

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.1 with Verizon Business IP Trunking Service – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes illustrate a sample configuration using Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 8.1, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Release 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 8.1 with the Verizon Business IP Trunking service. These Application Notes update previously published Application Notes with newer versions of Communication Manager, Session Manager, and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise.

The Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer referenced within these Application Notes is designed for business customers with an Avaya SIP trunk solution. The service provides local and/or long distance PSTN calling via standards-based SIP trunks directly, without the need for additional TDM enterprise gateways or TDM cards and the associated maintenance costs.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in Section 2.1 as well as any observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab, utilizing a Verizon Business Private IP (PIP) circuit connection to the production Verizon Business IP Trunking service.

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1. Introduction

These Application Notes illustrate a sample configuration using Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 8.1, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Release 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 8.1 with the Verizon Business IP Trunking service. The Verizon Business IP Trunking service provides local and/or long-distance calls (with PSTN endpoints) via standards-based SIP trunks.

Note that the terms "Verizon Business IP Trunking", "Verizon" and "service provider" will be used interchangeably throughout these Application Notes.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The test approach was manual testing of inbound and outbound calls using the Verizon Business IP Trunking service on a production Verizon PIP access circuit, as shown in **Figure 1**.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in this DevConnect Application Note included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products. Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

For the testing associated with this Application Note, the interface between Avaya systems and the Verizon Business Trunking service did not include use of any specific encryption features as requested by Verizon.

Encryption (TLS/SRTP) was used internal to the enterprise between Avaya products wherever possible.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

Compliance testing scenarios for the configuration described in these Application Notes included the following:

- Inbound and outbound voice calls between telephones controlled by Communication Manager and the PSTN can be made using G.711MU or G.729A codecs. Phone types included SIP, H.323, digital and analog telephones at the enterprise.
- Proper disconnect when the call is abandoned by the caller before it is answered.
- Proper disconnect via normal call termination by the caller or the called parties.
- Proper disconnect for calls that are not answered.
- Proper response to busy endpoints.
- DTMF using RFC 2833
 - Outbound call to PSTN application requiring post-answer DTMF (e.g., an IVR or voice mail system).
 - o Inbound call from PSTN to Avaya CPE application requiring post-answer DTMF (e.g., Aura® Messaging, Communication Manager vector digit collection steps).
- Additional PSTN numbering plans (e.g., International, operator assist, 411).
- Hold / Retrieve with music on hold.
- Blind and Consultative call transfer using two approaches
 - REFER approach (Communication Manager Network Call Redirection flag on trunk group form set to "y")
 - o INVITE approach (Communication Manager Network Call Redirection flag on trunk group form set to "n")
- Conference calls
- SIP Diversion Header for call redirection
 - Call Forwarding
 - o EC500
- Long hold time calls
- Avaya Remote Worker operation (Avaya IX[™] Workplace Client for Windows SIP softphone) via Avaya SBCE.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of Verizon Business IP Trunking service was completed with successful results for all test cases. The following limitations are noted for the sample configuration described in these Application Notes.

- 1. T.38 fax was provisioned on the Verizon Business IP Trunking production circuit used to verify these Application Notes. Still, Verizon never sent a re-Invite to transition to T.38 fax. If the FAX Mode field on the Communication Manager ip-codec-set form (Section 5.6) is set to t.38-standard, Communication Manager will send the re-Invite to T.38 for both inbound and outbound fax calls, but will not fallback to G.711 should the Verizon network reject the Communication Manager attempt to transition to T.38 by sending a 488 Not Acceptable message.
 - When the **FAX Mode** is set to **t.38-G711-fallback**, Communication Manager will send a re-Invite to T.38 for inbound fax calls, and relies on the far end to send a re-Invite to T.38 for outbound calls. Communication Manager assumes T.38 fax is not supported for an outbound fax call unless an Invite for T.38 is received from the far end. Since Verizon never sent a T.38 re-Invite, the result is an outbound fax sent using G.711, even though the circuit is provisioned for T.38. Inbound fax calls negotiated properly to T.38.
- 2. When TLS/SRTP is used within the enterprise, the SIP headers include the SIPS URI scheme for Secure SIP. The Avaya SBCE converts these header schemes from SIPS to SIP when it sends the SIP message toward Verizon. However, for call forward and EC500 calls, the Avaya SBCE was not changing the Diversion header scheme as expected. This caused these call types that require a Diversion header to fail since Verizon does not support Secure SIP. This anomaly is under investigation by the Avaya SBCE development team. A workaround is to include a SigMa script for the Verizon Server Configuration profile on the Avaya SBCE to convert "sips" to "sip" in the Diversion header. See Section 7.7.
- 3. Verizon Business IP Trunking service does not support an E.164 formatted number for the Calling Line Identification for outbound calls. An adaptation in Session Manager is used to convert the E.164 numbers Communication Manager used in the sample configuration for Calling Line Identification (e.g., From and P-Asserted Identity headers) into 10-digit numbers. See Section 6.4.2.
- 4. Emergency 911/E911 Services Limitations and Restrictions Although Verizon provides 911/E911 calling capabilities, 911 capabilities were not tested; therefore, it is the customer's responsibility to ensure proper operation with its equipment/software vendor.
- 5. Verizon Business IP Trunking service does not support G.711A codec for domestic service (EMEA only).
- 6. Verizon Business IP Trunking service does not support G.729B codec.

2.3. History Info and Diversion Headers

The Verizon Business IP Trunking service does not support SIP History Info headers. Instead, the Verizon Business IP Trunking service requires that the SIP Diversion header be sent for redirected calls. The Communication Manager SIP trunk group form provides the options for specifying whether History Info headers or Diversion headers are sent.

If Communication Manager sends the History Info header, Session Manager can convert the History Info header into the Diversion header. This is performed by specifying the "VerizonAdapter" adaptation in Session Manager. See Section 6.4.2.

The Communication Manager Call Forwarding or Extension to Cellular (EC500) features may be used for the call scenarios testing the Diversion header.

2.4. SIP Header Optimization

To support advanced SIP telephony features in the Avaya Aura® enterprise environment, certain proprietary headers may be included in the SIP message sent toward Verizon. These extra headers can cause the SIP message to become larger than the specified Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) and create fragmented UDP packets. These fragmented packets may not be re-assembled properly on the far-end by Verizon's equipment, for instance, when packets arrive out of order. To prevent fragmented packets, any unnecessary or proprietary headers should be removed from the SIP message before being sent to Verizon. Session Manager can remove these headers by specifying the "eRHdrs" parameter within the "VerizonAdapter" adaptation. See Section 6.4.2.

In the sample configuration, the following headers were removed:

- AV-Global-Session-ID
- Alert-Info
- Endpoint-View
- P-AV-Message-Id
- P-Charging-vector
- P-Location
- AV-Secure-Indication

To help reduce the packet size further, the Avaya SBCE can remove the "gsid" and "epv" parameters that may be included within the Contact header by applying a Sigma script to the Verizon server configuration. See **Sections 7.7** and **7.8.2**.

2.5. Support

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit http://support.avaya.com

For technical support on Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer, visit online support at http://www.verizonbusiness.com/us/customer/

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates the sample configuration used for the compliance testing. The Avaya CPE location simulates a customer site. The PIP service defines a secure MPLS network connection between the Avaya CPE and the Verizon service node.

3.1. Illustrative Configuration Information

The Avaya SBCE receives traffic from the Verizon Business IP Trunking service on port 5060 and sends traffic to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service on port 5071, using UDP protocol for network transport (required by the Verizon Business IP Trunking service).

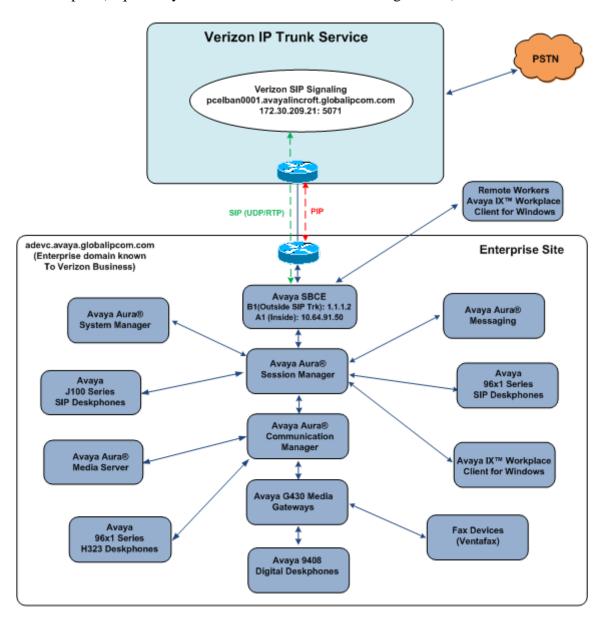


Figure 1: Avaya Interoperability Test Lab Configuration

The Verizon Business IP Trunking service provided Direct Inward Dial (DID) 10-digit numbers. These DID numbers can be mapped by Session Manager or Communication Manager to Avaya telephone extensions.

Verizon Business IP Trunking service used FQDN pcelban0001.avayalincroft.globalipcom.com. The Avaya CPE environment was known to Verizon Business IP Trunking service as FQDN adevc.avaya.globalipcom.com. Access to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service was added to a configuration that already used domain "avayalab.com" at the enterprise. As such, the Avaya SBCE is used to adapt the "avayalab.com" domain to the domain known to Verizon (see Section 7.10.2). These Application Notes indicate a configuration that would not be required in cases where the CPE domain in Communication Manager and Session Manager match the CPE domain known to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service.

Note – The Fully Qualified Domain Names and IP addressing specified in these Application Notes apply only to the reference configuration shown in **Figure 1**. Verizon Business customers will use their own FQDNs and IP addressing as required.

In summary, the following components were used in the reference configuration.

- Verizon Business IP Trunking network Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)
 - o pcelban0001.avayalincroft.globalipcom.com
- Avaya CPE Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) known to Verizon
 - o adevc.avaya.globalipcom.com
- Avaya Session Border Controllers for Enterprise
- Avaya Aura® Session Manager
- Avaya Aura® Communication Manager
- Avaya G430 Media Gateway
- Avaya Media Server
- Avaya Aura® Messaging
- Avaya 96X1 Series IP Deskphones using the SIP and H.323 software bundle
- J100 Series IP Deskphones using the SIP software bundle
- Avaya IXTM Workplace Client for Windows
- Avaya Digital Phones
- Ventafax fax software

Note – These Application Notes describe the provisioning used for the sample configuration shown in **Figure 1**. Other configurations may require modifications to the provisioning described in this document.

The specific values listed in **Table 1** below and in subsequent sections are used in the reference configuration described in these Application Notes and are for illustrative purposes only. Customers must obtain and use the specific values for their own configurations.

Component	Illustrative Value in these
	Application Notes
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	
IP Address (procr)	10.64.91.75
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	
IP Address	10.64.91.81
Avaya Aura® Media Server	
IP Address	10.64.91.86
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	
IPv4 Address	10.5.5.150
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterpris	e (SBCE)
IP Address of Inside (Private) Interface A1	10.64.91.50
IP Address of Outside (Public) Interface	1.1.1.2
Verizon SIP Signaling	_
IP Address	172.30.209.21

Table 1: Network Values Used in these Application Notes

3.2. Call Flows

To understand how Verizon Business IP Trunking service calls are handled by the Avaya CPE environment, several basic call flows are described in this section. However, for brevity, not all possible call flows are described.

3.2.1 Inbound Call

The first call scenario illustrated is an inbound Verizon Business IP Trunking service call that arrives at the Avaya SBCE, to Session Manager, and is subsequently routed to Communication Manager, which in turn routes the call to a phone or fax endpoint.

- 1. A PSTN phone originates a call to a Verizon Business IP Trunking service number.
- 2. The PSTN routes the call to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service network.
- 3. The Verizon Business IP Trunking service routes the call to the Avaya SBCE.
- 4. The Avaya SBCE performs IP address translations and any necessary SIP header modifications and routes the call to Session Manager.
- 5. Session Manager applies any necessary SIP header adaptations and digit conversions, and based on configured Routing Policies, determines to where the call should be routed next. In this case, Session Manager routes the call to Communication Manager.
- 6. Depending on the called number, Communication Manager routes the call to a phone or fax endpoint.

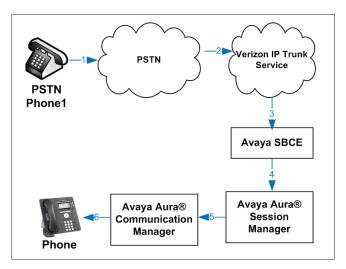


Figure 2: Inbound Verizon Call

3.2.2 Outbound Call

The call scenario illustrated below is an outbound call initiated on Communication Manager, routed to Session Manager, and is subsequently sent to the Avaya SBCE for delivery to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service.

- 1. A Communication Manager phone or fax endpoint originates a call to a Verizon Business IP Trunking service number for delivery to the PSTN.
- 2. Communication Manager routes the call to Session Manager.
- 3. Session Manager applies any necessary SIP header adaptations and digit conversions, and based on configured Routing Policies, determines to where the call should be routed next. In this case, Session Manager routes the call to the Avaya SBCE.
- 4. The Avaya SBCE performs IP address translations and any necessary SIP header modifications and routes the call to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service.
- 5. The Verizon Business IP Trunking service delivers the call to the PSTN.

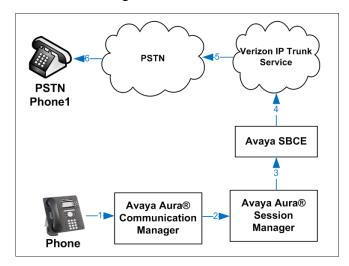


Figure 3: Outbound Verizon Call

3.2.3 Call Forward Redirection

The next call scenario is an inbound Verizon Business IP Trunking service call that arrives at the Avaya SBCE, to Session Manager, and subsequently Communication Manager. Communication Manager routes the call to a destination station; however, the station has set Call Forward to an alternate destination. Without answering the call, Communication Manager redirects the call back to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service for routing to the alternate destination.

Note – In cases where calls are forwarded to an alternate destination such as an 8xx numbers, the Verizon Business IP Trunking service requires the use of SIP Diversion Header for the redirected call to complete (see **Section 5.8**).

- 1. A PSTN phone originates a call to a Verizon Business IP Trunking service number.
- 2. The PSTN routes the call to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service network.
- 3. The Verizon Business IP Trunking service routes the call to the Avaya SBCE.
- 4. The Avaya SBCE performs SIP Network Address Translation (NAT) and any necessary SIP header modifications and routes the call to Session Manager.
- 5. Session Manager applies any necessary SIP header adaptations and digit conversions, and based on configured Network Routing Policies, determines where the call should be routed next. In this case, Session Manager routes the call to Communication Manager. Communication Manager routes the call to a station.
- 6. Because the Communication Manager phone has set Call Forward to another Verizon Business IP Trunking service number, Communication Manager initiates a new call back out to Session Manager, the Avaya SBCE, and to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service network.
- 7. The Verizon Business IP Trunking service places a call to the alternate destination, and upon answering Communication Manager connects the calling party to the target party.

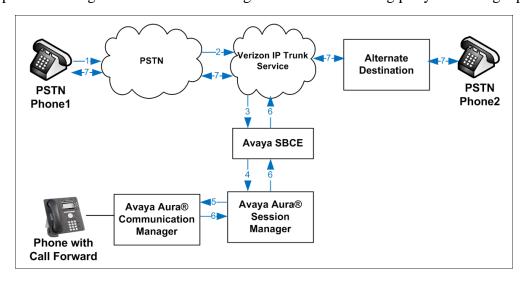


Figure 4: Station Re-directed (e.g., Call Forward) Verizon Call

3.2.4 Attended/Unattended Transfer Call Flow initiated by Communication Manager Station

The call scenario illustrated in **Figure 5** below shows an inbound call from Verizon Business IP Trunking service that arrives on Session Manager and is subsequently routed to Communication Manager, which in turn routes the call to a station. The station answers the call and transfers it back to a second PSTN destination. Communication Manager initiates a new call back out to Session Manager, the Avaya SBCE, and Verizon. Communication Manager completes the transfer, sending a REFER (with the Replaces parameter) to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service to connect the two active calls together.

- 1. A PSTN phone originates a call to a Verizon Business IP Trunking service number.
- 2. The PSTN routes the call to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service network.
- 3. The Verizon Business IP Trunking service routes the call to the Avaya SBCE.
- 4. The Avaya SBCE performs SIP Network Address Translation (NAT) and any necessary SIP header modifications and routes the call to Session Manager.
- 5. Session Manager applies any necessary SIP header adaptations and digit conversions, and based on configured Network Routing Policies, determines where the call should be routed next. In this case, Session Manager routes the call to Communication Manager. Communication Manager routes the call to a station.
- 6. The station answers the call and then transfers it to a new PSTN destination. Communication Manager initiates a new call back out to Session Manager, the Avaya SBCE, and to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service. Communication Manager redirects the call using a SIP REFER message when the transfer is completed by the station. The REFER message specifies the active call to replace and is routed back through Session Manager on to the Avaya SBCE. The Avaya SBCE sends the REFER to the Verizon network.
- 7. Verizon Business IP Trunking service replaces the call with the alternate destination specified in the REFER and connects the calling party to the alternate party directly.
- 8. Verizon Business IP Trunking service clears the existing calls to Communication Manager.

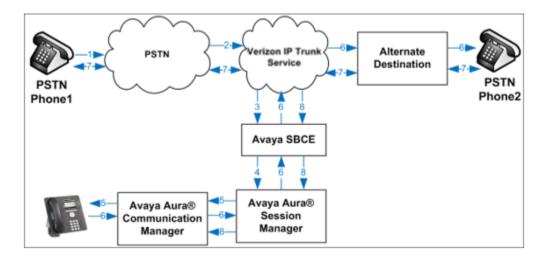


Figure 5: Attended/Unattended Transfer Using REFER

4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used in the sample configuration.

Equipment/Software	Release/Version
Avaya Aura® System Manager	8.1.2.0.0611097 (Feature Pack 2)
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	8.1.2.0.812039
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	8.1.2.0.0-FP2 (patch 26095)
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	8.1.0.0.14-18490
Avaya Aura® Messaging	7.1.Service Pack 2
Avaya Aura® Media Server	8.0.2.93
G430 Gateway	41.24.0
Avaya 96X1 Series IP Deskphone (SIP)	6.8304
Avaya 96X1 Series IP Deskphone (H.323)	7.1.8.0.9
Avaya J100 Series IP Deskphone(SIP)	4.0.4.0.10
Avaya IX TM Workplace Client for Windows	3.8.2.20.6
Avaya 9408 Digital Deskphone	20.06
Fax device	Ventafax 7.10

Table 1: Equipment and Software Used in the Sample Configuration

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section illustrates an example configuration allowing SIP signaling via the "Processor Ethernet" of Communication Manager to Session Manager.

Note – The initial installation, configuration, and licensing of the Avaya servers and media gateways for Communication Manager are assumed to have been previously completed and are not discussed in these Application Notes.

5.1. Verify Licensed Features

Note – This section describes steps to verify Communication Manager feature settings that are required for the reference configuration described in these Application Notes. Depending on access privileges and licensing, some or all of the following settings might only be viewed, and not modified. If any of the required features are not set, and cannot be configured, contact an authorized Avaya account representative to obtain the necessary licenses/access.

Step 1 - Enter the display system-parameters customer-options command. On Page 2 of the form, verify that the Maximum Administered SIP Trunks number is sufficient for the number of expected SIP trunks.

display system-parameters customer-options OPTIONAL FEATURES		Page	2 of	12
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED		
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	4000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	1000	0		
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	4000	0		
Max Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	1000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	68	0		
Max Concur Reg Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0		
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	1000	5		
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	4000	95		
Max Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	4000	0		
Max Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	80	0		

Step 2 - On Page 4 of the form, verify that ARS is enabled.

```
4 of 12
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                Page
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
    Abbreviated Dialing Enhanced List? y
                                                 Audible Message Waiting? y
        Access Security Gateway (ASG)? n
                                                   Authorization Codes? y
        Analog Trunk Incoming Call ID? y
                                                               CAS Branch? n
A/D Grp/Sys List Dialing Start at 01? y
                                                                  CAS Main? n
Answer Supervision by Call Classifier? y
                                                        Change COR by FAC? n
                                 ARS? y Computer Telephony Adjunct Links? y
                 ARS/AAR Partitioning? y
                                          Cvg Of Calls Redirected Off-net? y
                                                               DCS (Basic)? y
         ARS/AAR Dialing without FAC? n
                                                        DCS Call Coverage? y
         ASAI Link Core Capabilities? n
         ASAI Link Plus Capabilities? n
                                                       DCS with Rerouting? y
      Async. Transfer Mode (ATM) PNC? n
  Async. Transfer Mode (ATM) Trunking? n
                                           Digital Loss Plan Modification? y
              ATM WAN Spare Processor? n
                                                                  DS1 MSP? y
                                ATMS? y
                                                    DS1 Echo Cancellation? y
                  Attendant Vectoring? y
```

Step 3 - On Page 5 of the form, verify that the Enhanced EC500, IP Trunks, and ISDN-PRI, features are enabled. If the use of SIP REFER messaging will be required verify that the ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection feature is enabled. If the use of SRTP will be required verify that the Media Encryption Over IP feature is enabled.

```
5 of 12
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                Page
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
   Emergency Access to Attendant? y
                                                                 IP Stations? y
          Enable 'dadmin' Login? y
          Enhanced Conferencing? y
                                                           ISDN Feature Plus? n
                                         ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection? y
                 Enhanced EC500? y
   Enterprise Survivable Server? n
                                                             ISDN-BRI Trunks? y
      Enterprise Wide Licensing? n
                                                                    ISDN-PRI? y
                                                 Local Survivable Processor? n
             ESS Administration? y
         Extended Cvg/Fwd Admin? y
                                                        Malicious Call Trace? y
    External Device Alarm Admin? y
                                                    Media Encryption Over IP? y
 Five Port Networks Max Per MCC? n
                                       Mode Code for Centralized Voice Mail? n
               Flexible Billing? n
  Forced Entry of Account Codes? y
                                                    Multifrequency Signaling? y
     Global Call Classification? y
                                          Multimedia Call Handling (Basic)? y
            Hospitality (Basic)? y
                                        Multimedia Call Handling (Enhanced)? y
Hospitality (G3V3 Enhancements)? y
                                                 Multimedia IP SIP Trunking? y
                      IP Trunks? y
           IP Attendant Consoles? y
```

Step 4 - On **Page 6** of the form, verify that the **Processor Ethernet** field is set to y.

```
6 of 12
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                Page
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
                Multinational Locations? n
                                                       Station and Trunk MSP? y
Multiple Level Precedence & Preemption? n
                                               Station as Virtual Extension? y
                    Multiple Locations? n
                                             System Management Data Transfer? n
          Personal Station Access (PSA)? y
                                                         Tenant Partitioning? y
                       PNC Duplication? n
                                                Terminal Trans. Init. (TTI)? y
                                                        Time of Day Routing? y
                   Port Network Support? y
                                                 TN2501 VAL Maximum Capacity? y
                        Posted Messages? y
                                                        Uniform Dialing Plan? y
                     Private Networking? y
                                              Usage Allocation Enhancements? y
               Processor and System MSP? y
                     Processor Ethernet? y
                                                          Wideband Switching? y
                                                                    Wireless? n
                         Remote Office? v
         Restrict Call Forward Off Net? y
                  Secondary Data Module? y
```

5.2. System-Parameters Features

Step 1 - Enter the **display system-parameters features** command. On **Page 1** of the form, verify that the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** is set to **all**.

```
Page 1 of 19
change system-parameters features
                            FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS
                              Self Station Display Enabled? y
                                    Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all
               Automatic Callback with Called Party Queuing? n
   Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings): 3
                      Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes): 10
       Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds): 20
                                 AAR/ARS Dial Tone Required? y
              Music (or Silence) on Transferred Trunk Calls? all
              DID/Tie/ISDN/SIP Intercept Treatment: attendant
   Internal Auto-Answer of Attd-Extended/Transferred Calls: transferred
                  Automatic Circuit Assurance (ACA) Enabled? n
            Abbreviated Dial Programming by Assigned Lists? n
      Auto Abbreviated/Delayed Transition Interval (rings): 2
                   Protocol for Caller ID Analog Terminals: Bellcore
    Display Calling Number for Room to Room Caller ID Calls? n
```

5.3. Dial Plan

The dial plan defines how digit strings will be used locally by Communication Manager. The following dial plan was used in the reference configuration.

Step 1 - Enter the **change dialplan analysis** command to provision the following dial plan.

- 5-digit extensions with a **Call Type** of **ext** beginning with:
 - o The digits 1, 5, 7 and 8 for Communication Manager extensions.
- 3-digit dial access code (indicated with a **Call Type** of **dac**), e.g., access code *xx for SIP Trunk Access Codes (TAC). See the trunk forms in **Section 5.8**.

change dialplan analysis	DIAL PLAN ANALYSIS TABLE	Page 1 of 12
	Location: all	Percent Full: 1
Dialed Total Call String Length Type 1		ialed Total Call tring Length Type

5.4. Node Names

Node names define IP addresses to various Avaya components in the enterprise. In the reference configuration a Processor Ethernet (procr) based Communication Manager platform is used. Note that the Communication Manager procr name and IP address are entered during installation. The procr IP address was used to define the Communication Manager SIP Entities in **Section 6.5**

- **Step 1** Enter the **change node-names ip** command, and add a node name and IP address for the following:
 - Session Manager SIP signaling interface (e.g., SM and 10.64.91.81).
 - Media Server (e.g., **AMS801** and **10.64.91.86**). The Media Server node name is only needed if a Media Server is present.

```
change node-names ip
                                                              Page 1 of
                                                                            2
                                IP NODE NAMES
                    IP Address
   Name
AMS801
                   10.64.91.86
                   10.64.91.81
SM
                   0.0.0.0
default
procr
                   10.64.91.75
procr6
                   ::
```

5.5. Processor Ethernet Configuration

The **change ip-interface procr** command can be used to verify the Processor Ethernet (procr) parameters defined during installation.

- Verify that Enable Interface?, Allow H.323 Endpoints?, and Allow H248 Gateways?
 fields are set to y.
- In the reference configuration the procr is assigned to **Network Region: 1**.
- The default values are used for the remaining parameters.

Change ip-interface procr

Type: PROCR

Target socket load: 4800

Enable Interface? y

Network Region: 1

IPV4 PARAMETERS

Node Name: procr

Subnet Mask: /24

5.6. IP Codec Sets

Use the **change ip-codec-set** command to define a list of codecs to use for calls within the enterprise, and for calls between the enterprise and the service provider.

5.6.1 Codecs for IP Network Region 1 (calls within the CPE)

Step 1 - Enter the change ip-codec-set x command, where x is the number of an IP codec set used for internal calls (e.g., 1). On Page 1 of the ip-codec-set form, ensure that G.711MU, and G.729A are included in the codec list.

```
change ip-codec-set 1
                                                                Page 1 of
                         IP Codec Set
   Codec Set: 1
   Audio Silence Frames
Codec Suppression Per Pkt
                                      Packet.
               Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)
1: G.722-64K 2
2: G.711MU n 2
                                        20
                                         20
                              2
                                        20
3: G.729A
                     n
    Media Encryption
                                       Encrypted SRTCP: enforce-unenc-srtcp
1: 1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80
2: none
```

Step 2 - On Page 2 of the ip-codec-set form, set FAX Mode to t.38-standard, and ECM to y.

```
change ip-codec-set 1
                                                                Page
                                                                       2 of
                          IP MEDIA PARAMETERS
                             Allow Direct-IP Multimedia? y
              Maximum Call Rate for Direct-IP Multimedia: 15360:Kbits
    Maximum Call Rate for Priority Direct-IP Multimedia: 15360:Kbits
                                            Redun-
                                                                        Packet.
                         Mode
                                            dancy
                                                                       Size(ms)
                                                  ECM: y
    FAX
                         t.38-standard
                                            0
    Modem
                         off
    TDD/TTY
                         US
                                             3
    H.323 Clear-channel
                        n
                                             0
    SIP 64K Data
                                             Λ
                                                                        20
Media Connection IP Address Type Preferences
1: IPv4
 2:
```

5.6.2 Codecs for IP Network Region 2 (calls to/from Verizon)

This IP codec set will be used for Verizon Business IP Trunking calls. Repeat the steps in **Section 5.6.1** with the following changes:

On **Page 1**, provision the codecs in the order shown below.

```
change ip-codec-set 2

IP MEDIA PARAMETERS

Codec Set: 2

Audio Silence Frames Packet
Codec Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)

1: G.729A n 2 20
2: G.711MU n 2 20
3:

Media Encryption Encrypted SRTCP: enforce-unenc-srtcp

1: 1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80
2: none
```

On Page 2, set FAX Mode to t.38-G711-fallback, ECM to y, and FB-Timer to 4. See Section 2.2 for limitations regarding fax.

change ip-codec-set 2						
IP MEDIA PARAMETERS						
Allow Direct-IP Multimedia? y Maximum Call Rate for Direct-IP Multimedia: 384:Kbits Maximum Call Rate for Priority Direct-IP Multimedia: 384:Kbits						
		Redun-	Packet			
	Mode	dancy				
Size(ms)						
FAX	t.38-G711-fallback	k 0 ECM: y FB-Timer: 4				
Modem	off	0				
TDD/TTY	US	3				
H.323 Clear-channel	n	0				
SIP 64K Data	n	0	20			
Media Connection IP Address Type Preferences 1: IPv4						

5.7. Network Regions

Network regions provide a means to logically group resources. In the shared Communication Manager configuration used for the testing, the Avaya G430 Media Gateway and Avaya Media Server are in region 1. To provide testing flexibility, network region 2 was associated with other components used specifically for the Verizon testing.

5.7.1 IP Network Region 1 – Local CPE Region

- **Step 1** Enter **change ip-network-region x**, where **x** is the number of an unused IP network region (e.g., region 1). This IP network region will be used to represent the local CPE. Populate the form with the following values:
 - Enter a descriptive name (e.g., **Enterprise**).
 - Enter the enterprise domain (e.g., avayalab.com) in the Authoritative Domain field.
 - Enter 1 for the Codec Set parameter.
 - Intra-region IP-IP Audio Connections Set to yes, indicating that the RTP paths should be optimized to reduce the use of media resources when possible within the same region.
 - Inter-region IP-IP Audio Connections Set to yes, indicating that the RTP paths
 should be optimized to reduce the use of media resources when possible between
 regions.

```
Page 1 of 20
change ip-network-region 1
                                 IP NETWORK REGION
  Region: 1
Location: 1 Authoritative Domain: avayalab.com
   Name: Enterprise Stub Network Region: n
IA PARAMETERS Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
MEDIA PARAMETERS

Codec Set: 1

Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes

IP Audio Hairpinning? n
   UDP Port Max: 3329
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
 Call Control PHB Value: 46
        Audio PHB Value: 46
        Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
 Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
        Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
                                      AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
        Video 802.1p Priority: 5
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
                                                            RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? v
 Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
   Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
            Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

Step 2 - On **page 4** of the form:

- Verify that next to region 1 in the **dst rgn** column, the codec set is 1.
- Next to region 2 in the **dst rgn** column, enter 2 for the codec set (this means region 1 is permitted to talk to region 2 and it will use codec set 2 to do so). The **direct WAN** and **Units** columns will self-populate with **y** and **No Limit** respectively.
- Let all other values default for this form.

change ip-network-region 1	Page	•	4 of	20		
Source Region: 1 Inter Network Region Connection Management I						
		G	A	t		
dst codec direct WAN-BW-limits Video Intervening	Dyn	Α	G	С		
rgn set WAN Units Total Norm Prio Shr Regions	CAC	R	L	е		
1 1			all			
2 2 y NoLimit		n		t		

5.7.2 IP Network Region 2 – Verizon Trunk Region

Repeat the steps in **Section 5.7.1** with the following changes:

Step 1 - On Page 1 of the form (not shown):

- Enter a descriptive name (e.g., **Verizon**).
- Enter 2 for the Codec Set parameter.

Step 2 - On **Page 4** of the form:

- Set codec set 2 for dst rgn 1.
- Note that **dst rgn 2** is pre-populated with codec set **2** (from page 1 provisioning).

change ip-network-region 2	Page	:	4 of	20		
Source Region: 2 Inter Network Region Connection Management I M G A t						
dst codec direct WAN-BW-limits Video Intervening	Dyn	Α	G	С		
rgn set WAN Units Total Norm Prio Shr Regions	CAC	R	L	е		
1 2 y NoLimit		n		t		
2 2			all			
3						

5.8. SIP Trunks

SIP trunks are defined on Communication Manager by provisioning a Signaling Group and a corresponding Trunk Group. Two SIP trunks are defined on Communication Manager in the reference configuration:

- Inbound/outbound Verizon access SIP Trunk 1. This trunk will use TLS port 5081.
- Internal CPE access (e.g., Avaya SIP telephones, Messaging, etc.) SIP Trunk 3. This trunk will use TLS port 5061.

Note that different ports are assigned to each trunk. This is necessary so Session Manager can distinguish the traffic on the service provider trunk, from the traffic on the trunk used for other enterprise SIP traffic.

Note – Although TLS is used as the transport protocols between the Avaya CPE components, UDP was used between the Avaya SBCE and the Verizon IP Trunk service. See the note in **Section 6.5** regarding the use of TLS transport protocols in the CPE.

5.8.1 SIP Trunk for Inbound/Outbound Verizon calls

This section describes the steps for administering the SIP trunk to Session Manager used for Verizon IP Trunk service calls. Trunk Group 1 is defined. This trunk corresponds to the **CM-TG1** SIP Entity defined later in **Section 6.5.2**.

5.8.1.1 Signaling Group 1

- **Step 1** Enter the **add signaling-group x** command, where \mathbf{x} is the number of an unused signaling group (e.g., $\mathbf{1}$), and provision the following:
 - **Group Type** Set to **sip**.
 - **Transport Method** Set to **tls**.
 - Verify that **IMS Enabled?** is set to **n**.
 - Verify that **Peer Detection Enabled?** is set to **y**. The system will auto detect and set the **Peer Server** to **SM**.
 - Near-end Node Name Set to the node name of the procr noted in Section 5.4.
 - Far-end Node Name Set to the node name of Session Manager as administered in Section 5.4 (e.g., SM).
 - Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port Set to 5081.
 - Far-end Network Region Set the IP network region to 2, as set in Section 5.6.2.
 - Far-end Domain Enter avayalab.com.
 - **DTMF over IP** Set to **rtp-payload** to enable Communication Manager to use DTMF according to RFC 2833.
 - **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** Set to **y**, indicating that the RTP paths should be optimized directly to the associated stations, to reduce the use of media resources on the Avaya Media Gateway when possible (known as shuffling).
 - **Initial IP-IP Direct Media** is set to the default value **n**.
 - **H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media** is set to the default value **n**.

```
change signaling-group 1
                                                                  Page 1 of 2
                                 SIGNALING GROUP
 Group Number: 1
IMS Enabled? n
                               Group Type: sip
                        Transport Method: tls
        Q-SIP? n
     IP Video? n
                                                    Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? y
  Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Server: SM
                                                                    Clustered? n
 Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? n
Alert Incoming SIP Crisis Calls? n
   Near-end Node Name: procr
                                              Far-end Node Name: SM
 Near-end Listen Port: 5081
                                            Far-end Listen Port: 5081
                                        Far-end Network Region: 2
Far-end Domain: avayalab.com
                                              Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate
                                               RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3
Enable Layer 3 Test? y
                                               Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
                                                         IP Audio Hairpinning? n
        Enable Layer 3 Test? y
                                                   Initial IP-IP Direct Media? n
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n
                                                   Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6
```

Use the default parameters on **page 2** of the form (not shown).

5.8.1.2 Trunk Group 1

Step 1 - Enter the **add trunk-group x** command, where **x** is the number of an unused trunk group (e.g., **1**). On **Page 1** of the **trunk-group** form, provision the following:

- **Group Type** Set to sip.
- **Group Name** Enter a descriptive name (e.g., **Verizon IPT**).
- TAC Enter a trunk access code that is consistent with the dial plan (e.g., *01).
- **Direction** Set to **two-way**.
- Service Type Set to public-ntwrk.
- **Signaling Group** Set to the signaling group administered in **Section 5.8.1.1** (e.g., 1).
- Number of Members Enter the maximum number of simultaneous calls desired on this trunk group (based on licensing) (e.g., 10).

```
add trunk-group 1
                                                                1 of 21
                                                          Page
                             TRUNK GROUP
                                                 CDR Reports: y
                               Group Type: sip
Group Number: 1
                                     COR: 1
                                                 TN: 1 TAC: *01
 Group Name: Verizon IPT
  Direction: two-way Outgoing Display? n
Dial Access? n
                                             Night Service:
Queue Length: 0
Service Type: public-ntwrk Auth Code? n
                                         Member Assignment Method: auto
                                                 Signaling Group: 1
                                                Number of Members: 10
```

Step 2 - On **Page 2** of the **Trunk Group** form:

• Set the **Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec):** to **900**. This entry will actually cause a value of 1800 to be generated in the SIP Session-Expires header pertaining to active call session refresh.

```
add trunk-group 1
Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 5000

SCCAN? n
Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec): 900

Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y

XOIP Treatment: auto Delay Call Setup When Accessed Via IGAR? n

Caller ID for Service Link Call to H.323 1xC: station-extension
```

Step 3 - On **Page 3** of the **Trunk Group** form:

• Set Numbering Format to public.

```
add trunk-group 1
TRUNK FEATURES
ACA Assignment? n

Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Suppress # Outpulsing? n

Numbering Format: public

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? y
Replace Unavailable Numbers? y

Hold/Unhold Notifications? y

Modify Tandem Calling Number: no
```

Step 4 - On **Page 4** of the **Trunk Group** form:

- Verify **Network Call Redirection** is set to **y**.
- Set **Telephone Event Payload Type** to the RTP payload type recommended by Verizon (e.g., **101**).
- Set Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media to y.

Note – The Verizon Business IP Trunking service does not support History Info header. As shown below, by default this header is supported by Communication Manager. In the reference configuration, the History Info header is automatically removed from SIP signaling by Session Manager, as part of the *VerizonAdapter* (see **Section 6.4.2**). Alternatively, History Info may be disabled here with the Diversion Header enabled.

```
add trunk-group 1
                                                                       4 of 21
                              PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                      Mark Users as Phone? n
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n
                      Send Transferring Party Information? n
                                 Network Call Redirection? y
         Build Refer-To URI of REFER From Contact For NCR? n
                                    Send Diversion Header? n
                                   Support Request History? y
                              Telephone Event Payload Type: 101
                                       Shuffling with SDP? n
                        Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? y
                 Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n
                        Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity
            Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n
                 Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n
                                              Enable Q-SIP? n
          Interworking of ISDN Clearing with In-Band Tones: keep-channel-active
                               Request URI Contents: may-have-extra-digits
```

5.8.2 Local SIP Trunk (Avaya SIP Telephones, Messaging Access, etc.)

Trunk Group 3 corresponds to the CM-TG3 SIP Entity defined later in Section 6.5.3

5.8.2.1 Signaling Group 3

Repeat the steps in **Section 5.8.1.1** with the following changes:

- **Step 1** Enter the **add signaling-group x** command, where x is the number of an unused signaling group (e.g., 3).
- **Step 2** Set the following parameters on page 1:
 - Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port Set to 5061
 - Far-end Network Region Set to the IP network region 1, as defined in Section 5.7.1.

5.8.2.2 Trunk Group 3

Repeat the steps in **Section 5.8.1.2** with the following changes:

- **Step 1** Enter the **add trunk-group x** command, where **x** is the number of an unused trunk group (e.g., **3**). On **Page 1** of the **trunk-group** form:
 - **Group Name** Enter a descriptive name (e.g., **SM Enterprise**).
 - TAC Enter a trunk access code that is consistent with the dial plan (e.g., *03).
 - **Service Type** Set to **tie**.
 - **Signaling Group** Set to the number of the signaling group administered in **Section** 5.8.2.1 (e.g., 3).
- Step 2 On Page 2 of the Trunk Group form:
 - Same as **Section 5.8.1.2**
- Step 3 On Page 3 of the Trunk Group form:
 - Set Numbering Format to private.
- **Step 4** On **Page 4** of the **Trunk Group** form:
 - Set Network Call Redirection to n.
 - Set Send Diversion Header to n.
 - Verify **Identity for Calling Party Display** is set to **P-Asserted-Identity** (default).

Use default values for all other settings.

5.9. Public Numbering

In the reference configuration, the public-unknown-numbering form, (used in conjunction with the **Numbering Format: public** setting in **Section 5.8.1.2**), is used to convert Communication Manager local extensions to Verizon public numbers, for inclusion in any origination SIP headers directed to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service via the public trunk.

- **Step 1** Enter **change public-unknown-numbering 5 ext-digits xxxxx**, where xxxxx is the 5-digit extension number to change.
- **Step 2** Add each Communication Manager station extension and their corresponding Verizon DNIS numbers (for the public trunk to Verizon). Communication Manager will insert these Verizon DNIS numbers in E.164 format into the From, Contact, and PAI headers as appropriate:
 - Ext Len Enter the total number of digits in the local extension range (e.g., 5).
 - Ext Code Enter a Communication Manager extension (e.g., 12001.
 - **Trk Grp(s)** Enter the number of the Public trunk group (e.g., 1).
 - **Private Prefix** Enter the corresponding Verizon DNIS number (e.g., 17329450231).
 - **Total Len** Enter the total number of digits after the digit conversion (e.g., 11).

chai	nge public-unk		ring 5 ext-digi		
				Total	
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	CPN	
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len	
					Total Administered: 46
5	12001	1	17329450231	11	Maximum Entries: 240
5	14006	1	17329450236	11	
5	14007	1	17329450237	11	Note: If an entry applies to
5	14008	1	17329450238	11	a SIP connection to Avaya
5	50	1	173294	11	Aura(R) Session Manager, the resulting number must be a complete E.164 number.

5.10. Private Numbering

In the reference configuration, the private-numbering form, (used in conjunction with the **Numbering Format: private** setting in **Section 5.8.2.2**), is used to send Communication Manager local extension numbers to Session Manager, for inclusion in any SIP headers directed to SIP endpoints and Messaging.

Step 1 - Add all Communication Manager local extension patterns (for the local trunk).

- Ext Len Enter the total number of digits in the local extension range (e.g., 5).
- Ext Code Enter the Communication Manager extension patterns defined in the Dial Plan in Section 5.3 (e.g., 5, 14 and 20).
- **Trk Grp(s)** Enter the number of the Local trunk group (e.g., 3).
- Total Len Enter the total number of digits after the digit conversion (e.g., 5).

change private-nu	Page	1 of	2			
Ext Ext Len Code 5 1 5 5 5 14 5 20	Trk Grp(s) 11 3 3 3	Private Prefix	Total Len 5 Total Ad 5 Maxim 5	minister um Entri		

5.11. Route Patterns

Route Patterns are used to direct outbound calls via the public or local CPE SIP trunks.

5.11.1 Route Pattern for National Calls to Verizon

This form defines the public SIP trunk, based on the route-pattern selected by the ARS table later in **Section 5.12**. The routing defined in this section is simply an example and not intended to be prescriptive. Other routing policies may be appropriate for different customer networks. In the reference configuration, route pattern 1 is used for national calls, route pattern 2 is used for international calls, and route pattern 4 is used for service calls.

- **Step 1** Enter the **change route-pattern 1** command to configure a route pattern for national calls and enter the following parameters:
 - In the **Grp No** column, enter **1** for public trunk 1, and the **FRL** column enter **0** (zero).
 - In the **Pfx mrk** column, enter **1** to ensure a 1 + 10 digits are sent to the service provider for FNPA calls.
 - In the **Inserted Digits** column, enter **p** to have Communication Manager insert a plus sign (+) in front of the number dialed to convert it to an E.164 formatted number.

```
change route-pattern 1
                                             Page 1 of
              Pattern Number: 1 Pattern Name: To PSTN SIP Trk
  SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n Used for SIP stations? n
  Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted
                                                  DCS/ IXC
     Mrk Lmt List Del Digits
                                                  QSIG
             Dgts
                                                  Intw
      0 1
1: 1
                                                   n
                                                     user
2:
                                                     user
                                                   n
3:
                                                     user
   0 1 2 M 4 W Request
                                         Dgts Format
1: y y y y y n n
                    rest
                                                     none
```

5.11.2 Route Pattern for International Calls to Verizon

Repeat the steps in **Section 5.11.1** to add a route pattern for international calls with the following changes:

Step 1 - Enter the **change route-pattern 2** command and enter the following parameters:

- In the **Grp No** column, enter **1** for public trunk 1, and the **FRL** column enter **0** (zero).
- In the **Pfx mrk** column, leave blank (default).
- In the **No. Del Digits** column, enter **3** to have Communication Manager remove the international 011 prefix from the number.
- In the **Inserted Digits** column, enter **p** to have Communication Manager insert a plus sign (+) in front of the number dialed to convert it to an E.164 formatted number.

```
1 of
change route-pattern 2
                                           Page
             Pattern Number: 2 Pattern Name: 011 to E.164
  SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n Used for SIP stations? n
                                                DCS/ IXC
  Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted
     Mrk Lmt List Del Digits
                                                QSIG
  No
                                                Intw
                  Dats
                    3 p
                                                 n user
2:
                                                 n user
3:
   0 1 2 M 4 W Request
                             Dgts Format
1: y y y y y n n
                    rest.
                                                   none
```

5.11.3 Route Pattern for Service Calls to Verizon

Repeat the steps in **Section 5.11.1** to add a route pattern for x11 and other service numbers that do not require a leading plus sign:

Step 1 - Enter the **change route-pattern 4** command and enter the following parameters:

- In the **Grp No** column, enter **1** for public trunk 1, and the **FRL** column enter **0** (zero).
- In the **Pfx mrk** column, leave blank (default).
- In the **Inserted Digits** column, leave blank (default).

```
change route-pattern 4
                                             Page 1 of
             Pattern Number: 4 Pattern Name: Service Numbers
  SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n Used for SIP stations? n
                                                  DCS/ IXC
  Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted
  No Mrk Lmt List Del Digits
                                                  QSIG
                    Dats
                                                  Intw
1: 1
      O
                                                   n
                                                     user
2:
                                                   n
                                                      user
3:
                                                     user
   0 1 2 M 4 W Request
                                          Dgts Format
               rest
1: yyyyyn n
                                                     none
```

5.11.4 Route Pattern for Calls within the CPE

This form defines the Route pattern for the local SIP trunk, based on the route-pattern selected by the AAR table in **Section 5.13** (e.g., calls to Avaya SIP telephone extensions or Messaging).

Step 1 - Repeat the steps in **Section 5.11.1** with the following changes:

- In the **Grp No** column enter **3** for SIP trunk 3 (local trunk).
- In the **FRL** column enter **0** (zero).
- In the **Pfx mrk** column, leave blank (default).
- In the **Inserted Digits** column, leave blank (default).
- In the Numbering Format column, across from line 1: enter lev0-pvt.

```
change route-pattern 3
                                              Page 1 of
           Pattern Number: 3 Pattern Name: ToSM Enterprise
  SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n Used for SIP stations? y
  Primary SM: SM Secondary SM:
  Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted
                                                    DCS/ IXC
  No Mrk Lmt List Del Digits
                                                    QSIG
                    Dgts
                                                    Tn+w
1: 3
                                                    n user
2:
                                                    n
                                                       user
                                                       user
   0 1 2 M 4 W Request
                                           Dgts Format
1: y y y y y n n
                                              lev0-pvt none
                     rest
```

5.12. Automatic Route Selection (ARS) Dialing

The ARS table is selected based on the caller dialing the ARS access code (e.g., 9) as defined in **Section 0**. The access code is removed and the ARS table matches the remaining outbound dialed digits and sends them to the designated route-pattern (see **Section 5.11**).

Step 1 - Enter the **change ars analysis 1720** command and enter the following:

- In the **Dialed String** column enter a matching dial pattern (e.g., **1720**). Note that the best match will route first, that is 1720555xxxx will be selected before 17xxxxxxxxx.
- In the **Min** and **Max** columns enter the corresponding digit lengths, (e.g., **11** and **11**).
- In the Route Pattern column select a route-pattern to be used for these calls (e.g., 1).
- In the **Call Type** column enter **fnpa** (selections other than **fnpa** may be appropriate, based on the digits defined here).

Step 2 - Repeat **Step 1** for all other outbound call strings.

change ars analysis 1720	Δ	RS DI	GIT ANALY	SIS TABI	LE.	Page 1 of 2
	1.		Location:	Percent Full: 1		
Dialed	Tot	al	Route	Call	Node	ANI
String	Min	Max	Pattern	Type	Num	Reqd
1720	11	11	1	fnpa		n
18	11	11	1	fnpa		n
19	11	11	1	fnpa		n
1900	11	11	deny	fnpa		n
1900555	11	11	deny	fnpa		n
1xxx976	11	11	deny	fnpa		n
311	3	3	4	svcl		n
011	10	18	2	intl		n
411	3	3	4	svcl		n
5	10	10	1	fnpa		n

5.13. Automatic Alternate Routing (AAR) Dialing

AAR is used for outbound calls within the CPE.

Step 1 - Enter the **change aar analysis 0** command and enter the following:

- **Dialed String** In the reference configuration all SIP telephones used extensions in the range 50xxx, therefore enter **50**.
- Min & Max Enter 5.
- **Route Pattern** Enter 3.
- Call Type Enter lev0.

Step 2 - Repeat Step 1 and create an entry for Messaging access extension (not shown).

change aar analysis 0					Page 1 of	2
	AAR DI	GIT ANALY Location:	Percent Full: 1			
Dialed String 50	Total Min Max 5 5	Route Pattern 3	Call Type lev0	Node Num	ANI Reqd n	

5.14. Avaya G430 Media Gateway Provisioning

In the reference configuration, an Avaya G430 Media Gateway is provisioned. The G430 is used for local DSP resources, announcements, Music On Hold, etc.

Note – Only the Media Gateway provisioning associated with the G430 registration to Communication Manager is shown below. For additional information for the provisioning of the Medias Gateway see Error! Reference source not found..

- **Step 1** Use SSH to connect to the G430 (not shown). Note that the Media Gateway prompt will contain "???" if the Media Gateway is not registered to Communication Manager (e.g., G430-???(super)#).
- **Step 2** Enter the **show system** command and copy down the G430 serial number.
- **Step 3** Enter the **set mgc list x.x.x.x** command where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the Communication Manager Procr (e.g., **10.64.91.75**, see **Section 5.5**).
- **Step 4** Enter the **copy run start** command to save the G430 configuration.
- **Step 5** From Communication Manager SAT, enter **add media-gateway x** where x is an available Media Gateway identifier (e.g., 1).

Step 6 – On the Media Gateway form (not shown), enter the following parameters:

- Set Type = $\mathbf{g430}$.
- Set Name = a descriptive name (e.g., G430-1).
- Set Serial Number = enter the serial number copied from Step 2.
- Set the **Link Encryption Type** parameter as desired (**any-ptls/tls** was used in the reference configuration).
- Set Network Region = 1.

Wait a few minutes for the G430 to register to Communication Manager. When the Media Gateway registers, the G430 SSH connection prompt will change to reflect the Media Gateway Identifier assigned in **Step 5** (e.g., *G430-001(super)#*).

Step 7 - Enter the **display media-gateway 1** command and verify that the G430 has registered.

```
Page 1 of
display media-gateway 1
                        MEDIA GATEWAY 1
                 Type: g430
                Name: G430-1
           Serial No: 11IS31439520
   Network Region: 1
                                      Location: 1
       Use for IP Sync? n
                                      Site Data:
         Recovery Rule: none
           Registered? y
  FW Version/HW Vintage: 41 .24 .0 /1
      MGP IPV4 Address: 10.64.91.91
      MGP IPV6 Address:
  Controller IP Address: 10.64.91.75
          MAC Address: 00:1b:4f:53:37:69
  Mutual Authentication? optional
```

5.15. Avaya Aura® Media Server Provisioning

In the reference configuration, an Avaya Aura® Media Server is provisioned. The Media Server is used, along with the G430 Media Gateway, for local DSP resources, announcements, and Music On Hold.

Note – Only the Media Server provisioning associated with Communication Manager is shown below. See Error! Reference source not found. and Error! Reference source not found. for additional information.

- **Step 1** Access the Media Server Element Manager web interface by typing "https://x.x.x.x8443" (where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the Media Server) (not shown).
- Step 2 On the Media Server Element Manager, navigate to Home → System Configuration → Signaling Protocols → SIP → Node and Routes and add the Communication Manager Procr interface IP address (e.g., 10.64.91.75, see Section 5.4) as a trusted node (not shown).
- **Step 3** On Communication Manager, enter the **add signaling-group x** command where x is an unused signaling group (e.g., **80**), and provision the following:
 - **Group Type** Set to **sip**.
 - **Transport Method** Set to **tls**
 - Verify that **Peer Detection Enabled?** Set to **n**.
 - Peer Server to AMS.
 - Near-end Node Name Set to the node name of the procr noted in Section 5.4.
 - Far-end Node Name Set to the node name of Media Server as administered in Section 5.4 (e.g., AMS801).
 - Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port The default ports 9061 and 5061 are used. These ports may be changed to other values if desired.
 - Far-end Network Region Set the IP network region to 1, as set in Section 5.7.1.
 - Far-end Domain Automatically populated with the IP address of the Media Server.

```
add signaling-group 80

SIGNALING GROUP

Group Number: 80

Group Type: sip
Transport Method: tls

Peer Detection Enabled? n Peer Server: AMS

Near-end Node Name: procr
Near-end Listen Port: 9061

Far-end Listen Port: 5061
Far-end Network Region: 1

Far-end Domain: 10.64.91.86
```

- **Step 4** On Communication Manager, enter the **add media-server x** command where x is an available Media Server identifier (e.g., 1). Enter the following parameters:
 - **Signaling Group** Enter the signaling group previously configured for Media Server (e.g., **80**).
 - **Voip Channel License Limit** Enter the number of VoIP channels for this Media Server (based on licensing) (e.g., **300**).
 - **Dedicated Voip Channel Licenses** Enter the number of VoIP channels licensed to this Media Server (e.g., **300**).
 - Remaining fields are automatically populated based on the signaling group provisioning for the Media Server.

```
add media-server 1

MEDIA SERVER

Media Server ID: 1

Signaling Group: 80

Voip Channel License Limit: 300
Dedicated Voip Channel Licenses: 300

Node Name: AMS801
Network Region: 1
Location: 1
Announcement Storage Area: ANNC-be99adla-1f39-41e5-ba04-000c29f8f3f3
```

5.16. Save Translations

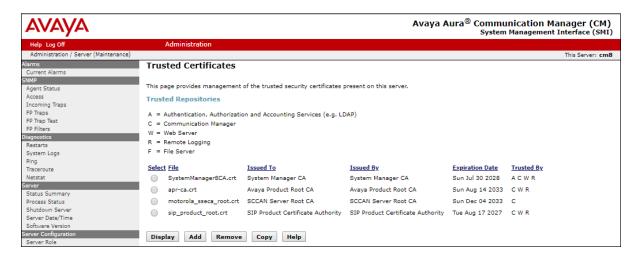
After the Communication Manager provisioning is completed, enter the command **save translation**.

5.17. Verify TLS Certificates – Communication Manager

Note – Testing was done with System Manager signed identity certificates. The procedure to create and obtain these certificates is outside the scope of these Application Notes.

In the reference configuration, TLS transport is used for the communication between Session Manager and Communication Manager. Follow the steps below to verify the certificates used by Communication Manager.

- **Step 1 From** a web browser, type in "https://<ip-address>", where "<ip-address>" is the IP address or FQDN of Communication Manager. Follow the prompted steps to enter appropriate **Logon ID** and **Password** credentials to log in (not shown).
- Step 2 Click on Administration at the top of the page and select Server (Maintenance) (not shown). Click on Security → Trusted Certificates and verify the System Manager CA certificate is present in the Communication Manager trusted repository.



Step 3 - Click on **Security** → **Server/Application Certificates** and verify a certificate signed by the System Manager CA is present in the Communication Manager certificate repository.



6. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

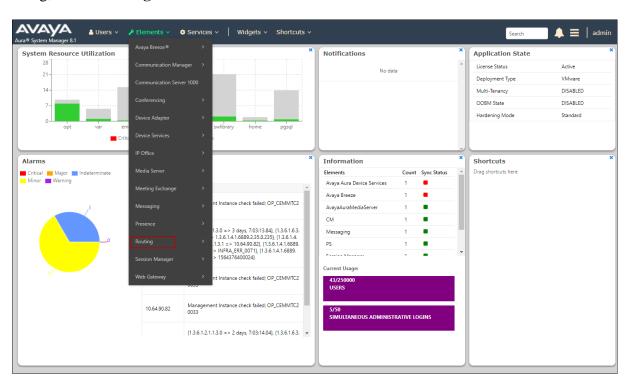
This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager to process inbound and outbound calls between Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE. In the reference configuration, all Session Manager provisioning is performed via System Manager.

- Define a SIP Domain.
- Define Locations containing the Customer Premises Equipment (CPE).
- Configure the Adaptation Modules that will be associated with the SIP Entities for Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE.
- Define SIP Entities corresponding to Session Manager, Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE.
- Define Entity Links describing the SIP trunks between Session Manager and Communication Manager, as well as the SIP trunks between the Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE.
- Define Routing Policies associated with the Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE
- Define Dial Patterns, which govern which Routing Policy will be selected for inbound and outbound call routing.
- Verify TLS Certificates.

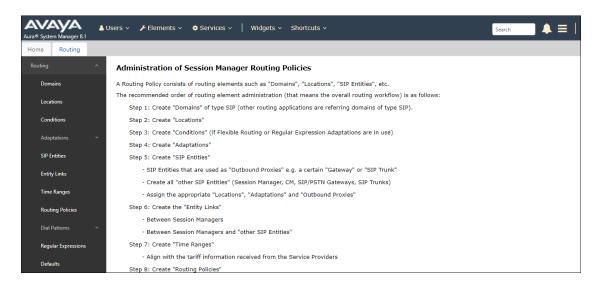
Note – These Application Notes assume that basic System Manager and Session Manager administration has already been performed. Consult [1]- [4] in the Additional References section for further details.

6.1. System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL "https://<ip-address>/SMGR", where "<ip-address>" is the IP address of System Manager. Log in with the appropriate credentials and click on **Log On** (not shown). Once logged in, the **Home** screen is displayed. From the **Home** screen, under the **Elements** heading, select **Routing**.



The navigation tree displayed in the left pane below will be referenced in subsequent sections to navigate to items requiring configuration. Most items discussed in this section will be located under the **Routing** element shown below.



6.2. SIP Domain

- **Step 1 -** Select **Domains** from the left navigation menu. In the reference configuration, domain **avayalab.com** was defined.
- Step 2 Click New. Enter the following values and use default values for remaining fields.
 - Name: Enter the enterprise SIP Domain Name. In the sample screen below, avayalab.com is shown.
 - **Type:** Verify **sip** is selected.
 - Notes: Add a brief description.
- **Step 3** Click **Commit** (not shown) to save.



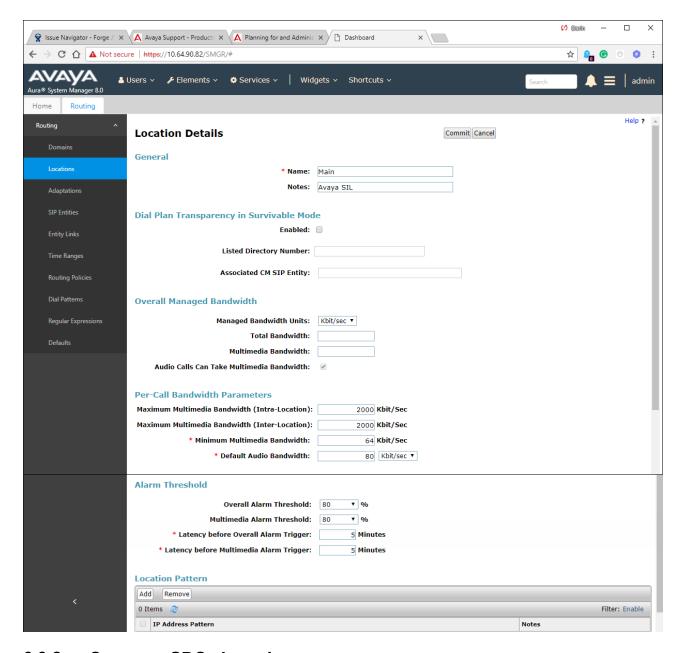
6.3. Locations

Locations are used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside. In the reference configuration, three Locations are specified:

- Main The customer site containing System Manager, Session Manager, Communication Manager and local SIP endpoints.
- **Common-SBCs** Avaya SBCE.

6.3.1 Main Location

- **Step 1** Select **Locations** from the left navigational menu. Click **New** (not shown). In the **General** section, enter the following values and use default values for remaining fields.
 - Name: Enter a descriptive name for the Location (e.g., Main).
 - **Notes:** Add a brief description.
- Step 2 In the Location Pattern section, click Add and enter the following values (not shown).
 - **IP Address Pattern:** Leave blank.
 - **Notes:** Add a brief description.
- **Step 3** Click **Commit** to save.



6.3.2 Common-SBCs Location

To configure the Avaya SBCE Location, repeat the steps in **Section 6.3.1** with the following changes (not shown):

• Name – Enter a descriptive name (e.g., Common-SBCs).

6.4. Configure Adaptations

Session Manager can be configured to use Adaptation Modules to convert SIP headers sent to/from Verizon. In the reference configuration the following Adaptations were used:

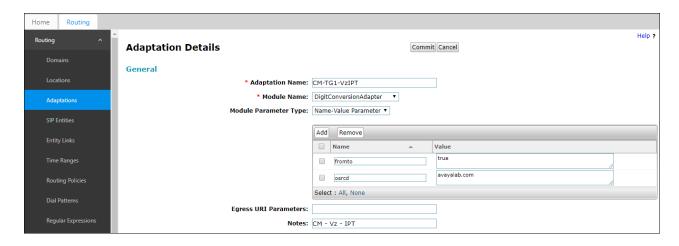
- Calls from Verizon (**Section 6.4.1**) Modification of SIP messages sent to Communication Manager extensions.
 - The Verizon DNIS number digit string in the Request URI is replaced with the associated Communication Manager extensions/VDN.
- Calls to Verizon (**Section 6.4.2**) Modification of SIP messages sent by Communication Manager extensions.
 - The History-Info header is converted to a Diversion header automatically by the **VerizonAdapter**.
 - Avaya SIP headers not required by Verizon are removed (see **Section 2.4**).

6.4.1 Adaptation for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

The Adaptation administered in this section is used for modification of SIP messages to Communication Manager extensions from Verizon.

- **Step 1** In the **left** pane under **Routing**, click on **Adaptations**. In the **Adaptations** page, click on **New** (not shown).
- **Step 2** In the **Adaptation Details** page, enter:
 - 1. A descriptive Name, (e.g., CM-TG1-VzIPT).
 - 2. Select **DigitConversionAdapter** from the **Module Name** drop down.
 - 3. Select Name-Value Parameter from the Module Parameter Type drop down:
 - Name: "fromto" Value: "true"
 - This adapts the From and To headers along with the Request-Line and PAI headers.
 - Name: "osrcd" Value: "avayalab.com"
 - This enables the source domain to be overwritten with the enterprise domain "avayalab.com". For example, for inbound PSTN calls from Verizon to Communication Manager, the PAI header will contain "avayalab.com".

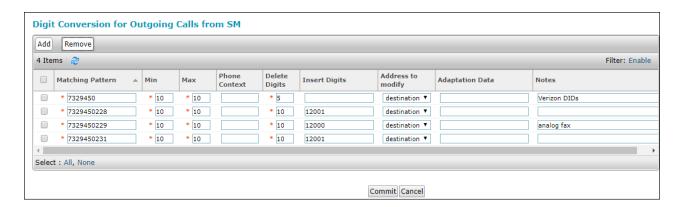
Note – Depending on the Communication Manager configuration, it may not be necessary for Session Manager to adapt the domain in this fashion.



- **Step 3** Scroll down to the **Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM** section (the *inbound* digits from Verizon that need to be replaced with their associated Communication Manager extensions before being sent to Communication Manager).
 - 1. **Example 1 destination extension**: 7329450231 is a DNIS string sent in the Request URI by the Verizon Business IP Trunking service that is associated with Communication Manager extension 12001.
 - Enter **7329450231** in the **Matching Pattern** column.
 - Enter **10** in the **Min/Max** columns.
 - Enter **10** in the **Delete Digits** column.
 - Enter **12001** in the **Insert Digits** column.
 - Specify that this should be applied to the SIP destination headers in the Address to modify column.
 - Enter any desired notes.
- **Step 4 Repeat Step 3** for all additional Verizon DNIS numbers/Communication Manager extensions.
- Step 5 Click on Commit.

Note – No **Digit Conversion for Incoming Calls to SM** were required in the reference configuration.

Note – In the reference configuration, the Verizon Business IP Trunking service delivered 10-digit DNIS numbers.

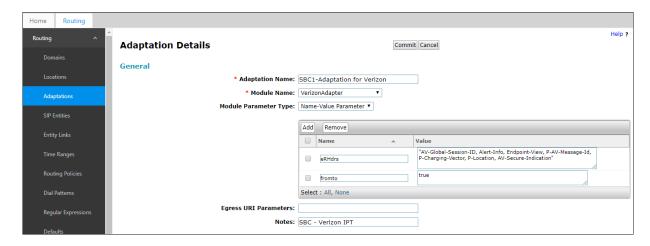


6.4.2 Adaptation for the Verizon Business IP Trunking service

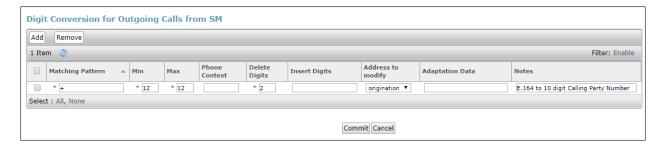
The Adaptation administered in this section is used for modification of SIP messages from Communication Manager to Verizon. Repeat the steps in **Section 6.4.1** with the following changes.

Step 1 - In the **Adaptation Details** page, enter:

- 1. A descriptive Name, (e.g., SBC1-Adaptation for Verizon).
- 2. Select **VerizonAdapter** from the **Module Name** drop down menu. The VerizonAdapter will automatically remove History-Info headers, (which the Verizon Business IP Trunking service does not support), sent by Communication Manager (see **Section 5.8.1**) and replace them with Diversion headers.
- Step 2 In the Module Parameter Type: field select Name-Value Parameter from the menu.
- **Step 3** In the **Name-Value Parameter** table, enter the following:
 - 1. Name Enter eRHdrs
 - Value Enter the following Avaya headers to be removed by Session Manager.
 "AV-Global-Session-ID, Alert-Info, Endpoint-View, P-AV-Message-Id,
 P-Charging-Vector, P-Location, AV-Correlation-ID, Av-Secure-Indication"



- **Step 3** Scroll down to the **Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM** section (the outbound digits to Verizon that need to be converted to 10-digit numbers).
 - 1. As described in **Section 2.2**, **Item 3**, the E.164 formatted numbers sent by Communication Manager's public-unknown numbering table (**Section 5.9**) on the outbound origination headers, need to be converted to 10 digit numbers expected by Verizon.
 - Enter + in the **Matching Pattern** column.
 - Enter 12 in the Min/Max columns.
 - Enter 2 in the **Delete Digits** column.
 - Specify that this should be applied to the SIP origination headers in the Address to modify column.
 - Enter any desired notes



6.5. SIP Entities

In this section, SIP Entities are administered for the following SIP network elements:

- Session Manager (**Section 6.5.1**).
- Communication Manager for Verizon trunk access (Section 6.5.2) This entity, and its associated Entity Link (using TLS with port 5081), is for calls to/from Verizon and Communication Manager via the Avaya SBCE.
- Communication Manager for local trunk access (**Section 6.5.3**) This entity, and its associated Entity Link (using TLS with port 5061), is primarily for traffic between Avaya SIP telephones and Communication Manager, as well as calls to Messaging.
- Avaya SBCE (**Section 6.5.4**) This entity, and its associated Entity Link (using TLS and port 5061), is for calls to/from the Verizon Business IP Trunking service via the Avaya SBCE.

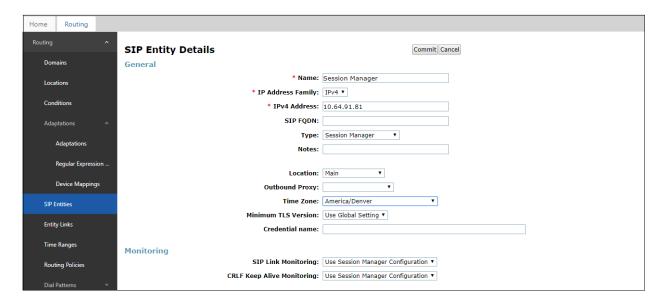
Note – In the reference configuration, TLS is used as the transport protocol between Session Manager and Communication Manager (ports 5061 and 5081), and to the Avaya SBCE (port 5061). The connection between the Avaya SBCE and the Verizon Business IP Trunking service uses UDP ports 5060 and 5071 per Verizon requirements.

6.5.1 Avaya Aura® Session Manager SIP Entity

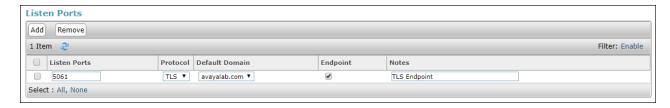
- **Step 1-** In the left pane under **Routing**, click on **SIP Entities**. In the **SIP Entities** page click on **New** (not shown).
- **Step 2** In the **General** section of the **SIP Entity Details** page, provision the following:
 - Name Enter a descriptive name (e.g., Session Manager).

Note – the **IP Address Family** in the SIP Entity form only needs to be specified if both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses have been enabled in Session Manager. If only IPv4 is enabled, the **IP Address Family** field is not present, and the **IPv4 Address** field is renamed as **IP Address**.

- IP Address Family Select IPv4.
- **IPv4 Address** Enter the IP address of Session Manager signaling interface, (*not* the management interface), provisioned during installation (e.g., **10.64.91.81**).
- **Type** Verify **Session Manager** is selected.
- **Location** Select location **Main** (**Section 6.3.1**).
- Outbound Proxy (Optional) Leave blank or select another SIP Entity. For calls to SIP domains for which Session Manager is not authoritative, Session Manager routes those calls to this Outbound Proxy or to another SIP proxy discovered through DNS if Outbound Proxy is not specified.
- **Time Zone** Select the time zone in which Session Manager resides.
- Minimum TLS Version Select the TLS version, or select Use Global Settings to use the default TLS version, configurable at the global level (Elements→Session Manager→Global Settings).
- **Step 3** In the **Monitoring** section of the **SIP Entity Details** page configure as follows:
 - Select Use Session Manager Configuration for SIP Link Monitoring field.
 - Use the default values for the remaining parameters.



- Step 4 Scrolling down to the Listen Port section of the SIP Entity Details page. This section defines a default set of ports that Session Manager will use to listen for SIP requests, typically from registered SIP endpoints. Session Manager can also listen on additional ports defined elsewhere such as the ports specified in the SIP Entity Link definition in Section 6.6. Click on Add and provision entries as follows:
 - **Port** Enter **5061**.
 - Protocol Select TLS.
 - **Default Domain** Select a SIP domain administered in **Section 6.26.2** (e.g., avayalab.com).
- **Step 5** Enter any notes as desired and leave all other fields on the page blank/default.
- Step 6 Click on Commit.

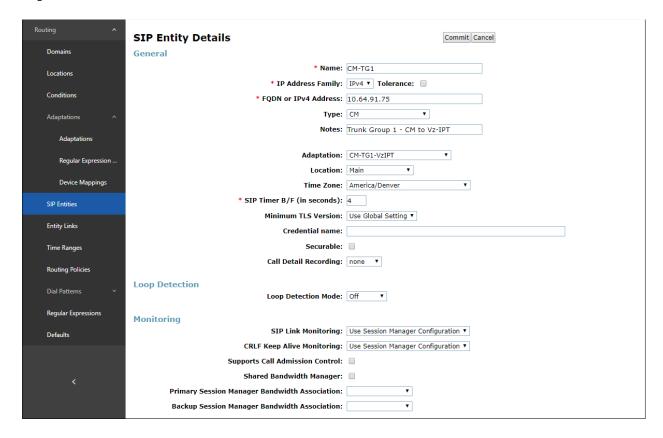


Note – The Entity Links section of the form (not shown) will be automatically populated when the Entity Links are defined in Section 6.6. The SIP Responses to an OPTIONS Request section of the form is not used in the reference configuration.

6.5.2 Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity – Public Trunk

- Step 1 In the SIP Entities page, click on New (not shown).
- Step 2 In the General section of the SIP Entity Details page, provision the following:
 - Name Enter a descriptive name (e.g., CM-TG1).
 - IP Address Family Select IPv4.
 - **FQDN or IPv4 Address** Enter the IP address of Communication Manager Processor Ethernet (procr) described in **Section 5.5** (e.g., **10.64.91.75**).
 - **Type** Select **CM**.
 - Adaptation Select the Adaptation CM-TG1-VzIPT administered in Section 6.4.1
 - Location Select a Location Main administered in Section 6.3.1.
 - **Time Zone** Select the time zone in which Communication Manager resides.
 - In the SIP Link Monitoring section of the SIP Entity Details page select:
 - Select **Use Session Manager Configuration** for **SIP Link Monitoring** field and use the default values for the remaining parameters.

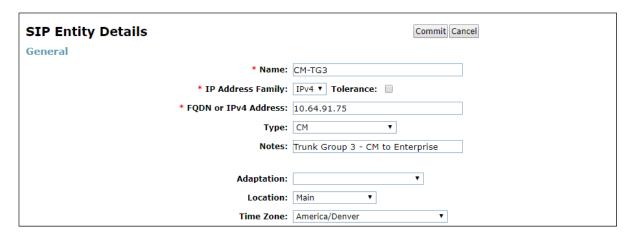
Step 3 - Click on Commit.



6.5.3 Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity – Local Trunk

To configure the Communication Manager Local trunk SIP Entity, repeat the steps in **Section 6.5.2** with the following changes:

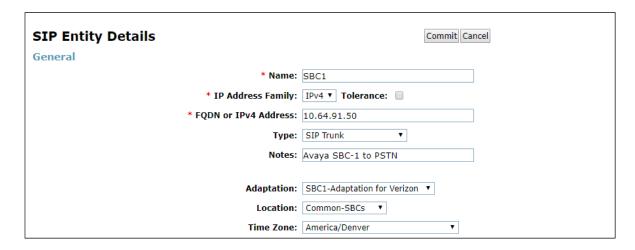
- Name Enter a descriptive name (e.g., CM-TG3).
- **Adaptations** Leave this field blank.



6.5.4 Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

Repeat the steps in **Section 6.5.2** with the following changes:

- Name Enter a descriptive name (e.g., SBC1).
- **FQDN or IPv4 Address** Enter the IP address of the A1 (private) interface of the Avaya SBCE (e.g., **10.64.91.50**, see **Section 7.5**).
- Type Select SIP Trunk.
- Adaptations Select Adaptation SBC1-Adaptation for Verizon (Section 6.4.2).
- Location Select Location Common-SBCs administered in Section 6.3.2.



6.6. Entity Links

In this section, Entity Links are administered for the following connections:

- Session Manager to Communication Manager Public trunk (**Section 6.6.1**).
- Session Manager to Communication Manager Local trunk (Section 6.6.2).
- Session Manager to Avaya SBCE (Section 6.6.3).

Note – Once the Entity Links have been committed, the link information will also appear on the associated SIP Entity pages configured in **Section 6.5**.

Note – See the information in **Section 6.5** regarding the transport protocols and ports used in the reference configuration.

6.6.1 Entity Link to Avaya Aura® Communication Manager – Public Trunk

Step 1 - In the left pane under Routing, click on Entity Links, then click on New (not shown).

Step 2 - Continuing in the **Entity Links** page, provision the following:

- Name Enter a descriptive name for this link to Communication Manager (e.g., SM to CM TG1).
- **SIP Entity 1** Select the SIP Entity administered in **Section 6.5.1** for Session Manager (e.g., **Session Manager**).
- **Protocol** Select **TLS** (see **Section 5.8.1**).
- SIP Entity 1 **Port** Enter **5081**.
- SIP Entity 2 Select the SIP Entity administered in Section 6.5.2 for the Communication Manager public entity (e.g., CM-TG1).
- SIP Entity 2 Port Enter 5081 (see Section 5.8.1).
- Connection Policy Select trusted.
- Leave other fields as default.

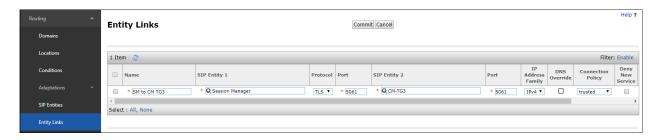
Step 3 - Click on **Commit**.



6.6.2 Entity Link to Avaya Aura® Communication Manager – Local Trunk

To configure this Entity Link, repeat the steps in **Section 6.6.1**, with the following changes:

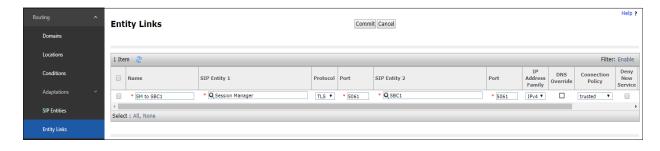
- Name Enter a descriptive name for this link to Communication Manager (e.g., SM to CM TG3).
- SIP Entity 1 **Port** Enter **5061**.
- SIP Entity 2 Select the SIP Entity administered in Section 6.5.3 for the Communication Manager local entity (e.g., CM-TG3).
- SIP Entity 2 **Port** Enter **5061** (see **Section 5.8.12**).



6.6.3 Entity Link for the Verizon Business IP Trunking service via the Avaya SBCE

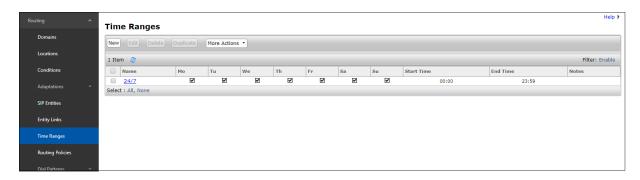
To configure this Entity Link, repeat the steps in **Section 6.6.1**, with the following changes:

- Name Enter a descriptive name for this link to the Avaya SBCE (e.g., SM to SBC1).
- SIP Entity 1 Port Enter 5061.
- **SIP Entity 2** Select the SIP Entity administered in **Section 6.5.4** for the Avaya SBCE entity (e.g., **SBC1**).
- SIP Entity 2 Port Enter 5061.



6.7. Time Ranges

- **Step 1** In the left pane under **Routing**, click on **Time Ranges**. In the **Time Ranges** page click on **New**.
- **Step 2** Continuing in the **Time Ranges** page, enter a descriptive **Name**, check the checkbox(s) for the desired day(s) of the week, and enter the desired **Start Time** and **End Time**.
- **Step 3** Click on **Commit** (not shown). Repeat these steps to provision additional time ranges as required.



6.8. Routing Policies

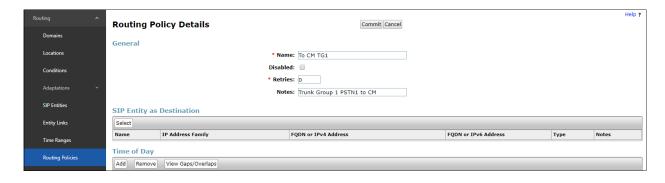
In this section, the following Routing Policies are administered:

- Inbound calls to Communication Manager extensions (Section 6.8.1).
- Outbound calls to Verizon/PSTN (Section 6.8.22).

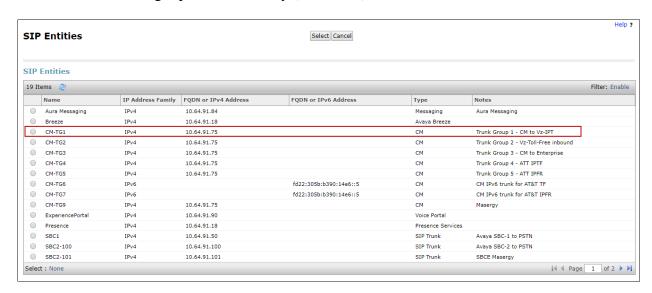
6.8.1 Routing Policy for Verizon Inbound Calls to Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This Routing Policy is used for inbound calls from Verizon.

- **Step 1** In the left pane under **Routing**, click on **Routing Policies**. In the **Routing Policies** page click on **New** (not shown).
- **Step 2** In the **General** section of the **Routing Policy Details** page, enter a descriptive **Name** for routing Verizon calls to Communication Manager (e.g., **To CM TG1**), and ensure that the **Disabled** checkbox is unchecked to activate this Routing Policy.
- **Step 3** In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section of the **Routing Policy Details** page, click on **Select** and the **SIP Entities** list page will open.

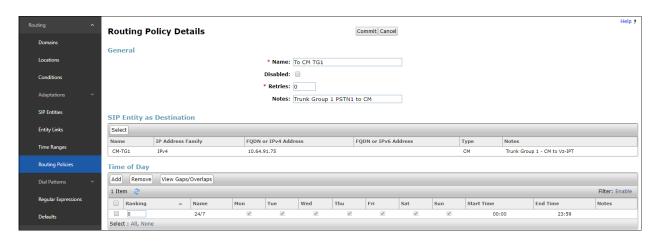


Step 4 - In the **SIP Entities** list page, select the SIP Entity administered in **Section 6.5.2** for the Communication Manager public SIP Entity (**CM-TG1**), and click on **Select**.



- Step 5 Returning to the Routing Policy Details page in the Time of Day section, click on Add.
- **Step 6** In the **Time Range List** page (not shown), check the checkbox(s) corresponding to one or more Time Ranges administered in **Section 6.7**, and click on **Select**.
- **Step 7** Returning to the **Routing Policy Details** page in the **Time of Day** section, enter a **Ranking** of **0**.
- Step 8 No Regular Expressions were used in the reference configuration.
- Step 9 Click on Commit.

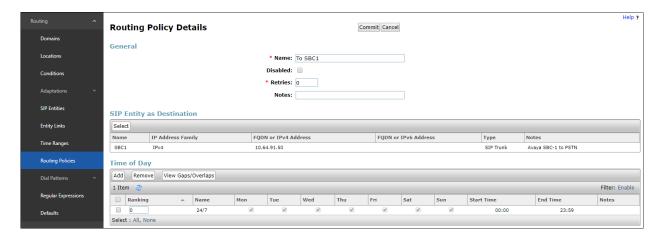
Note – Once the **Dial Patterns** are defined (**Section 6.9**) they will appear in the **Dial Pattern** section of this form.



6.8.2 Routing Policy for Outbound Calls to Verizon

This Routing Policy is used for outbound calls to Verizon. Repeat the steps in **Section 6.8.1** with the following differences:

- Enter a descriptive **Name** for routing calls to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service via the Avaya SBCE (e.g., **To SBC1**).
- In the **SIP Entities** list page, select the SIP Entity administered in **Section 6.5.4** for the Avaya SBCE SIP Entity (e.g., **SBC1**).



6.9. Dial Patterns

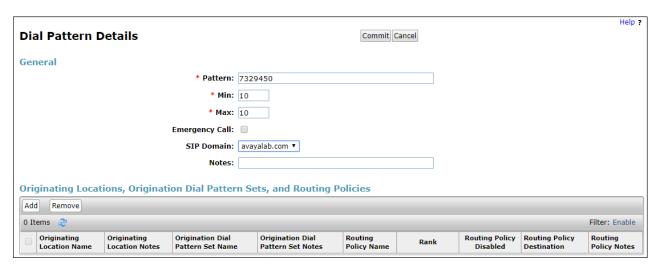
In this section, Dial Patterns are administered matching the following calls:

- Inbound PSTN calls via the Verizon Business IP Trunking service to Communication Manager (Section 6.9.1).
- Outbound calls to Verizon/PSTN (Section 6.9.2).

6.9.1 Matching Inbound PSTN Calls to Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

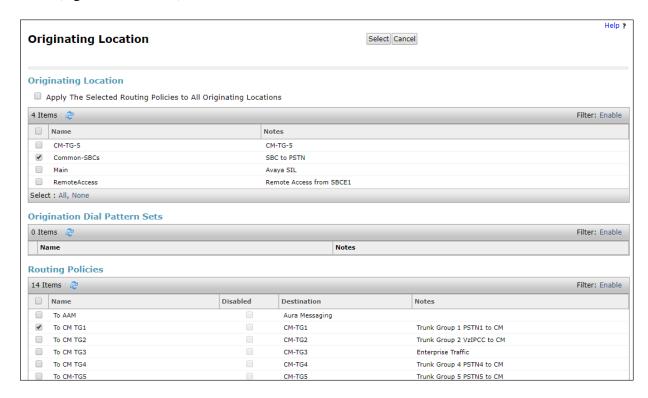
In the reference configuration inbound calls from the Verizon Business IP Trunking service sent 10 DNIS digits in the SIP Request URI. The DNIS pattern must be matched for further call processing.

- **Step 1** In the left pane under **Routing**, click on **Dial Patterns**. In the **Dial Patterns** page click on **New** (not shown).
- Step 2 In the General section of the Dial Pattern Details page, provision the following:
 - **Pattern** Enter **7329450**. Note The Adaptation defined for Communication Manager in **Section 6.4.1** will convert the various 732-945-0xxx numbers into their corresponding Communication Manager extensions.
 - Min and Max Enter 10.
 - **SIP Domain** Select the enterprise SIP domain, e.g., **avayalab.com**.



Step 3 - Scroll down to the Originating Locations, Origination Dial Patterns and Routing Policies section of the Dial Pattern Details page and click on Add.

- **Step 4** In the **Originating Location**, check the checkbox corresponding to the Avaya SBCE location, e.g., **Common-SBCs**.
- **Step 5** In the **Routing Policies** section, check the checkbox corresponding to the Routing Policy administered for routing calls to the Communication Manager public trunk in **Section 6.8.1** (e.g., **To CM TG1**) and click on **Select**.



Step 6 - Returning to the Dial Pattern Details page and click on **Commit**.

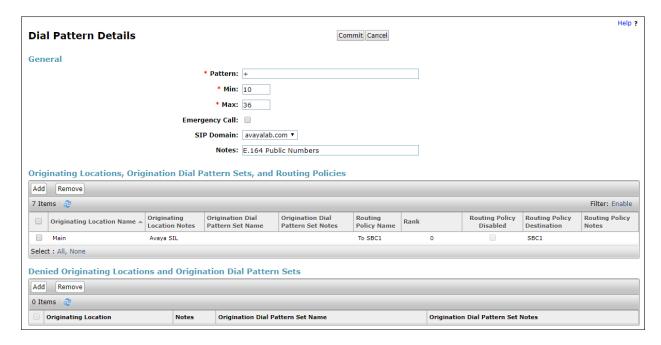
Step 7 - Repeat **Steps 1-6** for any additional inbound dial patterns from Verizon.

6.9.2 Matching Outbound Calls to Verizon/PSTN

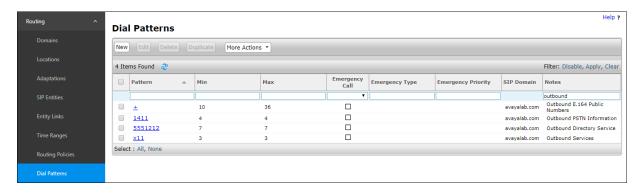
In this section, Dial Patterns are administered for all outbound calls to Verizon/PSTN. In the reference configuration E.164 numbers were used for national and international calls. Non-E.164 numbers were used for service numbers, e.g., x11, 1411, 5551212, etc.

Step 1 - Repeat the steps shown in **Section 6.9.1**, with the following changes:

- In the **General** section of the **Dial Pattern Details** page, enter a dial pattern for routing calls to Verizon/PSTN (e.g., +). This will match any outbound call prefixed with a plus sign (+), such as an E.164 formatted number.
- Enter a **Min** pattern of **10**.
- Enter a **Max** pattern of **36**.
- In the Routing Policies section of the Originating Locations, Origination Dial Patterns and Routing Policies page, check the checkboxes corresponding to the Communication Manager Originating Location (e.g., Main) and the Routing Policy administered for routing calls to Verizon in Section 6.8.2 (e.g., To SBC1).



Step 2 - Repeat **Step 1** to add any additional outbound patterns as required.

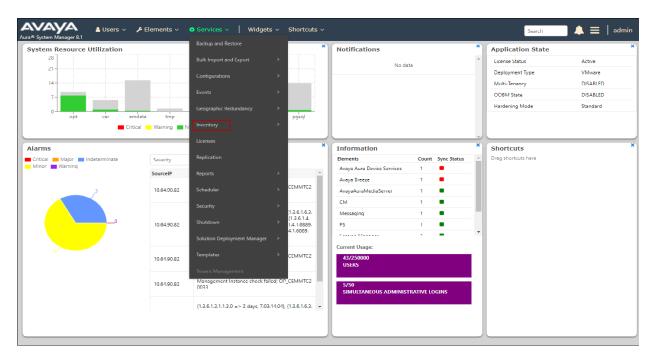


6.10. Verify TLS Certificates - Session Manager

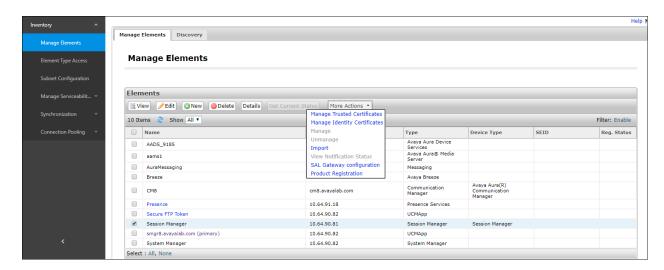
Note – Testing was done with System Manager signed identity certificates. The procedure to obtain and install certificates is outside the scope of these Application Notes.

The following procedures show how to verify the certificates used by Session Manager.

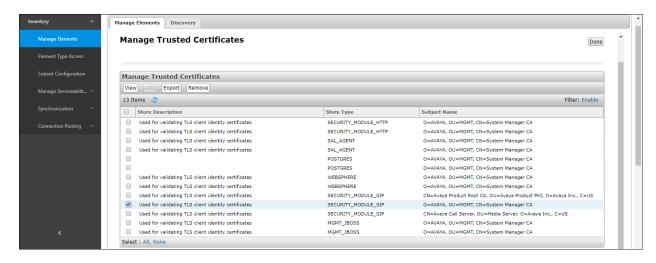
Step 1 - From the **Home** screen, under the **Services** heading, select **Inventory**.



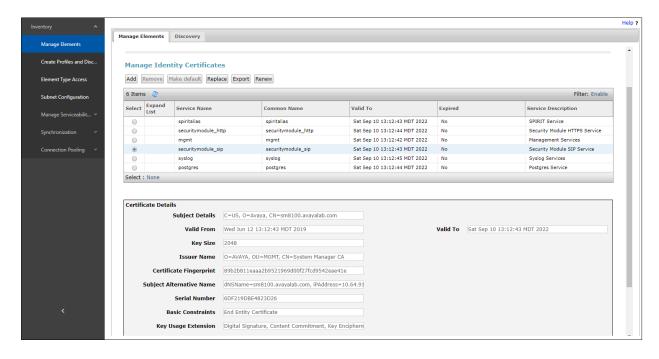
Step 2 - In the left pane under Inventory, click on Manage Elements and select the Session Manager element, e.g., Session Manager. Click on More Actions → Manage Trusted Certificates.



Step 3 - Verify the **System** Manager Certificate Authority certificate is listed in the trusted store, **SECURITY_MODULE_SIP**. Click **Done** to return to the previous screen.



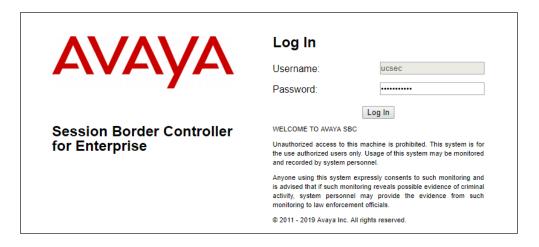
- Step 4 With Session Manager selected, click on More Actions → Manage Identity Certificates (not shown).
- Step 5 Verify the Security Module SIP service has a valid identity certificate signed by System Manager. If the Subject Details and Subject Alternative Name fields of the System Manager signed certificate need to be updated, click Replace, otherwise click Done (not shown).



7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

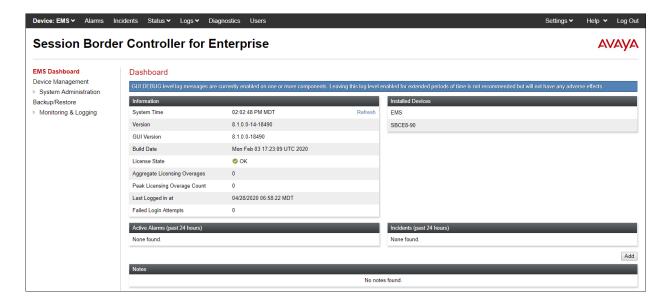
This section covers the configuration of the Avaya SBCE. It is assumed that the initial provisioning of the Avaya SBCE, including the assignment of the management interface IP Address and license installation have already been completed; hence these tasks are not covered in these Application Notes. For more information on the installation and provisioning of the Avaya SBCE consult the Avaya SBCE documentation in the **Additional References** section.

Use a WEB browser to access the Element Management Server (EMS) web interface, and enter https://ipaddress/sbc in the address field of the web browser, where *ipaddress* is the management LAN IP address of the Avaya SBCE. Log in using the appropriate credentials.



The EMS Dashboard page of the Avaya SBCE will appear. Note that the installed software version is displayed. Verify that the **License State** is **OK**. The SBCE will only operate for a short time without a valid license. Contact your Avaya representative to obtain a license.

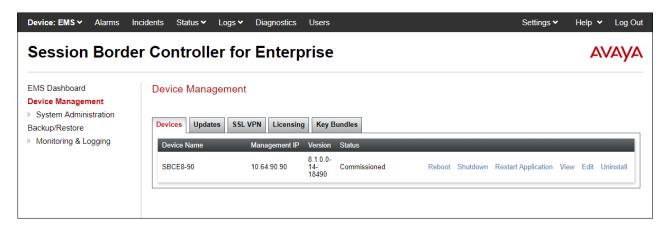
Note – The provisioning described in the following sections use the menu options listed in the left-hand column shown below.



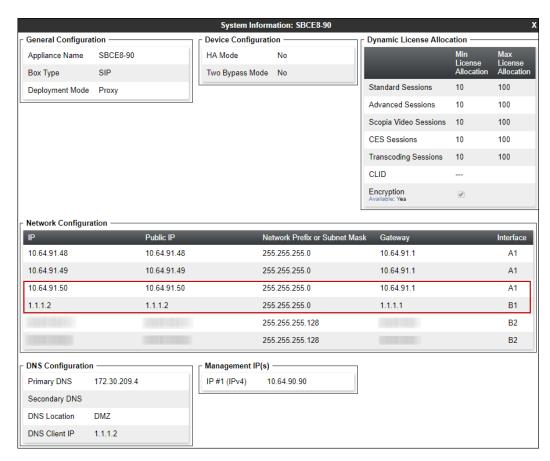
7.1. Device Management – Status

Select **Device Management** on the left-hand menu. A list of installed devices is shown on the **Devices** tab on the right pane. In the case of the sample configuration, a single device named **SBCE8-90** is shown. Verify that the **Status** column shows **Commissioned**. If not, contact your Avaya representative. To view the configuration of this device, click **View** on the screen below.

Note – Certain Avaya SBCE configuration changes require that the underlying application be restarted. To do so, click on **Restart Application** shown below.



The **System Information** screen shows the **Network Configuration**, **DNS Configuration** and **Management IP(s)** information provided during installation, corresponding to **Figure 1**. In the shared test environment, the highlighted **A1** and **B1** IP addresses are the ones relevant to the configuration of the SIP trunk to Verizon. Other IP addresses assigned to interfaces **A1** and **B2** on the screen below are used to support remote workers and are not the focus of these Application Notes. Note that the **Management IP** must be on a separate subnet from the IP interfaces designated for SIP traffic.



7.2. TLS Management

Note – Testing was done with System Manager signed identity certificates. The procedure to create and obtain these certificates is outside the scope of these Application Notes.

In the reference configuration, TLS transport is used for the communication between Session Manager and Avaya SBCE. The following procedures show how to create the client and server profiles to support the TLS connection.

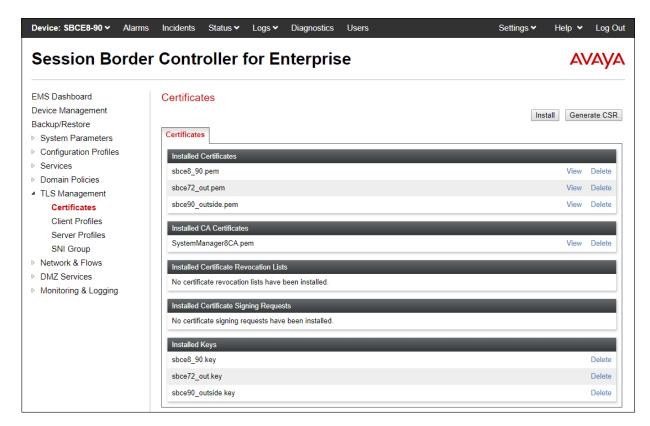
7.2.1 Verify TLS Certificates – Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

To access the SBCE configuration menus, select the SBCE device from the top navigation menu.



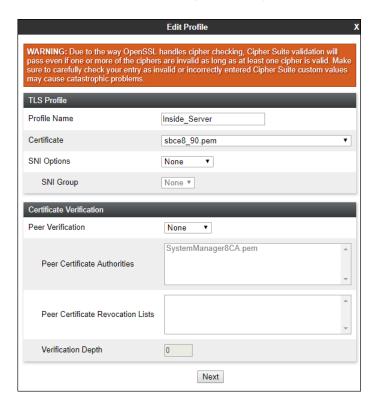
Step 1 - Select **TLS Management** → **Certificates** from the left-hand menu. Verify the following:

- System Manager CA certificate is present in the **Installed CA Certificates** area.
- System Manager CA signed identity certificate is present in the **Installed Certificates** area.
- Private key associated with the identity certificate is present in the **Installed Keys** area.

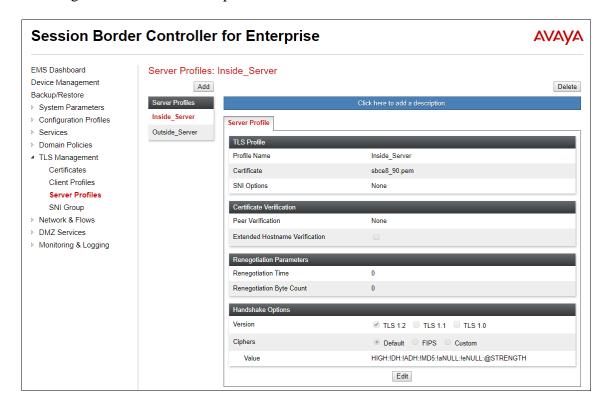


7.2.2 Server Profiles

- **Step 1** Select **TLS Management** → **Server Profiles** and click on **Add**. Enter the following:
 - **Profile Name:** enter descriptive name.
 - Certificate: select the identity certificate, e.g., sbce8_90.pem, from pull down menu.
 - Peer Verification = None.
 - Click Next.
- Step 2 Accept default values for the next screen (not shown) and click Finish.

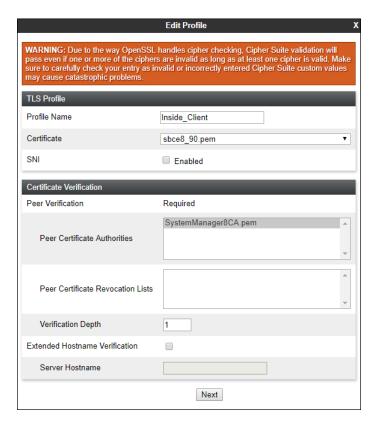


The following screen shows the completed TLS **Server Profile** form:

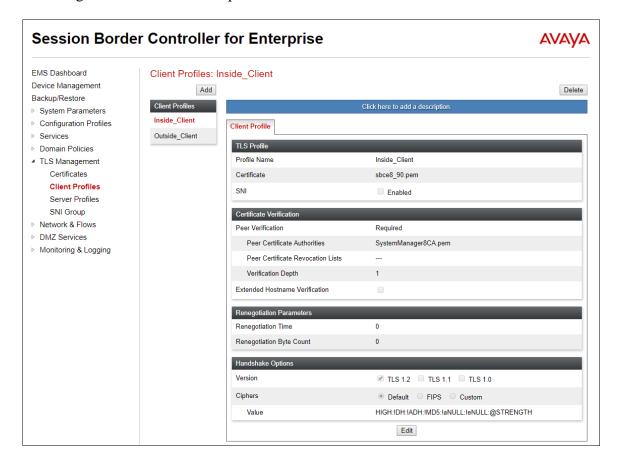


7.2.3 Client Profiles

- **Step 1** Select **TLS Management** → **Client Profiles** and click on **Add**. Enter the following:
 - **Profile Name:** enter descriptive name.
 - Certificate: select the identity certificate, e.g., sbce8_90.pem, from pull down menu.
 - Peer Verification = Required.
 - **Peer Certificate Authorities:** select the CA certificate used to verify the certificate received from Session Manager, e.g., **SystemManager8CA.pem**.
 - Verification Depth: enter 1.
 - Click Next.
- **Step 2** Accept default values for the next screen (not shown) and click **Finish**.



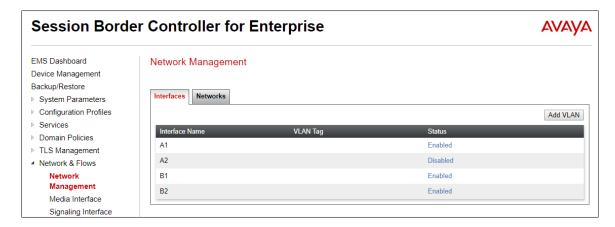
The following screen shows the completed TLS Client Profile form:



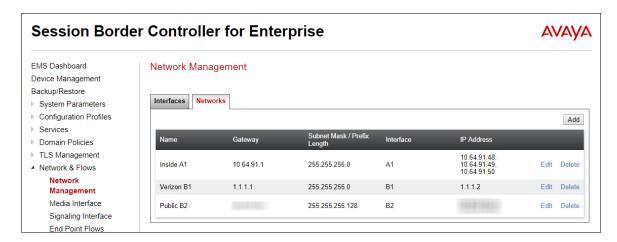
7.3. Network Management

The Network Management screen is where the network interface settings are configured and enabled. During the installation process of Avaya SBCE, certain network-specific information is defined such as device IP address(es), public IP address(es), netmask, gateway, etc., to interface the device to the network. It is this information that populates the various Network Management tab displays, which can be edited as needed to optimize device performance and network efficiency.

- Step 1 Select Networks & Flows → Network Management from the menu on the left-hand side.
- **Step 2** The **Interfaces** tab displays the enabled/disabled interfaces. In the reference configuration, interfaces A1 and B1 are used.



- **Step 3** Select the **Networks** tab to display the IP provisioning for the A1 and B1 interfaces. These values are normally specified during installation. These can be modified by selecting **Edit**; however, some of these values may not be changed if associated provisioning is in use.
 - A1: 10.64.91.50 "Inside" IP address, toward Session Manager.
 - **B1: 1.1.1.2** "Outside" IP address toward the Verizon SIP trunk. This address is known to Verizon.

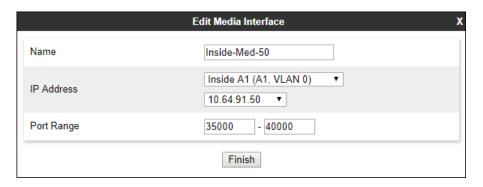


7.4. Media Interfaces

Media Interfaces are created to specify the IP address and port range in which the Avaya SBCE will accept media streams on each interface. Packets leaving the interfaces of the Avaya SBCE will advertise this IP address, and one of the ports in this range as the listening IP address and port in which the SBCE will accept media from the connected server. Create a SIP Media Interface for both the inside and outside IP interfaces.

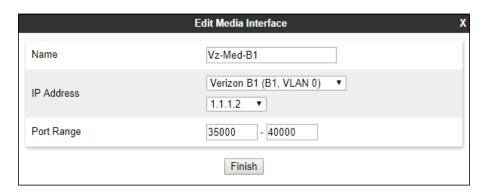
- **Step 1** Select **Network & Flows** → **Media Interface** from the menu on the left-hand side.
- **Step 2** Select **Add** (not shown). The **Add Media Interface** window will open. Enter the following:
 - Name: Enter an appropriate name (e.g., Inside-Med-50).
 - IP Address: Select Inside-A1 (A1,VLAN0) and 10.64.91.50 from the drop-down menus.
 - Port Range: 35000 40000.

Step 3 - Click Finish.



- **Step 4** Select **Add** (not shown). The **Add Media Interface** window will open. Enter the following:
 - Name: Enter an appropriate name (e.g., Vz-Med-B1).
 - IP Address: Select Verizon-B1 (B1,VLAN0) and 1.1.1.2 from the drop-down menus.
 - Port Range: 35000 40000.

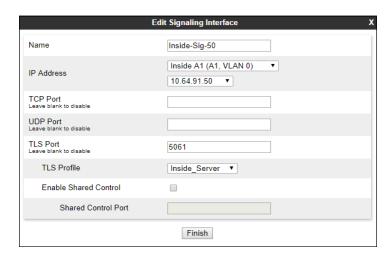
Step 5 - Click Finish.



7.5. Signaling Interfaces

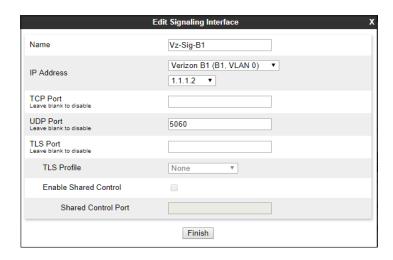
The Signaling Interface screen is where the SIP signaling ports are defined. Avaya SBCE will listen for SIP requests on the defined ports. Create a Signaling Interface for both the inside and outside IP interfaces.

- Step 1 Select Network & Flows → Signaling Interface from the menu on the left-hand side.
- **Step 2** Select **Add** (not shown) and enter the following:
 - Name: Enter an appropriate name (e.g., Inside-Sig-50).
 - IP Address: Select Inside A1 (A1,VLAN0) and 10.64.91.50.
 - TLS Port: 5061.
 - TLS Profile: Select the TLS server profile created in Section 7.2.2 (e.g., Inside_Server)
- Step 3 Click Finish.



Step 4 - Select **Add** (not shown), and enter the following:

- Name: Enter an appropriate name (e.g., Vz-Sig-B1).
- IP Address: Select Verizon B1 (B1,VLAN0) and 1.1.1.2.
- UDP Port: 5060.
- Step 5 Click Finish.



7.6. Server Interworking Profiles

The Server Interworking Profile includes parameters to make the Avaya SBCE function in an enterprise VoIP network using different implementations of the SIP protocol. There are default profiles available that may be used as is, or modified, or new profiles can be configured as described below. Create separate Server Interworking Profiles for the enterprise and the service provider.

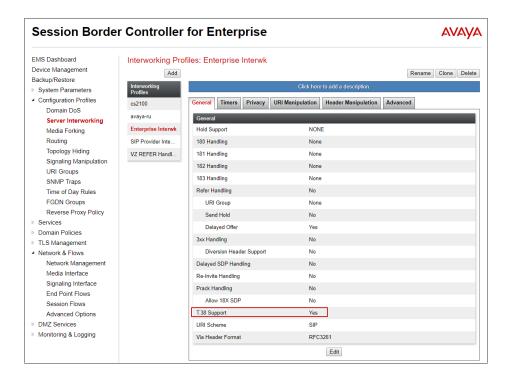
7.6.1 Server Interworking Profile – Enterprise

In the sample configuration, the enterprise Server Interworking profile was cloned from the default **avaya-ru** profile and then modified.

- Step 1 Select Configuration Profiles \rightarrow Server Interworking from the left-hand menu.
- Step 2 Select the pre-defined avaya-ru profile and click the Clone button.
- Step 3 Enter profile name: (e.g., Enterprise Interwork), and click Finish to continue.



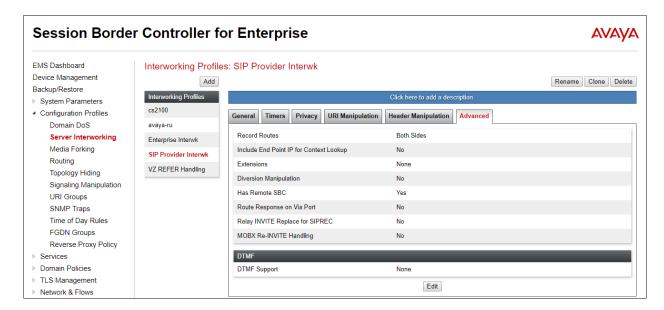
- **Step 4** The new Enterprise Interwork profile will be listed. Select it, scroll to the bottom of the Profile screen, and click on **Edit**.
- **Step 5** The **General** screen will open.
 - Check **T38 Support**.
 - All other options can be left with default values. Click **Finish**.



7.6.2 Server Interworking Profile – Verizon

In the sample configuration, the Server Interworking profile for Verizon was created by adding a new profile.

- **Step 1** Select **Add Profile** and enter a profile name: (e.g., **SIP Provider Interwk**) and click **Next** (not shown).
- **Step 2** The **General** screen will open (not shown):
 - Check **T38 Support**.
 - All other options can be left as default.
 - Click Next.
- **Step 3** The **SIP Timers** and **Privacy** screens will open (not shown), accept default values for these screens by clicking **Next**.
- **Step 4** The **Advanced/DTMF** screen will open:
 - In the **Record Routes** field, check **Both Sides**.
 - All other options can be left as default.
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).



7.7. Signaling Manipulation

Signaling Manipulations are SigMa scripts the Avaya SBCE can use to manipulate SIP headers/messages. In the reference configuration, one signaling manipulation script is used.

Note – Use of the Signaling Manipulation scripts require higher processing requirements on the Avaya SBCE. Therefore, this method of header manipulation should only be used in cases where the use of Server Interworking Profiles (**Section 7.6**) or Signaling Rules (**Section 7.13**) does not meet the desired result. Refer to Additional References Error! Reference source not found. for information on the Avaya SBCE scripting language.

The script can be created externally as a regular text file and imported in the Signaling Manipulation screen, or they can be written directly in the page using the embedded Sigma Editor.

A Sigma script was created during the compliance test to correct the following interoperability issues:

- Remove the gsid and epv parameters from the outbound Contact header. See Section 2.4
- Change the Diversion header scheme from SIPS to SIP towards Verizon. See Section 2.2

The details of the script appear on **Section 02**.

- **Step 1** Select **Configuration Profiles** → **Signaling Manipulation** from the menu on the left.
- Step 2 Click Add Script (not shown) and the script editor window will open.
 - Enter a name for the script in the **Title** box (e.g., **Verizon IPT script**).
 - Copy and paste the script from **Section 02**.

Step 3 - Click on **Save.** The script editor will test for any errors, and the window will close. This script will later be applied to the Verizon Server Configuration profile in **Section 0**.

7.8. SIP Server Profiles

The **SIP Server Profile** contains parameters to configure and manage various SIP call server-specific parameters such as TCP and UDP port assignments, heartbeat signaling parameters, DoS security statistics, and trusted domains.

7.8.1 SIP Server Profile – Session Manager

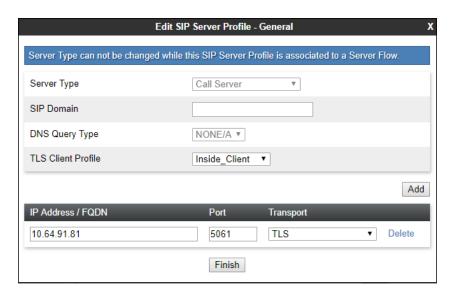
This section defines the SIP Server Profile for the Avaya SBCE connection to Session Manager.

- **Step 1** Select **Services** → **SIP Servers** from the left-hand menu.
- **Step 2** Select **Add** and the **Profile Name** window will open. Enter a Profile Name (e.g., **SM8**) and click **Next**.

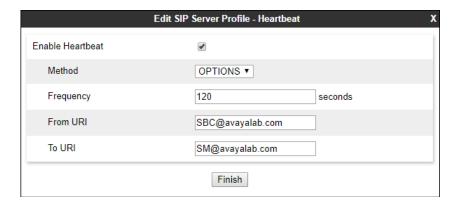


Step 3 - The Add Server Configuration Profile window will open.

- Select Server Type: Call Server.
- **SIP Domain**: Leave blank (default).
- **DNS Query Type**: Select **NONE/A** (default).
- TLS Client Profile: Select the profile create in Section 7.2.3 (e.g., Inside_Client).
- IP Address: 10.64.91.81 (Session Manager Security Module IP address).
- Select Port: 5061, Transport: TLS.
- If adding the profile, click **Next** (not shown) to proceed. If editing an existing profile, click **Finish** and proceed to the next tab.



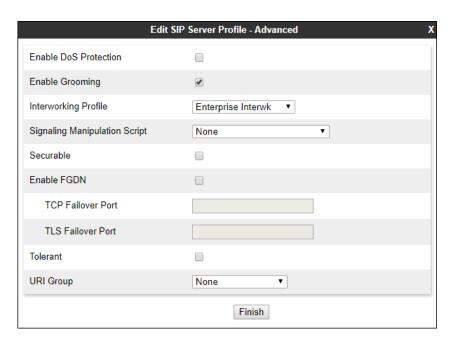
- **Step 4** Default values can be used on the **Authentication** tab.
- **Step 5** On the **Heartbeat** tab, check the **Enable Heartbeat** box to have the Avaya SBCE source "heartbeats" toward Session Manager. This configuration is optional.
 - Select **OPTIONS** from the **Method** drop-down menu.
 - Select the desired frequency that the SBCE will source OPTIONS toward Session Manager.
 - Make logical entries in the From URI and To URI fields that will be used in the OPTIONS headers.



Step 6 - Default values are used on the **Registration** and **Ping** tabs.

Step 7 - On the **Advanced** tab:

- Select the Enterprise Interwk (created in Section 7.6), for Interworking Profile.
- Since TLS transport is specified in **Step 3**, then the **Enable Grooming** option should be enabled.
- In the **Signaling Manipulation Script** field select **none**.
- Select Finish.

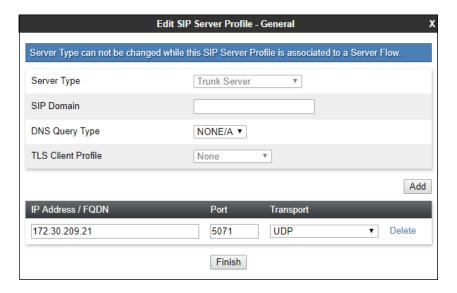


7.8.2 SIP Server Profile – Verizon

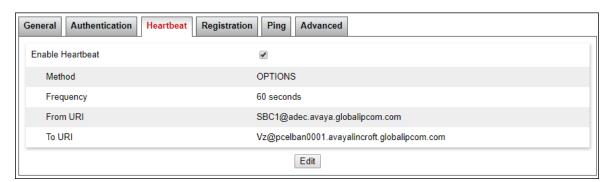
Repeat the steps in **Section 7.8.1**, with the following changes, to create a SIP Server Profile for the Avaya SBCE connection to Verizon.

Note - The Avaya SBCE receives traffic from the Verizon Business IP Trunking service on port 5060 and sends traffic to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service on port 5071, using UDP protocol for network transport (required by the Verizon Business IP Trunking service).

- **Step 1** Select **Add** and enter a Profile Name (e.g., **Verizon IPT**) and select **Next** (not shown).
- **Step 2** On the **General** window, enter the following:
 - Server Type: Select Trunk Server.
 - **IP Address: 172.30.209.21** (Verizon-provided IP address).
 - Select **Port: 5071**, **Transport**: **UDP**, as specified by Verizon.
 - If adding the profile, click **Next** (not shown) to proceed. If editing an existing profile, click **Finish** and proceed to the next tab.



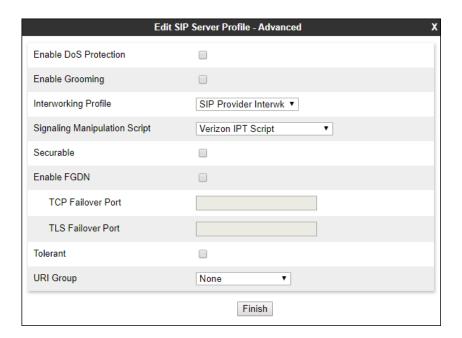
- **Step 4** Default values are used on the **Authentication** tab.
- **Step 5** On the **Heartbeat** tab, check the **Enable Heartbeat** box to optionally have the Avaya SBCE source "heartbeats" toward Verizon. The screen below shows the values used in the reference configuration.



Step 6 - Default values are used on the **Registration** and **Ping** tabs.

Step 7 - On the **Advanced** window, enter the following:

- **Enable Grooming** is not used for UDP connections and is left unchecked.
- Select the SIP Provider Interwk (created in Section 7.6.2), for Interworking Profile.
- Select the **Verizon IPT Script** (created in **Section 7.7**) for **Signaling Manipulation Script**.
- Select Finish.



7.9. Routing Profiles

Routing profiles define a specific set of packet routing criteria that are used in conjunction with other types of domain policies to identify a particular call flow and thereby ascertain which security features will be applied to those packets. Parameters defined by Routing Profiles include packet transport settings, name server addresses and resolution methods, next hop routing information, and packet transport types. Separate Routing Profiles were created in the reference configuration for Session Manager and Verizon.

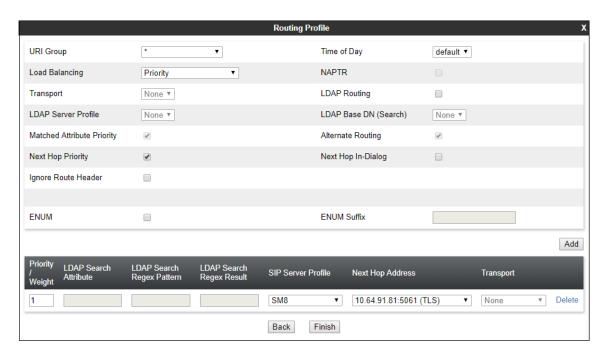
7.9.1 Routing Profile – Session Manager

This provisioning defines the Routing Profile for the connection to Session Manager.

- Step 1 Select Configuration Profiles → Routing from the left-hand menu, and select Add.
- Step 2 Enter a Profile Name: (e.g., Route to SM8) and click Next.



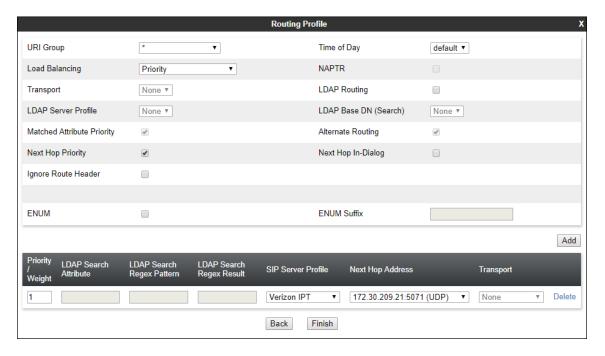
- **Step 3** The Routing Profile window will open. The parameters in the top portion of the profile are left at their default settings. Click the **Add** button.
- **Step 4** The **Next-Hop Address** section will open at the bottom of the profile. Populate the following fields:
 - Priority/Weight = 1
 - **SIP Server Profile = SM8** (from **Section 7.8.1**).
 - Next Hop Address: Verify that the 10.64.91.81:5061 (TLS) entry from the drop-down menu is selected (Session Manager IP address). Also note that the **Transport** field is grayed out.
 - Click on Finish.



7.9.2 Routing Profile – Verizon

Repeat the steps in **Section 7.9.1**, with the following changes, to add a Routing Profile for the Avaya SBCE connection to Verizon.

- Step 1 On the Configuration Profiles → Routing screen, select Add and enter a Profile Name: (e.g., route to VZ IPT).
- Step 2 On the Next-Hop Address window, populate the following fields:
 - Priority/Weight = 1
 - SIP Server Profile = Verizon IPT (from Section 7.8.2).
 - Next Hop Address: Verify that 172.30.209.21:5071 (UDP) is selected.
- Step 3 Click Finish.



7.10. Topology Hiding Profiles

The **Topology Hiding** profile manages how various source, destination and routing information in SIP and SDP message headers are substituted or changed to maintain the security of the network. It hides the topology of the enterprise network from external networks.

Topology Hiding can also be used as an interoperability tool to adapt the host portion of the SIP headers, to the IP addresses or domains expected on the service provider and the enterprise networks.

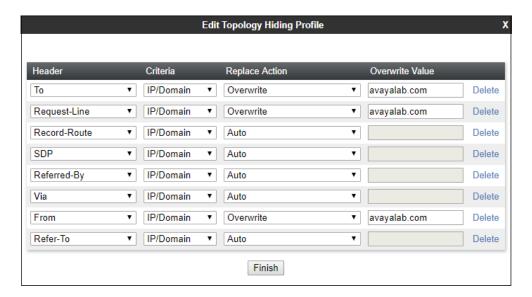
7.10.1 Topology Hiding – Enterprise

In the sample configuration, the enterprise Topology Hiding Profile was cloned from the **default** profile and then modified.

- **Step 1** Select **Configuration Profiles** → **Topology Hiding** from the left-hand menu.
- **Step 2** Select the pre-defined **default** profile and click the **Clone** button.
- Step 3 Enter profile name: (e.g., Enterprise-Topology), and click Finish to continue.



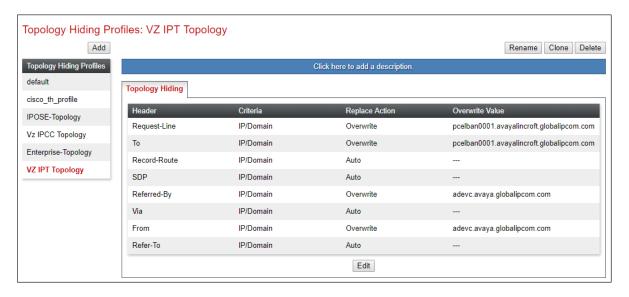
- **Step 4** Edit the newly created **Enterprise-Topology** profile.
- **Step 5** For the **Request-Line**, **To** and **From** headers select **Overwrite** under the **Replace Action** column. Enter the domain of the enterprise (e.g., **avayalab.com**) on the **Overwrite Value** field.
- Step 6 Click Finish.



7.10.2 Topology Hiding – Verizon

Repeat the steps in **Section 7.10.1**, with the following changes, to create a Topology Hiding Profile for the Avaya SBCE connection to Verizon.

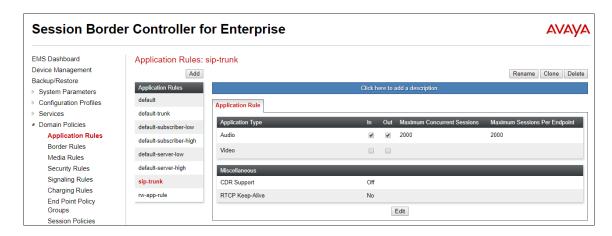
- Enter a Profile Name (e.g., **VZ IPT Topology**).
- Overwrite the headers as shown below with the FQDNs known by Verizon.



7.11. Application Rules

Application Rules define which types of SIP-based Unified Communications (UC) applications the Avaya SBCE security device will protect: voice, video, and/or Instant Messaging (IM). In addition, you can determine the maximum number of concurrent voice and video sessions the network will process in order to prevent resource exhaustion.

- **Step 1** Select **Domain Policies** → **Application Rules** from the left-hand side menu.
- **Step 2** Select the **default-trunk** rule.
- **Step 3** Select the **Clone** button, and the **Clone Rule** window will open (not shown).
 - In the **Clone Name** field enter the new Application Rule name (e.g., **sip-trunk**).
 - Click Finish (not shown). The completed Application Rule is shown below.



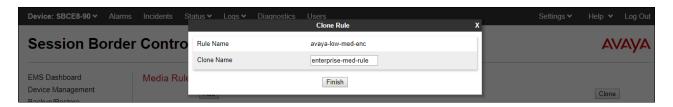
7.12. Media Rules

Media Rules define packet parameters for the RTP media, such as encryption techniques and QoS settings. Separate media rules are created for Verizon and Session Manager.

7.12.1 Enterprise – Media Rule

In the sample configuration, the default Media Rule **avaya-low-med-enc** was cloned to create the enterprise Media Rule, and modified as shown below:

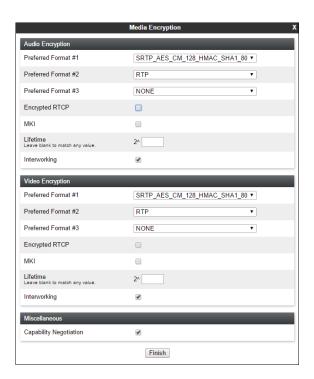
- Step 1 Select Domain Policies → Media Rules from the left-hand side menu (not shown).
- Step 2 From the Media Rules menu, select the avaya-low-med-enc rule.
- **Step 3** Select **Clone** button, and the **Clone Rule** window will open.
 - In the Clone Name field enter the new Media Rule name (e.g., enterprise-med-rule)
 - Click **Finish.** The newly created rule will be displayed.



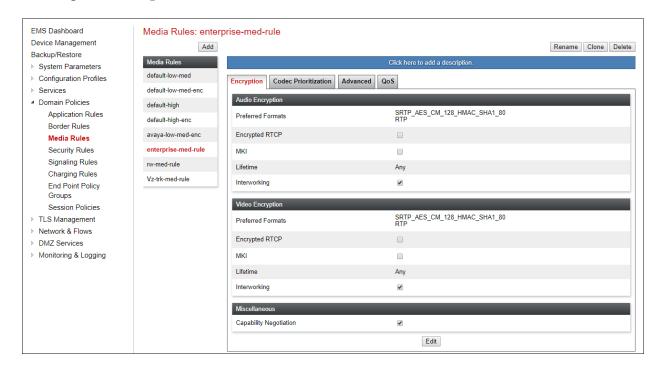
Step 4 - On the **enterprise med rule** just created, select the **Encryption** tab.

- Click the **Edit** button and the **Media Encryption** window will open.
- In the Audio Encryption section, select RTP for Preferred Format #2.
- In the Video Encryption section, select RTP for Preferred Format #2.
- In the Miscellaneous section, select Capability Negotiation.

Step 5 - Click Finish.



The completed **enterprise-med-rule** is shown on the screen below.

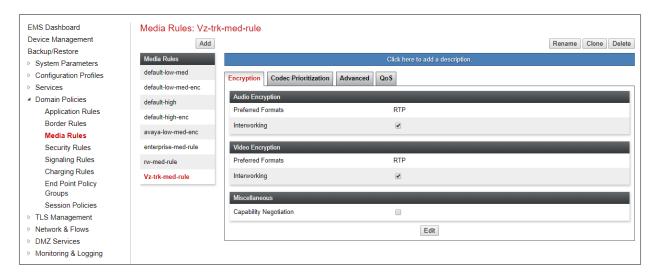


7.12.2 Verizon – Media Rule

Repeat the steps in **Section 7.12.1**, with the following changes, to create a Media Rule for Verizon.

- 1. Clone the **default-low-med** profile.
- 2. In the Clone Name field enter the new Media Rule name (e.g., Vz-trk-med-rule).

The completed **Vz-trk-med-rule** is shown on the screen below.



7.13. Signaling Rules

Signaling Rules define the action to be taken (Allow, Block, Block with Response, etc.) for each type of SIP-specific signaling request and response message. In the reference configuration, Signaling Rules are used to define QoS parameters for the SIP signaling packets.

7.13.1 Signaling Rule – Enterprise

- Step 1 Select Domain Policies → Signaling Rules from the left-hand side menu (not shown).
- Step 2 From the Signaling Rules menu, select the **default** rule.
- Step 3 Select the Clone button and the Clone Rule window will open.
 - In the **Rule Name** field enter the new Signaling Rule name (e.g., **enterprise-sig-rule**)
 - Click **Finish**. The newly created rule will be displayed.



Step 4 – On the **enterprise-sig-rule** newly created, select the **Signaling QoS** tab and enter the following:

- Click the **Edit** button and the **Signaling QoS** window will open.
- Verify that **Enabled** is selected.
- Select DCSP.
- Select Value = \mathbf{EF} .

Step 5 - Click Finish.



7.13.2 Signaling Rule – Verizon

Repeat the steps in **Section 7.13.1**, with the following changes, to create a Media Rule for Verizon.

- Clone the **default** rule.
- In the Clone Name field enter the new Media Rule name (e.g., Vz-trk-sig-rule).
- On the **Signaling QoS tab** select **Value** = **AF32**. This value was specified by Verizon.

The completed **Vz-trk-sig-rule** is shown on the screen below.



7.14. Endpoint Policy Groups

The rules created under the Domain Policy are assigned to an Endpoint Policy Group. The Endpoint Policy Group is then applied to a Server Flow in **Section 7.15**.

7.14.1 End Point Policy Group - Enterprise

- **Step 1** Select **Domain Policies** → **End Point Policy Groups** from the left-hand side menu.
- Step 2 Select Add.
 - Name: enterpr-trk-policy.
 - Click Next.



Step 3 – On the **Policy Group** window (not shown), select the following.

- Application Rule: sip-trunk (created in Section 7.11).
- Border Rule: default.
- Media Rule: enterprise-med-rule (created in Section 7.12.1).
- Security Rule: default-low.
- Signaling Rule: enterprise-sig-rule (created in Section 7.13.1).

Step 4 - Select Finish.

The completed Policy Group **enterprise-trk-policy** is shown on the screen below.



7.14.2 Endpoint Policy Groups – Verizon

Step 1 - Repeat steps **1** through **4** from **Section 7.14.1** with the following changes:

- Group Name: Vz-policy-grp.
- Media Rule: Vz-trk-med-rule (created in Section 7.12.2).
- Signaling Rule: Vz-trk-sig-rule (created in Section 7.13.2).

The completed Policy Group **Vz-policy-grp** is shown on the screen below.



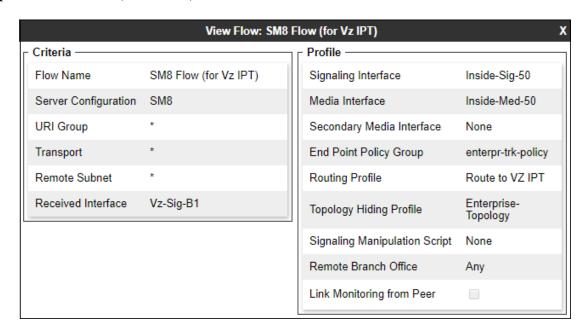
7.15. Endpoint Flows - Server Flows

Server Flows combine the interfaces, polices, and profiles defined in the previous sections into inbound and outbound flows. When a packet is received by Avaya SBCE, the content of the packet (IP addresses, SIP URIs, etc.) is used to determine which flow it matches, so that the appropriate policies can be applied. Create separate Server Flows for the enterprise and the Verizon IP Trunking Service.

7.15.1 Server Flow – Enterprise

- Step 1 Select Network and Flows → Endpoint Flows from the menu on the left-hand side (not shown). Select the Server Flows tab (not shown).
- Step 2 Select Add, (not shown) and enter the following:
 - Flow Name: Enter a name for the flow, e.g., SM8 Flow (for Vz IPT).
 - Server Configuration: SM8 (Section 7.8.1).
 - URI Group: *
 - Transport: *
 - Remote Subnet: *
 - Received Interface: Vz-Sig-B1 (Section 7.5).
 - Signaling Interface: Inside-Sig-50 (Section 7.5).
 - Media Interface: Inside-Med-50 (Section 7.4).
 - End Point Policy Group: enterpr-trk-policy (Section 7.14.1).
 - Routing Profile: Route to VZ IPT (Section 7.9.2).
 - Topology Hiding Profile: Enterprise-Topology (Section 7.10.1).
 - Let other fields at the default values.

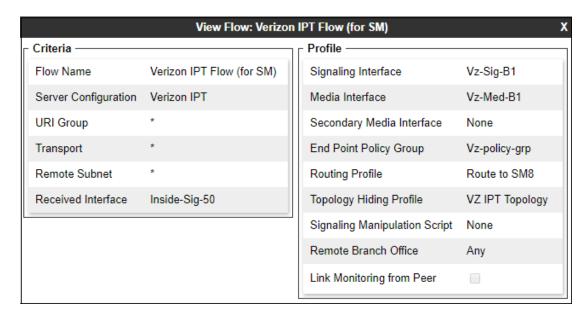
Step 3 - Click **Finish** (not shown).



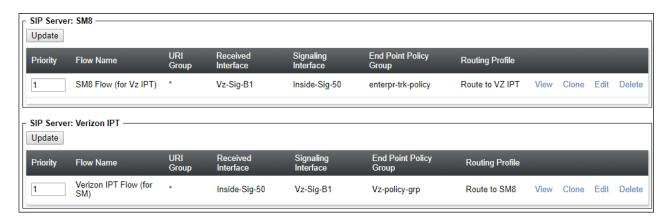
7.15.2 Server Flow – Verizon

Step 1 - Repeat steps **1** through **3** from **Section 7.15.1**, with the following changes:

- Flow Name: Enter a name for the flow, e.g., Verizon IPT Flow (for SM).
- Server Configuration: Verizon IPT (Section 7.8.2).
- URI Group: *
- Transport: *
- Remote Subnet: *
- Received Interface: Inside-Sig-50 (Section 7.5).
- Signaling Interface: Vz-Sig-B1 (Section 7.5).
- Media Interface: Vz-Med-B1 (Section 7.4).
- End Point Policy Group: Vz-policy-grp (Section 7.14.2).
- Routing Profile: Route to SM8 (Section 7.9.1).
- Topology Hiding Profile: VZ IPT Topology (Section 7.10.2).



The screen below shows the completed **Server Flows** tab as configured in the shared test environment is shown below.



8. Verizon Business IP Trunking Services Suite Configuration

Information regarding the Verizon Business IP Trunking Services suite offer can be found at https://enterprise.verizon.com/products/business-communications/voip-and-voice-services/voip-ip-trunking/ or by contacting a Verizon Business sales representative.

The reference configuration described in these Application Notes is located in the Avaya Solutions and Interoperability Test Lab. Access to the Verizon Business IP Trunking Services suite was via a Verizon Private IP (PIP) T1 connection. Verizon Business provided all of the necessary service provisioning.

8.1. Service Access Information

The following service access information (FQDN, ports, DID numbers) was provided by Verizon for the sample configuration.

CPE (Avaya)	Verizon Network
adevc.avaya.globalipcom.com	pcelban0001.avayalincroft.globalipcom.com
UDP port 5060	UDP Port 5071

IP DID Numbers
732-945-0231
732-945-0232
732-945-0233
732-945-0234
732-945-0235
732-945-0236
732-945-0237
732-945-0238
732-945-0239

9. Verification Steps

This section provides example verifications of the Avaya configuration with Verizon Business IP Trunk service.

9.1. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Verifications

This section illustrates verifications from Communication Manager.

The following edited Communication Manager **list trace tac** trace output shows an incoming call received on trunk group 1, member 1. The PSTN telephone dialed 732-945-0231. Session Manager mapped the number received from Verizon to the extension of a Communication Manager telephone (x50231).

Similar Communication Manager commands are, *list trace station*, *list trace vdn*, and *list trace vector*. Other useful commands are *status trunk*, *status station*, *status media-gateway* and *status media-server*.

The following screen shows **Page 2** of the output of the **status trunk 1/x** command (where x is the trunk group member active on the call, **1** in the example) pertaining to this same call. Note the signaling using port 5081 between Communication Manager and Session Manager. Note the media is "ip-direct" from the IP Telephone (**10.5.5.211**) to the inside IP address of Avaya SBCE (**10.64.91.50**) using codec G.729a.

```
status trunk 1/1
                                                           Page 2 of 3
                              CALL CONTROL SIGNALING
Near-end Signaling Loc: PROCR
 Signaling IP Address
                                                   Port
  Near-end: 10.64.91.75
                                                  : 5081
   Far-end: 10.64.91.81
                                                  : 5081
 H.245 Near:
 H.245 Far:
  H.245 Signaling Loc: H.245 Tunneled in Q.931? no
 Audio Connection Type: ip-direct
                                   Authentication Type: None
   Near-end Audio Loc:
                                            Codec Type: G.729
  Audio IP Address
                                                   Port
  Near-end: 10.5.5.211
                                                  : 25152
   Far-end: 10.64.91.50
                                                  : 35074
```

The screen below shows **Page 3** of the output of the **status trunk 1/1** command pertaining to this same call. Note that codec G.729 and SRTP is used.

```
status trunk 1/1 Page 3 of 3

SRC PORT TO DEST PORT TALKPATH

src port: T00001

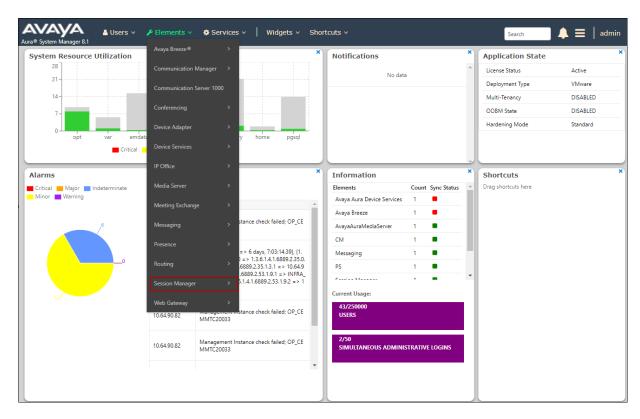
T000001:TX:10.64.91.50:35074/g729/20ms/1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80

S000598:RX:10.5.5.211:25152/g729/20ms/1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80
```

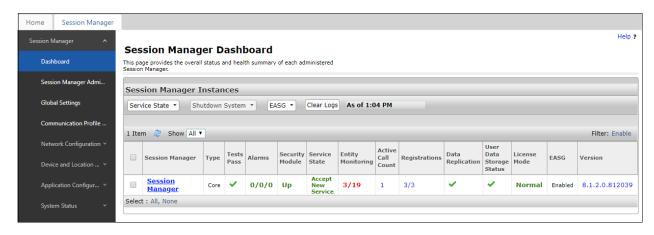
9.2. Avaya Aura® Session Manager Verification

The Session Manager configuration may be verified via System Manager.

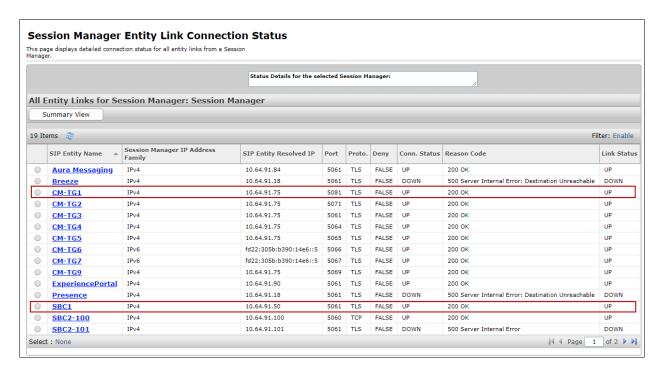
Using the procedures described in **Section 6**, access the System Manager GUI. From the **Home** screen, under the **Elements** heading, select **Session Manager**.



The Session Manager Dashboard is displayed. Note that the **Test Passed**, **Alarms**, **Service State** and **Data Replication** columns all show good status.



In the example, the entry 3/19 under the **Entity Monitoring** column shows that there are alarms on 3 out of the 19 Entities being monitored by Session Manager. Clicking the entry under the **Entity Monitoring** column brings up the **Session Manager Entity Link Connection Status** page. Verify that the state of the Session Manager links of interest, to Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE under the **Conn. Status** and **Link Status** columns is **UP**, like shown on the screen below.



Other Session Manager useful verification and troubleshooting tools include:

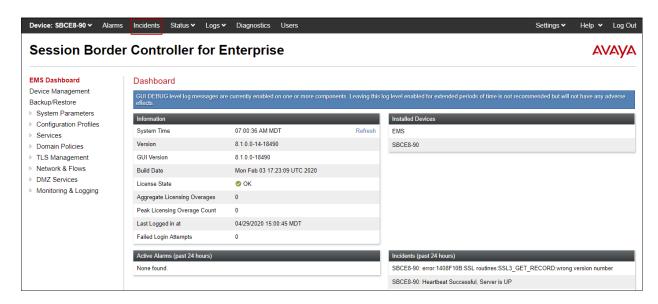
- **traceSM** Session Manager command line tool for traffic analysis. Login to the Session Manager command line management interface to run this command.
- Call Routing Test The Call Routing Test verifies the routing for a particular source and destination. To run the routing test, from the System Manager Home screen navigate to Elements → Session Manager → System Tools → Call Routing Test. Enter the requested data to run the test.

9.3. Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Verification

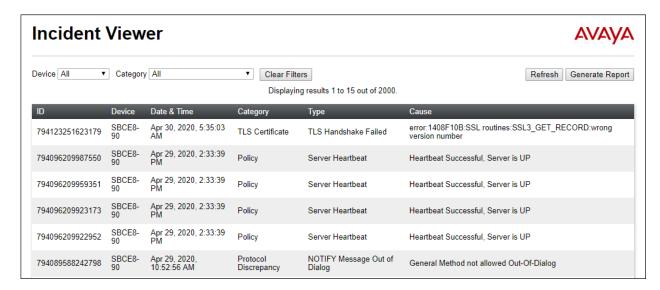
This section provides verification steps that may be performed with the Avaya SBCE.

9.3.1 Incidents

The Incident Viewer can be accessed from the Avaya top navigation menu as highlighted in the screenshot below.



Use the Incident Viewer to verify Server Heartbeat and to troubleshoot routing failures.



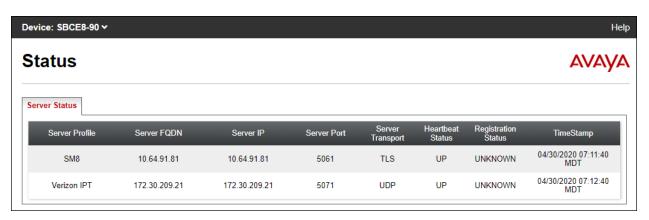
Further Information can be obtained by clicking on a specific incident in the incident viewer above.

9.3.2 Server Status

The **Server Status** can be accessed from the Avaya SBCE top navigation menu by selecting the **Status** menu, and then **Server Status**.

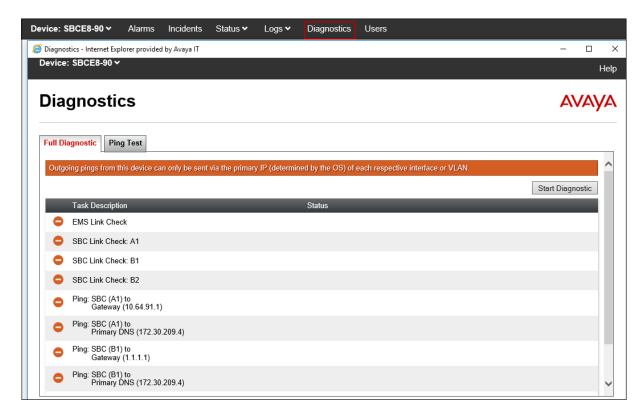


The **Server Status** screen provides information about the condition of the connection to the connected SIP Servers. This functionality requires Heartbeat to be enabled on the SIP Server Configuration profiles, as configured in **Section 7.8**.



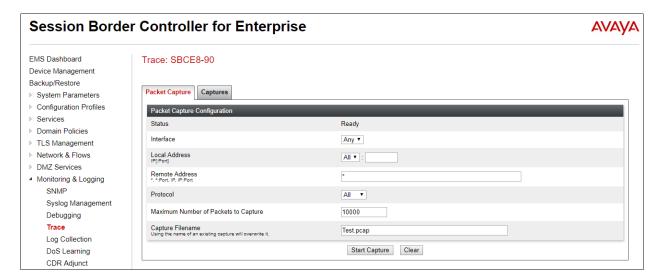
9.3.3 Diagnostics

This screen provides a **Full Diagnostics** tool to verify the link of each interface and ping the configured next-hop gateways and DNS servers. The **Ping Test** tool can be used to ping specific devices from any Avaya SBCE interface.



9.3.4 Tracing

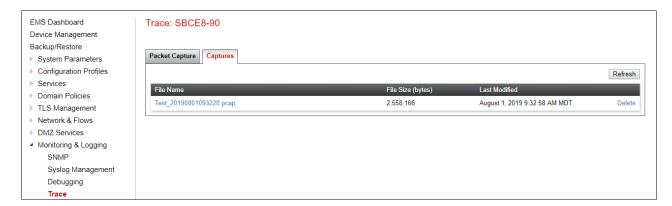
To take a call trace, navigate to **Monitoring & Logging** → **Trace** and select the **Packet Capture** tab. Populate the fields for the capture parameters and click **Start Capture** as shown below.



When tracing has reached the desired number of packets the trace will stop automatically, or alternatively, click the **Stop Capture** button at the bottom.



Select the **Captures** tab at the top and the capture will be listed; select the **File Name** and choose to open it with an application like Wireshark.



10. Conclusion

As illustrated in these Application Notes, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.1 can be configured to interoperate successfully with Verizon Business IP Trunking service, within the constraints described in **Section** Error! Reference source not found..

The reference configuration shown in these Application Notes is intended to provide configuration guidance to supplement other Avaya product documentation. It is based upon formal interoperability compliance testing as part of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program.

11. Additional References

11.1. Avaya

Avaya product documentation, including the following, is available at http://support.avaya.com.

Avaya Aura® Session Manager/System Manager

- [1] Deploying Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Branch Session Manager in Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, March 2020
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, March 2020
- [3] Deploying Avaya Aura® System Manager in Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1.x, Issue 4, March 2020
- [4] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager for Release 8.1.x, Release 8.1.x, Issue 5, March 2020

Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

- [5] Deploying Avaya Aura® Communication Manager in Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1.x, Issue 4, March 2020
- [6] Administering Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Release 8.1.x, Issue 6, March 2020
- [7] Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Feature Description and Implementation, Release 8.1.x, Issue 6, March 2020
- [8] Administering Avaya G430 Branch Gateway, Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, March 2020
- [9] Deploying and Updating Avaya Aura® Media Server Appliance, Release 8.0.2, Issue 9, December 2019
- [10] Quick Start Guide to Using the Avaya Aura® Media Server with Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Issue 1.1, June 2018

Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

- [11] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.1, Issue 1, February 2020
- [12] Deploying Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise in Virtualized Environment Release 8.1, Issue 1, February 2020
- [13] Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Overview and Specification, Release 8.1, Issue 1, February 2020

Avaya Aura® Messaging

[14] Administering Avaya Aura® Messaging, Release 7.1.0, Issue 9, April 2020

11.2. Verizon Business

The following documents may be obtained by contacting a Verizon Business Account Representative.

- [15] Retail VoIP Interoperability Test Plan
- [16] Network Interface Specification Retail VoIP Trunk Interface (for non-registering devices)

12. Appendix B – Avaya SBCE – SigMa Script File

Details of the Signaling Manipulation script used in the configuration of the Avaya SBCE, in **Section 7.7**.

```
within session "ALL"
{
  act on message where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
  {
   //Remove gsid and epv parameters from Contact header to hide internal topology
        remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.PARAMS["gsid"]);
        remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.PARAMS["epv"]);

// fix call-fwd
        %HEADERS["Diversion"][1].regex_replace("sips","sip");

}
```

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