

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager with Avaya AuraTM Communication Manager - Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to interoperate with Avaya AuraTM Communication Manager.

PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager is a performance management solution for multi-vendor IP telephony solutions. PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager provides visibility of Avaya and other vendor's IP Telephony solutions from a single console. Targeted at multi-site enterprises and managed service providers of IP telephony solutions, PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager offers a multi-customer, multi-PBX perspective, enabling a significant reduction in complexity when managing complex IP telephony environments.

PROGNOSIS integrates directly to Communication Manager using Secure Shell (SSH). At the same time, it processes Real-time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP) and Call Detail Recording (CDR) information from Communication Manager.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the compliance tested configuration used to validate Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager with Avaya AuraTM Communication Manager.

The PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager is based on the PROGNOSIS product-family architecture for the scalable monitoring of business critical systems. The PROGNOSIS product consists of:

- One or more **PROGNOSIS Monitoring Nodes** (Server Nodes). These are servers used by the PROGNOSIS product to collect, relay and store information collected from Communication Manager.
- The **PROGNOSIS GUI** is a Microsoft Windows client program which is used to connect to a PROGNOSIS monitoring node and display the information collected by the monitoring node. The PROGNOSIS GUI may either be installed on a monitoring node or on a separate computer.

The PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager product uses three methods to monitor a Communication Manager system.

- System Access Terminal (SAT) The PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager uses a pool of SSH connections to the SAT using the IP address of the Avaya Server. By default, the solution establishes three concurrent SAT connections to the Communication Manager system and uses the connections to execute SAT commands.
- Real Time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP) Collection The PROGNOSIS IP
 Telephony Manager collects RTCP information sent by the Avaya IP Media Processor
 (MEDPRO) boards, media gateways, IP Telephones and IP Softphones.
- Call Detail Recording (CDR) Collection The PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager collects CDR information sent by Communication Manager.

1.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

The interoperability compliance test included feature and serviceability testing.

The feature testing evaluated the ability of the PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to correctly retrieve the configuration, performance, alarms and errors from Communication Manager. In addition, the ability of PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to receive and process both RTCP and CDR information from Communication Manager was also validated.

The serviceability testing introduced failure scenarios to see if PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager is able to resume service after failure recovery and an Avaya Server interchange.

1.2. Support

For technical support on Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager, contact the Integrated Research Support Team at:

Phone: +61 (2) 9966 1066
Fax: +61 (2) 9921-1042

• Email: support@prognosis.com

2. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates the test configuration used to verify Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager interoperability with Communication Manager. It consists of a Communication Manager system running on a pair of Avaya S8720 Servers with two Avaya G650 Media Gateways, an Avaya G450 Media Gateway, an Avaya G430 Media Gateway with EM200 Expansion Module, an Avaya G700 Media Gateway with Avaya S8300 Server as a Local Survivability Processor (LSP) and an Avaya G250-BRI Media Gateway. An Enterprise Survivable Server (ESS) running on Avaya S8500C Server was also configured for failover testing. A second Communication Manager system runs on an Avaya S8300 Server with an Avaya G350 Media Gateway. Both systems have Avaya IP, digital and analog telephones, and Avaya One-X® Communicator users configured for making and receiving calls. IP Trunks connect the two systems together to allow calls between them. Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager was installed on a server running Microsoft Windows Server 2003 Standard Edition with Service Pack 2. Both the Monitoring Node and GUI software are installed on this server. All the systems and telephones are connected using an Avaya C364T-PWR Converged Stackable Switch for network connectivity.

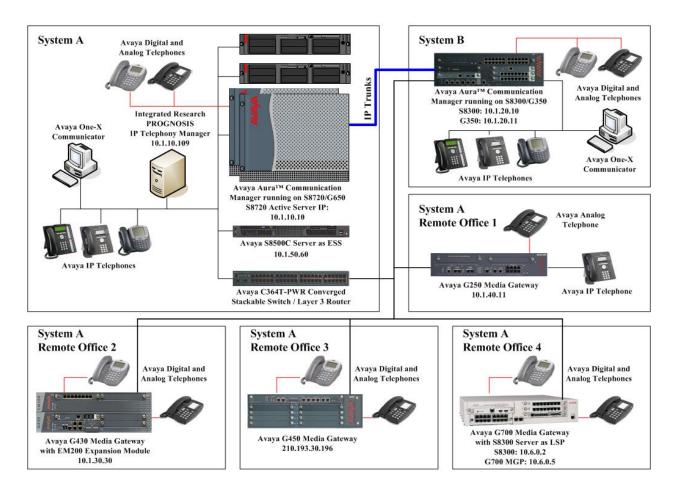


Figure 1: Test Configuration

3. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

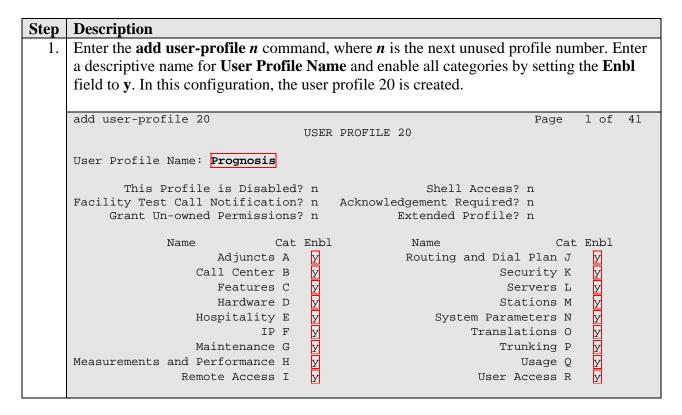
Equipment	Software
Avaya S8720 Servers	Avaya Aura TM Communication
•	Manager
	5.2
	(Service Pack 02.0.947.3-17294)
Avaya G650 Media Gateway	-
- TN2312BP IP Server Interface	HW07 FW046 and
	HW15 FW042
- TN799DP C-LAN Interface	HW01 FW032 and
	HW01 FW026
- TN2302AP IP Media Processor	HW20 FW120 and
	HW20 FW117
- TN2602AP IP Media Processor	HW02 FW048 and
	HW02 FW041
- TN2214CP Digital Line	HW08 FW015
- TN793CP Analog Line	HW09 FW010
- TN2464BP DS1 Interface	HW05 FW024
- TN2464CP DS1 Interface	HW02 FW024
Avaya G250-BRI Media Gateway	29.23.0
Avaya G450 Media Gateway	29.23.0
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	29.23.0
Avaya S8300 Server as LSP	5.2
	(Service Pack 02.0.947.3-17294)
Avaya G700 Media Gateway	29.23.0
Avaya S8500C Server as ESS	5.2
	(Service Pack 02.0.947.3-17294)
Avaya S8300 Server	Communication Manager
	5.2
	(Service Pack 02.0.947.3-17294)
Avaya G350 Media Gateway	29.23.0
- MM710BP DS1 Media Module	HW11 FW047
- MM714AP Analog Media Module	HW04 FW073
Avaya 9600 Series IP telephones	3.002 (H.323)
- 9630, 9640, 9650	Service Pack 1
Avaya 9670 IP telephones	2.0 (H.323)
Avaya 1608 IP telephones	1.100 (H.323)
Avaya 6221 analog telephones	-
Avaya 2420 digital telephones	-
Avaya One-X® Communicator	R1.010-SP1-15895
Avaya C364T-PWR Converged Stackable Switch	4.5.18
Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony	9.5.2 Patch 2
Manager	

4. Configure Communication Manager

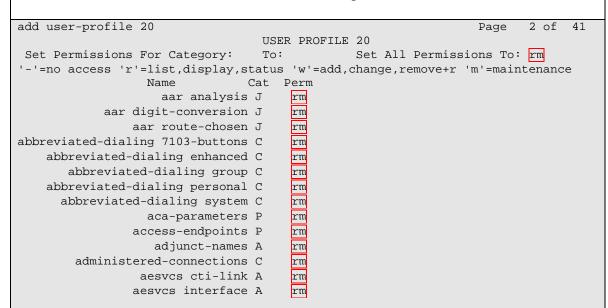
This section describes the steps needed to configure Communication Manager to interoperate with Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager. This includes creating a login account and a SAT User Profile for PROGNOSIS to access Communication Manager and enabling RTCP and CDR reporting. The steps are repeated for each Communication Manager system, ESS and LSP Servers.

4.1. Configure SAT User Profile

A SAT User Profile specifies which SAT screens may be accessed by the user assigned the profile and the type of access to each screen. As PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager does not modify any system configuration, create a SAT User Profile with limited permissions to assign to the PROGNOSIS login account.



2. On Pages 2 to 41 of the USER PROFILE forms, set the permissions of all objects to **rm** (read and maintenance). This can be accomplished by typing **rm** into the field **Set All Permissions To**. Submit the form to create the user profile.



4.2. Configure Login Group

Create an Access-Profile Group to correspond to the SAT User Profile created in **Section 4.1**.

Step Description

1. Using a web browser, enter https://<IP address of Avaya Server> to connect to the Avaya Server being configured and log in using appropriate credentials.

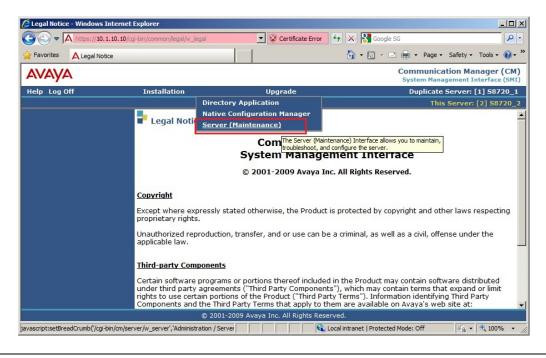
| Server being configured and log in using appropriate credentials.

| Server being configured and log in using appropriate credentials.

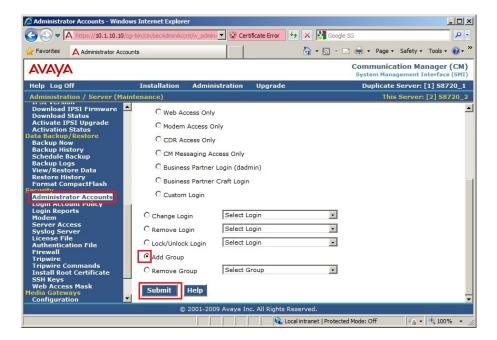
| Communication Manager (CM) | System Management Interface (SMI) | Help Exit

2. Click **Administration > Server (Maintenance)**. This will open up the **Server Administration Interface** that will allow the user to complete the configuration process.

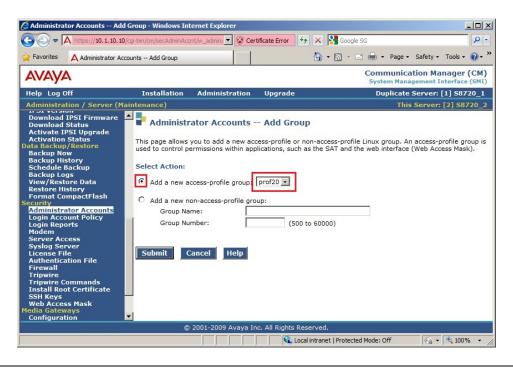
Local intranet | Protected Mode: Off



3. From the navigation panel on the left side, click **Administrator Accounts**. Select **Add Group** and click **Submit**.

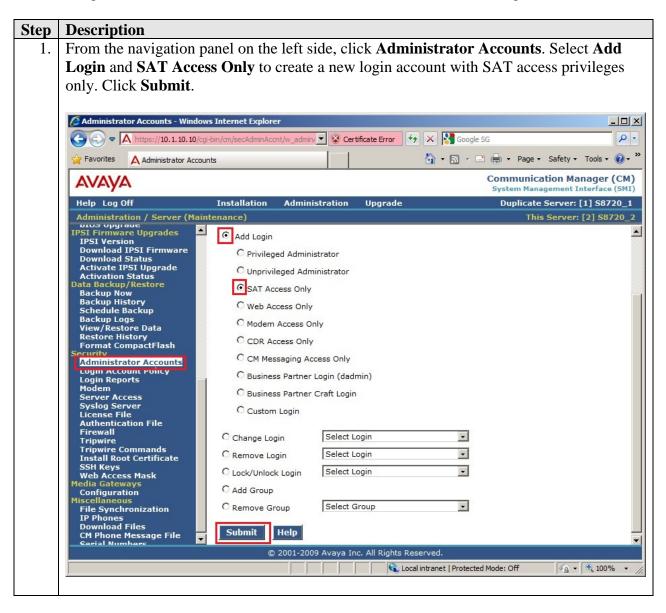


4. Select **Add a new access-profile group** and select **prof20** from the drop-down box to correspond to the user-profile created in **Section 4.1 Step 1**. Click **Submit**. This completes the creation of the login group.



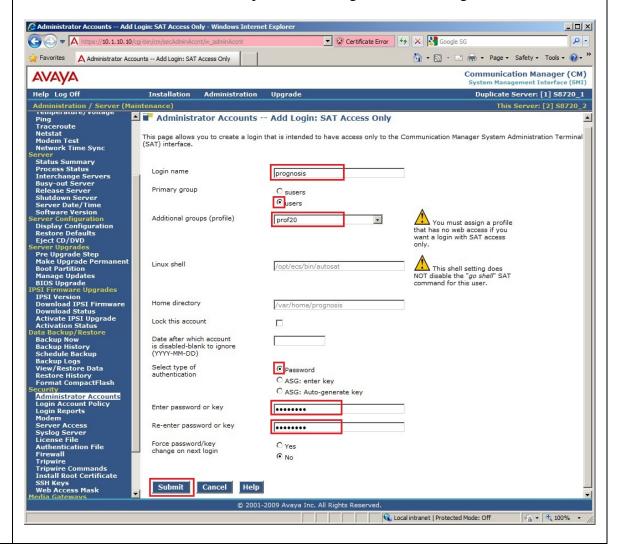
4.3. Configure Login

Create a login account for PROGNOSIS to access the Communication Manager SAT.



- 2. For the field **Login name**, enter the login. In this configuration, the login **prognosis** is created. Configure the other parameters for the login as follows:
 - **Primary group: users** [Limits the permissions of the login]
 - Additional groups (profile): prof20 [Select the login group created in Section 4.2.]
 - Select type of authentication: Password [Uses a password for authentication.]
 - Enter password or key / Re-enter password or key [Define the password]

Click **Submit** to continue. This completes the configuration of the login.



4.4. Configure RTCP Monitoring

To allow PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to monitor the quality of IP calls, configure Communication Manager to send RTCP reporting to the IP address of the PROGNOSIS server. This is done through the SAT interface.

Step	Description					
1.	Enter the change system-parameters ip-options command. In the RTCP MONITOR SERVER section, set Default Server IP Address to the IP address of the PROGNOSIS					
	IP Telephony Manager server. Set Default Server Port to <i>5005</i> and Default RTCP Report Period (secs) to <i>5</i> .					
	change system-parameters ip-options Page 1 of 3 IP-OPTIONS SYSTEM PARAMETERS					
	IP MEDIA PACKET PERFORMANCE THRESHOLDS Roundtrip Propagation Delay (ms) High: 800 Low: 400 Packet Loss (%) High: 40 Low: 15 Ping Test Interval (sec): 20 Number of Pings Per Measurement Interval: 10					
	RTCP MONITOR SERVER Default Server IP Address: 10 .1 .10 .109 Default Server Port: 5005 Default RTCP Report Period(secs): 5					
	AUTOMATIC TRACE ROUTE ON Link Failure? y					
	H.248 MEDIA GATEWAY Link Loss Delay Timer (min): 5 Primary Search Time (sec): 75 Periodic Registration Timer (min): 20					

Description Step Enter the **change ip-network-region** n command, where n is IP network region number to be monitored. Set RTCP Reporting Enabled to y and Use Default Server Parameters to y. Note: Only one RTCP MONITOR SERVER can be configured per IP network region. change ip-network-region 1 Page 1 of 19 IP NETWORK REGION Region: 1 Authoritative Domain: Location: 1 Name: Local MEDIA PARAMETERS Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Codec Set: 1 Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 2048 IP Audio Hairpinning? y UDP Port Max: 65535 Call Control PHB Value: 46 Audio PHB Value: 46 Video PHB Value: 26 RTCP Reporting Enabled? Y RTCP MONITOR SERVER PARAMETERS Use Default Server Parameters? Y VIDEO PARAMETERS DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS 802.1P/Q PARAMETERS Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6 Audio 802.1p Priority: 6 Video 802.1p Priority: 5 AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS H.323 IP ENDPOINTS RSVP Enabled? n H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20 Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5 Keep-Alive Count: 5

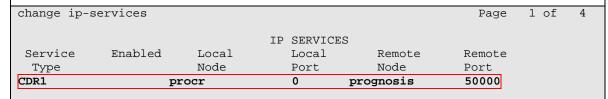
3. Repeat **Step 2** for all IP network regions that are required to be monitored.

4.5. Configure CDR Monitoring

To allow PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to monitor the CDR information, configure Communication Manager to send CDR information to the IP address of the PROGNOSIS server.

Step	Description					
1.	Enter the change ip-interface procr command to enable the processor-ethernet interface					
	on the Avaya Server. Set Enable Interface to y . This interface will be used by					
	Communication Manager to send out the CDR information.					
	change ip-interface	procr	IP INTERFACES	Page 1 of 1		
			IP INTERFACES			
	T	ype: PROCR		Target socket load: 19200		
				larget socket 10ad: 19200		
	Enable Interfa	ace? 🛭		Allow H.323 Endpoints? y		
	_			Allow H.248 Gateways? y		
	Network Reg	ion: 1		Gatekeeper Priority: 5		
	Node Na	ame: procr	IPV4 PARAMETERS			
	Subnet Ma	-				
2.	Enter the change node-names ip command to add a new node name for the PROGNOSIS					
				ed with the IP address specified as		
	10.1.10.109 . Note also the node name procr which is automatically added.					
	change node-names i	n		Page 1 of 2		
	change node-names i	Ρ	IP NODE NAMES	rage 1 01 2		
	Name	IP Address				
	clan1	10.1.10.21				
	clan2	10.1.10.22				
	default	0.0.0.0				
	medpro1	10.1.10.31				
	medpro2 procr	10.1.10.32 10.1.10.10				
1	vall	10.1.10.41				
	prognosis	10.1.10.109				
-	1					

- 3. Enter the **change ip-services** command to define the CDR link. To define a primary CDR link, the following information should be provided:
 - **Service Type: CDR1** [If needed, a secondary link can be defined by setting Service Type to CDR2.]
 - Local Node: procr [Communication Manager will use this CLAN to send out the CDR]
 - Local Port: 0 [The Local Port is set to 0 because Communication Manager initiates the CDR link.]
 - **Remote Node: prognosis** [The Remote Node is set to the node name previously defined in Step 1.]
 - **Remote Port: 50000** [The Remote Port may be set to a value between 5000 and 64500 inclusive. **50000** is the default port number used by PROGNOSIS. Note that PROGNOSIS server uses the same port number for all Avaya Servers sending CDR information to it.]



On Page 3 of the IP SERVICES form, disable the Reliable Session Protocol (RSP) for the CDR link by setting the **Reliable Protocol** field to **n**.

SESSION LAYER TIMERS

Service Reliable Packet Resp Session Connect SPDU Connectivity
Type Protocol Timer Message Cntr Cntr Timer

CDR1 n 30 3 60

- 4. Enter the **change system-parameters cdr** command to set the parameters for the type of calls to track and the format of the CDR data. The following settings were used during the compliance test.
 - CDR Date Format: month/day
 - **Primary Output Format: unformatted** [This value is used to configure PROGNOSIS in **Section 5 Step 3**.]
 - Primary Output Endpoint: CDR1

The remaining parameters define the type of calls that will be recorded and what data will be included in the record. See reference [2] for a full explanation of each field. The test configuration used some of the more common fields described below.

- Use Legacy CDR Formats? y [Specify the use of the Communication Manager 3.x ("legacy") formats in the CDR records produced by the system.]
- Intra-switch CDR: y [Allows call records for internal calls involving specific stations. Those stations must be specified in the INTRA-SWITCH-CDR form.]
- Record Outgoing Calls Only? n [Allows incoming trunk calls to appear in the CDR records along with the outgoing trunk calls.]
- Outg Trk Call Splitting? y [Allows a separate call record for any portion of an outgoing call that is transferred or conferenced.]
- Inc Trk Call Splitting? n [Do not allow a separate call record for any portion of an incoming call that is transferred or conferenced.]

```
change system-parameters cdr
                                                                      Page 1 of 1
                              CDR SYSTEM PARAMETERS
                                                       CDR Date Format: month/day
Node Number (Local PBX ID):
     Primary Output Format: unformatted Primary Output Endpoint: CDR1
    Secondary Output Format: Secondary Output Endpoint:
      Use ISDN Layouts? n

Use Enhanced Formats? n

Condition Code 'T' For Redirected Calls? n

Remove # From Called Number? n
      Use Legacy CDR Formats? y
                                        Remove # From Called Number? n
Modified Circuit ID Display? n
                                                               Intra-switch CDR? y
                   Record Outgoing Calls Only? n Outg Trk Call Splitting? y
 Suppress CDR for Ineffective Call Attempts? y

Disconnect Information in Place of FRL? n

Outg Attd Call Record? y

Interworking Feat-flag? n
 Force Entry of Acct Code for Calls Marked on Toll Analysis Form? n
                                      Calls to Hunt Group - Record: member-ext
Record Called Vector Directory Number Instead of Group or Member? n
Record Agent ID on Incoming? \underline{n} Record Agent ID on Outgoing? \underline{y}
 Inc Trk Call Splitting? n
Record Non-Call-Assoc TSC? n
                                            Call Record Handling Option: warning
     Record Call-Assoc TSC? n Digits to Record for Outgoing Calls: dialed
   Privacy - Digits to Hide: 0
                                                 CDR Account Code Length: 15
```

Description Step If the **Intra-switch CDR** field is set to y on Page 1 of the CDR SYSTEM PARAMETERS form, then enter the **change intra-switch-cdr** command to define the extensions that will be subjected to call detail recording. In the Assigned Members field, enter the specific extensions whose usage will be tracked with the CDR records. change intra-switch-cdr 1 of 3 Page INTRA-SWITCH CDR Assigned Members: 8 of 5000 administered Extension Extension Extension Extension 10001 10002 10003 10004 10005

6. For each trunk group for which CDR records are desired, verify that CDR reporting is enabled. Enter the **change trunk-group** *n* command, where *n* is the trunk group number, to verify that the **CDR Reports** field is set to **y**. Repeat for all trunk groups to be reported.

```
change trunk-group 2

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 2

Group Name: ISDN-BRI to PSTN

Direction: two-way

Outgoing Display? n

Carrier Medium: PRI/BRI

Dial Access? y

Busy Threshold: 255 Night

Service:

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: public-ntwrk

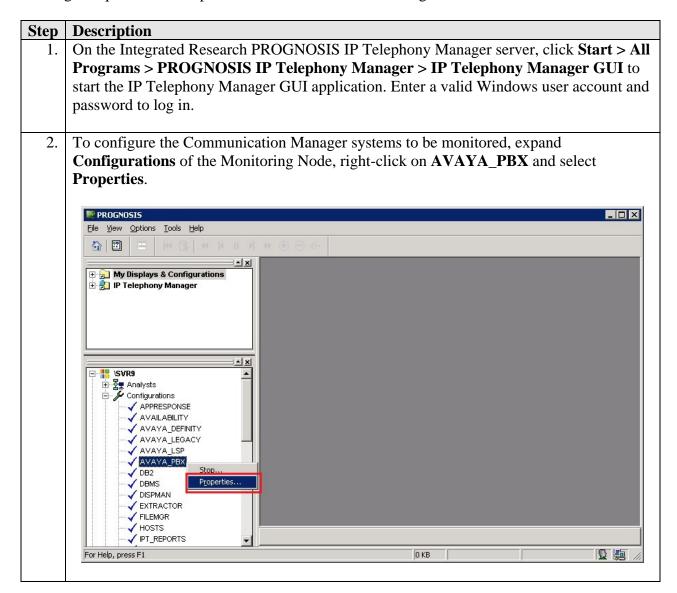
Far End Test Line No:

TestCall BCC: 4
```

10006 10007 10008

5. Configure Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager

This section describes the configuration of Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager required to interoperate with Communication Manager.



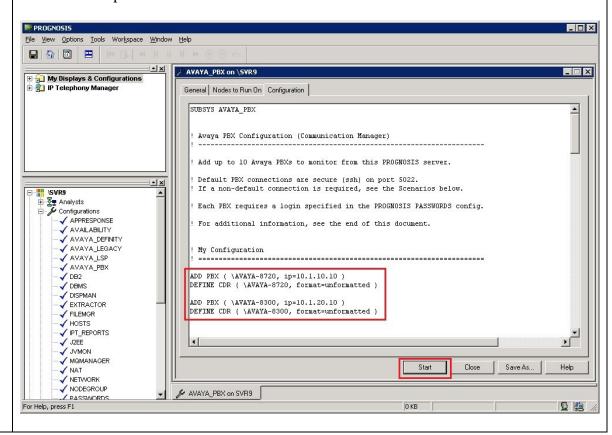
3. In the **Configuration** tab, add an entry for each Communication Manager system to be managed. The template to add a system is provided in the PROGNOSIS GUI application. In this test configuration, the following entries are added for the two Communication Manager systems with the names **AVAYA-S8720** and **AVAYA-S8300** and with the IP addresses of the Avaya Servers **10.1.10.10** and **10.1.20.10** respectively. The PROGNOSIS Monitoring Node will use SSH to connect to port 5022 of the Avaya Servers by default.

```
ADD PBX (\AVAYA-S8720, ip=10.1.10.10)
ADD PBX (\AVAYA-S8300, ip=10.1.20.10)
```

Define the CDR format to match the settings configured on Communication Manager in **Section 4.5 Step 2 and 3** respectively.

```
DEFINE CDR (\AVAYA-S8720, format=unformatted)
DEFINE CDR (\AVAYA-S8300, format=unformatted)
```

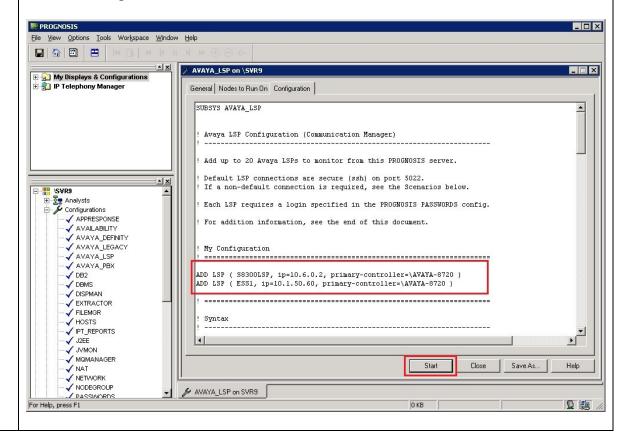
Click Start to proceed.

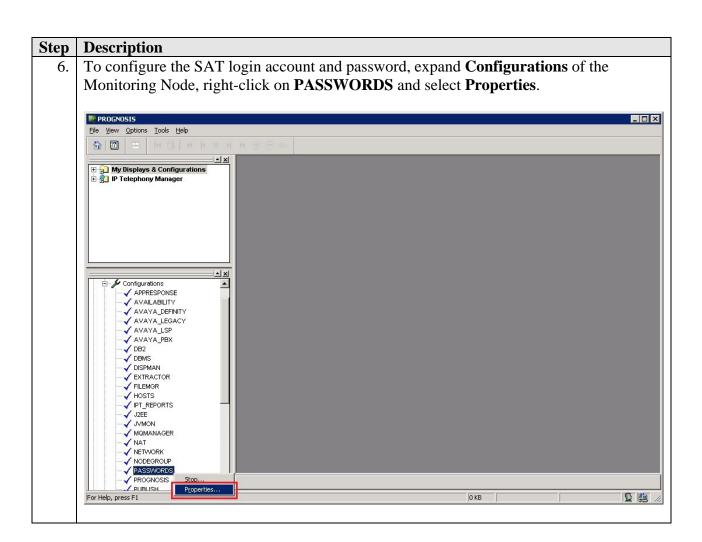


5. In the **Configuration** tab, add an entry for each ESS or LSP Servers to be monitored. The template to add the server is provided in the PROGNOSIS GUI application. In this test configuration, the following entries are added for the ESS and LSP Servers with the names **ESS1** and **S8300LSP** and with the IP addresses of **10.1.50.60** and **10.6.0.2** respectively, both belonging to the **AVAYA-S8720** Communication Manager system.

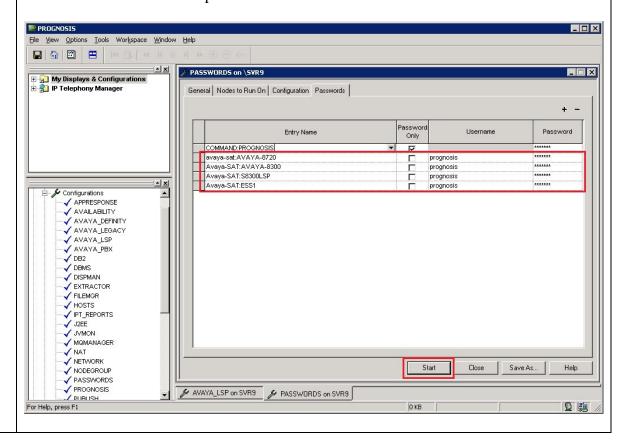
ADD LSP (S8300LSP, ip=10.6.0.2, primary-controller=\AVAYA-S8720) ADD LSP (ESS1, ip=10.1.50.60, primary-controller=\AVAYA-S8720)

Click **Start** to proceed.





7. Click the + 'plus' button to add a new password entry for each of the configured systems in Steps 3 and 5. The Entry Name must be of the form avaya-sat:<pbx-name>. For the system with the name S8720, enter avaya-sat:S8720 for Entry Name, uncheck Password Only, and enter the login account created in Section 4.3 for Username and Password. Repeat to add another three entries for the second system S8300, the ESS and LSP Servers. Click Start to proceed.



6. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to use PROGNOSIS GUI to display the configurations of the Communication Manager systems and verify against what is displayed on the SAT interface. The SAT interface is accessed by using either telnet or Secure Shell (SSH) to the Avaya S8720 and S8300 Servers. Calls were placed between various Avaya endpoints and PROGNOSIS GUI was used to display the RTCP and CDR information collected.

For feature testing, PROGNOSIS GUI was used to view the configurations of Communication Manager such as port networks, cabinets, media gateways, ESS, LSP, trunk groups, route patterns, CLAN, MEDPRO and DS1 boards, IP network regions, stations, processor occupancy, alarm and error information. Various conditions such as media gateway, port network, trunk group, trunk member and endpoint failures were created to see if PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager was able to detect the outage. During testing, a call generator was used to load the Communication Manager systems by placing incoming calls through two E1 ISDN-PRI trunks to the system in Site A and terminating the calls as IP stations on the system in Site B. For the collection of RTCP and CDR information, the endpoints included Avaya IP, digital and analog telephones, and Avaya One-X® Communicator users. The types of calls made included intraswitch calls, inbound/outbound inter-switch IP trunk calls, transferred calls and conference calls.

For serviceability testing, reboots were applied to the PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager Server and Avaya Servers to simulate system unavailability. Interchanging of the Avaya S8720 Servers and failover to ESS and LSP were also performed during testing.

All test cases passed successfully. The following observation was made during testing:

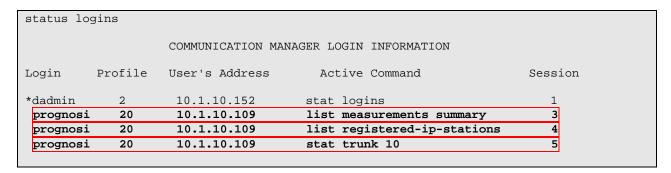
1. The RTCP information sent out by the TN2602AP IP MEDPRO board did not include the correct IP address of the board. This caused PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to classify voice streams from conference calls incorrectly when using this board.

7. Verification Steps

This section provides the tests that can be performed to verify proper configuration of Communication Manager and Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager.

7.1. Verify Communication Manager

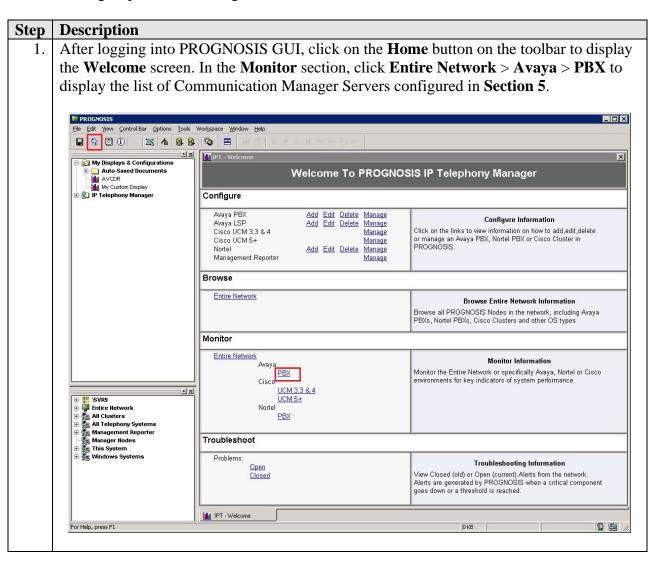
Verify that PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager has established three concurrent SSH connections to the SAT by using the **status logins** command.



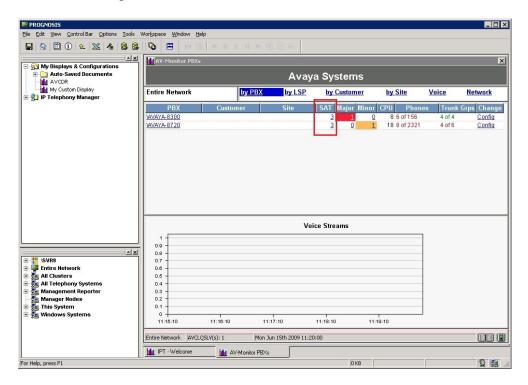
Using the **status cdr-link** command, verify that the **Link State** of the primary CDR link configured in **Section 4.5** shows **up**.

7.2. Verify Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager

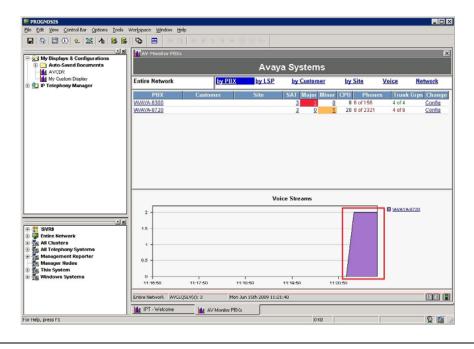
The following steps are done using the PROGNOSIS GUI.



2. In the **Avaya Systems** page, verify that the **SAT** field for each configured Communication Manager shows **3** connections.



3. Make a call between two Avaya IP telephones that belong to an IP Network Region that is being configured to send RTCP information to the PROGNOSIS server. Verify that the **Voice Streams** section shows two active voice streams reflecting the quality of the call.



8. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring the Integrated Research PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager to interoperate with Avaya AuraTM Communication Manager. In the configuration described in these Application Notes, the PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager established SSH connections to the SAT to view the configurations of Communication Manager and to monitor for failures. PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager also processed the RTCP information to monitor the quality of IP calls and collected CDR information from the Communication Manager. During compliance testing, all test cases were completed successfully.

9. Additional References

The following document can be found at http://support.avaya.com:

- [1] Avaya Aura[™] Communication Manager Feature Description and Implementation, Release 5.2, Issue 7, May 2009, Document Number 555-245-205.
- [2] *Administering Avaya Aura*™ *Communication Manager*, Release 5.2, Issue 5.0, May 2009, Document Number 03-300509.

The following PROGNOSIS documentations are provided by Integrated Research.

- [3] PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager 9.5 Installation Guide, April 2009
- [4] PROGNOSIS IP Telephony Manager 9.5 User Guide, April 2009

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