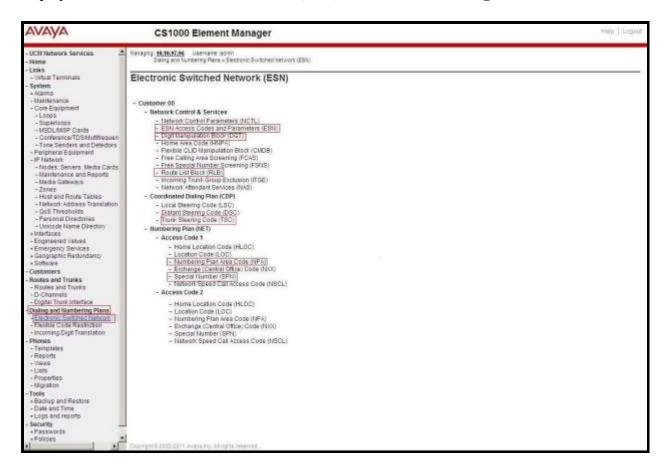


Figure 39 – ESN Configuration

On Electronic Switched Network (ESN) screen, select ESN Access Codes and Parameters to define NARS/BARS Access Code 1 as shown in Figure 40.

Click the **Submit** button (not shown).

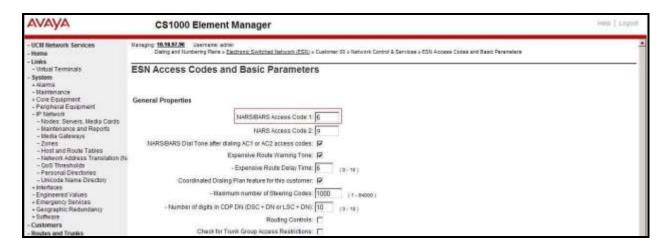


Figure 40 – ESN Access Codes and Parameters

#### 5.6.2. Associate NPA and SPN Call to ESN Access Code 1

Log in to Call Server CLI (please refer to **Section 5.1.2** for more details), change Customer Net Data block by using **ld 15**.

```
>ld 15
CDB000

MEM AVAIL: (U/P): 35600086 USED U P: 8325631 954152 TOT: 44879869

DISK SPACE NEEDED: 1722 KBYTES

REQ: chg

TYPE: net

TYPE NET_DATA

CUST 0

OPT

AC2 xNPA xSPN ← Set NPA, SPN not to associate to ESN Access Code 2

FNP
CLID

...
```

Verify Customer Net Data block by using ld 21.

```
>ld 21
PT1000

REQ: prt
TYPE: net
TYPE: net
TYPE NET_DATA
CUST 0

TYPE NET_DATA
CUST 00
OPT RTA
AC1 INTL NPA SPN NXX LOC ← NPA, SPN are associated to ESN Access Code 1
AC2
FNP YES
...
```

## 5.6.3. Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI)

The following steps show how to add DMI for the outbound call. There is an index, which was added to the Digit Manipulation Block Index (14).

Select **Dialing and Numbering Plans** → **Electronic Switched Network** from the left pane to display the **Electronic Switched Network** (**ESN**) screen as shown in **Figure 39**. Select **Digit Manipulation Block** (**DGT**). The **Digit Manipulation Block List** is displayed as shown in **Figure 41**. In the **Please choose the** field, select an available **Digit Manipulation Block Index** from the drop-down list, and click on the **to Add** button.



Figure 41 – Add a DMI

The DMI 14 screen will open. In this testing, no leading digits are to be deleted, therefore, enter 0 for Number of leading digits to be deleted and select NPA (NPA) for Call Type to be used by the manipulated digits and then click on the Submit button as shown in Figure 42.

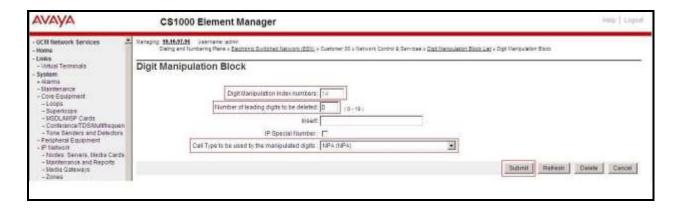


Figure 42 – DMI 14 Configuration

#### 5.6.4. Route List Block Index (RLI 14)

This session shows how to add a RLB associated with the DMI created in **Section 5.6.3**. Select **Dialing and Numbering Plans** → **Electronic Switched Network** from the left pane to display the **Electronic Switched Network** (**ESN**) screen as shown in **Figure 39**. Select **Route List Block**.

Enter an available value in the textbox for the **Please enter a route list index** (in this case **14**) and click on the **to Add** button as shown in **Figure 43**. The screen shown in **Figure 44** will open.



Figure 43 – Add a Route List Block

Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields as shown in **Figure 44**. Scroll down to the bottom of the screen, and click on the **Submit** button (not shown).

- **Digit Manipulation Index**: **14** (created in **Section 5.6.3**).
- **Incoming CLID Table**: **0** (created in **Section 5.5.7**).
- Route number: 100 (created in Section 5.5.5).

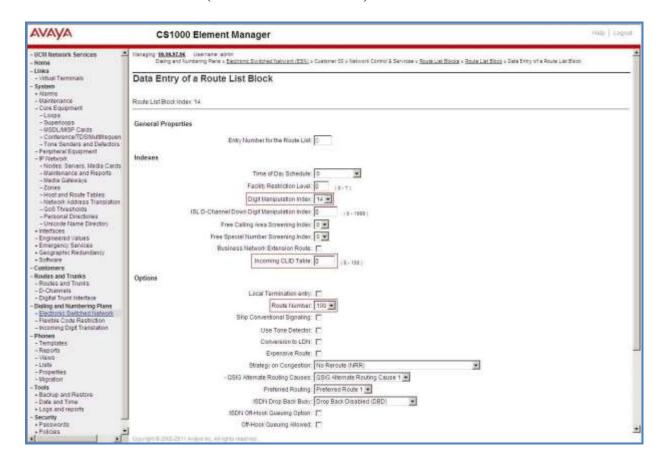
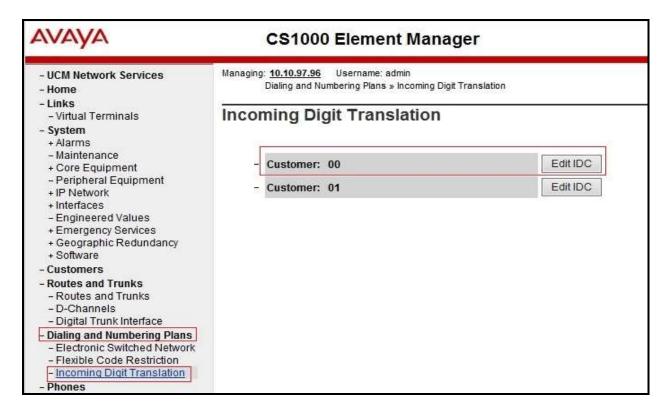


Figure 44 – RLI 14 Route List Block Configuration

#### 5.6.5. Inbound Call – Incoming Digit Translation Configuration

This section describes the configuration steps required in order to receive calls from the PSTN via the TDC Business Trunk Service.

Select **Dialing and Numbering Plans** → **Incoming Digit Translation** from the left pane to display the **Incoming Digit Translation** screen. Click on the **Edit IDC** button as shown in **Figure 45**.



**Figure 45 – Incoming Digit Translation** 

Click on the **New DCNO** to create the digit translation mapping. In this example, **Digit Conversion Tree Number 1** has been previously created and its **Edit DCNO** button is shown in **Figure 46**.



Figure 46 – Incoming Digit Conversion Property

Detailed configuration of the Digit Conversion Tree Configuration is shown in **Figure 47**. The **Incoming Digits** can be added to map to the Converted Digits which would be the associated CS1000 system phone DN. This **DCNO** has been configured on route 100 as shown in **Figure 32**.

In the following configuration, the incoming call from the PSTN to DID with prefix **4610XXX** will be translated to the associated DN with 4 digits. For testing purposes, DID number **4610XXX5875** is translated to **1700** for voicemail testing.

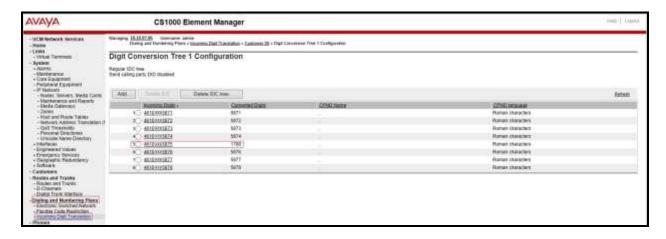


Figure 47 – Digit Conversion Tree

#### 5.6.6. Outbound Call - Special Number Configuration

There are special numbers which have been configured to be used for this testing such as: 085, 1800, and so on. These special numbers were associated to **Route list index 14** created in **Section 5.6.4**.

Select **Dialing and Numbering Plans** → **Electronic Switched Network** from the left pane to display the **Electronic Switched Network** (**ESN**) screen as show in **Figure 39**. Select **Special Number (SPN)**. Enter a SPN number and then click on the **to Add** button. **Figure 48** shows all the special numbers used for this testing.

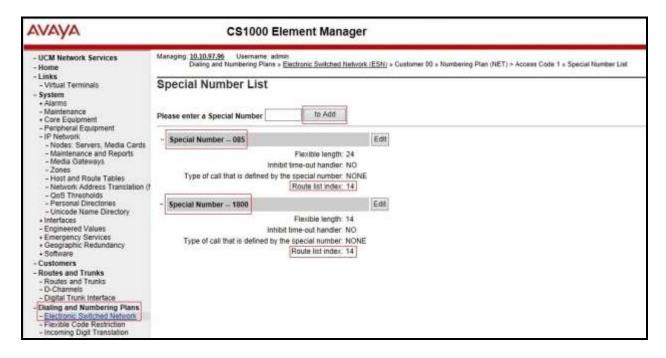


Figure 48 – SPN numbers

## 5.6.7. Outbound Call - Numbering Plan Area (NPA)

This section describes the creation of NPA used in this test configuration.

Select **Dialing and Numbering Plans** → **Electronic Switched Network** from the left pane to display the **Electronic Switched Network** (**ESN**) screen (not shown). Select **Numbering Plan Area Code** (**NPA**) as shown in **Figure 39**. Enter the area code desired in the textbox and click on the **to Add** button. The 1303, 1416, and 1613 area codes were used in this configuration as shown in **Figure 49**. These area codes were associated to **Route List Index 14** created in **Section 5.6.4**.

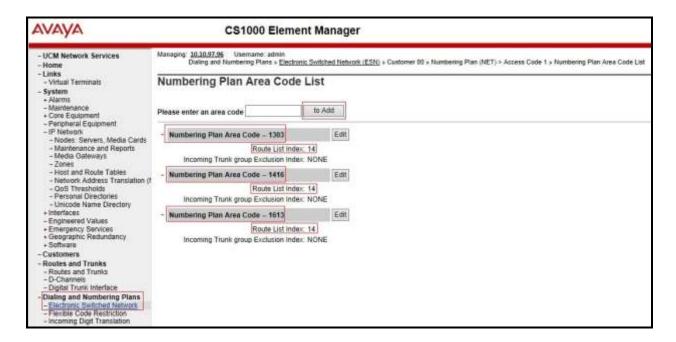


Figure 49 – Numbering Plan Area List

#### 5.7. Administer a Phone

This section describes the creation of CS1000 clients used in this configuration.

#### 5.7.1. Phone creation

Refer to **Section 5.5.4** to create a Virtual Superloop **96** used for IP phones. Refer to **Section 5.4.1** to create a bandwidth zone **10** for IP phones. Log in to the Call Server Command Line Interface (please refer to **Section 5.1.2** for more detail). Create an IP phone by using **ld 11** as shown below:

>ld 11
REQ: new
TYPE: 2002p2
TN 96 0 0 2
DATE
PAGE

```
DES
MODEL_NAME
EMULATED
DES 2002P2 ← Describe information for IP Phone
TN 96 0 00 02 VIRTUAL ← Set Terminal Number for IP Phone
TYPE 2002P2
CDEN 8D
CTYP XDLC
CUST 0
NUID
NHTN
CFG_ZONE 00010 ← Set bandwidth zone for IP phone
CUR_ZONE 00010
MRT
ERL 12345
ECL 0
FDN
TGAR 0
LDN NO
NCOS 7
SGRP 0
RNPG<sub>0</sub>
SCI 0
SSU
LNRS 16
XLST
SCPW
SFLT NO
CAC_MFC 0
CLS UNR FBA WTA LPR MTD FNA HTA TDD CRPD
  MWA LMPN RMMD SMWD AAD IMD XHD IRD NID OLD VCE DRG1
  POD SLKD CCSD SWD LNA CNDA
  CFTD SFA MRD DDV CNIA CDCA MSID DAPA BFED RCBD
  ICDD CDMD LLCN MCTD CLBD AUTU
  GPUD DPUD DNDD CFXA ARHD CLTD ASCD
  CPFA CPTA ABDD CFHD FICD NAID BUZZ AGRD MOAD
  UDI RCC HBTD AHD IPND DDGA NAMA MIND PRSD NRWD NRCD NROD
  DRDD EXR0 USMD USRD ULAD CCBD RTDD RBDD RBHD PGND OCBD FLXD FTTC DNDY DNO3
  MCBN FDSD NOVD VOLA VOUD CDMR PRED RECD MCDD T87D SBMD
  MSNV FRA PKCH MWTD DVLD CROD ELCD
CPND_LANG ENG
HUNT
PLEV 02
PUID
UPWD
DANI NO
AST
IAPG 0
AACS NO
ITNA NO
DGRP
MLWU_LANG 0
MLNG ENG
DNDR 0
```

```
KEY 00 SCR 5871 0 MARP ← Set the position of DN 5871 to display on key 0 of the phone

CPND

CPND_LANG ROMAN

NAME TDC_01 ← Set name to display

XPLN 13

DISPLAY_FMT FIRST,LAST

01

<Text removed for brevity>
```

#### 5.7.2. Enable Privacy for the Phone

This section shows how to enable Privacy for a phone by changing its class of service (CLS). This feature cannot be enabled or disabled from the phone. By modifying the configuration of the phone created in **Section 5.7.1**, the display of the outbound call will be changed appropriately.

To hide the display number, set **CLS** (Class of Service) to **DDGD**. CS1000 will include "Privacy:id" in the SIP message header before sending it to TDC Business Trunk Service.

```
>ld 11
REQ: chg
TYPE: 2002p2
TN 96 0 0 2
ECHG yes
ITEM CLS DDGD
```

To allow the display number, set **CLS** to **DDGA**. CS1000 will not send the Privacy header to TDC Business Trunk Service.

```
>ld 11
REQ: chg
TYPE: 2002p2
TN 96 0 0 2
ECHG yes
ITEM CLS DDGA
...
```

#### 5.7.3. Enable Call Forward for Phone

This section shows how to configure the Call Forward feature at the system and phone level.

Select Customer  $\rightarrow 00 \rightarrow$  Call Redirection. The Call Redirection page is shown in Figure 50.

- **Total redirection count limit**: **0** (unlimited).
- Call forward: Originating.
- Number of normal ringing cycles for CFNA: 3.
- Click Save to save the configuration.

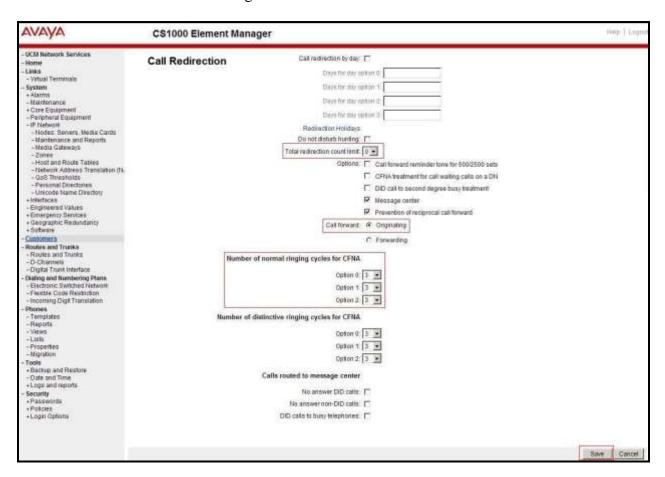


Figure 50 - Call Redirection

To enable Call Forward All Call (CFAC) feature for a phone over SIP trunk, use **ld 11**. Change its **CLS** to **CFXA**, and **SFA**, then program the forward number on the phone set. The following is the configuration of a phone that has CFAC enabled with forwarding number **61303XXX9045**.

>ld 11
REQ: chg
TYPE: 2002P2
TN 96 0 0 2

ECHG yes
ITEM CLS CFXA SFA
ITEM key 19 CFW 16 61303XXX9045

To enable Call Forward Busy (CFB) feature for phone over SIP trunk, use **ld 11**. Change its **CLS** to **FBA**, **HTA**, and **SFA**, then program the forward number as **HUNT** and **FDN**. The following is the configuration of a phone with CFB enabled to forwarding number **61303XXX9045**.

>ld 11
REQ: chg
TYPE: 2002P2
TN 96 0 0 2
ECHG yes
ITEM CLS FBA HTA SFA
ITEM HUNT 61303XXX9045
ITEM FDN 61303XXX9045

To enable Call Forward No Answer (CFNA) feature for a phone over SIP trunk, use **ld 11**. Change its **CLS** to **FNA**, and **SFA**, then program the forward number as **HUNT** and **FDN**. The following is the configuration of a phone that has CFNA enabled with forwarding number **61303XXX9045**.

>ld 11
REQ: chg
TYPE: 2002P2
TN 96 0 0 2
ECHG yes
ITEM CLS FNA SFA
ITEM HUNT 61303XXX9045
ITEM FDN 61303XXX9045

# 6. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include configuring the following items:

- SIP Domain.
- Logical/physical Location that can be occupied by SIP Entities.
- Adaptation module to perform dial plan manipulation.
- SIP Entities corresponding to CS1000, Avaya SBCE and Session Manager.
- Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities.
- Routing Policies, which define route destinations and control call routing between the SIP Entities.
- Dial Patterns, which specify dialed digits and govern which Routing Policy is used to service a call.

It may not be necessary to create all the items above when configuring a connection to the service provider since some of these items would have already been defined as part of the initial Session Manager installation. This includes items such as certain SIP Domains, Locations, SIP Entities, and Session Manager itself. However, each item should be reviewed to verify the configuration.

# 6.1. Avaya Aura® System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL "https://<ip-address>/SMGR", where "<ip-address>" is the IP address of System Manager. At the **System Manager Log On** screen, enter an appropriate **User ID** and **Password** and press the **Log On** button (not shown). The initial screen shown below is then displayed.

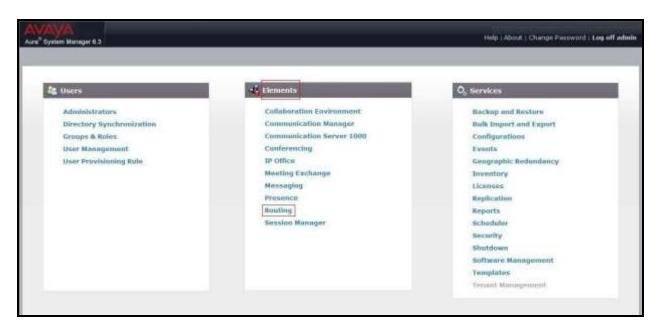


Figure 51 – System Manager Home Screen

Most of the configuration items are performed in the Routing Element. Click on **Routing** in the **Elements** column to bring up the **Introduction to Network Routing Policy** screen.

The navigation tree displayed in the left pane will be referenced in subsequent sections to navigate to items requiring configuration.

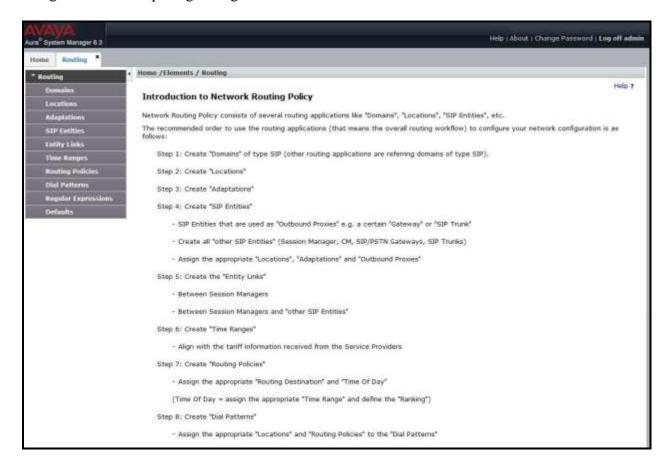


Figure 52 – Network Routing Policy

# 6.2. Specify SIP Domain

Create a SIP Domain for each domain of which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. For the compliance test, this includes the enterprise domain **bwwdev7.com**. Navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Domains** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane. In the new right pane that appears (not shown), fill in the following:

• Name: Enter the domain name (refer to Section 5.5.2).

• **Type**: Select **sip** from the pull-down menu.

• **Notes**: Add a brief description (optional).

Click Commit (not shown) to save.

The screen below shows the configured entry for the enterprise domain.



Figure 53 – Domain Management

#### 6.3. Add Location

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management and call admission control. A single Location was defined for the enterprise even though multiple subnets were used. The screens below show the addition of the Location named **Belleville**, which includes all equipment in the enterprise including CS1000, Session Manager and Avaya SBCE.

To add a Location, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Locations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• Name: Enter a descriptive name for the Location.

• Notes: Add a brief description (optional).

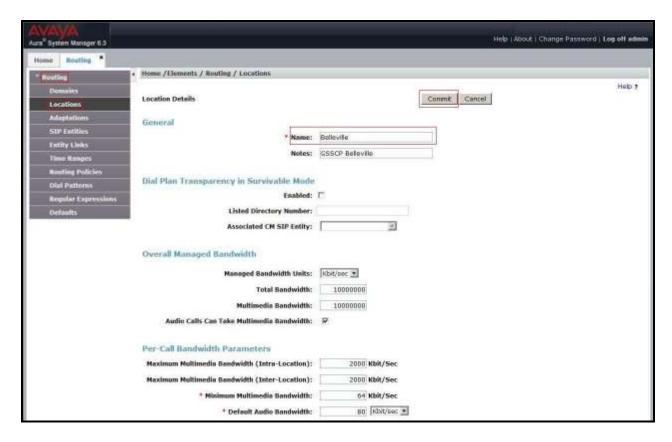


Figure 54 – Location Configuration

In the **Location Pattern** section, click **Add** to enter IP Address patterns. The following patterns were used in testing:

• **IP Address Pattern:** 10.33.\*, 10.10.97.\*, 10.10.98.\*

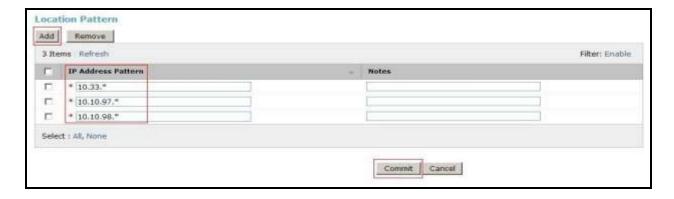


Figure 55 – IP Ranges Configuration

Click **Commit** to save.

Note that call bandwidth management parameters should be set per customer requirement.

# 6.4. Configure Adaptations

An Adaptation is configured to format the History Info on CS1000 to be compatible with other Avaya products. To add a new adaptation, select **Routing** → **Adaptations**. Click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Enter an appropriate **Adaptation Name** to identify the adaptation. Select **CS1000Adapter** from the **Module Name** drop-down menu. Select **Name-Value Parameter** from the **Module Parameter Type** drop-down menu. Click **Add** button to add **Name** as **fromto** and **Value** as **true**. Click the **Commit** button after changes are completed.

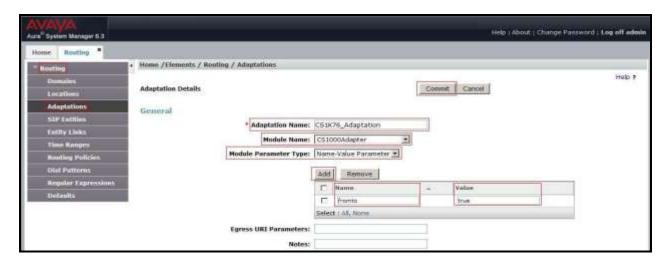


Figure 56 - CS1000 Adaptation

An Adaptation is configured to convert the History Info to Diversion Header and to remove MIME. To add a new adaptation, select **Routing** → **Adaptations**. Click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Enter an appropriate **Adaptation Name** to identify the adaptation. Select **DiversionTypeAdapter** from the **Module Name** drop-down menu. Select **Name-Value Parameter** from the **Module Parameter Type** drop-down menu. Click **Add** button to add **Name** as **MIME** and **Value** as **no**. Click the **Commit** button after changes are completed.

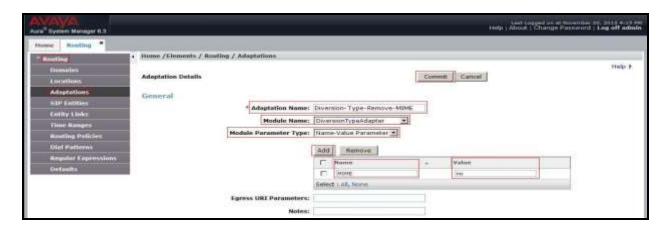


Figure 57 – Diversion Header Adaptation

#### 6.5. Add SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system connected to Session Manager which includes CS1000 and Avaya SBCE. Navigate to **Routing** → **SIP Entities** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• Name: Enter a descriptive name.

• **FQDN or IP Address:** Enter the FQDN or IP address of the SIP Entity that is used for SIP

signaling.

• Type: Select Session Manager for Session Manager, Other for

CS1000 and Avaya SBCE.

• Adaptation: This field is only present if **Type** is not set to **Session Manager**. If

applicable, select the appropriate Adaptation module that will be

applied to the SIP Entity being created.

• **Location:** Select the Location that applies to the SIP Entity being created. For

the compliance test, all components were located in Location

Belleville.

• **Time Zone:** Select the time zone for the Location above.

In this configuration, there are three SIP Entities.

- Session Manager SIP Entity
- Communication Manager 1000 SIP Entity
- Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

## 6.5.1. Configure Session Manager SIP Entity

The following screen shows the addition of the Session Manager SIP Entity named **SM63**. The IP address of Session Manager's signaling interface **10.33.10.26** is entered for **FQDN** or **IP Address**. The user will need to select the specific values for the **Location** and **Time Zone**.

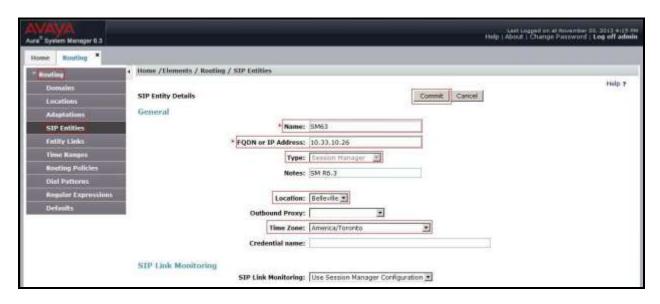


Figure 58 – Session Manager SIP Entity

To define the ports used by Session Manager, scroll down to the **Port** section of the **SIP Entity Details** screen. This section is only present for the **Session Manager** SIP Entity.

In the **Port** section, click **Add** and enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

• **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager listens for SIP requests.

• **Protocol:** Transport protocol to be used with this port.

• **Default Domain:** The default domain associated with this port. For the compliance

test, this was the enterprise SIP Domain.

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. Click the **Commit** button (not shown) to save.

The compliance test used port **5060** with **UDP** for connecting to CS1000 and Avaya SBCE.



Figure 59 – Session Manager SIP Entity Port

#### 6.5.2. Configure Communication Server 1000 SIP Entity

The following screen shows the addition of the CS1000 SIP Entity named car3-ssg-carrier. In order for Session Manager to send SIP service provider traffic on a separate Entity Link to CS1000, it is necessary to create a separate SIP Entity for CS1000, in addition to the one created at Session Manager installation, for use with all other SIP traffic within the enterprise. The FQDN or IP Address field is set to the IP address of CS1000 signaling Node 10.10.97.178. Select Type as Other. Select Adaptation as CS1K76\_Adaptation (created in Section 6.4). The user will need to select the specific values for the Location and Time Zone.

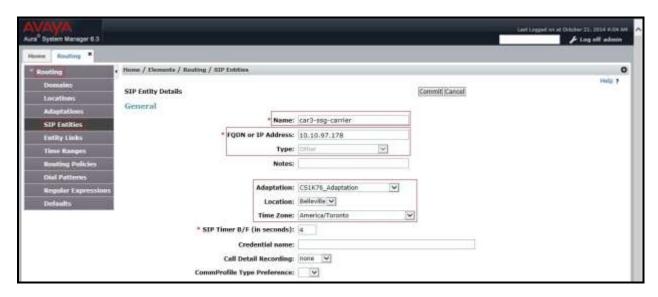


Figure 60 – Communication Server 1000 SIP Entity

# 6.5.3. Configure Avaya SBCE SIP Entity

The following screen shows the SIP Entity for the Avaya SBCE named **SBCE**. The **FQDN** or **IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Avaya SBCE's private network interfaces. Select **Type** as **Other**. Select **Adaptation** as **Diversion-Type-Remove-MIME** (created in **Section 6.4**). The user will need to select the specific values for the **Location** and **Time Zone**.

The following screenshot shows the SIP Entity for Avaya SBCE.

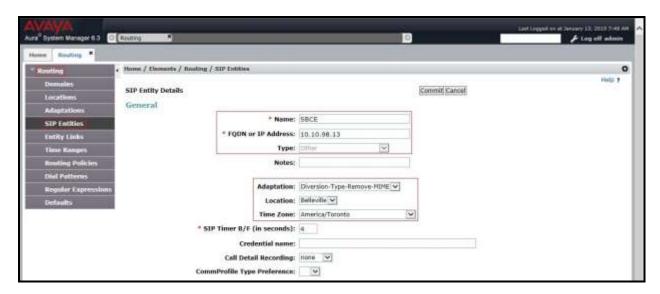


Figure 61 – Avaya SBCE SIP Entity

## 6.6. Add Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described by an Entity Link. Two Entity Links were created: one to CS1000 and one to Avaya SBCE.

To add an Entity Link, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Entity Links** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

• Name: Enter a descriptive name.

• **SIP Entity 1:** Select the Session Manager being used.

• **Protocol:** Select the transport protocol used for this link.

• **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager will receive SIP requests from

the far-end.

• **SIP Entity 2:** Select the name of the other system as defined in **Section 6.5**.

• **Port:** Port number on which the other system receives SIP requests from the

Session Manager.

• Connection Policy: Select trusted. Note: If this box is not selected as trusted, calls from the associated SIP Entity specified in **Section 6.5** will be denied.

#### Click Commit to save.

The following screen illustrates the Entity Link to the CS1000. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used for the CS1000 signaling in **Section 5.5.2**.



Figure 62 – Communication Server 1000 Entity Link

The following screen illustrates the Entity Link to Avaya SBCE. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used for Avaya SBCE mentioned in **Section 7.2.4**, later in this document.

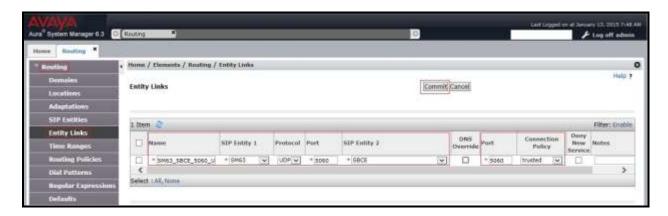


Figure 63 – Avaya SBCE Entity Link

# 6.7. Configure Time Ranges

Time Ranges are configured for time-based routing. In order to add Time Ranges, select **Routing** → **Time Ranges** in the left-hand navigation pane and then click **New** button in the right pane. The Routing Policies shown subsequently will use the **24/7** range since time-based routing was not the focus of these Application Notes.

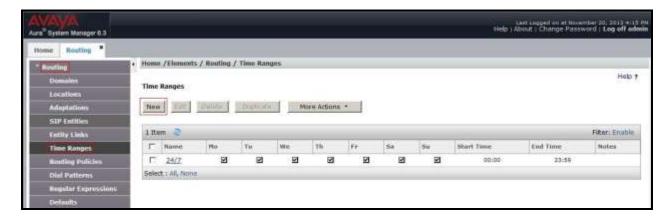


Figure 64 – Time Ranges

# 6.8. Add Routing Policies

Routing Policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in **Section 6.5**. Two Routing Policies must be added: one for the CS1000 and one for Avaya SBCE. To add a Routing Policy, navigate to **Routing > Routing Policies** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown on the next page), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• Name: Enter a descriptive name.

• **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, click **Select**. The **SIP Entity List** page opens (not shown). Select the appropriate SIP Entity to which this Routing Policy applies and click **Select**. The selected SIP Entity displays on the **Routing Policy Details** page as shown below. Use default values for remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen shows the **Routing Policy Details** for the policy named **TDC\_Inbound\_To\_CS1K76** associated with incoming PSTN calls from the TDC Business Trunk Service to the CS1000. Observe the **SIP Entity as Destination** is the entity named **car3-ssg-carrier**.



Figure 65 – Routing to Communication Server 1000

The following screen shows the **Routing Policy Details** for the policy named **TDC\_Outbound\_To\_SP4**. This is associated with outgoing calls from the CS1000 to the PSTN via the TDC Business Trunk Service, through Avaya SBCE. Observe the **SIP Entity as Destination** is the entity named **SBCE**.

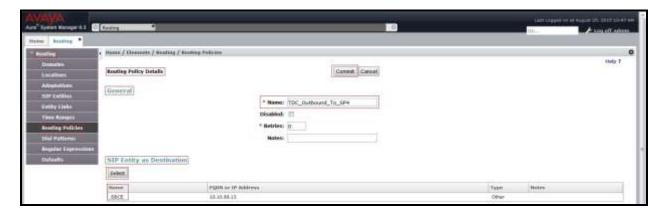


Figure 66 – Routing to Avaya SBCE

#### 6.9. Add Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns are used to route calls through Session Manager. For the compliance test, Dial Patterns were configured to route calls from the CS1000 to the TDC Business Trunk Service and vice versa. Dial Patterns define which Route Policy will be selected as route destination for a particular call based on the dialed digits, destination Domain and originating Location.

To add a Dial Pattern, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Dial Patterns** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• **Pattern:** Enter a dial string that will be matched against the Request-URI of the

call.

Min: Enter a minimum length used in the match criteria.
 Max: Enter a maximum length used in the match criteria.
 SIP Domain: Enter the destination domain used in the match criteria.

• **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**. From the **Originating Locations and Routing Policy List** that appears (not shown), select the appropriate originating Location for use in the match criteria. Lastly, select the Routing Policy from the list that will be used to route all calls that match the specified criteria. Click **Select**.

Default values can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

Two examples of the Dial Patterns used for the compliance test are shown below, one for outbound calls from the enterprise to the PSTN and one for inbound calls from the PSTN to the enterprise. Other Dial Patterns (e.g., 1800, 08, etc.) were similarly defined.

The following screen shows that outbound dialed numbers with a maximum of 11 digits that begin with **1303** and have a destination SIP Domain of **bvwdev7.com** use the Routing Policy Names **TDC\_Outbound\_To\_SP4** as defined in **Section 6.8**.

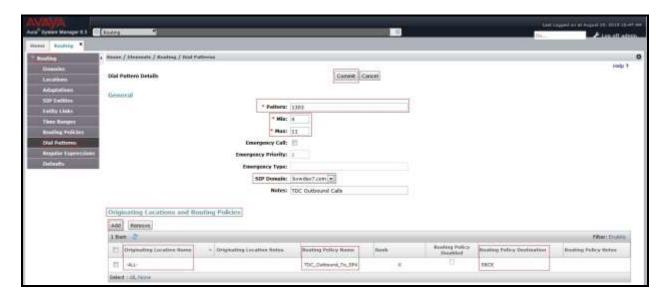


Figure 67 – Dial Pattern 1303

Note that with the above Dial Pattern, the TDC Business Trunk did not restrict outbound calls to this specific US area code. In real deployments, appropriate restriction can be exercised per customer business policies.

The following screen shows that inbound 11-digit numbers that start with **4610** use Routing Policy Name **TDC\_Inbound\_To\_CS1K76** as defined in **Section 6.8**. This Dial Pattern matches the DID numbers assigned to the enterprise by TDC Business Trunk Service.

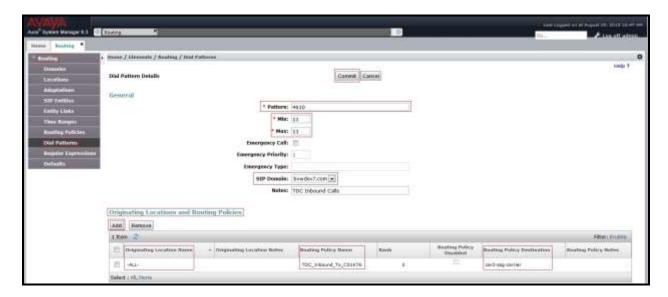


Figure 68 – Dial Pattern 4610

The following screen illustrates a list of dial patterns used for inbound and outbound calls between the enterprise and the PSTN.

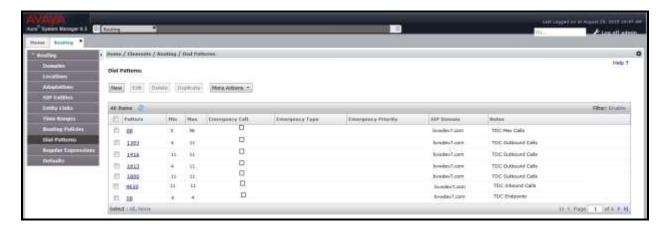


Figure 69 – Dial Pattern List

# 7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

This section describes the configuration of the Avaya SBCE necessary for interoperability with the Session Manager and the TDC Business Trunk system.

In this test configuration as shown in **Figure 1**, the Avaya elements reside on the Private side and the TDC Business Trunk system resides on the Public side of the network.

**Note**: The following section assumes that Avaya SBCE has been installed and that network connectivity exists between the systems. For more information on Avaya SBCE, refer to the documentation listed in **Section 11** of these Application Notes.

## 7.1. Log in Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Access the web interface by typing "https://x.x.x.x/sbc/" (where x.x.x.x is the management IP of the Avaya SBCE).

Enter the **Username** and **Password**.

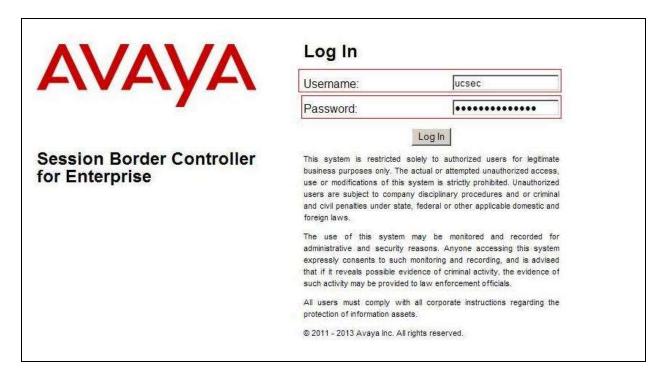


Figure 70 - Avaya SBCE Login

The **Dashboard** main page will appear as shown below.

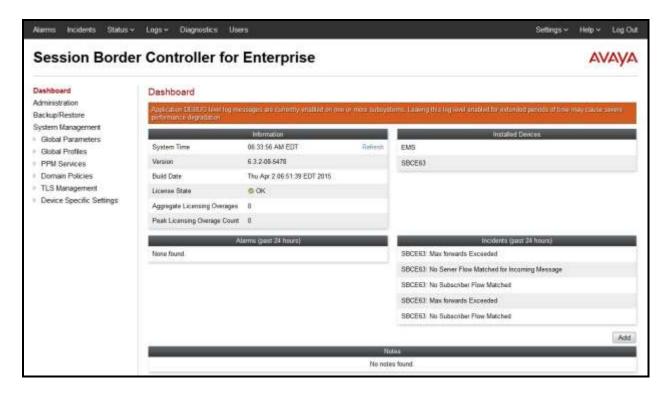


Figure 71 - Avaya SBCE Dashboard

To view system information that has been configured during installation, navigate to **System Management**. A list of installed devices is shown in the right pane. In the compliance test, a single Device Name **SBCE63** was already added. To view the configuration of this device, click **View** as shown in the screenshot below.



Figure 72 - Avaya SBCE System Management

The **System Information** screen shows **General Configuration**, **Device Configuration**, **Network Configuration**, **DNS Configuration** and **Management IP(s)** information provided during installation and corresponded to **Figure 1**. The **Box Type** was set to **SIP** and the **Deployment Mode** was set to **Proxy**.

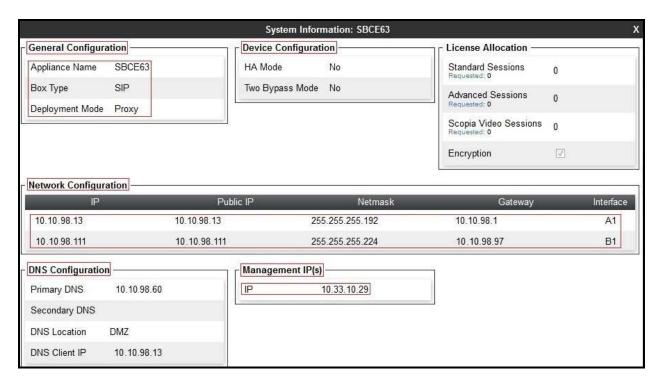


Figure 73 - Avaya SBCE System Information

#### 7.2. Global Profiles

When selected, Global Profiles allows for configuration of parameters across all Avaya SBCE appliances.

### 7.2.1. Configure Server Interworking Profile - Avaya Session Manager

Server Interworking profile allows administrator to configure and manage various SIP call server-specific capabilities such as call hold, 180 handling, etc.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles -> Server Interworking

- Select avaya-ru in Interworking Profiles.
- Click Clone.
- Enter Clone Name: SM63 and click Finish (not shown).

From the list of **Interworking Profiles**, click on **SM63** to edit.

• On the **General** tab, Check **180 Handling** as **No SDP** and set **T.38 Support** to **Yes** (TDC Business Trunk supports T.38 Fax). Click **Next** button (not shown) to leave other options at default. Click **Finish** (not shown).

The following screen shows that Session Manager server interworking profile (named: **SM63**) was added.

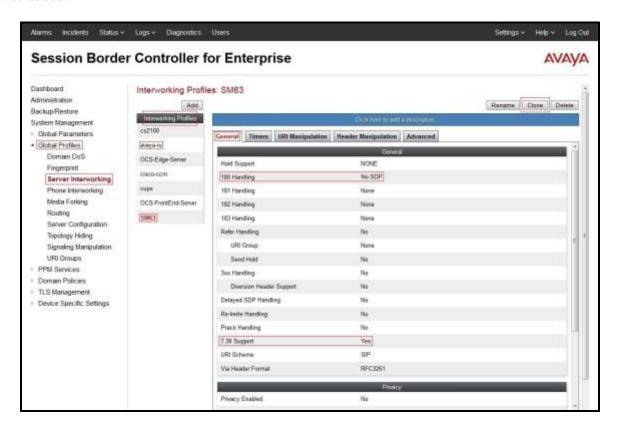


Figure 74 - Server Interworking – Avaya site

## 7.2.2. Configure Server Interworking Profile – TDC Business Trunk

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Server Interworking  $\rightarrow$  Add

- Enter **Profile Name**: **SP4** (not shown).
- Click **Next** button to leave all options at default. Click **Finish** (not shown).

From the list of **Interworking Profiles**, click on **SP4** to edit.

- On the **General** tab, click on **Edit** button (not shown) and set **T.38 Support** to **Yes** (TDC Business Trunk supports T.38 Fax). Click **Next** button (not shown) to leave other options at default.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

The following screen shows that TDC Business Trunk server interworking profile (named: **SP4**) was added.

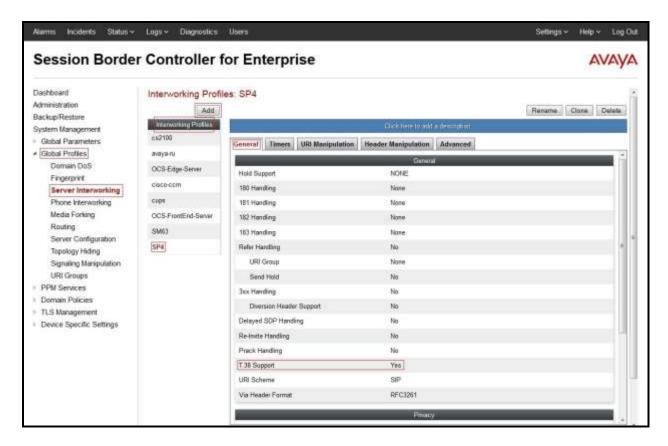


Figure 75 - Server Interworking – TDC Business Trunk site

• On the **URI Manipulation** tab, click **Add** button to create the URI manipulation to add the prefix "+" sign in front of user number for any outbound calls. When a URI [user@domain] matches the following: **Domain Regex** as **bvwdev7.com**, do this with the user section: **User Action** → **Add prefix[Value]**, enter **User Values 1**: + (Not shown).

**Note**: TDC Business Trunk requires numbers to be given in E.164 with leading plus for all fields. This applies for Request-URI, To- and From- headers as well as the Diversion header.



Figure 76 - Server Interworking – TDC Business Trunk site - URI Manipulation

## 7.2.3. Configure Signaling Manipulation

The SIP signaling header manipulation feature adds the ability to add, change and delete any of the headers and other information in a SIP message.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Signaling Manipulation  $\rightarrow$  Add.

- Enter script **Title**: **SP4**. In the script editing window, enter the text exactly as shown in the screenshot below to perform the following:
  - Replace MEX enabled mobile number on From and Contact headers by MEX fixed number for incoming calls.
  - Remove "+" on SIP headers for incoming calls.
  - Remove unwanted SIP headers for outgoing calls.
  - Click **Save** (not shown).

**Note**: See **Appendix A** in **Section 12** for the reference of this sigma script.

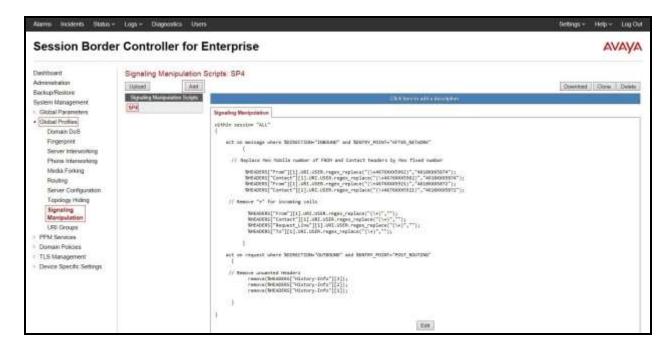


Figure 77 - Signaling Manipulation

### 7.2.4. Configure Server – Avaya Session Manager

The **Server Configuration** screen contains four tabs: **General**, **Authentication**, **Heartbeat**, and **Advanced**. Together, these tabs allow one to configure and manage various SIP call server-specific parameters such as UDP port assignment, IP Server type, heartbeat signaling parameters and some advanced options.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Server Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Add.

Enter Profile Name: SM63.

On **General** tab, enter the following:

- Server Type: Select Call Server.
- IP Address/FQDNs: 10.33.10.26 (Session Manager signaling interface IP Address).
- Port: 5060.
- Transport: UDP.
- Click Finish (not shown).



Figure 78 - Server Configuration - General - Avaya Session Manager

#### On the **Advanced** tab:

- Select **SM63** for **Interworking Profile** (see **Section 7.2.1**).
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 79 - Server Configuration - Advanced - Avaya site

## 7.2.5. Configure Server - TDC Business Trunk

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Server Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Add. Enter Profile Name: SP4.

On **General** tab, enter the following:

- Server Type: Select Trunk Server.
- IP Address/FQDN: 192.168.198.130 (TDC Business Trunk Signaling Server IP Address).
- Port: 5060.
- Transport: UDP.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 80 - Server Configuration – General - TDC site

On the **Advanced** tab, enter the following:

- Interworking Profile: select SP4 (see Section 7.2.2).
- Signaling Manipulation Script: select SP4 (see Section 7.2.3)
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 81 - Server Configuration - Advanced - TDC site

### 7.2.6. Configure Routing - Avaya Session Manager

Routing profiles define a specific set of packet routing criteria that are used in conjunction with other types of domain policies to identify a particular call flow and thereby ascertain which security features will be applied to those packets. Parameters defined by Routing Profiles include packet transport settings, name server addresses and resolution methods, next hop routing information, and packet transport types.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Global Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **Routing** and click **Add** as highlighted below.

Enter **Profile Name**: **SP4\_To\_SM63** (not shown).

- Load Balancing: Priority.
- Check **Next Hop Priority**.
- Click **Add** button to add a Next-Hop Address.
- Priority/Weight: 1.
- Server Configuration: SM63 (see Section 7.2.4). This selection will automatically populate the Next Hop Address field.
- Click Finish.

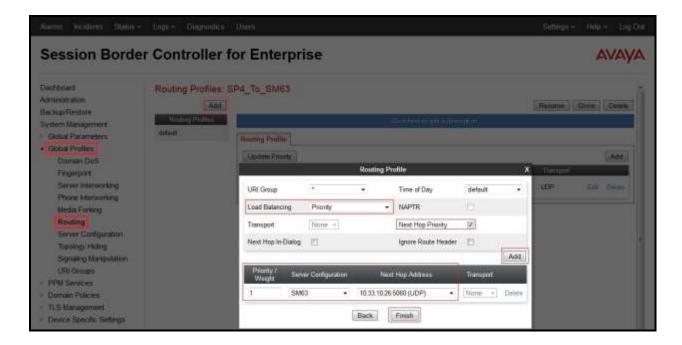


Figure 82 - Routing to Session Manager

## 7.2.7. Configure Routing - TDC Business Trunk

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Global Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **Routing** and click **Add** as highlighted below.

Enter **Profile Name**: **SM63\_To\_SP4** (not shown).

- Load Balancing: Priority.
- Check **Next Hop Priority**.
- Click **Add** button to add a Next-Hop Address.
- Priority/Weight: 1.
- **Server Configuration**: **SP4** (see **Section 7.2.5**). This selection will automatically populate the **Next Hop Address** field.
- Click Finish.

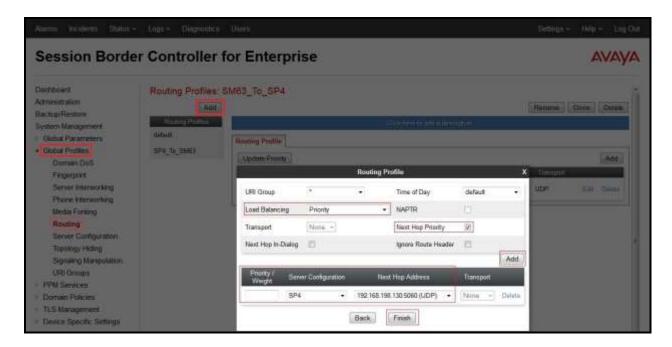


Figure 83 - Routing to TDC Business Trunk

### 7.2.8. Configure Topology Hiding – Avaya Session Manager

The **Topology Hiding** screen allows administrator to manage how various source, destination and routing information in SIP and SDP message headers are substituted or changed to maintain the integrity of the network. It hides the topology of the enterprise network from external networks.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Topology Hiding.

Select Add button to enter Profile Name: SP4 To SM63.

- For the Header **From**,
  - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
  - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**In the **Overwrite Value** column: **bvwdev7.com**
- For the Header **To**,
  - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
  - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**
  - In the **Overwrite Value** column: **bvwdev7.com**
- For the Header **Request-Line**,
  - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
  - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**
  - In the **Overwrite Value** column: **bvwdev7.com**

Click Finish (not shown).

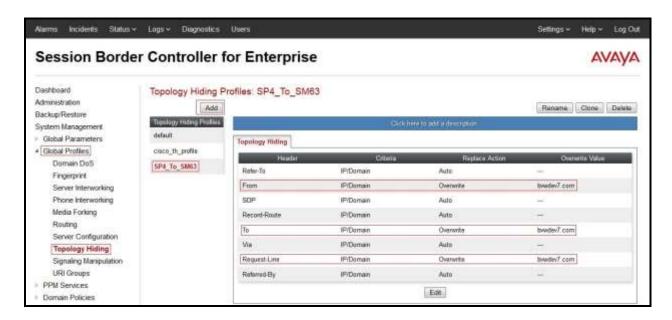


Figure 84 - Topology Hiding Session Manager

### 7.2.9. Configure Topology Hiding – TDC Business Trunk

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Topology Hiding.

Select Add button to enter Profile Name: SM63\_To\_SP4.

- For the Header **From**,
  - In the **Criteria** column select **IP/Domain**
  - In the Replace Action column select: Overwrite
  - In the Overwrite Value column: test11.btrunk.se
- For the Header **To**,
  - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
  - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**
  - In the Overwrite Value column: test11.btrunk.se
- For the Header **Request-Line**,
  - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
  - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**
  - In the **Overwrite Value** column: **test11.btrunk.se**

#### Click **Finish** (not shown).

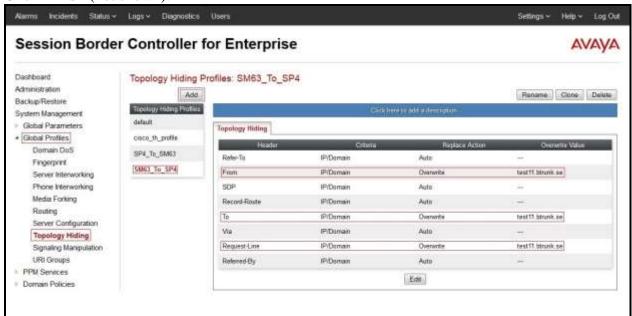


Figure 85 - Topology Hiding TDC Business Trunk

#### 7.3. Domain Policies

The Domain Policies feature allows one to configure, apply, and manage various rule sets (policies) to control unified communications based upon various criteria of communication sessions originating from or terminating in the enterprise. These criteria can be used to trigger different policies which will apply on call flows, change the behavior of the call, and make sure the call does not violate any of the policies. There are default policies available to use, or one can create a custom domain policy.

## 7.3.1. Create Signaling Rules

Signaling Rules allow one to define the action to be taken (Allow, Block, Block with Response, etc.) for each type of SIP-specific signaling request and response message. When SIP signaling packets are received by the UC-Sec, they are parsed and "pattern matched" against the particular signaling criteria defined by these rules. Packets matching the criteria defined by the Signaling Rules are tagged for further policy matching.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **Signaling Rules**.

- Select the **default** Rule.
- Select **Clone** button.
  - Enter Clone Name: SP4.
  - Click **Finish** (not shown).

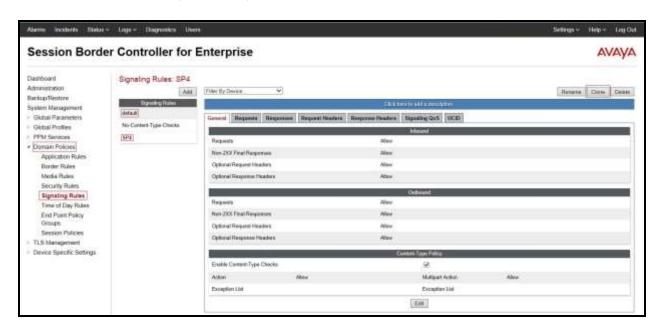


Figure 86 - Signaling Rule SP4

The following configuration on the SP4 Signaling Rule converts 183 with SDP to 180 without SDP.

From the list of **Signaling Rules**, click on **SP4**.

- On the **Response Headers** tab, select **Add In Header Control**.
  - Header Name: Contact.
    Response Code: 183.
    Method Name: INVITE.
    Header Criteria: Forbidden.
  - Presence Action: Change response to 180 Ringing.
- Click Finish.

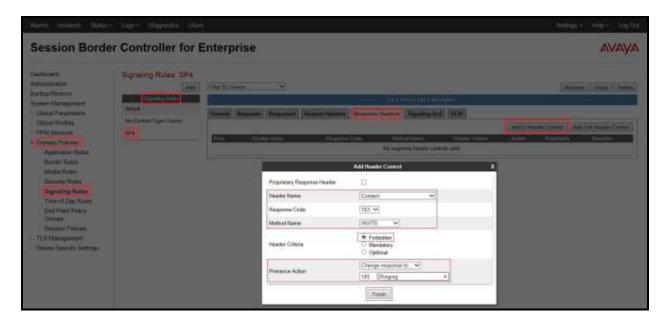


Figure 87 - Signaling Rule SP4 - Header Control

### 7.3.2. Create Endpoint Policy Groups

The End Point Policy Group feature allows one to create Policy Sets and Policy Groups. A Policy Set is an association of individual, SIP signaling-specific security policies (rule sets): application, border, media, security, signaling, and ToD, each of which was created using the procedures contained in the previous sections. A Policy Group is comprised of one or more Policy Sets. The purpose of Policy Sets and Policy Groups is to increasingly aggregate and simplify the application of Avaya SBCE security features to very specific types of SIP signaling messages traversing through the enterprise.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **End Point Policy Groups**.

- Select Add.
- Enter Group Name: SM63\_SP4\_PolicyG.
  - Application Rule: default.
  - Border Rule: default.
  - Media Rule: default-low-med.
  - Security Rule: default-med.
  - Signaling Rule: default.
  - Time of Day: default.
- Select **Finish** (not shown).

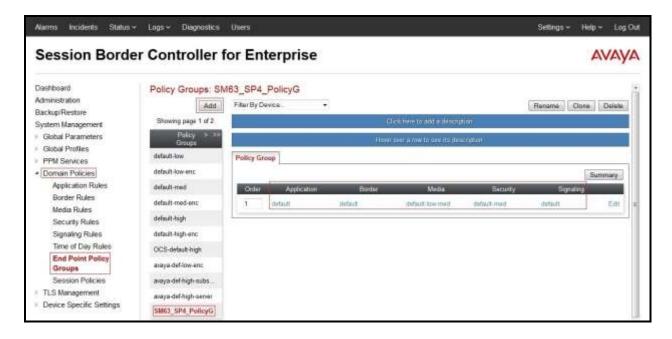


Figure 88 - Endpoint Policy - Avaya site

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **End Point Policy Groups**.

- Select Add.
- Enter Group Name: SP4\_PolicyG.
  - Application Rule: default.
  - Border Rule: default.
  - Media Rule: default-low-med.
  - Security Rule: default-med.
  - Signaling Rule: SP4 (see Section 7.3.1).
  - Time of Day: default.
- Select **Finish** (not shown).

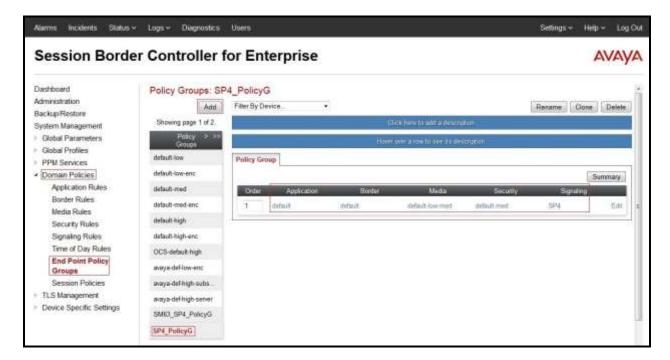


Figure 89 - Endpoint Policy - TDC Business Trunk site

# 7.4. Device Specific Settings

The Device Specific Settings feature for SIP allows one to view aggregate system information, and manage various device-specific parameters which determine how a particular device will function when deployed in the network. Specifically, one has the ability to define and administer various device-specific protection features such as Message Sequence Analysis (MSA) functionality, end-point and session call flows and Network Management.

## 7.4.1. Manage Network Settings

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **Network Management**.

- Select **Networks** tab and click **Add** button to add a network of inside interface as follows:
  - Name: Network A1.
  - Default Gateway: 10.10.98.1.
  - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192.
  - **Interface**: **A1** (This is Avaya SBCE's inside interface).
  - Click **Add** button to add **IP Address** for inside interface: **10.10.98.13**.
  - Click **Finish** button to save the changes.

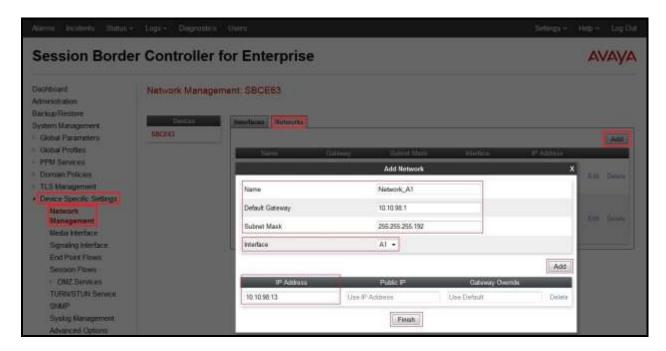


Figure 90 - Network Management – Inside Interface

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **Network Management**.

- Select **Networks** tab and click **Add** button to add a network of outside interface as followings:
  - Name: Network\_B1.
  - Default Gateway: 10.10.98.97.
  - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.224.
  - **Interface**: **B1** (This is Avaya SBCE outside interface).
  - Click **Add** button to add **IP Address** for outside interface: **10.10.98.111**.
  - Click **Finish** button to save the changes.

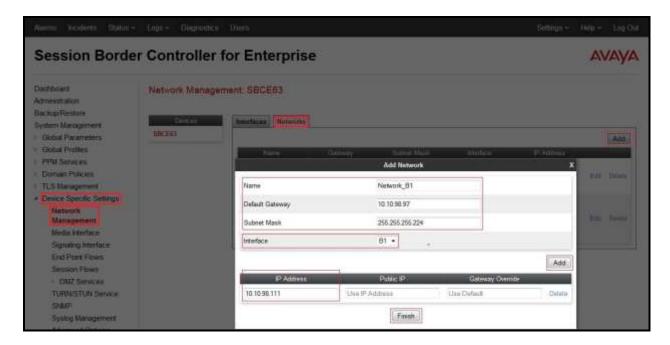


Figure 91 - Network Management - Outside Interface

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Network Management**.

- Select **Interfaces** tab.
- Click on the Status of the physical interfaces being used and change them to Enabled state.

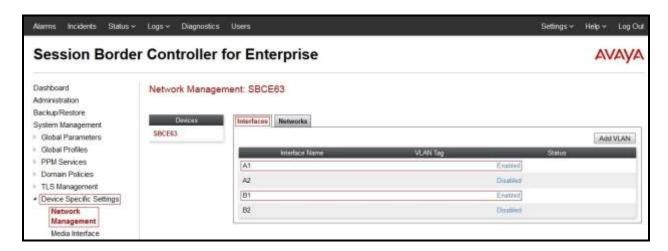


Figure 92 - Network Management - Interface Status

#### 7.4.2. Create Media Interfaces

Media Interfaces define the type of signaling on the ports. The default media port range on the Avaya can be used for both inside and outside ports.

From the menu on the left-hand side, **Device Specific Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Media Interface**.

- Select **Add** button and enter the following in the configuration window (not shown):
  - Name: InsideMedia1.
  - **IP Address**: Select **Network\_A1 (A1,VLAN0)** and **10.10.98.13** (Internal IP Address toward Avaya Session Manager).
  - Port Range: 35000 40000.
  - Click **Finish** (not shown).
- Select **Add** button and enter the following in the configuration window (not shown):
  - Name: OutsideMedia1.
  - **IP Address**: Select **Network\_B1** (**B1,VLAN0**) and **10.10.98.111** (External IP Address toward TDC Business SIP Trunk).
  - Port Range: 35000 40000.
  - Click **Finish** (not shown).

The screen below shows the configured media interfaces:



Figure 93 - Media Interface

## 7.4.3. Create Signaling Interfaces

Signaling Interfaces define the type of signaling on the ports.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Signaling Interface**.

- Select **Add** button and enter the following in the configuration window (not shown):
  - Name: InsideUDP1.
  - **IP Address**: Select **Network\_A1** (**A1,VLAN0**) and **10.10.98.13** (Internal IP Address toward Avaya Session Manager).
  - UDP Port: 5060.
  - Click **Finish** (not shown).

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings Signaling Interface**.

- Select **Add** button and enter the following in the configuration window (not shown):
  - Name: OutsideUDP1.
  - IP Address: Select Network\_B1 (B1,VLAN0) and 10.10.98.111 (External IP Address toward TDC Business SIP trunk).
  - **UDP Port**: **5060**.
  - Click **Finish** (not shown).

**Note**: For the internal interface, the Avaya SBCE was configured to listen for UDP on port 5060. For the external interface, the Avaya SBCE was configured to listen for UDP on port 5060 as same by TDC Business Trunk.

The screen below shows the configured singulaing interfaces:

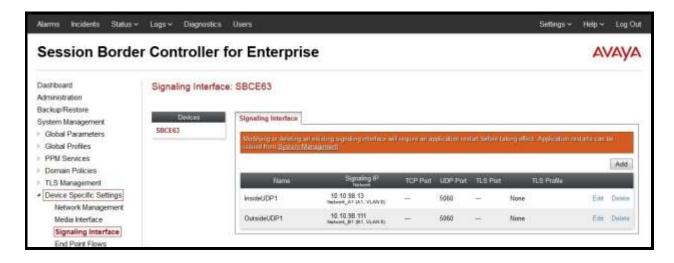


Figure 94 - Signaling Interface

### 7.4.4. Configuration Server Flows

Server Flows allow an administrator to categorize signaling and apply various policies.

## 7.4.4.1 Create End Point Flows - Avaya Session Manager

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**.

- Select the Server Flows tab.
- Select Add, enter
  - Flow Name: SM63\_Flow.
  - Server Configuration: SM63 (see Section 7.2.4).
  - URI Group: \*.
  - Transport: \*.
  - Remote Subnet: \*.
  - Received Interface: OutsideUDP1 (see Section 7.4.3).
  - **Signaling Interface: InsideUDP1** (see **Section 7.4.3**).
  - Media Interface: InsideMedia1 (see Section 7.4.2).
  - End Point Policy Group: SM63\_SP4\_PolicyG (see Section 7.3.2).
  - Routing Profile: SM63\_To\_SP4 (see Section 7.2.7).
  - Topology Hiding Profile: SP4\_To\_SM63 (see Section 7.2.8).
  - Click Finish.

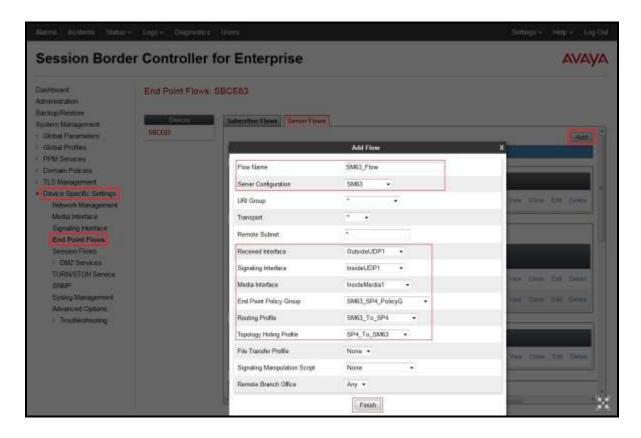


Figure 95 - End Point Flow to TDC Business Trunk

### 7.4.4.2 Create End Point Flows - TDC Business Trunk

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**.

- Select the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add**, enter
  - Flow Name: SP4 Flow.
  - Server Configuration: SP4 (see Section 7.2.5).
  - URI Group: \*.
  - Transport: \*.
  - Remote Subnet: \*.
  - Received Interface: InsideUDP1 (see Section 7.4.3).
  - Signaling Interface: OutsideUDP1 (see Section 7.4.3).
  - Media Interface: OutsideMedia1 (see Section 7.4.2).
  - End Point Policy Group: SP4\_PolicyG (see Section 7.3.2).
  - Routing Profile: SP4\_To\_SM63 (see Section 7.2.6).
  - Topology Hiding Profile: SM63\_To\_SP4 (see Section 7.2.9).
  - Click **Finish**.

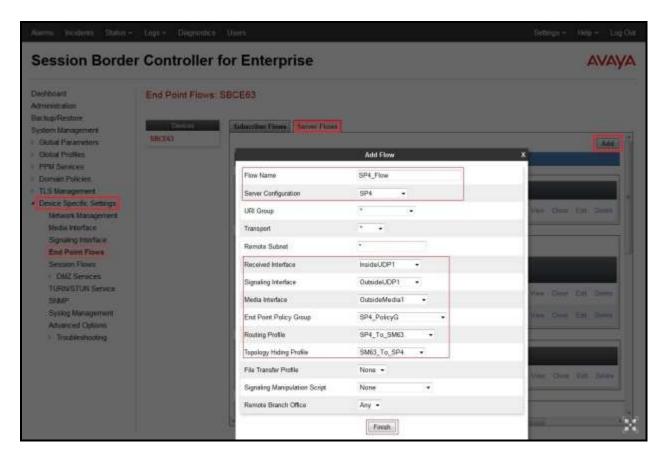


Figure 96 - End Point Flow from TDC Business Trunk

# 8. TDC Business Trunk Service Configuration

TDC Business Trunk is responsible for the network configuration of the TDC Business Trunk service. TDC Business Trunk will require that the customer provide the public IP address used to reach the Avaya SBCE public interface at the edge of the enterprise. TDC Business Trunk will provide the IP address of the TDC Business Trunk SIP proxy/SBC, IP addresses of media sources and Direct Inward Dialed (DID) numbers assigned to the enterprise. TDC Business Trunk also provides the TDC SIP Specification document for reference. This information is used to complete configurations for Avaya Communication Server 1000, , Session Manager, and the Avaya SBCE discussed in the previous sections.

The configuration between TDC Business Trunk and the enterprise is a static IP configuration.

# 9. Verification Steps

The following steps may be used to verify the configuration.

### 9.1. General

Place an inbound call from a PSTN phone to an internal Avaya phone, answer the call, and verify that two-way speech path exists. Verify that the call remains stable for several minutes and disconnects properly.

### 9.2. Verification of an Active Call on Communication Server 1000

### **Active Call Trace (ld 80)**

The following is an example of one of the commands available on the CS1000 to trace the DN for which the call is in progress or idle (5871). The call scenario involved PSTN phone number 1303XXX9042 calling 4610XXX5871 (which is translated to extension 5871).

- Login into CS1000 Signaling Server 10.10.97.177 with admin account and password.
- Issue a command "cslogin" to login on to the CS1000 Call Server.
- Log in to the Overlay command prompt, issue the command ld 80 and then trace 0 5871.
- After the call is released, issue command **trac 0 5871** again to see if the DN is released back to idle state.

Below is the actual output of the CS1000 Call Server Command Line mode when the **5871** is in call state:

>ld 80 **TRA000** .trace 0 5871 **TRA100** .trac 0 5871 ACTIVE VTN 096 0 00 02 ORIG VTN 100 0 01 00 VTRK IPTI RMBR 101 1 INCOMING VOIP GW CALL FAR-END SIP SIGNALLING IP: 10.10.98.13 FAR-END MEDIA ENDPOINT IP: 10.10.98.13 PORT: 35590 FAR-END VendorID: AVAYA-SM-6.3.13.0.631304 TERM VTN 096 0 00 02 KEY 0 SCR MARP CUST 0 DN 5871 TYPE 2002P2 SIGNALLING ENCRYPTION: INSEC MEDIA ENDPOINT IP: 10.33.5.9 PORT: 5200 MEDIA PROFILE: CODEC G.711 MU-LAW PAYLOAD 20 ms VAD OFF RFC2833: RXPT 101 TXPT 101 DIAL DN 5871 MAIN PM ESTD TALKSLOT ORIG 18 TERM 23 EES DATA: **NONE OUEU NONE** CALL ID 501 16

---- ISDN ISL CALL (ORIG) ---CALL REF # = 385
BEARER CAP = VOICE
HLC =
CALL STATE = 10 ACTIVE
CALLING NO = 1303XXX9042 NUM\_PLAN:UNKNOWN
CALLED NO = 4610XXX5871 NUM\_PLAN:UNKNOWN
TON:UNKNOWN ESN:UNKNOWN

And this is the example after the call to 5871 is finished.

>ld 80 TRA000 .trac 0 5871 IDLE VTN 96 0 00 02 MARP

#### SIP Trunk monitoring (ld 32)

Place a call inbound from PSTN (1303XXX9042) to an internal Avaya phone (4610XXX5871). Then check the SIP trunk status by using ld 32, and verify one trunk is BUSY.

>ld 32 NPR000 .stat 100 0 091 UNIT(S) IDLE 001 UNIT(S) BUSY 000 UNIT(S) DSBL 000 UNIT(S) MBSY

After the call is released, check that SIP trunk status should change to the IDLE state.

>ld 32 NPR000 .stat 100 0 092 UNIT(S) IDLE 000 UNIT(S) BUSY 000 UNIT(S) DSBL 000 UNIT(S) MBSY

### 9.3. Protocol Trace

Below is a wireshark trace of the same call scenario described in **Section 9.2**.

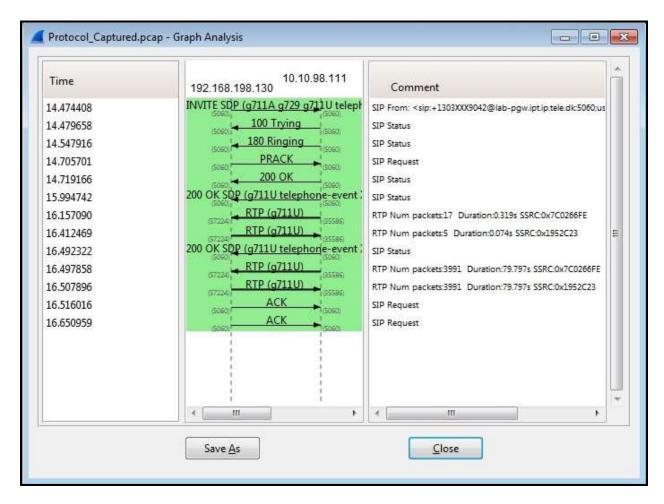


Figure 97 – SIP Call Trace

## 10. Conclusion

All of the test cases have been executed. Observations/limitations seen during the test was noted in **Section 2.2**. The test met the objectives outlined in **Section 2.1**. The TDC Business Trunk Service is considered **compliant** with Avaya Communication Server 1000 Release 7.6, Avaya Aura<sup>®</sup> Session Manager Release 6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.3.

### 11. References

This section references documentation relevant to these Application Notes.

Product documentation for Avaya products, including the following, is available at http://support.avaya.com/

### **Avaya Communication Server 1000**

- Network Routing Service Fundamentals, Avaya Communication Server 1000, Release 7.6, Document Number NN43001-130, Issue 04.01, March 2013
- IP Peer Networking Installation and Commissioning, Avaya Communication Server 1000, Release 7.6, Document Number NN43001-313, Issue 06.01, March 2013
- Communication Server 1000E Overview, Avaya Communication Server 1000, Release 7.6, Document Number NN43041-110, Issue 06.01, March 2013
- Unified Communications Management Common Services Fundamentals, Avaya Communication Server 1000, Release 7.6, Document Number NN43001-116, Issue 06.01, March 2013
- Dialing Plans Reference, Avaya Communication Server 1000, Release 7.6, Document Number NN43001-283, Issue 06.01, March 2013.
- Product Compatibility Reference, Avaya Communication Server 1000, Release 7.6, Document Number NN43001-256, Issue 06.01 Standard, March 2013

# Avaya Aura® Session Manager/System Manager

- Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 6.3, Issue 7, Sep 2014
- Maintaining and Troubleshooting Avaya Aura<sup>®</sup> Session Manager, Release 6.3, Issue 7, Mar 2015
- Administering Avaya Aura<sup>®</sup> System Manager for Release 6.3.13, Release 6.3, Issue 8, Jul 2015

#### **Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise**

 Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Overview and Specification, Release 6.3, Issue 3, October 2014

# 12. Appendix A: SigMa Script

The following is the Signaling Manipulation script used in the configuration of the Avaya SBCE in **Section 7.2.3**:

```
within session "ALL"
      act on message where %DIRECTION="INBOUND" and
      %ENTRY_POINT="AFTER_NETWORK"
   // Replace Mex Mobile number of FROM and Contact headers by Mex fixed number
      %HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+4676XXX5962)","4610XX
      X5874");
      %HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+4676XXX5962)","4610
      XXX5874");
      %HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+4676XXX5921)","4610XX
      X5872");
      %HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+4676XXX5921)","4610
      XXX5872"):
  // Remove "+" for incoming calls
      %HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+)","");
      %HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+)","");
      %HEADERS["Request_Line"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+)","");
      %HEADERS["To"][1].URI.USER.regex_replace("(\+)","");
     }
      act on request where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and
      %ENTRY POINT="POST ROUTING"
     {
  // Remove unwanted Headers
      remove(%HEADERS["History-Info"][3]);
      remove(%HEADERS["History-Info"][2]);
      remove(%HEADERS["History-Info"][1]);
  }
}
```

# 13. Appendix B: MEX Testing

In this compliance test, the below test extensions can only be used in Sweden to be able to trigger IN services.

MEX 1 fixed number = +46104925874 (MEX1 enabled mobile= +46767225962) extension 5874.

MEX 2 fixed number = +46104925872 (MEX2 enabled mobile= +46767225921) extension 5872.

R1 number: +222 and Prefix: +46394980.

#### 13.1. Inbound Call To MEX Fixed Number

This section explains inbound Calls to a MEX fixed number, which is routed to the enterprise: its corresponding MEX enabled mobile number.

After receiving the SIP Invite from TDC, the PBX should send a SIP re-Invite against the SIP trunk with the To-header user part containing a concatenation of PREFIX +46394980 and the MEX enabled mobile number in international format. The From-header user part is the original calling number generated by the PBX (the number to display on the MEX enabled mobile).

### Example 1:

Assuming a call from +46767892721 to the MEX1 fixed number (+46104925874) associated with MEX1 enabled mobile +46767225962.

Firstly, TDC sent SIP Invite message to Avaya with the To and From headers:

To: <sip:+2220104925874@test11.btrunk.se> From: <sip:+46767892721@test11.btrunk.se>

Then, Avaya PBX sent SIP re-Invite to TDC with the To and From headers:

To: <sip:+4639498046767225962@test11.btrunk.se> From: <sip:+46104925872@test11.btrunk.se>

#### Example 2:

Assuming a call from MEX1 enabled mobile +46767225962 to a MEX2 fixed extension number (5872) associated with MEX2 enabled mobile +46767225921.

Firstly, TDC sent SIP Invite message to Avaya with the To- and From-headers might look like:

To: <sip:+2225872@test11.btrunk.se>

From: <sip:+46767225962@test11.btrunk.se>

Then, Avaya PBX sent SIP re-Invite to TDC with the To- and From-headers might look like:

To: <sip:+4639498046767225921@test11.btrunk.se>

From: <sip:+46104925874@test11.btrunk.se>

# 13.1.1. Configure Signaling Manipulation on Avaya SBCE

The information below is defined in **Section 7.2.3**. This script implements the manipulation to replace MEX enabled mobile number on From and Contact headers by MEX fixed number for incoming calls.

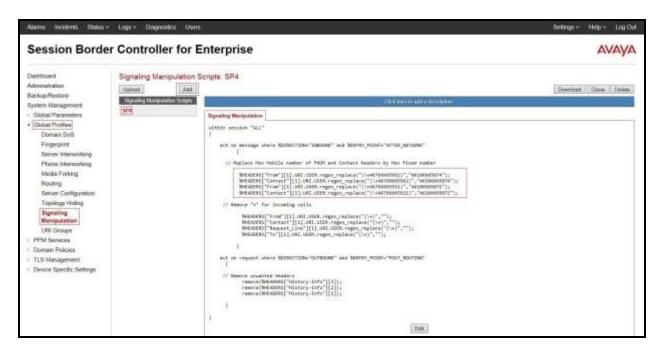


Figure 98 - Signaling Manipulation for Mex Testing

# 13.1.2. Configure Session Manager – Dial Pattern

There are four examples of dial patterns defined in this configuration: dial patterns for incoming calls: 222, 2225872, 2225874, and dial pattern for outgoing call: 46394980.

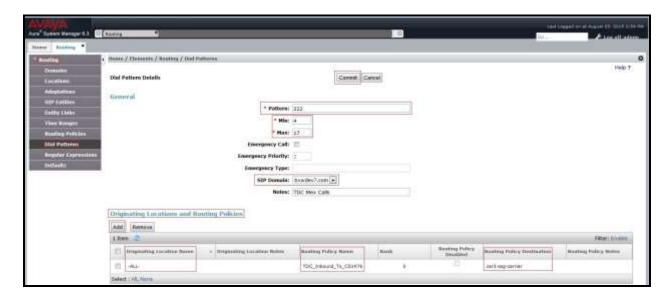


Figure 99 - Dial Pattern 222

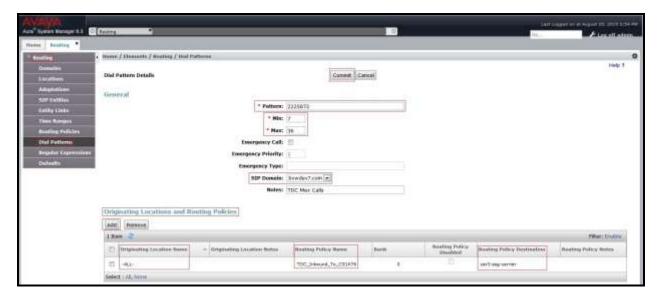


Figure 100 - Dial Pattern 2225872

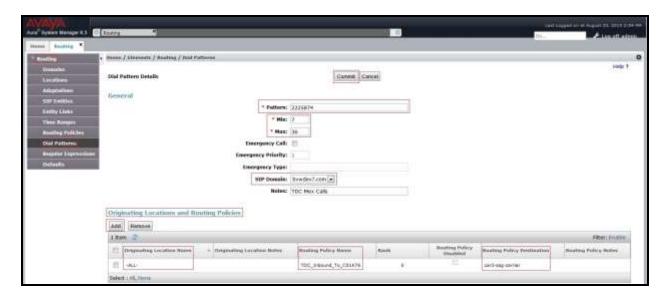


Figure 101 - Dial Pattern 2225874

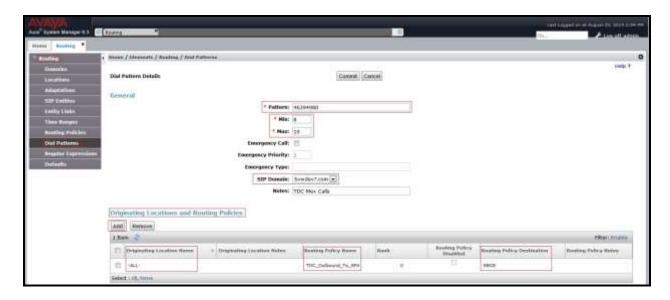


Figure 102 - Dial Pattern 46394980

# 13.1.3. Configure CS1000 – Incoming Digit Conversion

In the following configuration, the incoming calls to 2225872 or 2220104925872 will be translated to the associated DN 5872. The incoming calls to 2225874 or 2220104925874 will be translated to the associated DN 5874.

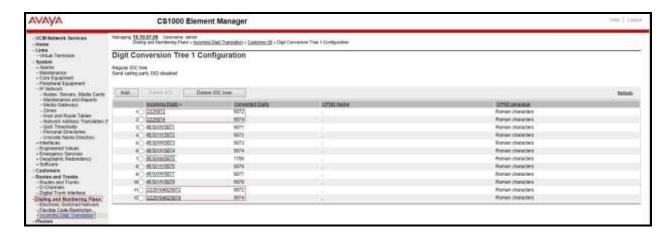


Figure 103 - Incoming Digit Conversion for MEX testing

## 13.1.4. Configure CS1000 - Mobile Extension Users

The CS1000 Mobile Extensions feature enabled MEX mobile connected to a CS1000 system to appear as office extensions (MEX fixed number or MEX extension number). Incoming calls to an office telephone number automatically call out to the MEX mobile associated with the office telephone number.

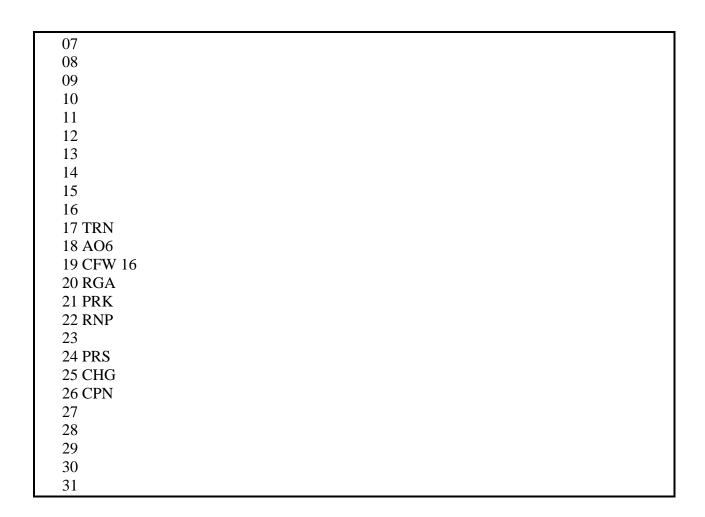
LD 11 **REQ:** new **TYPE:** uext TN 960019 **UXTY DATE PAGE DES MOBX** TN 096 0 00 19 VIRTUAL **TYPE UEXT** CDEN 8D CTYP XDLC CUST 0 **UXTY MOBX** UXID 46767225962 **NUID NHTN MRT** ERL 0 ECL 0 **FDN** TGAR 1 LDN NO NCOS 0 SGRP 0 RNPG<sub>0</sub> SCI 0 **SSU XLST SCPW** SFLT NO CAC\_MFC 0 CLS CTD FBA WTA LPR MTD FNA HTD TDD HFD CRPD MWD LMPN RMMD SMWD AAD IMD XHD IRD NID OLD VCE DRG1 POD SLKD CCSD SWD LND CNDD CFTD SFD MRD DDV CNID CDCA MSID DAPA BFED RCBD ICDD CDMD LLCN MCTD CLBD AUTU GPUD DPUD DNDD CFXA ARHD CLTD ASCD

```
CPFA CPTA ABDD CFHD FICD NAID BUZZ AGRD MOAD
  UDI RCC HBTD AHA IPND DDGA NAMA MIND PRSD NRWD NRCD NROD
  DRDD EXR0
  USMD USRD ULAD CCBD RTDD RBDD RBHD PGND OCBD FLXD FTTC DNDY
DNO3 MCBN
  FDSD NOVD VOLA VOUD CDMR PRED RECD MCDD T87D SBMD ELMD
  MSNV FRA PKCH CCMD MWTD DVLD CROD ELCD VMSA
CPND LANG ENG
RCO 0
HUNT
PLEV 02
PUID
UPWD
DANI NO
AST
IAPG 0
AACS NO
ITNA NO
DGRP
MLWU_LANG 0
MLNG ENG
DNDR<sub>0</sub>
KEY 00 SCR 5874 0
   CPND
    CPND_LANG ROMAN
     NAME TDC5874
     XPLN 13
     DISPLAY_FMT FIRST,LAST
  01 HOT P 20 64639498046767225962 ← (6 is an Access Code, 46394980: Prefix,
46767225962: MEX1 enabled mobile)
  02
  03
  04
  05
  06
  07
  08
  09
  10
  11
  12
  13
  14
  15
  16
```

```
17 TRN
18 AO6
19 CFW 16
20 RGA
21 PRK
22 RNP
23
24 PRS
25 CHG
26 CPN
27
28
29
30
31
```

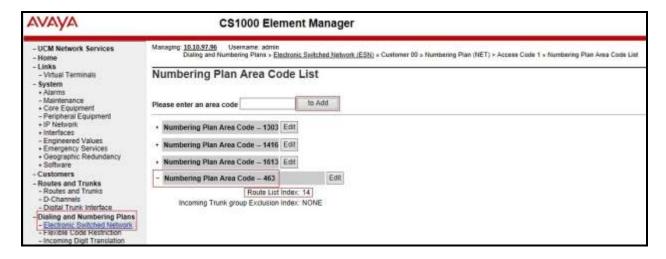
LD 11 **REQ:** new **TYPE:** uext TN 960020 **UXTY DATE PAGE** DES MOBX TN 096 0 00 20 VIRTUAL **TYPE UEXT** CDEN 8D CTYP XDLC CUST 0 **UXTY MOBX** UXID 46767225921 **NUID NHTN** MRT ERL 0 ECL 0 **FDN** TGAR 1 LDN NO NCOS 0 SGRP 0 RNPG 0 SCI 0 SSU

```
XLST
SCPW
SFLT NO
CAC MFC 0
CLS UNR FBD WTA LPR MTD FND HTD TDD HFD CRPD
  MWD LMPN RMMD SMWD AAD IMD XHD IRD NID OLD VCE DRG1
  POD SLKD CCSD SWD LND CNDD
  CFTD SFD MRD DDV CNID CDCA MSID DAPA BFED RCBD
  ICDD CDMD LLCN MCTD CLBD AUTU
  GPUD DPUD DNDD CFXD ARHD CLTD ASCD
  CPFA CPTA ABDD CFHD FICD NAID BUZZ AGRD MOAD
  UDI RCC HBTD AHA IPND DDGA NAMA MIND PRSD NRWD NRCD NROD
  DRDD EXR0
  USMD USRD ULAD CCBD RTDD RBDD RBHD PGND OCBD FLXD FTTC DNDY
DNO3 MCBN
  FDSD NOVD VOLA VOUD CDMR PRED RECD MCDD T87D SBMD ELMD
  MSNV FRA PKCH CCMD MWTD DVLD CROD ELCD VMSA
CPND LANG ENG
HUNT
PLEV 02
PUID
UPWD
DANI NO
AST
IAPG<sub>0</sub>
AACS NO
ITNA NO
DGRP
MLWU LANG 0
MLNG ENG
DNDR<sub>0</sub>
KEY 00 SCR 5872 0
                  MARP
   CPND
    CPND LANG ROMAN
     NAME TDC5872
     XPLN 13
     DISPLAY FMT FIRST, LAST
  01 HOT P 20 64639498046767225921 ← (6 is an Access Code, 46394980: Prefix,
46767225921: MEX2 enabled mobile)
  02
  03
  04
  05
  06
```



## 13.1.5. Configure CS1000 - NPA 463

There is an example of **Numbering Plan Area Code 463** defined in this configuration for outgoing calls. This area code was associated to **Route List Index 14** created in **Section 5.6.4**.



**Figure 104 – NPA 463** 

### 13.2. Outbound Call from MEX Enabled Mobile Number

This section explains MEX enabled mobile calls to PSTN numbers. After receiving the SIP Invite from TDC, the PBX should send a SIP re-Invite against the SIP trunk with the To header user part containing PSTN number in international format and the From header user part replaced by the MEX fixed number.

#### **Example:**

Assuming a call from MEX enabled mobile with number +46767225962 to PSTN 0016139675206 and R1 is using +222.

Firstly, TDC sent the SIP Invite to Avaya with To and From headers:

To: <sip:+2220016139675206@test11.btrunk.se> From: <sip:+46767225962@test11.btrunk.se>

Then, Avaya PBX sent SIP re-Invite to TDC with the To and From headers:

To: <sip:+0016139675206@test11.btrunk.se> From: <sip:+46104925874@test11.btrunk.se>

## 13.2.1. Configure Signaling Manipulation on Avaya SBCE

Use the same SIP manipulation script defined in **Section 13.1.1**. The script was edited to replace MEX enabled mobile number on From and Contact headers with MEX fixed number for incoming calls.

## 13.2.2. Configure Session Manager – Dial Pattern

There are two examples of dial patterns defined in this configuration: Dial pattern for incoming calls: 222, and dial pattern for outgoing calls: 001. **Note**: The user has to define other dial patterns for outgoing calls to any PSTN numbers that users wish to call.

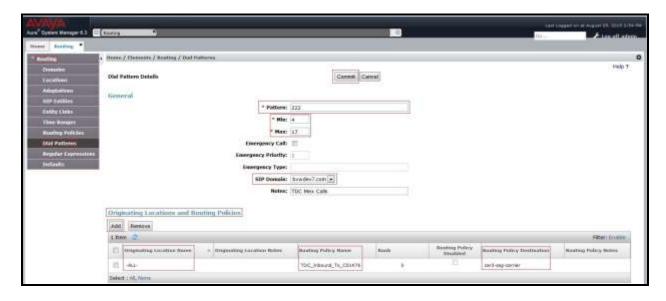


Figure 105 - Dial Pattern 222

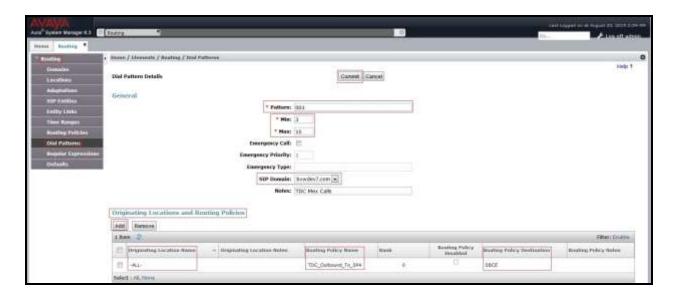


Figure 106 - Dial Pattern 001

## 13.2.3. Configure CS1000

## 13.2.3.1 Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 15)

Follow steps in **Section 5.6.3** to add DMI. An index was added to the Digit Manipulation Block Index 15.

The DMI 15 was manipulated to delete 3 leading digits, therefore, enter 3 for Number of leading digits to be deleted and select Call type will not be changed (NCHG) for Call Type to be used by the manipulated digits. Click on the Submit button.



Figure 107 – DMI 15 Configuration

#### 13.2.3.2 Configure Route List Block Index (RLI)

Follow steps in Section 5.6.4 to add RLI. The following screen shows the existing Route List Block Index 15 associated with the Digit Manipulation Index 15 created in Section 13.2.3.1 and Route Number 100 created in Section 5.5.5.



Figure 108 – RLI 15 Configuration

#### 13.2.3.3 Configure Trunk Steering Code (TSC 222)

There is a Trunk Steering Code 222 configured to be used for this testing.

Select Dialing and Numbering Plans → Electronic Switched Network from the left pane to display the Electronic Switched Network (ESN) screen as show in Figure 39. Select Trunk Steering Code (TSC). Select Add from the pull-down options and enter 222 at Please enter a trunk steering code and then click on the to Add button.

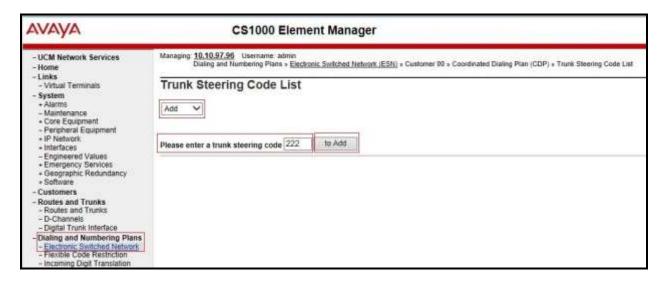


Figure 109: Add TSC 222

From the pull-down list of **Route List to be accessed for trunk steering code**, select **15** (**RLI 15** was created in **Section 13.2.3.2**). Click **Submit** to save the changes.



Figure 110: TSC 222 associated to RLI 15

# 14. Appendix C: TDC Special Services Testing

For calls from PBX to Inquire, Emergency, Healthcare, or Police number services, the called service numbers require a prefix/suffix before being sent to the TDC platform. The prefix/suffix needs to be added by the PBX. The prefix is always **463** and is required for the number series starting on 112, 1177, 11414, and 118118. The suffix is always **479** and is required for the number series starting on 112, 1177, 11414.

#### **Example:**

- Calling Police number 11414: The PBX sent + 4637911414479.
- Calling Healthcare number 1177: The PBX sent +463791177479.
- Calling Inquire number 118118: The PBX sent +46379118118.
- Calling Emergency number 112: The PBX sent +46379112479.

## 14.1. Configure CS1000

### 14.1.1. Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 16)

Follow steps in **Section 5.6.3** to add DMI. An index was added to the Digit Manipulation Block Index 16.

The DMI 16 was manipulated to delete 5 leading digits. Enter 5 for Number of leading digits to be deleted and Insert: 4637911414479 (this is the special number for calling Police services - 11414). Select Call type will not be changed (NCHG) for Call Type to be used by the manipulated digits and then click on the Submit button.

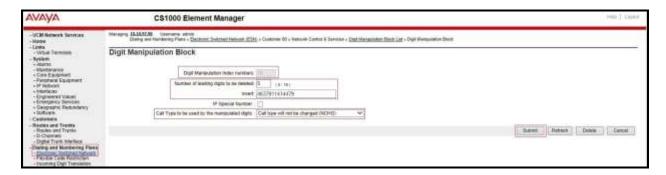


Figure 111 – DMI 16 Configuration

### 14.1.2. Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 17)

Follow steps in **Section 5.6.3** to add DMI. An index was added to the Digit Manipulation Block Index 17.

The DMI 17 was manipulated to delete 4 leading digits. Enter 4 for Number of leading digits to be deleted and Insert: 463791177479 (this is the special number for calling Healthcare services - 1177). Select Call type will not be changed (NCHG) for Call Type to be used by the manipulated digits and then click on the Submit button.

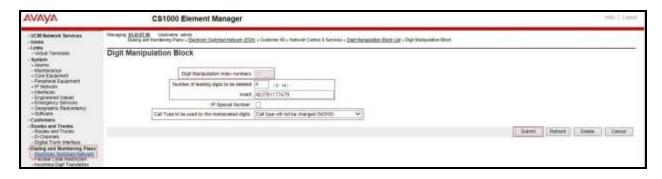


Figure 112 – DMI 17 Configuration

### 14.1.3. Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 18)

Follow steps in **Section 5.6.3** to add DMI. An index was added to the Digit Manipulation Block Index 18.

The DMI 18 was manipulated to delete 6 leading digits. Enter 6 for Number of leading digits to be deleted and Insert: 46379118118 (this is the special number for calling Inquire services - 118118). Select Call type will not be changed (NCHG) for Call Type to be used by the manipulated digits and then click on the Submit button.

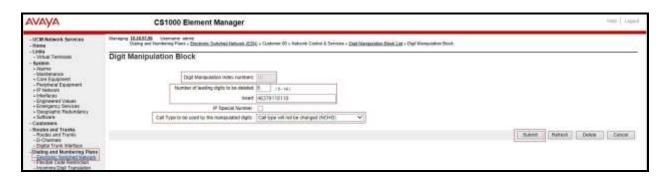


Figure 113 – DMI 18 Configuration

## 14.1.4. Configure Digit Manipulation Block Index (DMI 19)

Follow steps in **Section 5.6.3** to add DMI. An index was added to the Digit Manipulation Block Index 19.

The DMI 19 was manipulated to delete 3 leading digits. Enter 3 for Number of leading digits to be deleted and Insert: 46379112479 (this is the special number for calling Emergency services - 112). Select Call type will not be changed (NCHG) for Call Type to be used by the manipulated digits and then click on the Submit button.

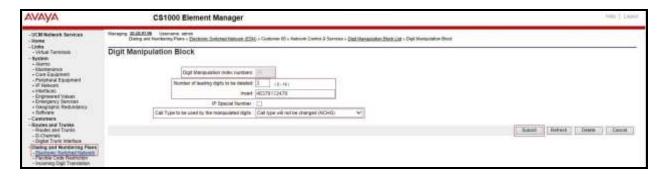


Figure 114 – DMI 19 Configuration

### 14.1.5. Configure Route List Block Index

Follow steps in **Section 5.6.4** to add RLI.

The following screen shows the configured **Route List Block Index 16** associated to the **Digit Manipulation Index 16** created in **Section 14.1.1** and **Route Number 100** created in **Section 5.5.5**.

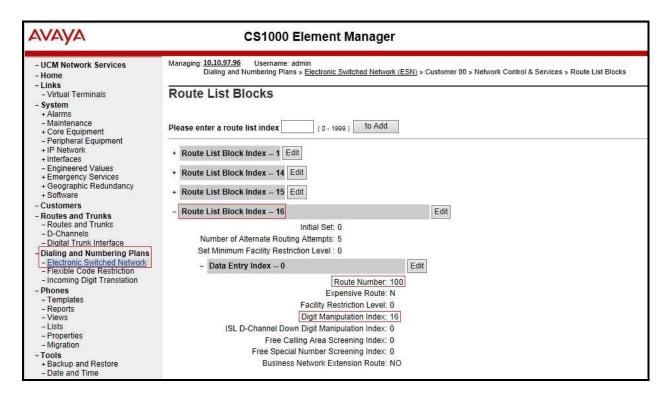


Figure 115 – RLI 16 Configuration

The following screen shows the other configured Route List Block Indexes:

- Route List Block Index 17 associated to the Digit Manipulation Index 17 created in Section 14.1.2 and Route Number 100 created in Section 5.5.5.
- Route List Block Index 18 associated to the Digit Manipulation Index 18 created in Section 14.1.3 and Route Number 100 created in Section 5.5.5.
- Route List Block Index 19 associated to the Digit Manipulation Index 19 created in Section 14.1.4 and Route Number 100 created in Section 5.5.5.

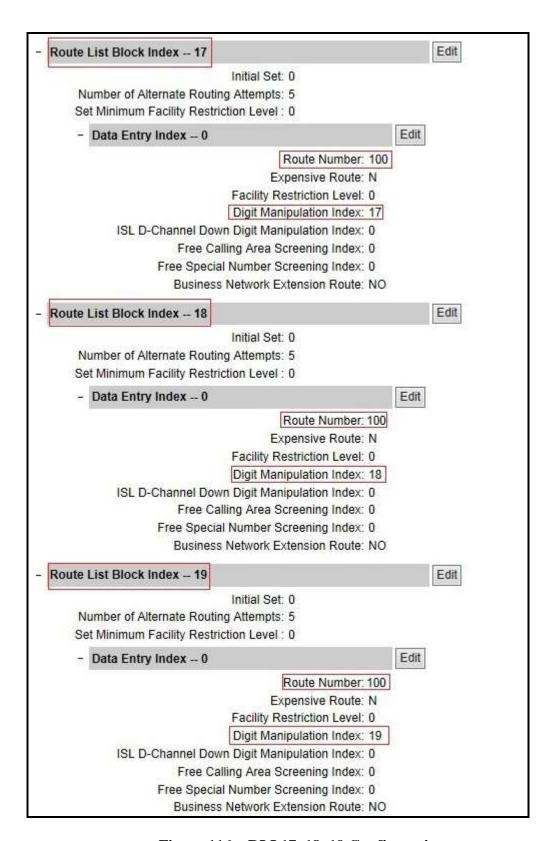


Figure 116 – RLI 17\_18\_19 Configuration

### 14.1.6. Configure Special Number (SPN)

Some special numbers have been configured to be used for this testing, such as: 112, 114,117, and 118.

Select Dialing and Numbering Plans → Electronic Switched Network from the left pane to display the Electronic Switched Network (ESN) screen as show in Figure 39. Select Special Number (SPN). Enter a SPN number and then click on the to Add button.

The following screen shows the configured special numbers used for this testing.

- Special Number 112 associated with the Route list index 19 created in Section 14.1.5.
- Special Number 114 associated with the Route list index 16 created in Section 14.1.5.
- Special Number 117 associated with the Route list index 17 created in Section 14.1.5.
- Special Number 118 associated with the Route list index 18 created in Section 14.1.5.

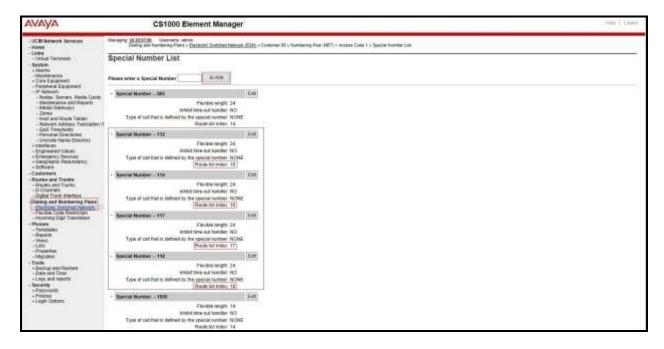


Figure 117 – TDC SPN

# 14.2. Configure Session Manager - Dial Pattern

The example of dial pattern 463 is defined in this configuration for outgoing calls.

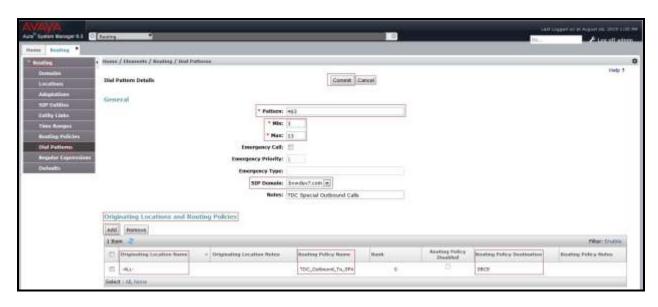


Figure 118 - Dial Pattern 463

#### ©2015 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Avaya and the Avaya Logo are trademarks of Avaya Inc. All trademarks identified by ® and TM are registered trademarks or trademarks, respectively, of Avaya Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. The information provided in these Application Notes is subject to change without notice. The configurations, technical data, and recommendations provided in these Application Notes are believed to be accurate and dependable, but are presented without express or implied warranty. Users are responsible for their application of any products specified in these Application Notes.

Please e-mail any questions or comments pertaining to these Application Notes along with the full title name and filename, located in the lower right corner, directly to the Avaya DevConnect Program at devconnect@avaya.com.