



Application Notes for Configuring Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 10.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 10.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 10.1 to support Clearcom SIP Trunking Service – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking Service on an enterprise solution consisting of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 10.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 10.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 10.1 to interoperate with Clearcom SIP Trunking service using UDP transport on the public side.

The test was performed to verify SIP trunk features including basic calls, call forward (all calls, busy, no answer), call transfer (blind and consult), conference, and voice mail. The calls were placed to and from the PSTN with various Avaya endpoints.

The Clearcom SIP Trunking service provides customers with PSTN access via a SIP trunk between the enterprise and the Clearcom network, as an alternative to legacy analog or digital trunks. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

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1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking Service between the Clearcom network and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 10.1 (Communication Manager), Avaya Aura® Session Manager 10.1 (Session Manager), Avaya Experience Portal 8.1 (Experience Portal) and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 10.1 (Avaya SBCE) and various Avaya endpoints, listed in **Section 4**.

The Clearcom SIP Trunking service referenced within these Application Notes is designed for business customers. Customers using this service with this Avaya enterprise solution are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a broadband WAN connection and the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks such as analog and/or ISDN-PRI.

The terms “Service Provider” or “Clearcom” will be used interchangeably throughout these Application Notes.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

A simulated CPE site containing all the equipment for the Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution was installed at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Lab. The enterprise site was configured to connect to the network via a broadband connection to the public Internet.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member’s solution.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in this DevConnect Application Note included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products only (private network side). Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

To verify SIP trunk interoperability, the following features and functionality were covered during the interoperability compliance test:

- SIP Trunk Registration (Dynamic Authentication).
- Response to SIP OPTIONS queries.
- Incoming calls from the PSTN were routed to DID numbers assigned by Clearcom. Incoming PSTN calls were terminated to the following endpoints: Avaya J129 IP Deskphones (SIP), Avaya J179 IP Deskphones (H.323), Avaya 2420 Digital Deskphones, Avaya one-X® Communicator softphone (H.323 and SIP), Avaya Workplace client for Windows (SIP) and analog Deskphones.
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from Remote Workers using Avaya Workplace client for Windows (SIP).
- Outgoing calls to the PSTN were routed via Clearcom network to various PSTN destinations.
- Proper disconnect when the caller abandons the call before the call is answered.
- Proper disconnect via normal call termination by the caller or the called parties.
- Proper disconnect by the network for calls that are not answered (with voicemail off).
- Proper response to busy endpoints.
- Proper response/error treatment when dialing invalid PSTN numbers.
- Proper codec negotiation and two-way speech-path. Testing was performed with codecs: G.729, G.711A and G.711MU.
- No matching codecs.
- DTMF tone transmissions as out-of-band RTP events as per RFC2833:
 - Outbound call to PSTN application requiring DTMF (e.g., an IVR or voice mail system).
 - Inbound call from PSTN to Avaya CPE application requiring DTMF (e.g., Aura® Messaging, Avaya vector digit collection steps).
- Experience Portal use of SIP REFER to redirect inbound calls, via the Avaya SBCE, to the appropriate Communication Manager agent extension.
- Inbound caller interaction with Experience Portal applications, including prompting, caller DTMF input, wait treatment.
- Call and two-way talk path establishment between callers and Communication Manager agents following redirection from Experience Portal.
- Calling number blocking (Privacy).
- Call Hold/Resume (long and short duration).
- Call Forward (unconditional, busy, no answer).
- Blind Call Transfers.
- Consultative Call Transfers.
- Station Conference.
- EC500 (Extension to Cellular) calls.
- Routing inbound vector call to call center agent queues.
- Simultaneous active calls.
- Long duration calls (over one hour).
- Proper response/error treatment to all trunks busy.

- Proper response/error treatment when disabling SIP connection.

Note – Remote Worker was tested as part of this solution. The configuration necessary to support remote workers is beyond the scope of these Application Notes and is not included in these Application Notes. Consult reference [9] in the **References** section for additional information on this topic.

The following items were not tested:

- Inbound toll-free calls, outbound Toll-Free calls, 911 calls (emergency), “0” calls (Operator), 0+10 digits calls (Operator Assisted) and local directory assistance calls were not tested.
- The SIP REFER method for call redirection was not tested for reasons noted in **Section 2.2**

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the Clearcom SIP Trunking Service with the Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution was completed with successful results for all test cases with the observations/limitations noted below:

- **SIP REFER method:** PSTN calls that were transferred back to the network using the SIP REFER method did not work properly. The REFER message was not accepted by Clearcom with a “202” message, with Clearcom eventually sending a BYE message. For these reasons testing was done with REFER disabled in Communication Manager (**Network Call Redirection** set to “n” under the **trunk-group**, refer to **Section 5.7**). With REFER disabled, blind and attended call transfers to the PSTN completed successfully, with the caveat that Communication Manager trunk channels were not released from the call path after the call was transferred, two trunk channels remained busy/connected for the entire duration of the call.
- **Fax support:** Fax calls using the T.38 protocol failed during the compliance test. G.711 pass-through fax was also tested, but it behaved unreliably. The issue related to G.711 pass-through fax failing during the compliance test may be related to the unpredictability of G.711 pass-through techniques, which only works well on networks with very few hops and with limited end-to-end delay. The issue related to T.38 fax calls failing is related to the PSTN carriers used by Clearcom in Mexico to route calls to the PSTN, not all PSTN carriers used by Clearcom in Mexico support T.38. This issue could be resolved by Clearcom selecting specific PSTN carriers that do support T.38 and routing T.38 fax traffic via these PSTN carriers.
- **Outbound Calling Party Number (CPN) Blocking:** To support user privacy on outbound calls (calling party number blocking), when enabled by the user, Communication Manager sends “anonymous” as the calling number in the SIP “From” header and includes “Privacy: id” in the INVITE message, while the actual number of the caller is sent in the “P-Asserted-Identity” header. On the called PSTN phone, the calling party number was not blocked, the main DID number (pilot number) assigned to the trunk was displayed, instead of “anonymous”.
- **Caller ID display on Outbound Calls, Call Forwards and Call transfers to the local PSTN in Mexico:** For outbound calls, calls from the local PSTN in Mexico to

Communication Manager that were Forwarded or calls that were transferred back out to the local PSTN in Mexico, the caller ID number displayed at the SIP softphone (local PSTN in Mexico) was always of the main DID number (pilot number) assigned to the trunk, regardless of the PSTN number being used to originate the call.

- **Caller ID display on EC500 extension to cellular:** For EC500 extension to cellular calls the Caller ID display at the Mobile/cellular station was always of the main DID number (pilot number) assigned to the trunk, regardless of the PSTN number being used to originate the call.
- **From Header Manipulation:** Clearcom uses SIP trunk registration and digest authentication to accept calls from the enterprise into their network. Additionally, Clearcom requires the username associated with the SIP trunk credentials to be present in the “From” header of all outbound calls from the enterprise. Otherwise, the call is rejected with a “403 Username=From not allowed” message. A Signaling Script was created in the Avaya SBCE to include the SIP trunk credential’s username in the “From” header of all outbound calls. (refer to **Sections 8.8** and **Appendix B**).
- **Request-URI Header Manipulation:** Clearcom sends the username associated with the SIP trunk credentials in the “Request URI” header of all inbound calls, while the actual DID number of the party dialed is sent in the “To” header. Since the routing decision in Session Manager is based on Dial Patterns, by inspecting the number present in the “Request URI” header of the incoming call, a Signaling Script was created in the Avaya SBCE to populate the “Request URI” header with the number present in the “To” header of inbound calls, refer to **Section 8.8** and **Appendix B**.
- **SIP OPTION Messages:** During the compliance test Clearcom did not send SIP OPTION messages to Avaya, Session Manager did send SIP OPTION messages to Clearcom, this was sufficient to keep the SIP trunk up in-service.
- **SIP header optimization:** There are multiple SIP headers and parameters used by Communication Manager and Session Manager, some of them Avaya proprietary, that had no significance in the service provider’s network. These headers were removed with the purpose of blocking enterprise information from being propagated outside of the enterprise boundaries, to reduce the size of the packets entering the service provider’s network and to improve the solution interoperability in general. The following headers were removed from outbound messages using an Adaptation in Session Manager: AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, Alert-Info, Endpoint-View, P-AV-Message-id, P-Charging-Vector and P-Location (**Section 7.4**). Additionally, the parameters “gsid” and “epv” were removed from outbound Contact headers using a Signaling Script in the Avaya SBCE, refer to **Section 8.8** and **Appendix B**.

2.3. Support

For support of Clearcom SIP Trunking Service visit the corporate Web page at:

<http://www.clearcom.mx/>

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit

<http://support.avaya.com>

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates the sample Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution, connected to the Clearcom SIP Trunking Service through a public Internet WAN connection.

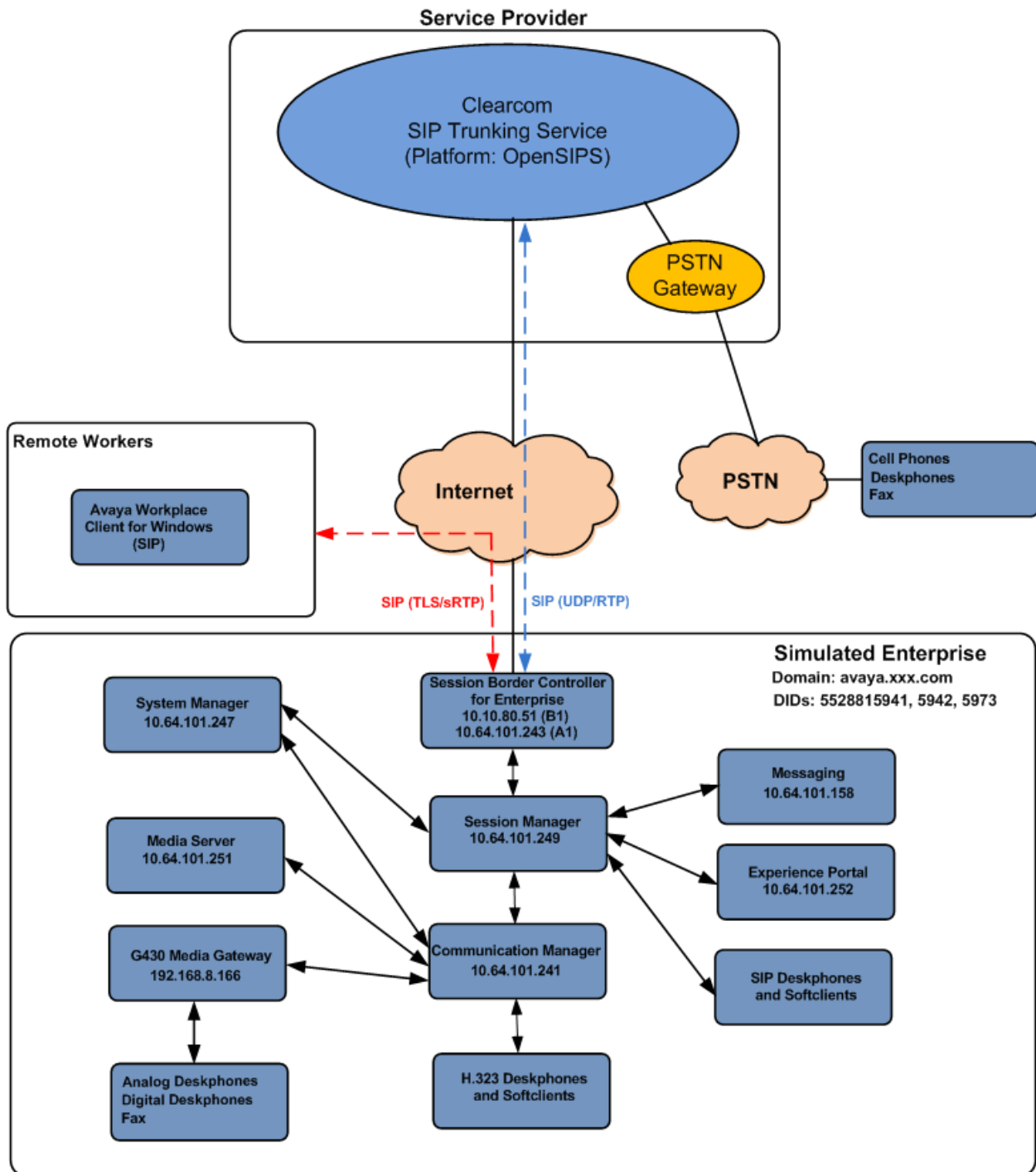


Figure 1: Avaya SIP Enterprise Solution connected to Clearcom SIP Trunking Service

The Avaya components used to create the simulated enterprise customer site included:

- Avaya Aura® Communication Manager.
- Avaya Aura® Session Manager.
- Avaya Aura® System Manager.
- Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise.
- Avaya Messaging
- Avaya Media Server.
- Avaya Experience Portal.
- Avaya G430 Media Gateway.
- Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphones (H.323 and SIP).
- Avaya J179 IP Deskphones (H.323).
- Avaya J129 IP Deskphones (SIP).
- Avaya one-X® Communicator softphones (H.323 and SIP).
- Avaya Workplace Client for Windows softphone (SIP).
- Avaya Agent for Desktop (SIP).
- Avaya digital and analog telephones.
- Ventafax fax software.

Additionally, the reference configuration included remote worker functionality. A remote worker is a SIP endpoint that resides in the untrusted network, registered to Session Manager at the enterprise via the Avaya SBCE. Remote workers offer the same functionality as any other endpoint at the enterprise. This functionality was successfully tested during the compliance test using only the Avaya Workplace Client for Windows (SIP). Other Avaya SIP endpoints that are supported in a Remote Worker configuration deployment were not tested.

The configuration tasks required to support remote workers are beyond the scope of these Application Notes; hence they are not discussed in this document. Consult reference [9] in the **References** section for additional information on this topic.

The Avaya SBCE was located at the edge of the enterprise. Its public side was connected to the public Internet, while its private side was connected to the enterprise infrastructure. All signaling and media traffic entering or leaving the enterprise flowed through the Avaya SBCE, protecting in this way the enterprise against any SIP-based attacks. The Avaya SBCE also performed network address translation at both the IP and SIP layers.

For inbound calls, the calls flowed from the service provider to the Avaya SBCE then to Session Manager. Session Manager used the configured dial patterns (or regular expressions) and routing policies to determine the recipient (Communication Manager or Experience Portal) and on which link to send the call.

Outbound calls to the PSTN were first processed by Communication Manager for outbound feature treatment such as automatic route selection and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selected the proper SIP trunk, the call was routed to Session Manager.

Session Manager once again used the configured dial patterns (or regular expressions) and routing policies to determine the route to the Avaya SBCE for egress to the Clearcom network.

A separate SIP trunk was created between Communication Manager and Session Manager to carry the service provider traffic. This was done so that any trunk or codec settings required by the service provider could be applied only to this trunk without affecting other enterprise SIP traffic. This trunk carried both inbound and outbound traffic.

Communication Manager incorporates the ability to use the Avaya Aura® Media Server (AAMS) as a media resource. The AAMS is a software-based, high density media server that provides DSP resources for IP-based sessions. Media resources from both the AAMS and a G430 Media Gateway were utilized during the compliance test. The configuration of the AAMS is not discussed in this document. For more information on the installation and administration of the AAMS in Communication Manager refer to the AAMS documentation listed in the **References** section.

The Avaya Messaging was used during the compliance test to verify voice mail redirection and navigation, as well as the delivery of Message Waiting Indicator (MWI) messages to the enterprise telephones. Since the configuration tasks for Avaya Messaging are not directly related to the interoperability tests with the Clearcom network SIP Trunking service, they are not included in these Application Notes.

The Avaya Experience Portal was also used during the compliance test to verify various SIP call flow scenarios with the Avaya SIP Trunking service.

4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Equipment/Software	Release/Version
Avaya	
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	10.1.0.0.0 Service Pack 0.1 (01.0.974.0-27293)
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	10.1.0.0 (10.1.0.0.1010019)
Avaya Aura® System Manager	10.1.0.0 Build No. 10.1.0.0.537353 Software Update Rev. No. 10.1.0.0.0614119
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	ASBCE 10.1 10.1.0.0-32-21432
Avaya Messaging	10.8 Service Pack 1 (IXM-10.8.20.1406)
Avaya Aura® Media Server	8.0.2.218_2022.01.05
Avaya Experience Portal	8.1.1.0.0121
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	g430_sw_42.4.0
Avaya 100 Series IP Deskphones (SIP)	Version 4.0.7.0.7
Avaya J179 IP Deskphones (H.323)	Version 6.8402
Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323, SIP)	6.2.14.15-SP14-Patch7
Avaya Workplace Client for Windows (SIP)	3.25.0.73
Avaya Agent for Desktop (Windows) (SIP)	2.0.6.19.3004
Avaya 2420 Series Digital Deskphones	N/A
Avaya 6210 Analog Deskphones	N/A
Clearcom	
OpenSIPS Softswitch	2.6.2
OpenSIPS Session Border Controller	2.6.2

The specific configuration above was used for the compliance testing. Note that this solution will be compatible with other Avaya Servers and Media Gateway platforms running similar versions of Communication Manager and Session Manager.

Note – The Avaya Aura® servers and the Avaya SBCE used in the reference configuration and shown on the previous table were deployed on a virtualized environment. These Avaya components ran as virtual machines over VMware® (ESXi 6.7.0) platforms. Consult the installation documentation on the **References** section for more information.

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the procedure for configuring Communication Manager to work with the Clearcom SIP Trunking Service. A SIP trunk is established between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by signaling traffic to and from the service provider. It is assumed that the general installation of Communication Manager, the Avaya G430 Media Gateway and the Avaya Media Server has been previously completed and is not discussed here.

The Communication Manager configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation. Some screens capture will show the use of the **change** command instead of the **add** command, since the configuration used for the testing was previously added.

5.1. Licensing and Capacity

Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command to verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** value on **Page 2** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise including any trunks to and from the service provider. The example shows that **40000** licenses are available and **220** are in use. The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative.

```
display system-parameters customer-options                               Page 2 of 12 ^
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
IP PORT CAPACITIES                                                    USED
      Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks: 12000                        0
      Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations: 18000              1
      Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks: 12000                0
Max Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations: 18000              0
      Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons: 414                   0
      Max Concur Reg Unauthenticated H.323 Stations: 100              0
      Maximum Video Capable Stations: 41000                          0
      Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones: 18000                     6
      Maximum Administered SIP Trunks: 40000                         220
Max Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports: 24000                0
      Max Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation: 999           0

(NOTE: You must logoff & login to effect the permission changes.)
```

5.2. System Features

Use the **change system-parameters features** command to set the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** field to **all** to allow incoming calls from the PSTN to be transferred to another PSTN endpoint. If for security reasons incoming calls should not be allowed to transfer back to the PSTN, then leave the field set to **none**.

```
display system-parameters features                                     Page 1 of 19 ^
      FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS
      Self Station Display Enabled? n
      Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all
      Automatic Callback with Called Party Queuing? n
      Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings): 3
      Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes): 10
      Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds): 20
      AAR/ARS Dial Tone Required? y

      Music (or Silence) on Transferred Trunk Calls? all
      DID/Tie/ISDN/SIP Intercept Treatment: attendant
      Internal Auto-Answer of Attd-Extended/Transferred Calls: transferred
      Automatic Circuit Assurance (ACA) Enabled? n

      Abbreviated Dial Programming by Assigned Lists? n
      Auto Abbreviated/Delayed Transition Interval (rings): 2
      Protocol for Caller ID Analog Terminals: Bellcore
      Display Calling Number for Room to Room Caller ID Calls? n
```

On **Page 9** verify that a text string has been defined to replace the Calling Party Number (CPN) for restricted or unavailable calls. This text string is entered in the two fields highlighted below. The compliance test used the value of **restricted** for restricted calls and **unavailable** for unavailable calls.

```
display system-parameters features                                     Page 9 of 19 ^
      FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS
CPN/ANI/ICLID PARAMETERS
  CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Restricted Calls: restricted
  CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Unavailable Calls: unavailable
DISPLAY TEXT
                                     Identity When Bridging: principal
                                     User Guidance Display? n
  Extension only label for Team button on 96xx H.323 terminals? n
INTERNATIONAL CALL ROUTING PARAMETERS
  Local Country Code:
  International Access Code:
SCCAN PARAMETERS
  Enable Enbloc Dialing without ARS FAC? n
CALLER ID ON CALL WAITING PARAMETERS
  Caller ID on Call Waiting Delay Timer (msec): 200
```

5.3. IP Node Names

Use the **change node-names ip** command to verify that node names have been previously defined for the IP addresses of Communication Manager (**procr**) and the Session Manager security module (**SM**). These node names will be needed for defining the service provider signaling group in **Section 5.6**.

change node-names ip		Page 1 of 2
IP NODE NAMES		
Name	IP Address	
ASBCE_A1	10.64.101.243	
SM	10.64.101.249	
default	0.0.0.0	
media_server	10.64.101.251	
procr	10.64.101.241	
procr6	::	
(6 of 6 administered node-names were displayed)		
Use 'list node-names' command to see all the administered node-names		
Use 'change node-names ip xxx' to change a node-name 'xxx' or add a node-name		

5.4. Codecs

Use the **change ip-codec-set** command to define a list of codecs to use for calls between the enterprise and the service provider. For the compliance test, ip-codec-set 2 was used for this purpose. Enter the corresponding codec in the **Audio Codec** column of the table. Clearcom supports audio codecs **G.729**, **G.711A** and **G.711MU**.

change ip-codec-set 2 Page 1 of 2

IP MEDIA PARAMETERS

Codec Set: 2

	Audio Codec	Silence Suppression	Frames Per Pkt	Packet Size (ms)
1:	<u>G.729</u>	<u>n</u>	<u>2</u>	20
2:	<u>G.711A</u>	<u>n</u>	<u>2</u>	20
3:	<u>G.711MU</u>	<u>n</u>	<u>2</u>	20
4:	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
5:	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
6:	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
7:	<u></u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	

Media Encryption

Encrypted SRTP: best-effort

1: 1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80

2: none

3:

4:

5:

On **Page 2**, set the **Fax Mode** to **off** (refer to **Section 2.2**).

change ip-codec-set 2

Page 2 of 2

IP MEDIA PARAMETERS

Allow Direct-IP Multimedia? n

	Mode	Redun- dancy	Packet Size (ms)
FAX	<u>off</u>	<u>0</u>	
Modem	<u>off</u>	<u>0</u>	
TDD/TTY	<u>US</u>	<u>3</u>	
H.323 Clear-channel	<u>n</u>	<u>0</u>	
SIP 64K Data	<u>n</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>20</u>

Media Connection IP Address Type Preferences

1: IPv4

2:

5.5. IP Network Regions

Create a separate IP network region for the service provider trunk group. This allows for separate codec or quality of service settings to be used (if necessary) for calls between the enterprise and the service provider versus calls within the enterprise or elsewhere. For the compliance test, IP Network Region 2 was chosen for the service provider trunk. Use the **change ip-network-region 2** command to configure region 2 with the following parameters:

- Set the **Authoritative Domain** field to match the SIP domain of the enterprise. In this configuration, the domain name is **avaya.xxx.com** as assigned to the shared test environment in the Avaya test lab. This domain name appears in the “From” header of SIP messages originating from this IP region.
- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Leave both **Intra-region** and **Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio** set to **yes**, the default setting. This will enable **IP-IP Direct Audio** (shuffling), to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya Media Gateway and Media Server. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form if needed.
- Set the **Codec Set** field to the IP codec set defined in **Section 5.4**.
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

```
change ip-network-region 2                                     Page 1 of 20 ^
IP NETWORK REGION
Region: 2      NR Group: 2
Location: 1    Authoritative Domain: avaya. .com
Name: SP Region      Stub Network Region: n
MEDIA PARAMETERS
  Codec Set: 2      Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
  UDP Port Min: 2048  Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
  UDP Port Max: 3349  IP Audio Hairpinning? n
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
  Call Control PHB Value: 46
  Audio PHB Value: 46
  Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
  Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
  Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
  Video 802.1p Priority: 5
AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
  H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
  Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
  Keep-Alive Count: 5
  RSVP Enabled? n
```

On **Page 4**, define the IP codec set to be used for traffic between region 2 and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise). Enter the desired IP codec set in the **codec set** column of the row with destination region (**dst rgn**) 1. Default values may be used for all other fields. The following example shows the settings used for the compliance test. It indicates that codec set **2** will be used for calls between region 2 (the service provider region) and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise).

change ip-network-region 2 Page 4 of 20

Source Region: 2 Inter Network Region Connection Management

dst rgn	codec set	direct WAN	WAN-BW-limits Units	Video Total Norm	Intervening Prio Shr Regions	Dyn CAC	A R	G L	M t c e t
1	2	y	NoLimit			n			
2	2							all	
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									

5.6. Signaling Group

Use the **add signaling-group** command to create a signaling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by the service provider trunk. This signaling group is used for inbound and outbound calls between the service provider and the enterprise. For the compliance test, signaling group 2 was used and was configured using the parameters highlighted below, shown on the screen on the next page:

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Set the **IMS Enabled** field to **n**. This specifies the Communication Manager will serve as an Evolution Server for the Session Manager.
- Set the **Transport Method** to the transport protocol to be used between Communication Manager and Session Manager. For the compliance test, **tls** was used.
- Set the **Peer Detection Enabled** field to **y**. The **Peer-Server** field will initially be set to **Others** and cannot be changed via administration. Later, the **Peer-Server** field will automatically change to **SM** once Communication Manager detects its peer is a Session Manager.

Note: Once the **Peer-Server** field is updated to **SM**, the system changes the default values of the following fields, setting them to display-only:

- Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? is changed to y.
- Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? is changed to n.
- Set the **Near-end Node Name** to **procr**. This node name maps to the IP address of the Communication Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Far-end Node Name** to **SM**. This node name maps to the IP address of Session Manager, as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Near-end Listen Port** and **Far-end Listen Port** to a valid unused port instead of the default well-known port value. (For TLS, the well-known port value is 5061). This is necessary so Session Manager can distinguish this trunk from the trunk used for other enterprise SIP traffic. The compliance test was conducted with the **Near-end Listen Port** and **Far-end Listen Port** set to **5071**.
- Set the **Far-end Network Region** to the IP network region defined for the Service Provider in **Section 5.5**.
- Set the **Far-end Domain** to the domain of the enterprise.
- Set the **DTMF over IP** field to **rtp-payload**. This value enables Communication Manager to send DTMF transmissions using RFC 2833.
- Set **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** to y.
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

change signaling-group 2 Page 1 of 2

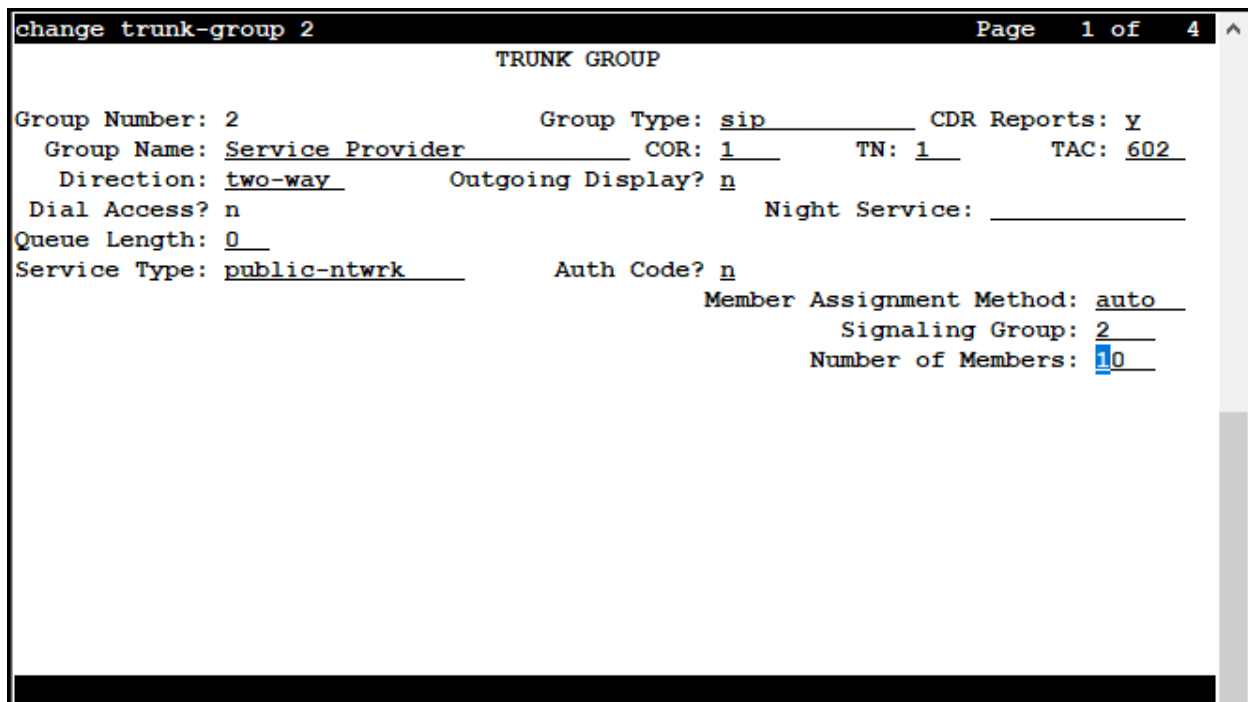
SIGNALING GROUP

Group Number: 2	Group Type: sip
IMS Enabled? <u>n</u>	Transport Method: <u>tls</u>
Q-SIP? <u>n</u>	
IP Video? <u>n</u>	Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? <u>y</u>
Peer Detection Enabled? <u>y</u>	Peer Server: SM
	Clustered? <u>n</u>
Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? <u>y</u>	
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? <u>n</u>	
Alert Incoming SIP Crisis Calls? <u>n</u>	
Near-end Node Name: <u>procr</u>	Far-end Node Name: <u>SM</u>
Near-end Listen Port: <u>5071</u>	Far-end Listen Port: <u>5071</u>
	Far-end Network Region: <u>2</u>
Far-end Domain: <u>avaya. .com</u>	
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: <u>eliminate</u>	Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? <u>n</u>
DTMF over IP: <u>rtp-payload</u>	RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? <u>n</u>
Session Establishment Timer(min): <u>3</u>	Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? <u>y</u>
Enable Layer 3 Test? <u>n</u>	IP Audio Hairpinning? <u>n</u>
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? <u>n</u>	Initial IP-IP Direct Media? <u>n</u>
	Alternate Route Timer(sec): <u>6</u>

5.7. Trunk Group

Use the **add trunk-group** command to create a trunk group for the signaling group created in **Section 5.6**. For the compliance test, trunk group 2 was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Enter a descriptive name for the **Group Name**.
- Enter an available trunk access code (TAC) that is consistent with the existing dial plan in the **TAC** field.
- Set the **Service Type** field to **public-ntwrk**.
- Set the **Signaling Group** to the signaling group shown in **Section 5.6**.
- Set the **Number of Members** field to the number of trunk members in the SIP trunk group. This value determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by this trunk.
- Default values were used for all other fields.



```
change trunk-group 2                                     Page 1 of 4 ^
                                     TRUNK GROUP
Group Number: 2                Group Type: sip          CDR Reports: y
Group Name: Service Provider   COR: 1                 TN: 1           TAC: 602
Direction: two-way            Outgoing Display? n
Dial Access? n                Night Service:
Queue Length: 0
Service Type: public-ntwrk     Auth Code? n
                                Member Assignment Method: auto
                                Signaling Group: 2
                                Number of Members: 10
```

On **Page 2**, verify that the **Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval** is set to a value acceptable to the service provider. This value defines the interval that re-INVITEs must be sent to keep the active session alive. The default value of **600** seconds was used.

change trunk-group 2 Page 2 of 4

Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 5000

SCCAN? n Digital Loss Group: 18

Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec): 600

Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y

XOIP Treatment: auto Delay Call Setup When Accessed Via IGAR? n

Caller ID for Service Link Call to H.323 1xC: station-extension

On **Page 3**:

- Set the **Numbering Format** field to **public**. This field specifies the format of the calling party number (CPN) sent to the far-end. When **public** format is used, Communication Manager automatically inserts a “+” sign, preceding the numbers in the “From”, “Contact” and “P-Asserted Identity” (PAI) headers. The **Numbering Format** was set to **public** and the **Numbering Format** in the route pattern was set to **pub-unk** (see **Section 5.10**).
- Set the **Replace Restricted Numbers** and **Replace Unavailable Numbers** fields to **y**. This will allow the CPN displayed on local endpoints to be replaced with the value set in **Section 5.2**, if the inbound call has enabled CPN block.

change trunk-group 2

Page 3 of 4

TRUNK FEATURES

ACA Assignment? n

Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Suppress # Outpulsing? n

Numbering Format: public

UI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? y

Replace Unavailable Numbers? y

Modify Tandem Calling Number: no

Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y

On **Page 4**:

- Set the **Network Call Redirection** field to **n**. With this setting, Communication Manager will not use the SIP REFER method for the redirection of PSTN calls that are transferred back to the SIP trunk (refer to **Section 2.2**).
- Set the **Send Diversion Header** field to **n** and **Support Request History** to **n**.
- Set the **Telephone Event Payload Type** to **101**, the value preferred by Clearcom.
- Verify that **Identity for Calling Party Display** is set to **P-Asserted-Identity**.
- Default values were used for all other fields.

change trunk-group 2 Page 4 of 4

PROTOCOL VARIATIONS

Mark Users as Phone? n

Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n

Send Transferring Party Information? n

Network Call Redirection? n

Send Diversion Header? n

Support Request History? n

Telephone Event Payload Type: 101

Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n

Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n

Resend Display UPDATE Once on Receipt of 481 Response? n

Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity

Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n

Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n

Enable Q-SIP? n

Interworking of ISDN Clearing with In-Band Tones: keep-channel-active

Request URI Contents: may-have-extra-digits

The calling party number is sent in the SIP “From”, “Contact” and “PAI” headers. Since public numbering was selected to define the format of this number (**Section 5.7**), use the **change public-unknown-numbering** command to create an entry for each extension which has a DID assigned. DID numbers are provided by the SIP service provider. Each DID number is assigned in this table to one enterprise internal extension or Vector Directory Numbers (VDNs). In the example below, two DID numbers assigned by the service provider are shown. These DID numbers were used as the outbound calling party information on the service provider trunk when calls were originated from the mapped extensions. The country code for Mexico (52) may not be require for local calls within Mexico (only require for international dialing).

change public-unknown-numbering 1				Page 1 of 2	
NUMBERING - PUBLIC/UNKNOWN FORMAT					
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	Total	
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	CPN	
				Len	
4	3			4	Total Administered: 4
4	5			4	Maximum Entries: 9999
4	3041	2	525528815941	12	Note: If an entry applies to
4	3044	2	525528815942	12	a SIP connection to Avaya
					Aura(R) Session Manager,
					the resulting number must
					be a complete E.164 number.
					Communication Manager
					automatically inserts
					a '+' digit in this case.

5.9. Inbound Routing

In general, the “incoming call handling treatment” form for a trunk group can be used to manipulate the digits received for an incoming call if necessary. Since Session Manager is present, Session Manager can be used to perform digit conversion using an Adaptation, and digit manipulation via the Communication Manager incoming call handling table may not be necessary. If the DID number sent by Clearcom is left unchanged by Session Manager, then the DID number can be mapped to an extension using the incoming call handling treatment of the receiving trunk group. Use the **change inc-call-handling-trmt** command to create an entry for each DID. The country code for Mexico (52) may not be required for local calls within Mexico (only required for international dialing).

change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 2					Page	1 of 30	^
INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT							
Service/ Feature	Number Len	Number Digits	Del	Insert			
public-ntwrk	12	525528815941	12	3041			
public-ntwrk	12	525528815942	12	3044			
public-ntwrk							
public-ntwrk							
public-ntwrk							
public-ntwrk							
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public-ntwrk							
public-ntwrk							

5.10.Outbound Routing

In these Application Notes, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature is used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to the service provider. In the sample configuration, the single digit 9 is used as the ARS access code. Enterprise callers will dial 9 to reach an “outside line”. This common configuration is illustrated below with little elaboration. Use the **change dialplan analysis** command to define a dialed string beginning with **9** of length **1**, as a feature access code (**fac**).

change dialplan analysis								
DIAL PLAN ANALYSIS TABLE								
Location: all								
Percent Full: 2								
Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type
0	13	udp						
1	4	dac						
2	4	ext						
3	4	ext						
4	4	udp						
5	4	ext						
6	3	dac						
7	4	ext						
8	1	fac						
9	1	fac						
*	3	dac						
#	2	dac						

Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure **9** as the **Auto Route Selection (ARS) – Access Code 1**.

change feature-access-codes		Page 1 of 11
FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)		
Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:		
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:		
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:		
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:		
Announcement Access Code:	#7	
Answer Back Access Code:		
Attendant Access Code:		
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code:	8	
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1:	9	Access Code 2:
Automatic Callback Activation:		Deactivation:
Call Forwarding Activation Busy/DA:	All:	Deactivation:
Call Forwarding Enhanced Status:	Act:	Deactivation:
Call Park Access Code:		
Call Pickup Access Code:		
CAS Remote Hold/Answer Hold-Unhold Access Code:		
CDR Account Code Access Code:		
Change COR Access Code:		
Change Coverage Access Code:		
Conditional Call Extend Activation:		Deactivation:
Contact Closure Open Code:		Close Code:

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialed digits following the first digit 9. The example below shows a subset of the dialed strings tested as part of the compliance test. See **Section 2.1** for the complete list of call types tested. All dialed strings are mapped to route pattern 2, which contains the SIP trunk group to the service provider.

For international call to the U.S. (e.g., dialing: 90017863311234):

change ars analysis 001							Page 1 of 2	
ARS DIGIT ANALYSIS TABLE								
Location: all							Percent Full: 1	
Dialed String	Total		Route	Call	Node	ANI		
	Min	Max	Pattern	Type	Num	Reqd		
001	13	18	2	intl		n		
01	12	12	2	natl		n		
011	10	18	2	intl		n		
040	3	3	2	svcl		n		
045	13	13	2	natl		n		
101xxx0	8	8	deny	op		n		
101xxx0	18	18	deny	op		n		
101xxx01	16	24	deny	iop		n		
101xxx011	17	25	deny	intl		n		
101xxx1	18	18	deny	fnpa		n		
10xxx0	6	6	deny	op		n		
10xxx0	16	16	deny	op		n		
10xxx01	14	22	deny	iop		n		
10xxx011	15	23	deny	intl		n		
10xxx1	16	16	deny	fnpa		n		

For local calls within Mexico (e.g., dialing: 928815943):

change ars analysis 2							Page 1 of 2	
ARS DIGIT ANALYSIS TABLE								
Location: all							Percent Full: 1	
Dialed String	Total		Route	Call	Node	ANI		
	Min	Max	Pattern	Type	Num	Reqd		
<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>407</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>411</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>svcl</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>443</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>5</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>5005</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>locl</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>5006</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>locl</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>5007</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>locl</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>5008</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>locl</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>555</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>deny</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>611</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>svcl</u>	—	<u>n</u>		
<u>61293</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>hnpa</u>	—	<u>n</u>		

The route pattern defines which trunk group will be used for the call and performs any necessary digit manipulation. Use the **change route-pattern** command to configure the parameters for the service provider trunk route pattern in the following manner. The example below shows the values used for route pattern 2 in the compliance test.

- **Pattern Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **Grp No:** Enter the outbound trunk group for the SIP service provider.
- **FRL:** Set the Facility Restriction Level (**FRL**) field to a level that allows access to this trunk for all users that require it. The value of **0** is the least restrictive level.
- **Numbering Format:** Set to **pub-unk**. All calls using this route pattern will use the public numbering table. See setting of the **Numbering Format** in the trunk group form for full details in **Section 5.7**.

change route-pattern 2
Page 1 of 4

Pattern Number: 2
Pattern Name: Serv. Provider

SCCAN? n
Secure SIP? n
Used for SIP stations? n

Grp No	FRL	NPA	Pfx Mrk	Hop Lmt	Toll List	No. Del	Inserted Dgts	DCS/ QSIG Intw	IXC
1:	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>	<u>user</u>
2:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>	<u>user</u>
3:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>	<u>user</u>
4:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>	<u>user</u>
5:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>	<u>user</u>
6:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>	<u>user</u>

BCC VALUE	TSC	CA-TSC	ITC	BCIE	Service/Feature	PARM	Sub Dgts	Numbering Format	LAR
0 1 2 M 4 W	Request								
1: <u>Y Y Y Y Y n</u>	<u>n</u>		<u>rest</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u>pub-unk</u>	<u>none</u>
2: <u>Y Y Y Y Y n</u>	<u>n</u>		<u>rest</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>none</u>
3: <u>Y Y Y Y Y n</u>	<u>n</u>		<u>rest</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>none</u>
4: <u>Y Y Y Y Y n</u>	<u>n</u>		<u>rest</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>none</u>
5: <u>Y Y Y Y Y n</u>	<u>n</u>		<u>rest</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>none</u>
6: <u>Y Y Y Y Y n</u>	<u>n</u>		<u>rest</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>none</u>

Note - Enter the **save translation** command (not shown) to save all the changes made to the Communication Manager configuration in the previous sections.

6. Configure Avaya Aura® Experience Portal

These Application Notes assume that the necessary Experience Portal licenses have been installed and basic Experience Portal administration has already been performed. Consult [9] in the **References** section for further details if necessary.

6.1. Background

Experience Portal consists of one or more Media Processing Platform (MPP) servers and an Experience Portal Manager (EPM) server. A single “server configuration” was used in the reference configuration. This consisted of a single MPP and EPM, running on a VMware environment, including an Apache Tomcat Application Server (hosting the Voice XML (VXML) and/or Call Control XML (CCXML) application scripts), that provide the directives to Experience Portal for handling the inbound calls.

References to the Voice XML and/or Call Control XML applications are administered on Experience Portal, along with one or more called numbers for each application reference. When an inbound call arrives at Experience Portal, the called party DID number is matched against those administered called numbers. If a match is found, then the corresponding application is accessed to handle the call. If no match is found, Experience Portal informs the caller that the call cannot be handled and disconnects the call¹.

For the sample configuration described in these Application Notes, a simple VXML test application was used to exercise various SIP call flow scenarios with the Avaya SIP Trunking service. In production, enterprises can develop their own VXML and/or CCXML applications to meet specific customer self-service needs or consult Avaya Professional Services and/or authorized Avaya Business Partners. The development and deployment of VXML and CCXML applications is beyond the scope of these Application Notes.

¹ An application may be configured with “inbound default” as the called number, to process all inbound calls that do not match any other application references.

6.2. Logging in and Licensing

This section describes the steps on Experience Portal for administering a SIP connection to the Session Manager.

Step 1 - Launch a web browser, enter `http://<IP address of the Avaya EPM server>/` in the URL, log in with the appropriate credentials and the following screen is displayed.

Note – All page navigation described in the following sections will utilize the menu shown on the left pane of the screenshot below.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Experience Portal Manager web interface. At the top, the Avaya logo is on the left, and the user 'epadmin' is welcomed on the right, with a timestamp 'Last logged in today at 8:51:06 AM MDT'. Below the header, a red navigation bar contains 'Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal)', 'Home', 'Help', and 'Logoff' links. A left-hand sidebar menu lists various categories: User Management, Real-time Monitoring, System Maintenance, System Management, System Configuration, Security, Reports, and Multi-Media Configuration, each with sub-items. The main content area, titled 'Avaya Experience Portal Manager', provides an overview of the EPM application and lists installed components: Media Processing Platform (MPP), Email Service, HTML Service, and SMS Service, each with a brief description. At the bottom, a 'Legal Notice' section is visible, containing the 'AVAYA GLOBAL SOFTWARE LICENSE TERMS' and a 'REVISED: June 1st, 2020' date, followed by a detailed paragraph of the license terms.

Step 2 - In the left pane, navigate to **Security**→**Licensing**. On the **Licensing** page, verify that Experience Portal is properly licensed. If required licenses are not enabled, contact an authorized Avaya account representative to obtain the licenses.

AVAYA Welcome, epadmin
Last logged in today at 8:51:06 AM MDT

Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal) Home ? Help Logoff

Expand All | Collapse All

You are here: [Home](#) > [Security](#) > [Licensing](#)

Licensing

This page displays the Experience Portal license information that is currently in effect. Experience Portal uses Avaya License Manager (WebLM) to control the number of telephony ports that are used.

License Server Information

License Server URL:	https://10.64.101.252:8443/WebLM/LicenseServer
Last Updated:	Sep 21, 2022 6:49:13 AM MDT
Last Successful Poll:	Oct 3, 2022 8:54:28 AM MDT

Licensed Products

Experience Portal	100
Announcement Ports:	100
ASR Connections:	100
Call Anchoring Ports:	100
Conversation Speech Connections:	100
Email Units:	10
Enable Media Encryption:	1
Enhanced Call Classification:	100
Google ASR Connections:	100
Google Dialogflow Connections:	100
HTML Units:	100
SIP Signaling Connections:	100
SMS Units:	10
Telephony Ports:	100
TTS Connections:	100
Video Server Connections:	100
Zones:	1
Version:	8
Last Successful Poll:	Oct 3, 2022 8:54:28 AM MDT
Last Changed:	Sep 21, 2022 6:49:18 AM MDT

Allocations **Help**

6.3. VoIP Connection

This section defines a SIP trunk between Experience Portal and Session Manager (**Sections 7.5 and 7.6**).

Step 1 - In the left pane, navigate to **System Configuration**→**VoIP Connections**. On the **VoIP Connections** page, select the **SIP** tab and click **Add** to add a SIP trunk.

Note – Only *one* SIP trunk can be active at any given time on Experience Portal.

AVAYA Welcome, epadmin
Last logged in today at 8:51:06 AM MDT

Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal) Home ? Help Logoff

Expand All | Collapse All

You are here: [Home](#) > System Configuration > VoIP Connections

VoIP Connections

This page displays a list of Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) servers that Experience Portal communicates with. You can configure multiple SIP connections, but only one SIP connection can be enabled at any one given time.

H.323 SIP

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Enable	Proxy Transport	Proxy/DNS Server Address	Proxy Server Port	Listener Port	SIP Domain	Maximum Simultaneous Calls
<input type="checkbox"/>	Session Manager	Yes	TLS	10.64.101.249	5061	5061	avaya.xxx.com	10

Add Delete Help

Step 2 - Configure a SIP connection as follows:

- **Name** – Set to a descriptive name (e.g., **Session Manager**).
- **Enable** – Set to **Yes**.
- **Proxy Server Transport** – Set to **TLS**.
- Select **Proxy Servers**, and enter:
 - **Proxy Server Address** = **10.64.101.249** (the IP address of the Session Manager signaling interface defined in **Section 7.5**).
 - **Port** = **5061**
 - **Priority** = **0** (default)
 - **Weight** = **0** (default)
- **Listener Port** – Set to **5061**.
- **SIP Domain** – Set to **avaya.xxx.com** (see **Section 7.2**).

- **Consultative Transfer** – Select **INVITE with REPLACES**.
- **SIP Reject Response Code** – Select **ASM (503)**.
- **Maximum Simultaneous Calls** – Set to a number in accordance with licensed capacity.
In the reference configuration a value of **100** was used.
- Select **All Calls can be either inbound or outbound**.
- **SRTP Enable** = **Yes**
- **Encryption Algorithm** = **AES_CM_128**
- **Authentication Algorithm** = **HMAC_SHA1_80**
- **RTCP Encryption Enabled** = **No**
- **RTP Authentication Enabled** = **Yes**
- Click on **Add** to add SRTP settings to the **Configured SRTP List**
- Use default values for all other fields.
- Click **Save**.

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You are here: [Home](#) > [System Configuration](#) > [VoIP Connections](#) > [Change SIP Connection](#)

Change SIP Connection

Use this page to change the configuration of a SIP connection.

Name: Session Manager

Enable: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Proxy Transport: **TLS**

☒ Proxy Servers ☐ DNS SRV Domain

Address	Port	Priority	Weight	
10.64.101.249	5061	0	0	Remove

[Additional Proxy Server](#)

Listener Port: 5061

SIP Domain: avaya.com

P-Asserted-Identity:

Maximum Redirection Attempts: 0

Consultative Transfer: ☒ INVITE with REPLACES ☐ REFER

SIP Reject Response Code: ☒ ASM (503) ☐ SES (480) ☐ Custom 503

SIP Timers

T1: 250 milliseconds

T2: 2000 milliseconds

B and F: 4000 milliseconds

Call Capacity

Maximum Simultaneous Calls: 10

☒ All Calls can be either inbound or outbound

☐ Configure number of inbound and outbound calls allowed

SRTP

Enable: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Encryption Algorithm: ☒ AES_CM_128 ☐ NONE

Authentication Algorithm: ☒ HMAC_SHA1_80 ☐ HMAC_SHA1_32

RTCP Encryption Enabled: ☐ Yes ☒ No

RTP Authentication Enabled: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Add

Configured SRTP List

SRTP-Yes,AES_CM_128,HMAC_SHA1_80,RTCP Encryption-No,RTP Authentication-Yes

Remove

Save

Apply

Cancel

Help

6.4. Speech Servers

The installation and administration of the ASR and TSR Speech Servers are beyond the scope of this document. Some of the values shown below were defined during the Speech Server installations. Note that in the reference configuration the ASR and TTS servers used the same IP address.

ASR speech server:

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You are here: [Home](#) > System Configuration > Speech Servers

Speech Servers

This page displays the list of Automated Speech Recognition (ASR) and Text-to-Speech (TTS) servers that Experience Portal communicates with.

ASR TTS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Enable	Network Address	Engine Type	MRCP	Base Port	Total Number of Licensed ASR Resources	Languages
<input type="checkbox"/>	NuanceASR	Yes	10.64.101.154	Nuance	MRCP V1 4900	10	10	English(USA) en-US

Add Delete
Customize Help

TTS speech server:

AVAYA

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Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal)

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Real-time Monitoring

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System Management

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- MPP Manager
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Speech Servers

This page displays the list of Automated Speech Recognition (ASR) and Text-to-Speech (TTS) servers that Experience Portal communicates with.

ASRTTS

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Enable	Network Address	Engine Type	MRCP	Base Port	Total Number of Licensed TTS Resources	Voices
<input type="checkbox"/>	Nuance	Yes	10.64.101.154	Nuance	MRCP V1	4900	10	English(USA) en-US Jennifer F

AddDelete

CustomizeHelp

HG; Reviewed:
SPOC 11/3/2022

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes
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CIAura101EP81_U

6.5. Application References

This section describes the steps for administering a reference to the VXML and/or CCXML applications residing on the application server. In the sample configuration, the applications were co-resident on one Experience Portal server, with IP Address 10.64.101.252.

Step 1 - In the left pane, navigate to **System Configuration→Applications**. On the **Applications** page (not shown), click **Add** to add an application and configure as follows:

- **Name** – Set to a descriptive name (e.g., **Test2_APP**).
- **Enable** – Set to **Yes**. This field determines which application(s) will be executed based on their defined criteria.
- **Type** – Select **VoiceXML**, **CCXML**, or **CCXML/VoiceXML** according to the application type.
- **VoiceXML** and/or **CCXML URL** – Enter the necessary URL(s) to access the VXML and/or CCXML application(s) on the application server. In the sample screen below, the Experience Portal test application on a single server is referenced.
- **Speech Servers ASR** and **TTS** – Select the appropriate ASR and/or TTS servers as necessary.
- **Application Launch** – Set to **Inbound**.
- **Called Number** – Enter the number to match against an inbound SIP INVITE message and click **Add**. In the sample configuration illustrated in these Application Notes, the dialed DID number **5528815942** provided by the service provider was used. Inbound calls with this called party number will be handled by the application defined in this section.



Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal)

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You are here: [Home](#) > [System Configuration](#) > [Applications](#) > Change Application

Change Application

Use this page to change the configuration of an application.

Name: Test2_App
Enable: ☒ Yes ☐ No
Type: CCXML
Reserved SIP Calls: ☒ None ☐ Minimum ☐ Maximum
Requested:

URI

☒ Single ☐ Fail Over ☐ Load Balance

CCXML URL:

Verify

Mutual Certificate Authentication: ☐ Yes ☒ No
Basic Authentication: ☐ Yes ☒ No

ASR Speech Servers

Engine Types
ASR: Selected Engine Types

Nuance

Languages
 Selected Languages

Resources:

N Best List Length:

Speech Complete Timeout: milliseconds

Speech Incomplete Timeout: milliseconds

Vendor Parameters:

TTS Speech Servers

Voices
TTS: Selected Voices

Application Launch

☒ Inbound ☐ Inbound Default ☐ Outbound

☒ Number ☐ Number Range ☐ URI

Called Number:

Add

3666

6501

5528815942

Remove

SIP Header Source:

Speech Parameters

Reporting Parameters

Advanced Parameters

Save Apply Cancel Help

6.6. MPP Servers and VoIP Settings

This section illustrates the procedure for viewing or changing the MPP Settings. In the sample configuration, the MPP Server is co-resident on a single server with the Experience Portal Management server (EPM).

Step 1 - In the left pane, navigate to **System Configuration**→**MPP Servers** and the following screen is displayed. Click **Add**.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal) interface. The top header shows the Avaya logo and a welcome message for 'epadmin'. The left navigation pane lists various system management options, with 'System Configuration' expanded to show 'MPP Servers'. The main content area is titled 'MPP Servers' and includes a description of the Media Processing Platform (MPP) servers. Below the description is a table with the following columns: Name, Host Address, Network Address (VoIP), Network Address (MRCP), Network Address (AppSvr), Maximum Simultaneous Calls, and Trace Level. The table contains one entry for 'MPP' with a host address of 10.64.101.252 and a maximum of 1 simultaneous call. Below the table are 'Add' and 'Delete' buttons. At the bottom, there are tabs for 'MPP Settings', 'Browser Settings', 'Video Settings', 'VoIP Settings', and 'Help'.

Name	Host Address	Network Address (VoIP)	Network Address (MRCP)	Network Address (AppSvr)	Maximum Simultaneous Calls	Trace Level
MPP	10.64.101.252	<Default>	<Default>	<Default>	1	Use MPP Settings

Step 2 - Enter any descriptive name in the **Name** field (e.g., **MPP**) and the IP address of the MPP server in the **Host Address** field and click **Continue** (not shown). Note that the Host Address used is the same IP address assigned to Experience Portal.

Step 3 - The certificate page will open. Check the **Trust this certificate** box (not shown). Once complete, click **Save**.

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Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal) Home ? Help Logoff

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You are here: [Home](#) > [System Configuration](#) > [MPP Servers](#) > Change MPP Server

Change MPP Server

Use this page to change the configuration of an MPP. Take care when changing the MPP Trace Logging Thresholds. Do not set Trace Levels to Finest if your Experience Portal system has heavy call traffic. The system might experience performance issues if Trace Levels are set to Finest. Set Trace Levels to Finest only when you are troubleshooting the system.

Name: MPP
Host Address: 10.64.101.252
Network Address (VoIP): <Default>
Network Address (MRCP): <Default>
Network Address (AppSvr): <Default>
Maximum Simultaneous Calls: 1
Restart Automatically: ☒ Yes ☐ No

MPP Certificate

```
Owner: C=US,O=Avaya Experience Portal,OU=epm,CN=hg-aep-thornton.avaya.lab.com
Issuer: CN=hg-aep-thornton.avaya.lab.com,OU=EPM CA 1663716251357,O=Avaya
Serial Number: 85d8c1f6039f2e66b17f04107ff7bd1e
Signature Algorithm: SHA256withRSA
Version: 3
Valid from: September 20, 2022 5:25:24 PM MDT until September 20, 2032 5:25:24 PM MDT
Certificate Fingerprints
MD5: 2b:99:8c:05:14:a8:e5:a1:0f:56:91:82:cc:46:0c:67
SHA: 81:68:5d:e0:39:02:19:49:3f:6c:bb:cd:77:f4:e8:0f:9a:cf:f8:e4
SHA-256: d2:89:12:ed:5f:60:a0:43:e8:b3:eb:34:87:61:06:fa:34:75:31:c3:05:5d:71:22:05:35:4e:0e:74:db:52:8a
Basic Constraints:
CA: false
Path Len Constraint: undefined
Subject Alternative Names
DNS Name: hg-aep-thornton
DNS Name: hg-aep-thornton.avaya.lab.com
IP Address: 10.64.101.252
IP Address: fe80:0:0:0:250:56ff:feab:cda9
```

Categories and Trace Levels ▶

Save **Apply** **Cancel** **Help**

Step 4 - Click **VoIP Settings** tab on the screen displayed in **Step 1**, and the following screen is displayed.

- In the Port Ranges section, default ports were used.

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Last logged in today at 8:51:06 AM MDT

Avaya Experience Portal 8.1.1 (ExperiencePortal) Home Help Logoff

Expand All | Collapse All

You are here: [Home](#) > [System Configuration](#) > [MPP Servers](#) > [VoIP Settings](#)

VoIP Settings

Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) is the process of sending voice data through a network using one or more standard protocols such as H.323 and Real-time Transfer Protocol (RTP). Use this page to configure parameters that affect how voice data is transferred through the network. Note that if you make any changes to this page, you must restart all MPPs.

	Low	High
UDP:	11000	30999
TCP:	31000	33499
MRCP:	34000	36499
H.323 Station:	37000	39499

RTCP Monitor Settings

Host Address:

Port:

VoIP Audio Formats

MPP Native Format:

Codecs ▶
QoS Parameters ▶
Out of Service Threshold (% of VoIP Resources) ▶
Call Progress ▶
Miscellaneous ▶

Save Apply Cancel Help

- In the Codecs section set:
 - Set **Packet Time** to **20**.
 - Verify Codecs **G729**, **G711aLaw**, **G711uLaw** are enabled (check marks). Set the **Offer** and Answer **Order** as shown. In the sample configuration **G729** is the preferred codec, with **Order 1**, followed by **G711aLaw** with **Order 2** and **G711uLaw** with **Order 3**.
 - On the codec Answer set **G729 Discontinuous Transmission** to **Either**.
- Use default values for all other fields.

Step 5 - Click on **Save** (not shown).

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VoIP Settings

Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) is the process of sending voice data through a network using one or more standard protocols such as H.323 and Real-time Transfer Protocol (RTP). Use this page to configure parameters that affect how voice data is transferred through the network. Note that if you make any changes to this page, you must restart all MPPs.

Port Ranges ▼

	Low	High
UDP:	11000	30999
TCP:	31000	33499
MRCP:	34000	36499
H.323 Station:	37000	39499

RTCP Monitor Settings ▼

Host Address:

Port:

VoIP Audio Formats ▼

MPP Native Format: audio/basic ▼

Codecs ▼

Offer

Enable	Codec	Order
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G729	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G711aLaw	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G711uLaw	3

Packet Time: 20 milliseconds

G729 Discontinuous Transmission: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Answer

Enable	Codec	Order
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G729	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G711aLaw	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	G711uLaw	3

G729 Discontinuous Transmission: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Either

G729 Reduced Complexity Encoder: ☒ Yes ☐ No

QoS Parameters ▶

Out of Service Threshold (% of VoIP Resources) ▶

Call Progress ▶

Miscellaneous ▶

Save Apply Cancel Help

6.7. Configuring RFC2833 Event Value Offered by Experience Portal

The configuration change example noted in this section was not required for any of the call flows illustrated in these Application Notes. For incoming calls from the service provider to Experience Portal, the service provider specifies the value 101 for the RFC2833 telephone-events that signal DTMF digits entered by the user. When Experience Portal answers, the SDP from Experience Portal matches the service provider offered value.

When Experience Portal sends an INVITE with SDP as part of an INVITE-based transfer (e.g., bridged transfer), Experience Portal offers the SDP. By default, Experience Portal specifies the value 127 for the RFC2833 telephone-events. Optionally, the value that is offered by Experience Portal can be changed, and this section outlines the procedure that can be performed by an Avaya authorized representative.

- Access Experience Portal via the command line interface.
- Navigate to the following directory: /opt/Avaya/ ExperiencePortal/MPP/config
- Edit the file mppconfig.xml.
- Search for the parameter “mpp.sip.rfc2833.payload”. If there is no such parameter specified add a line such as the following to the file, where the value 101 is the value to be used for the RFC2833 events. If the parameter is already specified in the file, simply edit the value assigned to the parameter.
`<parameter name="mpp.sip.rfc2833.payload">101</parameter>`
- In the verification of these Application Notes, the line was added directly above the line where the sip.session.expires parameter is configured.

After saving the file with the change, restart the MPP server for the change to take effect. As shown below, the MPP may be restarted using the **Restart** button available via the Experience Portal GUI at **System Management → MPP Manager**.

Note that the **State** column shows when the MPP is running after the restart.

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You are here: [Home](#) > System Management > MPP Manager

MPP Manager (Oct 3, 2022 9:37:05 AM MDT)

[Refresh](#)

This page displays the current state of each MPP in the Experience Portal system. To enable the state and mode commands, select one or more MPPs. To enable the mode commands, the selected MPPs must also be stopped.

Last Poll: Oct 3, 2022 9:36:57 AM MDT

	Server Name	Mode	State	Config	Auto Restart	Restart Schedule		Active Calls	
						Today	Recurring	In	Out
<input type="checkbox"/>	MPP	Online	Running	OK	Yes	No	None	0	0

State Commands

[Start](#) [Stop](#) [Restart](#) [Reboot](#) [Halt](#) [Cancel](#)

Mode Commands

[Offline](#) [Test](#) [Online](#)

Restart/Reboot Options

☒ One server at a time
☐ All servers

[Help](#)

7. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

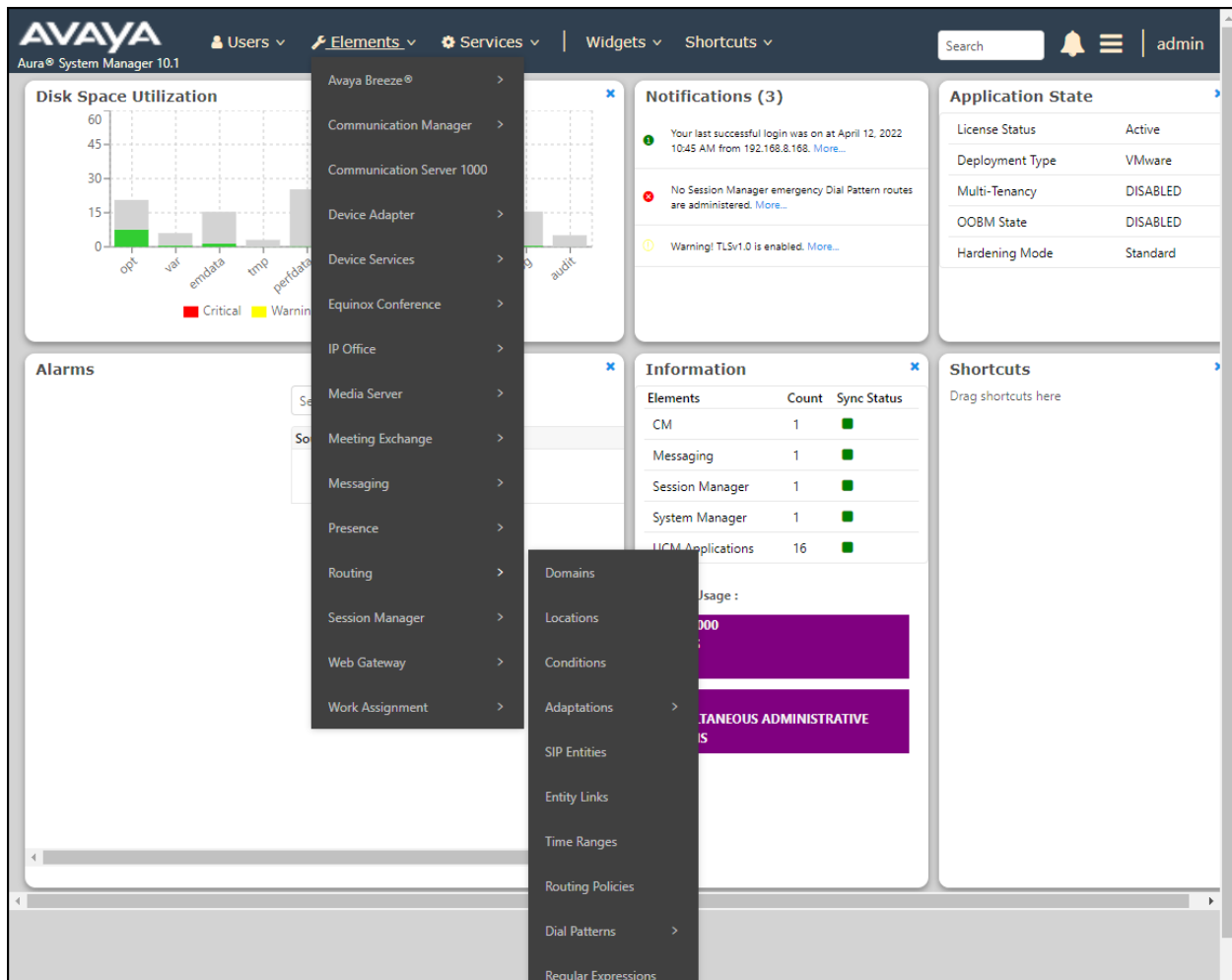
This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include adding the following items:

- SIP domain.
- Logical/physical Locations that can be occupied by SIP Entities.
- Adaptation module to perform header manipulations.
- SIP Entities corresponding to Communication Manager, Session Manager, Experience Portal and the Avaya SBCE.
- Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities.
- Routing Policies, which control call routing between the SIP Entities.
- Dial Patterns, which govern to which SIP Entity a call is routed.

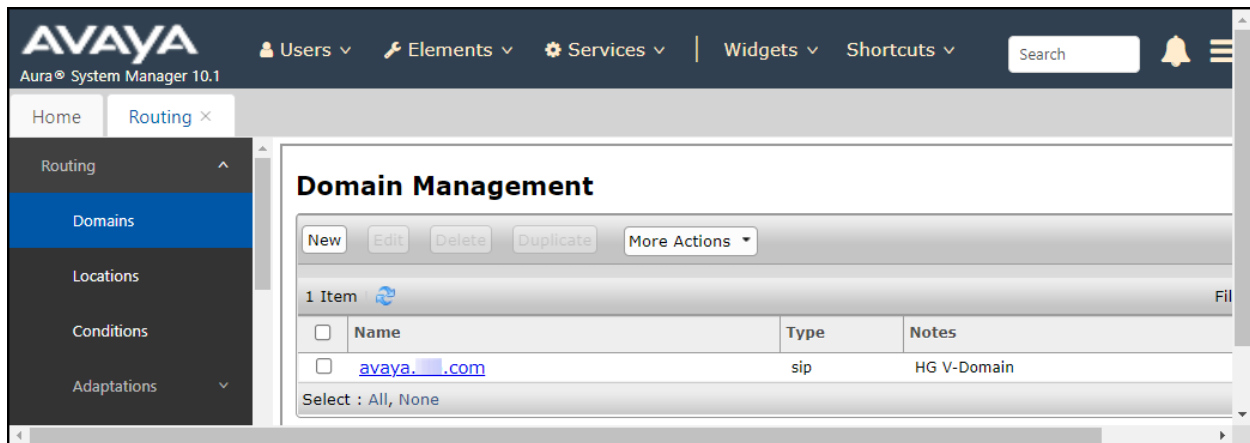
The following sections assume that the initial configuration of Session Manager and System Manager has already been completed, and that network connectivity exists between System Manager and Session Manager.

7.1. System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL “https://<ip-address>/SMGR”, where “<ip-address>” is the IP address of System Manager. Log in with the appropriate credentials and click on **Log On** (not shown). The screen shown below is then displayed; under **elements** select **Routing** → **Domains**.



The navigation tree displayed in the left pane below will be referenced in subsequent sections to navigate to items requiring configuration. Most items discussed in this section will be located under the **Routing** link shown below.

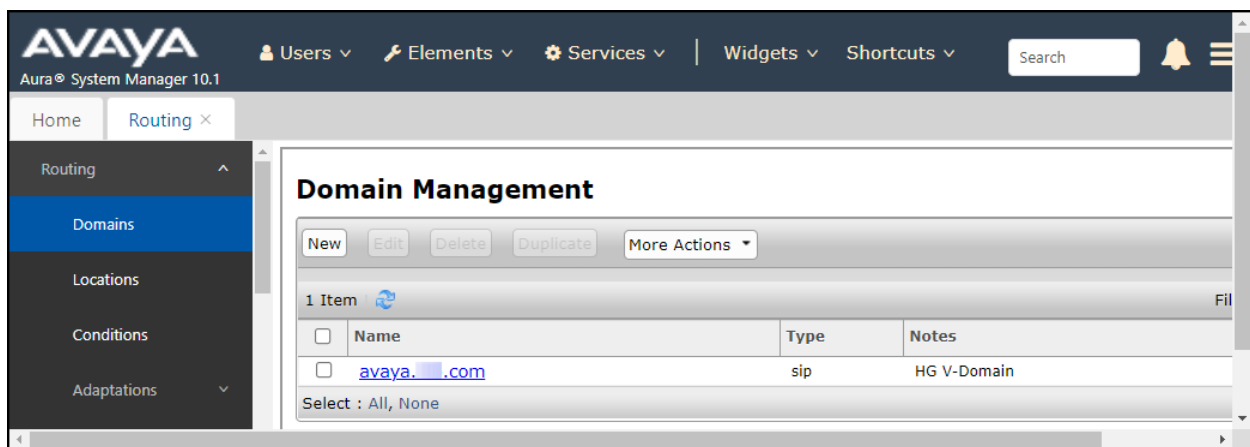


7.2. SIP Domain

Create an entry for each SIP domain for which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. For the compliance test, this was the enterprise domain, **avaya.xxx.com**. Navigate to **Routing → Domains** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

- **Name:** Enter the domain name.
- **Type:** Select **sip** from the pull-down menu.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).
- Click **Commit** to save (not shown).

The screen below shows the entry for the enterprise domain.



7.3. Locations

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management, call admission control and location-based routing. To add a location, navigate to **Routing → Locations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the **General** section, enter the following values:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name for the location.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen shows the location details for the location named **Session Manager**. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to Session Manager. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 web interface. The left-hand navigation pane shows the 'Routing' menu expanded, with 'Locations' selected. The main content area is titled 'Location Details' and contains the following sections:

- General**: Includes fields for 'Name' (Session Manager) and 'Notes' (VMware Session Manager). 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons are visible in the top right.
- Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode**: Includes an 'Enabled' checkbox (unchecked), a 'Listed Directory Number' field, and an 'Associated CM SIP Entity' field.
- Overall Managed Bandwidth**: Includes a 'Managed Bandwidth Units' dropdown (set to Kbit/sec), 'Total Bandwidth' and 'Multimedia Bandwidth' fields, and a checked checkbox for 'Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth'.

The following screen shows the location details for the location named **Communication Manager**. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to Communication Manager. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, version information, and user roles (Users, Elements, Services, Widgets, Shortcuts). A search bar and a user profile (admin) are also present. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with options like Home, Routing, Domains, Locations (selected), Conditions, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main content area is titled 'Location Details' and contains several sections: 'General' with fields for 'Name' (Communication Manager) and 'Notes' (VMware Communication Manager); 'Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode' with an 'Enabled' checkbox and fields for 'Listed Directory Number' and 'Associated CM SIP Entity'; and 'Overall Managed Bandwidth' with a 'Managed Bandwidth Units' dropdown (set to Kbit/sec), fields for 'Total Bandwidth' and 'Multimedia Bandwidth', and a checked checkbox for 'Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth'. 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons are located at the top right of the form area.

AVAYA
Aura® System Manager 10.1

Users ▾ Elements ▾ Services ▾ | Widgets ▾ Shortcuts ▾

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Home Routing ×

Routing ^

Domains

Locations

Conditions

Adaptations ▾

SIP Entities

Entity Links

Time Ranges

Routing Policies

Dial Patterns ▾

Regular Expressions

Defaults

Location Details Commit Cancel Help ?

General

* Name: Communication Manager

Notes: VMware Communication Manager

Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode

Enabled: ☐

Listed Directory Number:

Associated CM SIP Entity:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units: Kbit/sec ▾

Total Bandwidth:

Multimedia Bandwidth:

Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth: ☒

The following screen shows the location details for the location named **Avaya SBCE**. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to the Avaya SBCE. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

The screenshot displays the 'Location Details' configuration page in the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with 'Locations' selected. The main content area is titled 'Location Details' and includes a 'Commit' button and a 'Cancel' button. The 'General' section contains fields for 'Name' (Avaya SBCE) and 'Notes' (VMware Avaya SBCE). The 'Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode' section has an 'Enabled' checkbox (unchecked), a 'Listed Directory Number' field, and an 'Associated CM SIP Entity' field. The 'Overall Managed Bandwidth' section includes a 'Managed Bandwidth Units' dropdown (set to Kbit/sec), 'Total Bandwidth' and 'Multimedia Bandwidth' fields, and a checked checkbox for 'Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth'.

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Location Details Commit Cancel Help ?

General

* Name: Avaya SBCE

Notes: VMware Avaya SBCE

Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode

Enabled: ☐

Listed Directory Number:

Associated CM SIP Entity:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units: Kbit/sec ▾

Total Bandwidth:

Multimedia Bandwidth:

Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth: ☒

The following screen shows the location details for the location named **Lab Others**. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to the Experience Portal. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, version information, and tabs for Users, Elements, Services, Widgets, and Shortcuts. A search bar and notification bell are also present. The left sidebar shows a menu with options like Home, Routing, Domains, Locations (selected), Conditions, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main content area is titled 'Location Details' and contains three sections: 'General' with fields for Name (Lab Others) and Notes (VMware Lab others); 'Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode' with an 'Enabled' checkbox and fields for 'Listed Directory Number' and 'Associated CM SIP Entity'; and 'Overall Managed Bandwidth' with a 'Managed Bandwidth Units' dropdown (set to Kbit/sec), fields for 'Total Bandwidth' and 'Multimedia Bandwidth', and a checked checkbox for 'Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth'. 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons are located in the top right corner of the form area.

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Routing Policies
Dial Patterns ▾
Regular Expressions
Defaults <

Location Details

Commit Cancel

General

* Name: Lab Others
Notes: VMware Lab others

Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode

Enabled: ☐
Listed Directory Number:
Associated CM SIP Entity:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units: Kbit/sec ▾
Total Bandwidth:
Multimedia Bandwidth:
Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth: ☒

7.4. Adaptations

In order to improve interoperability with third party elements, Session Manager 10.1 incorporates the ability to use Adaptation modules to remove specific headers that are either Avaya proprietary or deemed excessive/unnecessary for non-Avaya elements.

For the compliance test, an Adaptation named **CM_Outbound_Header_Removal** was created to block the headers listed below before they were forwarded to the Avaya SBCE. These headers contain private information from the enterprise, which should not be propagated outside of the enterprise boundaries. They also add unnecessary size to outbound messages, while they have no significance to the service provider.

Navigate to **Routing → Adaptations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

- **Adaptation Name:** Enter an appropriate name.
- **Module Name:** Select the **DigitConversionAdapter** option.
- **Module Parameter Type:** Select **Name-Value Parameter**.

Click **Add** to add the name and value parameters, as follows:

- **Name:** Enter **eRHdrs**. This parameter will remove the specified headers from messages in the egress direction.
- **Value:** Enter “**Alert-Info, P-Charging-Vector, AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, P-AV-Message-Id, P-Location, Endpoint-View**”.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The screen below shows the adaptation created for the compliance test. This adaptation will later be applied to the SIP Entity corresponding to the Avaya SBCE. All other fields were left at their default values.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, version information, and user roles (Users, Elements, Services, Widgets, Shortcuts). A search bar and a user profile icon (admin) are also present. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with options like Home, Routing, Domains, Locations, Conditions, Adaptations, Regular Expressions, Device Mappings, SIP Entities, Entity Links, and Time Ranges. The 'Routing' tab is active, and the 'Locations' sub-tab is selected. The main content area is titled 'Adaptation Details' and contains a 'General' section. This section includes fields for 'Adaptation Name' (CM_Outbound_Header_Removal), 'Notes', 'Module Name' (DigitConversionAdapter), 'Type' (digit), 'State' (enabled), and 'Module Parameter Type' (Name-Value Parameter). Below these fields is a table with 'Add' and 'Remove' buttons, containing one entry with the name 'eRHdrs' and a value string. At the bottom, there is an 'Egress URI Parameters' field. The interface also features 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons in the top right corner of the main content area.

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Adaptation Details Commit Cancel Help ?

General

* **Adaptation Name:**

Notes:

* **Module Name:**

Type:

State:

Module Parameter Type:

<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Remove"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="Name"/>	<input type="text" value="Value"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="eRHdrs"/>	<input type="text" value="Alert-Info, P-Charging-Vector, AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, P-AV-Message-id, P-Location, Endpoint-View"/>

Select : All, None

Egress URI Parameters:

7.5. SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system connected to it, which includes Communication Manager, Avaya SBCE and Experience Portal. Navigate to **Routing → SIP Entities** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **FQDN or IP Address:** Enter the FQDN or IP address of the SIP Entity that is used for SIP signaling (see **Figure 1**).
- **Type:** Select **Session Manager** for Session Manager, **CM** for Communication Manager, **SIP Trunk** (or **Other**) for the Avaya SBCE and **Voice Portal** for the Experience Portal.
- **Adaptation:** This field is only present if **Type** is not set to **Session Manager**. If Adaptations were to be created, here is where they would be applied to the entity.
- **Location:** Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in **Section 7.3**.
- **Time Zone:** Select the time zone for the location above.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen shows the addition of the **Session Manager** SIP Entity for Session Manager. The IP address of the Session Manager Security Module is entered in the **FQDN or IP Address** field.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, user information (admin), and various menu items like Users, Elements, Services, Widgets, and Shortcuts. The left sidebar shows a navigation tree with 'Routing' expanded and 'SIP Entities' selected. The main content area is titled 'SIP Entity Details' and contains a 'General' section with the following fields: Name (Session Manager), IP Address (10.64.101.249), SIP FQDN (empty), Type (Session Manager), Notes (VMware Session Manager), Location (Session Manager), Outbound Proxy (empty), Time Zone (America/New_York), Minimum TLS Version (Use Global Setting), and Credential name (empty). There are 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons at the top right of the form. Below the 'General' section is a 'Monitoring' section with 'SIP Link Monitoring' (Use Session Manager Configuration) and 'CRLF Keep Alive Monitoring' (CRLF Monitoring Disabled).

The following screen shows the addition of the **Communication Manager Trunk 2** SIP Entity for Communication Manager. In order for Session Manager to send SIP service provider traffic on a separate entity link to Communication Manager, the creation of a separate SIP entity for Communication Manager is required. This SIP Entity should be different than the one created during the Session Manager installation, used by all other enterprise SIP traffic. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the “**procr**” interface in Communication Manager, as seen in **Section 5.3**. For **Type** Select **CM** for Communication Manager. Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in **Section 7.3**. Select the **Time Zone**. Click **Commit** to save.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 web interface. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with 'SIP Entities' selected. The main content area is titled 'SIP Entity Details' and contains a 'General' tab. The form fields are as follows:

- Name:** Communication Manager Trunk 2
- * FQDN or IP Address:** 10.64.101.241
- Type:** CM (dropdown)
- Notes:** Used for SP Testing
- Adaptation:** (empty dropdown)
- Location:** Communication Manager (dropdown)
- Time Zone:** America/New_York (dropdown)
- * SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):** 4
- Minimum TLS Version:** Use Global Setting (dropdown)
- Credential name:** (empty text field)
- Securable:** ☐
- Call Detail Recording:** none (dropdown)
- Loop Detection Mode:** Off (dropdown)

At the top right of the form, there are 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons. The interface also includes a top navigation bar with 'Users', 'Elements', 'Services', 'Widgets', and 'Shortcuts' menus, a search bar, and a user profile 'admin'.

The following screen shows the addition of the **Avaya SBCE** SIP Entity for the Avaya SBCE:

- The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the SBC private network interface (see **Figure 1**).
- For **Type** Select **SIP Trunk**.
- On the **Adaptation** field, the adaptation module **CM_Outbound_Header_Removal** previously defined in **Section 7.4** was selected.
- Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in **Section 7.3**.
- Select the **Time Zone**.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, version information, and various menu items like Users, Elements, Services, Widgets, and Shortcuts. A search bar and a user profile icon are also present. The left sidebar shows a navigation tree with options like Home, Routing, Domains, Locations, Conditions, Adaptations, SIP Entities (highlighted), Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main content area is titled 'SIP Entity Details' and contains a 'General' section with the following fields: Name (Avaya SBCE), FQDN or IP Address (10.64.101.243), Type (SIP Trunk), Notes (VMware Avaya SBCE), Adaptation (CM_Outbound_Header_Removal), Location (Avaya SBCE), Time Zone (America/New_York), SIP Timer B/F (in seconds) (4), Minimum TLS Version (Use Global Setting), Credential name (empty), Securable (unchecked), and Call Detail Recording (none). There is also a 'Loop Detection' section with a Loop Detection Mode (Off). At the top right of the form, there are 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons, and a 'Help ?' link.

The following screen shows the addition of the *Avaya Experience Portal* SIP Entity:

- The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Experience Portal (see **Figure 1**).
- Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in **Section 7.3**.
- Select the **Time Zone**.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, 'Aura System Manager 10.1', and tabs for Users, Elements, Services, Widgets, and Shortcuts. A search bar is located on the right. The left sidebar shows a navigation menu with options: Home, Routing (selected), Domains, Locations, Conditions, Adaptations, SIP Entities (highlighted), Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main content area is titled 'SIP Entity Details' and contains a 'General' section with the following fields: Name (Avaya Experience Portal), FQDN or IP Address (10.64.101.252), Type (Voice Portal), Notes (SIP Trunk to Avaya Experience Portal), Adaptation (dropdown), Location (Lab Others), Time Zone (America/New_York), SIP Timer B/F (in seconds) (4), Minimum TLS Version (Use Global Setting), Credential name (empty), Securable (checkbox), and Call Detail Recording (none). Below this is a 'Loop Detection' section with Loop Detection Mode (On), Loop Count Threshold (5), and Loop Detection Interval (in msec) (200). The 'Monitoring' section at the bottom includes SIP Link Monitoring and CRLF Keep Alive Monitoring, both set to 'Use Session Manager Configuration'. 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons are in the top right corner of the form area.

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SIP Entity Details Commit Cancel

General

* Name: Avaya Experience Portal

* FQDN or IP Address: 10.64.101.252

Type: Voice Portal

Notes: SIP Trunk to Avaya Experience Portal

Adaptation:

Location: Lab Others

Time Zone: America/New_York

* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds): 4

Minimum TLS Version: Use Global Setting

Credential name:

Securable: ☐

Call Detail Recording: none

Loop Detection

Loop Detection Mode: On

Loop Count Threshold: 5

Loop Detection Interval (in msec): 200

Monitoring

SIP Link Monitoring: Use Session Manager Configuration

CRLF Keep Alive Monitoring: Use Session Manager Configuration

7.6. Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described by an Entity Link. Three Entity Links were created; an entity link to Communication Manager for use only by service provider traffic, an entity link to the Avaya SBCE and an entity link to Experience Portal. To add an Entity Link, navigate to **Routing** → **Entity Links** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **SIP Entity 1:** Select the Session Manager from the drop-down menu (**Section 7.5**).
- **Protocol:** Select the transport protocol used for this link (**Section 5.6**).
- **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager will receive SIP requests from the far-end (**Section 5.6**).
- **SIP Entity 2:** Select the name of the other system from the drop-down menu (**Section 7.5**).
- **Port:** Port number on which the other system receives SIP requests from Session Manager (**Section 5.6**).
- **Connection Policy:** Select **Trusted** to allow calls from the associated SIP Entity.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The screen below shows the Entity Link to Communication Manager. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used on the Communication Manager signaling group form in **Section 5.6**. TLS transport and port **5071** were used.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The left navigation pane is expanded to 'Entity Links'. The main area shows the 'Entity Links' configuration page. At the top, there are 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons. Below this, a table lists the entity links. The table has columns for Name, SIP Entity 1, Protocol, Port, SIP Entity 2, Port, DNS Override, Connection Policy, Deny New Service, and Notes. A single item is listed: 'Session_Manager_CM_T' with SIP Entity 1 'Session Manager', Protocol 'TLS', Port '5071', SIP Entity 2 'Communication Manager Trunk 2', Port '5071', and Connection Policy 'trusted'. Below the table, there is a 'Select : All, None' dropdown. At the bottom, there are 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	DNS Override	Connection Policy	Deny New Service	Notes
Session_Manager_CM_T	Session Manager	TLS	5071	Communication Manager Trunk 2	5071	<input type="checkbox"/>	trusted	<input type="checkbox"/>	

The Entity Link to the Avaya SBCE is shown below; **TLS** transport and port **5061** were used.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The left sidebar contains a menu with options: Routing, Domains, Locations, Conditions, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links (selected), and Time Ranges. The main content area is titled "Entity Links" and includes a "Commit" button and a "Cancel" button. Below the title, there is a table with the following columns: Name, SIP Entity 1, Protocol, Port, SIP Entity 2, Port, DNS Override, Connection Policy, Deny New Service, and Notes. The table contains one item with the following values: Name: Session Manager_Avaya, SIP Entity 1: Session Manager, Protocol: TLS, Port: 5061, SIP Entity 2: Avaya SBCE, Port: 5061, DNS Override: (unchecked), Connection Policy: trusted, Deny New Service: (unchecked), and Notes: (empty). Below the table, there is a "Select : All, None" dropdown menu. At the bottom of the main content area, there are "Commit" and "Cancel" buttons.

The Entity Link to the Experience Portal is shown below; **TLS** transport and port **5061** were used.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The left sidebar contains a menu with options: Routing, Domains, Locations, Conditions, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links (selected), and Time Ranges. The main content area is titled "Entity Links" and includes a "Commit" button and a "Cancel" button. Below the title, there is a table with the following columns: Name, SIP Entity 1, Protocol, Port, SIP Entity 2, Port, DNS Override, Connection Policy, Deny New Service, and Notes. The table contains one item with the following values: Name: Session Manager_Avaya, SIP Entity 1: Session Manager, Protocol: TLS, Port: 5061, SIP Entity 2: Avaya Experience Portal, Port: 5061, DNS Override: (unchecked), Connection Policy: trusted, Deny New Service: (unchecked), and Notes: (empty). Below the table, there is a "Select : All, None" dropdown menu. At the bottom of the main content area, there are "Commit" and "Cancel" buttons.

7.7. Routing Policies

Routing policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in **Section 7.5**. Two routing policies were added: An incoming policy with Communication Manager as the destination and an outbound policy with the Avaya SBCE as the destination and an incoming policy with Experience Portal as the destination. To add a routing policy, navigate to **Routing → Routing Policies** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). The following screen is displayed:

- In the **General** section, enter a descriptive **Name** and add a brief description under **Notes** (optional).
- In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, click **Select**. The **SIP Entity List** page opens (not shown). Choose the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies (**Section 7.5**) and click **Select**. The selected SIP Entity displays on the **Routing Policy Details** page as shown below.
- Use default values for remaining fields.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screens show the Routing Policies for Communication Manager, the Avaya SBCE and the Experience Portal.

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Routing Policy Details

Commit Cancel Help ?

General

* Name: To CM Trunk 2

Disabled: ☐

* Retries: 0

Notes: For inbound calls to CM via Trunk 2

SIP Entity as Destination

Select

Name	FQDN or IP Address	Type	Notes
Communication Manager Trunk 2	10.64.101.241	CM	Used for SP Testing

Time of Day

Add Remove View Gaps/Overlaps

1 Item Filter: Enable

Ranking	Name	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Start Time	End Time	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/> 0	24/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	00:00	23:59	Time Range 24/7

Select : All, None

7.8. Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns are needed to route specific calls through Session Manager. For the compliance test, dial patterns were needed to route calls from Communication Manager and from Experience Portal to the service provider and vice versa. Dial Patterns define which route policy will be selected for a particular call based on the dialed digits, destination domain and originating location. To add a dial pattern, navigate to **Routing → Dial Patterns** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following, as shown in the screens below:

In the **General** section, enter the following values:

- **Pattern:** Enter a dial string that will be matched against the Request-URI of the call.
- **Min:** Enter a minimum length used in the match criteria.
- **Max:** Enter a maximum length used in the match criteria.
- **SIP Domain:** Enter the destination domain used in the match criteria, or select “**ALL**” to route incoming calls to all SIP domains.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).
- In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**. From the **Originating Locations and Routing Policy List** that appears (not shown), select the appropriate originating location for use in the match criteria (**Section 7.3**).
- Lastly, select the routing policy from the list that will be used to route all calls that match the specified criteria (**Section 7.7**). Click **Select** (not shown).
- Click **Commit** to save.

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Dial Patterns

Dial Pattern Details

Commit

Cancel

General

* Pattern:

525528

* Min:

6

* Max:

36

Emergency Call:

☐

SIP Domain:

avaya.com

Notes:

Originating Locations, Origination Dial Pattern Sets, and Routing Policies

Add

Remove

1 Item

	Originating Location Name	Originating Location Notes	Origination Dial Pattern Set Name	Origination Dial Pattern Set Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	Avaya SBCE	VMware Avaya SBCE			To CM Trunk 2	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Communication Manager Trunk 2	For inbound calls to CM via Trunk 2

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The following screen illustrates an example dial pattern used to verify inbound calls from the PSTN to Experience Portal. In the sample configuration one of the DID numbers provided by the service provider (5528815942) was used as a test number to route calls from the PSTN to Experience Portal, arriving from location *Avaya SBCE*, used routing policy *To Avaya Experience Portal*. The SIP Domain was set to *avaya.xxx.com*.

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- Routing Policies**
- Dial Patterns ▾
 - Dial Patterns

Dial Pattern Details Commit Cancel Help ?

General

* Pattern: 5528815942

* Min: 10

* Max: 10

Emergency Call: ☐

SIP Domain: avaya .xxx.com ▾

Notes:

Originating Locations, Origination Dial Pattern Sets, and Routing Policies

Add Remove

1 Item

<input type="checkbox"/>	Originating Location Name	Originating Location Notes	Origination Dial Pattern Set Name	Origination Dial Pattern Set Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	Avaya SBCE	VMware Avaya SBCE			To Avaya Experience Portal	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Avaya Experience Portal	To Avaya Experience Portal

Select : All, None

The example in this screen shows the 13-digit dialed numbers for outbound calls, beginning with **001**, arriving from the **Communication Manager** location, will use route policy **Avaya SBCE**, which sends the call out to the PSTN via Avaya SBCE and the service provider SIP trunk. The SIP Domain was set to **avaya.xxx.com**.

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Dial Patterns ▾

Dial Patterns

Origination Dial ...

Regular Expressions

Dial Pattern Details

Commit Cancel

Help ?

General

* Pattern: 001

* Min: 13

* Max: 13

Emergency Call: ☐

SIP Domain: avaya.com ▾

Notes:

Originating Locations, Origination Dial Pattern Sets, and Routing Policies

Add Remove

1 Item

<input type="checkbox"/>	Originating Location Name	Originating Location Notes	Origination Dial Pattern Set Name	Origination Dial Pattern Set Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	Communication Manager	VMware Communication Manager			Avaya SBCE	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Avaya SBCE	For outbound calls to SP via ASBCE

Select : All, None

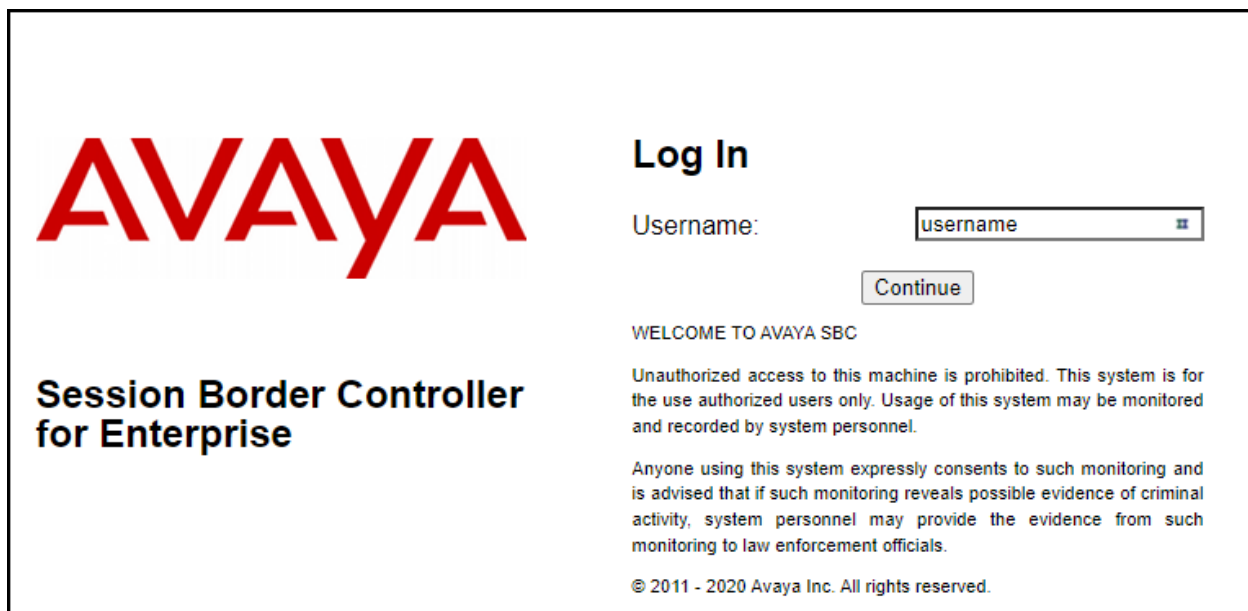
Repeat the above procedures as needed to define additional dial patterns.

8. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

This section describes the configuration of the Avaya SBCE. It is assumed that the initial installation of the Avaya SBCE, the assignment of the management interface IP Address and license installation have already been completed; hence these tasks are not covered in these Application Notes. For more information on the installation and initial provisioning of the Avaya SBCE consult the Avaya SBCE documentation in the **References** section.

8.1. System Access

Access the Session Border Controller web management interface by using a web browser and entering the URL **https://<ip-address>**, where **<ip-address>** is the management IP address configured at installation. Log in using the appropriate credentials.



The image shows the login page of the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise. On the left, there is a large red 'AVAYA' logo and the text 'Session Border Controller for Enterprise' in bold black font. On the right, under the heading 'Log In', there is a 'Username:' label followed by a text input field containing the placeholder 'username'. Below the input field is a 'Continue' button. Further down, the text 'WELCOME TO AVAYA SBC' is displayed, followed by a disclaimer: 'Unauthorized access to this machine is prohibited. This system is for the use authorized users only. Usage of this system may be monitored and recorded by system personnel.' Below this is a consent statement: 'Anyone using this system expressly consents to such monitoring and is advised that if such monitoring reveals possible evidence of criminal activity, system personnel may provide the evidence from such monitoring to law enforcement officials.' At the bottom, the copyright notice '© 2011 - 2020 Avaya Inc. All rights reserved.' is shown.

Once logged in, on the top left of the screen, under **Device:** select the device being managed, **Avaya_SBCE** in the sample configuration.

The screenshot shows the Avaya SBCE web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the following items: **Device: EMS** (with a dropdown arrow), **Alarms**, **Incidents**, **Status** (with a dropdown arrow), **Logs** (with a dropdown arrow), **Diagnostics**, **Users**, **Settings** (with a dropdown arrow), **Help** (with a dropdown arrow), and **Log Out**. Below the navigation bar, the main header area contains **EMS** on the left, **er Controller for Enterprise** in the center, and the **AVAYA** logo on the right. On the left side, there is a sidebar menu under the heading **EMS Dashboard**, which includes **Software Management**, **Device Management**, **System Administration** (with a right-pointing arrow), **Templates** (with a right-pointing arrow), **Backup/Restore**, and **Monitoring & Logging** (with a right-pointing arrow). The main content area is titled **Dashboard** and features a large orange and blue header bar. Below this, there are four panels: **Information** (a table with system details), **Installed Devices** (a list of devices), **Active Alarms (past 24 hours)** (a section with no active alarms), and **Incidents (past 24 hours)** (a section with one incident: 'Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP').

Information	
System Time	10:32:53 AM EDT Refresh
Version	10.1.0.0-32-21432
GUI Version	10.1.0.0-21432
Build Date	Thu Dec 02 21:33:10 UTC 2021
License State	OK
Aggregate Licensing Overages	0
Peak Licensing Overage Count	0
Last Logged in at	05/03/2022 10:22:18 EDT
Failed Login Attempts	0

Installed Devices
EMS
Avaya_SBCE

Active Alarms (past 24 hours)
None found.

Incidents (past 24 hours)
Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP

The left navigation pane contains the different available menu items used for the configuration of the Avaya SBCE. Verify that the status of the **License State** field is **OK**, indicating that a valid license is present. Contact an authorized Avaya sales representative if a license is needed.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾AlarmsIncidentsStatus ▾Logs ▾DiagnosticsUsersSettings ▾Help ▾Log Out

Session Border Controller for EnterpriseAVAYA

EMS Dashboard

Software ManagementDevice ManagementBackup/Restore▶ System Parameters▶ Configuration Profiles▶ Services▶ Domain Policies▶ TLS Management▶ Network & Flows▶ DMZ Services▶ Monitoring & Logging

Dashboard

Information

System Time	10:42:08 AM EDT	Refresh
Version	10.1.0.0-32-21432	
GUI Version	10.1.0.0-21432	
Build Date	Thu Dec 02 21:33:10 UTC 2021	
License State	✔ OK	
Aggregate Licensing Overages	0	
Peak Licensing Overage Count	0	
Last Logged in at	05/03/2022 10:22:18 EDT	
Failed Login Attempts	0	

Installed Devices

EMS

Avaya_SBCE

Active Alarms (past 24 hours)

None found.

Incidents (past 24 hours)

Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP

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8.2. Device Management

To view current system information, select **Device Management** on the left navigation pane. In the reference configuration, the device named **Avaya_SBCE** is shown. The management IP address that was configured during installation is blurred out for security reasons; the current software version is shown. The management IP address needs to be on a subnet separate from the ones used in all other interfaces of the Avaya SBCE, segmented from all VoIP traffic. Verify that the **Status** is **Commissioned**, indicating that the initial installation process of the device has been previously completed, as shown on the screen below.

The screenshot displays the Avaya SBCE web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Device: Avaya_SBCE', 'Alarms', 'Incidents', 'Status', 'Logs', 'Diagnostics', 'Users', 'Settings', 'Help', and 'Log Out'. The main header reads 'Session Border Controller for Enterprise' with the AVAYA logo. The left sidebar lists navigation options: EMS Dashboard, Software Management, **Device Management** (highlighted), Backup/Restore, System Parameters, Configuration Profiles, Services, Domain Policies, TLS Management, Network & Flows, DMZ Services, and Monitoring & Logging. The 'Device Management' section is active, showing tabs for 'Devices', 'Updates', 'Licensing', 'Key Bundles', and 'License Compliance'. The 'Devices' tab is selected, displaying a table with the following data:

Device Name	Management IP	Version	Status	
Avaya_SBCE	[Blurred]	10.1.0.0-32-21432	Commissioned	Reboot Shutdown Restart Application View Edit Uninstall

To view the network configuration assigned to the Avaya SBCE, click **View** on the screen above. The **System Information** window is displayed, containing the current device configuration and network settings. Note that **DNS configuration** is required for this solution.

System Information: Avaya_SBCE

General Configuration

Appliance Name	Avaya_SBCE
Box Type	SIP
Deployment Mode	Proxy

Device Configuration

HA Mode	No
Two Bypass Mode	No

Dynamic License Allocation

	Min License Allocation	Max License Allocation
Standard Sessions	100	200
Advanced Sessions	100	200
Scopia Video Sessions	0	0
CES Sessions	0	0
Transcoding Sessions	100	200
AMR	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Premium Sessions	0	0
CLID	---	
Encryption	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Available: Yes		

Network Configuration

IP	Public IP	Network Prefix or Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
10.64.101.243	10.64.101.243	255.255.255.0	10.64.101.1	A1
				A1
				A1
				B1
				B1
10.10.80.51	10.10.80.51	255.255.255.128	10.10.80.1	B1

DNS Configuration

Primary DNS	75.75.75.75
Secondary DNS	75.75.76.76
DNS Location	DMZ
DNS Client IP	10.10.80.51

Management IP(s)

IP #1 (IPv4)	
--------------	--

The highlighted IP addresses in the **System Information** screen shown above are the ones used for the SIP trunk to Clearcom and are the ones relevant to these Application Notes. Other IP addresses assigned to the Avaya SBCE **A1** and **B1** interfaces are used to support remote workers and other SIP trunks, and they are not discussed in this document. Also note that for security purposes, any public IP addresses used during the compliance test have been masked in this document.

In the reference configuration, the private interface of the Avaya SBCE (10.64.101.243) was used to connect to the enterprise network, while its public interface (10.10.80.51) was used to connect to the public network. See **Figure 1**.

On the **License Allocation** area of the **System Information**, verify that the number of **Standard Sessions** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise. The number of sessions and encryption features are primarily controlled by the license file installed.

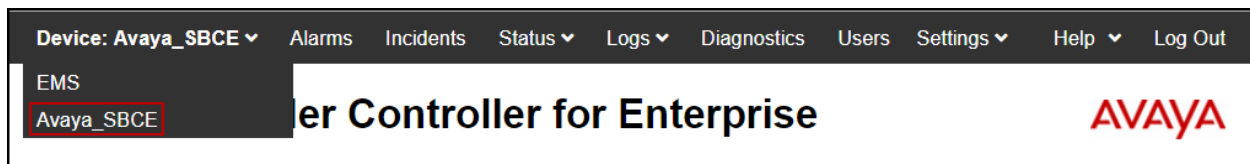
8.3. TLS Management

Note – Testing was done with System Manager signed identity certificates. The procedure to create and obtain these certificates is outside the scope of these Application Notes.

In the reference configuration, TLS transport is used for the communication between Session Manager and Avaya SBCE. The following procedures show how to create the client and server profiles to support the TLS connection.

8.3.1. Verify TLS Certificates – Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Once logged in, on the top left of the screen, under **Device:** select the device being managed, **Avaya_SBCE** in the sample configuration.



Step 1 - Select **TLS Management** → **Certificates** from the left-hand menu. Verify the following:

- System Manager CA certificate is present in the **Installed CA Certificates** area.
- System Manager CA signed identity certificate is present in the **Installed Certificates** area.
- Private key associated with the identity certificate is present in the **Installed Keys** area (not shown).

The screenshot displays the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Alarms, Incidents, Status, Logs, Diagnostics, Users, Settings, Help, and Log Out. The left-hand menu lists various management options, with 'TLS Management' and 'Certificates' highlighted. The main content area, titled 'Certificates', features 'Install' and 'Generate CSR' buttons. It contains two sections: 'Installed Certificates' and 'Installed CA Certificates'. Each section lists certificates with their names and associated 'View' and 'Delete' actions.

Installed Certificates	
[blurred]	View Delete
[blurred]	View Delete
[blurred]	View Delete
sbcInternal.pem	View Delete

Installed CA Certificates	
[blurred]	View Delete
[blurred]	View Delete
[blurred]	View Delete
[blurred]	View Delete
[blurred]	View Delete
default.pem	View Delete

8.3.2. Server Profiles

Step 1 - Select **TLS Management** → **Server Profiles** and click on **Add**. Enter the following:

- **Profile Name:** enter descriptive name.
- **Certificate:** select the identity certificate, e.g., **sbceInternal.pem**, from pull down menu.
- **Peer Verification** = **None**.
- Click **Next**.

Step 2 - Accept default values for the next screen (not shown) and click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Edit Profile" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. At the top, there is an orange warning box with the following text: "WARNING: Due to the way OpenSSL handles cipher checking, Cipher Suite validation will pass even if one or more of the ciphers are invalid as long as at least one cipher is valid. Make sure to carefully check your entry as invalid or incorrectly entered Cipher Suite custom values may cause catastrophic problems." Below this, a smaller line of text states: "Changing the certificate in a TLS Profile which has SNI enabled may cause existing Reverse Proxy entries which utilize this TLS Profile to become invalid." The main configuration area is divided into two sections. The first section, "TLS Profile", contains four fields: "Profile Name" with the value "sbclInternal", "Certificate" with a dropdown menu showing "sbclInternal.pem", "SNI Options" with a dropdown menu showing "None", and "SNI Group" with a dropdown menu showing "None". The second section, "Certificate Verification", contains three fields: "Peer Verification" with a dropdown menu showing "None", "Peer Certificate Authorities" with a list box containing "AvayaDeviceEnrollmentCAchain.crt", "avayaitrootca2.pem", "entrust_g2_ca.cer", and "DigiCertGlobalRootCA.cer", and "Peer Certificate Revocation Lists" with an empty list box. At the bottom of the "Certificate Verification" section is a "Verification Depth" field with the value "0". A "Next" button is located at the bottom center of the window.

Edit Profile X

WARNING: Due to the way OpenSSL handles cipher checking, Cipher Suite validation will pass even if one or more of the ciphers are invalid as long as at least one cipher is valid. Make sure to carefully check your entry as invalid or incorrectly entered Cipher Suite custom values may cause catastrophic problems.

Changing the certificate in a TLS Profile which has SNI enabled may cause existing Reverse Proxy entries which utilize this TLS Profile to become invalid.

TLS Profile

Profile Name: sbclInternal

Certificate: sbclInternal.pem

SNI Options: None

SNI Group: None

Certificate Verification

Peer Verification: None

Peer Certificate Authorities: AvayaDeviceEnrollmentCAchain.crt, avayaitrootca2.pem, entrust_g2_ca.cer, DigiCertGlobalRootCA.cer

Peer Certificate Revocation Lists:

Verification Depth: 0

Next

The following screen shows the completed TLS **Server Profile** form:

The screenshot displays the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (SBCE) web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Device: Avaya_SBCE', 'Alarms', 'Incidents', 'Status', 'Logs', 'Diagnostics', 'Users', 'Settings', 'Help', and 'Log Out'. The main header reads 'Session Border Controller for Enterprise' with the Avaya logo on the right.

On the left is a sidebar menu with the following items: EMS Dashboard, Software Management, Device Management, Backup/Restore, System Parameters, Configuration Profiles, Services, Domain Policies, TLS Management (expanded), Certificates, Client Profiles, **Server Profiles** (highlighted), SNI Group, Network & Flows, DMZ Services, and Monitoring & Logging.

The main content area is titled 'Server Profiles: sbcInternal' and includes an 'Add' button. Below this is a list of server profiles: Outside_Server, Inside_Server, Clearcom_Outside_Server, IPO_Inside_Server, Remote_Worker_Dec17, and **sbcInternal** (selected). To the right of this list is a 'Delete' button.

The 'sbcInternal' profile configuration is shown in a form with the following sections:

- TLS Profile**
 - Profile Name: sbcInternal
 - Certificate: sbcInternal.pem
 - SNI Options: None
- Certificate Verification**
 - Peer Verification: None
 - Extended Hostname Verification: ☐
- Renegotiation Parameters**
 - Renegotiation Time: 0
 - Renegotiation Byte Count: 0
- Handshake Options**
 - Version: ☒ TLS 1.2 ☐ TLS 1.1 ☐ TLS 1.0
 - Ciphers: ☒ Default ☐ FIPS ☐ Custom
 - Value: HIGH:IDH:1ADH:1MD5:1aNULL:1eNULL:@STRENGTH

An 'Edit' button is located at the bottom right of the configuration form.

8.3.3. Client Profiles

Step 1 - Select **TLS Management** → **Client Profiles** and click on **Add**. Enter the following:

- **Profile Name:** enter descriptive name.
- **Certificate:** select the identity certificate, e.g., **sbceInternal.pem**, from pull down menu.
- **Peer Verification = Required.**
- **Peer Certificate Authorities:** select the CA certificate used to verify the certificate received from Session Manager, e.g., **default.pem**.
- **Verification Depth:** enter **1**.
- Click **Next**.

Step 2 - Accept default values for the next screen (not shown) and click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration window titled "Edit Profile" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. At the top, there is an orange warning box with the following text: "WARNING: Due to the way OpenSSL handles cipher checking, Cipher Suite validation will pass even if one or more of the ciphers are invalid as long as at least one cipher is valid. Make sure to carefully check your entry as invalid or incorrectly entered Cipher Suite custom values may cause catastrophic problems." Below this, another line of text states: "Changing the certificate in a TLS Profile which has SNI enabled may cause existing Reverse Proxy entries which utilize this TLS Profile to become invalid." The main configuration area is divided into two sections. The "TLS Profile" section contains three fields: "Profile Name" with the value "sbclInternal", "Certificate" with a dropdown menu showing "sbclInternal.pem", and "SNI" with an unchecked checkbox labeled "Enabled". The "Certificate Verification" section contains five fields: "Peer Verification" with the value "Required", "Peer Certificate Authorities" with a dropdown menu showing "default.pem", "Peer Certificate Revocation Lists" with an empty list box, "Verification Depth" with a text input field containing the value "1", and "Extended Hostname Verification" with an unchecked checkbox. At the bottom of the form is a "Server Hostname" text input field and a "Next" button.

TLS Profile	
Profile Name	sbclInternal
Certificate	sbclInternal.pem
SNI	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled

Certificate Verification	
Peer Verification	Required
Peer Certificate Authorities	default.pem
Peer Certificate Revocation Lists	
Verification Depth	1
Extended Hostname Verification	<input type="checkbox"/>
Server Hostname	

Next

The following screen shows the completed TLS **Client Profile** form:

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾

Alarms

Incidents

Status ▾

Logs ▾

Diagnostics

Users

Settings ▾

Help ▾

Log Out

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

AVAYA

EMS Dashboard

Software Management

Device Management

Backup/Restore

▸ System Parameters

▸ Configuration Profiles

▸ Services

▸ Domain Policies

▸ TLS Management

▸ Certificates

▸ Client Profiles

▸ Server Profiles

▸ SNI Group

▸ Network & Flows

▸ DMZ Services

▸ Monitoring & Logging

Client Profiles: sbcInternal

Add

Delete

Click here to add a description.

Client Profile

TLS Profile

Profile Name

sbcInternal

Certificate

sbcInternal.pem

SNI

☐ Enabled

Certificate Verification

Peer Verification

Required

Peer Certificate Authorities

default.pem

Peer Certificate Revocation Lists

Verification Depth

1

Extended Hostname Verification

☐

Renegotiation Parameters

Renegotiation Time

0

Renegotiation Byte Count

0

Handshake Options

Version

☒ TLS 1.2 ☐ TLS 1.1 ☐ TLS 1.0

Ciphers

☒ Default ☐ FIPS ☐ Custom

Value

HIGH:IDH:IADH:IMD5:1aNULL:1eNULL:@STRENG

Edit

8.4. Network Management

The network configuration parameters should have been previously specified during installation of the Avaya SBCE. In the event that changes need to be made to the network configuration, they can be entered here.

Select **Network Management** from the **Network & Flows** on the left-side menu. On the **Networks** tab, verify or enter the network information as needed.

Note that in the configuration used during the compliance test, the IP addresses assigned to the private (**10.64.101.243**) and public (**10.10.80.51**) sides of the Avaya SBCE are the ones relevant to these Application Notes.

On the **Interfaces** tab, verify the **Administrative Status** is **Enabled** for the **A1** and **B1** interfaces. Click the buttons under the **Status** column, if necessary, to enable the interfaces.

The screenshot displays the Avaya SBCE management console. The top navigation bar includes links for Device: Avaya_SBCE, Alarms, Incidents, Status, Logs, Diagnostics, Users, Settings, Help, and Log Out. The main header reads 'Session Border Controller for Enterprise' with the Avaya logo. The left sidebar lists various management functions, with 'Network Management' highlighted under the 'Network & Flows' section. The main content area is titled 'Network Management' and features two tabs: 'Interfaces' (selected) and 'Networks'. An 'Add VLAN' button is located in the top right of the interface table. The table lists four interfaces: A1 (VLAN Tag, Status: Enabled), A2 (VLAN Tag, Status: Disabled), B1 (VLAN Tag, Status: Enabled), and B2 (VLAN Tag, Status: Disabled).

Interface Name	VLAN Tag	Status
A1		Enabled
A2		Disabled
B1		Enabled
B2		Disabled

8.5. Media Interfaces

Media Interfaces were created to specify the IP address and port range in which the Avaya SBCE will accept media streams on each interface. Packets leaving the interfaces of the Avaya SBCE will advertise this IP address, and one of the ports in this range as the listening IP address and port in which it will accept media from the Call Server or the trunk server.

To add the Media Interface in the enterprise direction, select **Media Interface** from the **Network & Flows** menu on the left-hand side, click the **Add** button (not shown).

- On the **Add Media Interface** screen, enter an appropriate **Name** for the Media Interface.
- Under **IP Address**, select from the drop-down menus the network and IP address to be associated with this interface.
- The **Port Range** was left at the default values of **35000-40000**.
- Click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit Media Interface" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains the following fields:

- Name:** A text input field containing "Private_med".
- IP Address:** A section with two dropdown menus. The first dropdown shows "Network_A1 (A1, VLAN 0)" and the second dropdown shows "10.64.101.243".
- Port Range:** Two text input fields containing "35000" and "40000" separated by a hyphen.
- Finish:** A button at the bottom center of the dialog.

A Media Interface facing the public side was similarly created with the name **Public_med**, as shown below.

- Under **IP Address**, the network and IP address to be associated with this interface was selected.
- The **Port Range** was left at the default values of **35000-40000**.
- Click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Edit Media Interface" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The window contains the following fields and controls:

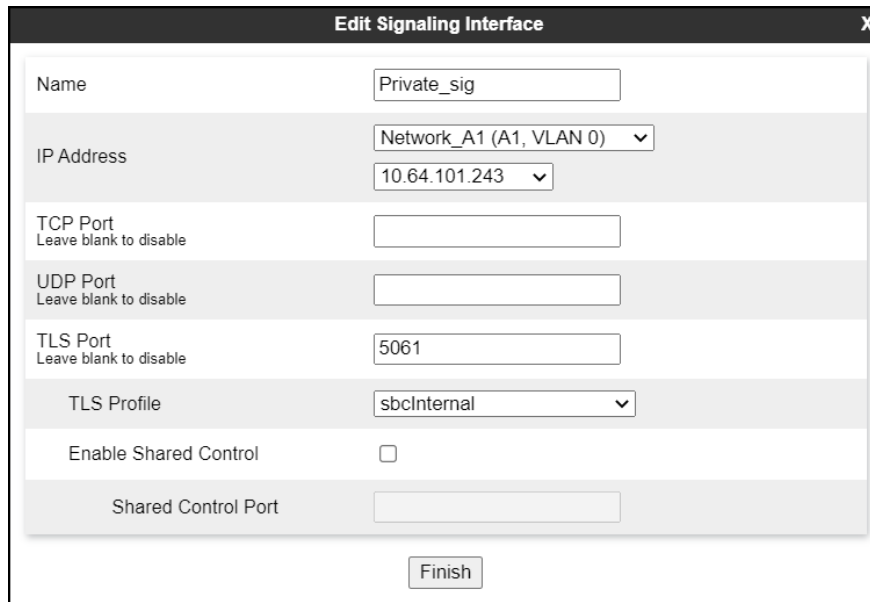
- Name:** A text input field containing "Public_med".
- IP Address:** A section with a dropdown menu showing "Network_B1 (B1, VLAN 0)" and a sub-dropdown menu showing "10.10.80.51".
- Port Range:** Two text input fields, the first containing "35000" and the second containing "40000", separated by a hyphen (-).
- Finish:** A button located at the bottom center of the window.

8.6. Signaling Interfaces

Signaling Interfaces are created to specify the IP addresses and ports in which the Avaya SBCE will listen for signaling traffic in the connected networks.

To add the Signaling Interface in the enterprise direction, select **Signaling Interface** from the **Network & Flows** menu on the left-hand side, click the **Add** button (not shown).

- On the **Add Signaling Interface** screen, enter an appropriate **Name** for the interface.
- Under **IP Address**, select from the drop-down menus the network and IP address to be associated with this interface.
- Enter **5061** for **TLS Port**, since TLS port 5061 is used to listen for signaling traffic from Session Manager in the sample configuration, as defined in **Section 7.6**.
- Select a **TLS Profile** (**Section 8.3.2**).
- Click **Finish**.



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration window titled "Edit Signaling Interface" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The window contains several form fields for configuring a signaling interface:

- Name:** A text input field containing "Private_sig".
- IP Address:** A section with two dropdown menus. The first dropdown is set to "Network_A1 (A1, VLAN 0)" and the second dropdown is set to "10.64.101.243".
- TCP Port:** A text input field with the label "Leave blank to disable" below it.
- UDP Port:** A text input field with the label "Leave blank to disable" below it.
- TLS Port:** A text input field containing "5061" with the label "Leave blank to disable" below it.
- TLS Profile:** A dropdown menu set to "sbcInternal".
- Enable Shared Control:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Shared Control Port:** A text input field.
- Finish:** A button located at the bottom right of the form area.

A second Signaling Interface with the name **Public_sig** was similarly created in the service provider's direction.

- Under **IP Address**, select from the drop-down menus the network and IP address to be associated with this interface.
- Enter **5060** for **UDP Port**, since UDP port 5060 is used to listen for signaling traffic from Clearcom in the sample configuration.
- Click **Finish**.

Edit Signaling Interface X	
Name	Public_sig
IP Address	Network_B1 (B1, VLAN 0) 10.10.80.51
TCP Port <small>Leave blank to disable</small>	
UDP Port <small>Leave blank to disable</small>	5060
TLS Port <small>Leave blank to disable</small>	
TLS Profile	None
Enable Shared Control	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shared Control Port	
Finish	

8.7. Server Interworking

Interworking Profile features are configured to facilitate the interoperability between the enterprise SIP-enabled solution (Call Server) and the SIP trunk service provider (Trunk Server).

8.7.1. Server Interworking Profile – Enterprise

Interworking profiles can be created by cloning one of the pre-defined default profiles, or by adding a new profile. To configure the interworking profile in the enterprise direction, select **Configuration Profiles → Server Interworking** on the left navigation pane. Under **Interworking Profiles**, select **avaya-ru** from the list of pre-defined profiles. Click **Clone** (not shown).

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Alarms Incidents Status ▾ Logs ▾ Diagnostics Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard
Software Management
Device Management
Backup/Restore
▸ System Parameters
▾ Configuration Profiles
 Domain DoS
 Server Interworking
 Media Forking
 Routing
 Topology Hiding
 Signaling Manipulation
 URI Groups
 SNMP Traps
 Time of Day Rules
 FGDN Groups
 Reverse Proxy Policy
 URN Profile
 Recording Profile
 H248 Profile
 IP/URI Blocklist Profile
▸ Services
▸ Domain Policies
▸ TLS Management
▸ Network & Flows
▸ DMZ Services
▸ Monitoring & Logging

Interworking Profiles: avaya-ru

Add

Interworking Profiles

avaya-ru

OCS-Edge-Server

cisco-ccm

cups

OCS-FrontEnd-Server

Avaya-SM

Avaya-IPO

Avaya-CS1000

Avaya-CM

cs2100

SP-General

It is not recommended to edit the defaults. Try cloning or adding a new profile instead.

General Timers Privacy URI Manipulation Header Manipulation Advanced

General

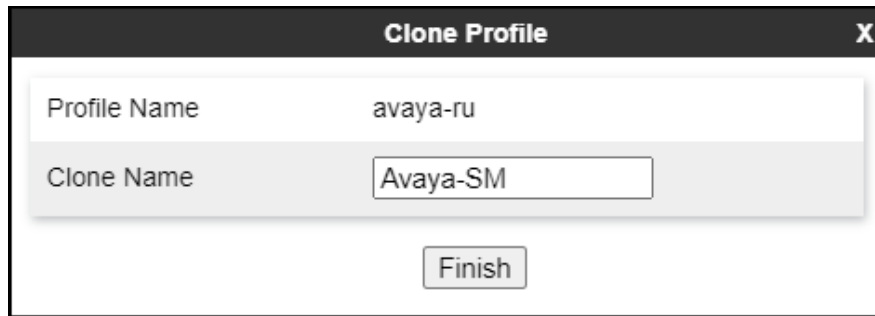
Hold Support	None
180 Handling	None
181 Handling	None
182 Handling	None
183 Handling	None
Refer Handling	No
URI Group	None
Send Hold	No
Delayed Offer	Yes
3xx Handling	No
Diversion Header Support	No
Delayed SDP Handling	No
Re-Invite Handling	No
Prack Handling	No
Allow 18X SDP	No
T.38 Support	No
URI Scheme	SIP
Via Header Format	RFC3261
SIPS Required	Yes
Mediasec	No

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- Enter a descriptive name for the cloned profile.
- Click **Finish**.



The image shows a 'Clone Profile' dialog box with a dark header bar containing the title 'Clone Profile' and a close button 'X'. The main area has a light gray background. It contains two rows of labels and text inputs. The first row has the label 'Profile Name' and the text 'avaya-ru'. The second row has the label 'Clone Name' and a text input field containing 'Avaya-SM'. Below these inputs is a 'Finish' button.

Clone Profile	
Profile Name	avaya-ru
Clone Name	<input type="text" value="Avaya-SM"/>
<input type="button" value="Finish"/>	

Click **Edit** on the newly cloned **Avaya-SM** interworking profile:

- On the **General** tab, set **SIPS Required** to **No**.
- Leave remaining fields with default values.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

The **General** tab settings are shown on the screen below:

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Alarms Incidents Status ▾ Logs ▾ Diagnostics Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard
Software Management
Device Management
Backup/Restore
▸ System Parameters
▾ Configuration Profiles
 Domain DoS
 Server Interworking
 Media Forking
 Routing
 Topology Hiding
 Signaling Manipulation
 URI Groups
 SNMP Traps
 Time of Day Rules
 FGDN Groups
 Reverse Proxy Policy
 URN Profile
 Recording Profile
 H248 Profile
 IP/URI Blocklist Profile
▸ Services
▸ Domain Policies
▸ TLS Management
▸ Network & Flows
▸ DMZ Services
▸ Monitoring & Logging

Interworking Profiles: Avaya-SM

Add

Interworking Profiles

avaya-ru
OCS-Edge-Server
cisco-ccm
cups
OCS-FrontEnd-Server
Avaya-SM
Avaya-IPO
Avaya-CS1000
Avaya-CM
cs2100
SP-General

Click here

General Timers Privacy URI Manipulation Header Manipulation Advanced

General

Hold Support	None
180 Handling	None
181 Handling	None
182 Handling	None
183 Handling	None
Refer Handling	No
URI Group	None
Send Hold	No
Delayed Offer	Yes
3xx Handling	No
Diversion Header Support	No
Delayed SDP Handling	No
Re-Invite Handling	No
Prack Handling	No
Allow 18X SDP	No
T.38 Support	No
URI Scheme	SIP
Via Header Format	RFC3261
SIPS Required	No
Mediasec	No

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The **Advanced** tab settings are shown on the screen below:

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾

Alarms

Incidents

Status ▾

Logs ▾

Diagnostics

Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard

Software Management

Device Management

Backup/Restore

▸ System Parameters

▾ Configuration Profiles

Domain DoS

Server

Interworking

Media Forking

Routing

Topology Hiding

Signaling Manipulation

URI Groups

SNMP Traps

Time of Day Rules

FGDN Groups

Reverse Proxy

Policy

URN Profile

Recording Profile

Interworking Profiles: Avaya-SM

Add

Interworking Profiles

avaya-ru

OCS-Edge-Server

cisco-ccm

cups

OCS-FrontEnd-Server

Avaya-SM

Avaya-IPO

Avaya-CS1000

Avaya-CM

cs2100

SP-General

Click here to add a device

General

Timers

Privacy

URI Manipulation

Header Manipulation

Advanced

Record Routes

Both Sides

Include End Point IP for Context Lookup

Yes

Extensions

Avaya

Diversion Manipulation

No

Has Remote SBC

Yes

Route Response on Via Port

No

Relay INVITE Replace for SIPREC

No

MOBX Re-INVITE Handling

No

NATing for 301/302 Redirection

Yes

DTMF

DTMF Support

None

Edit

8.7.2. Server Interworking Profile – Service Provider

A second interworking profile in the direction of the SIP trunk was created, by adding a new profile in this case. Select **Global Profiles → Server Interworking** on the left navigation pane and click **Add** (not shown).

- Enter a descriptive name for the new profile.
- Click **Next**.
- On the **General** tab, set **SIPS Required** to **No** (not shown).



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Interworking Profile" with a close button "X" in the top right corner. The dialog contains a label "Profile Name" and a text input field with the value "SP-General". Below the input field is a "Next" button.

- Click **Next** until the last tab is reached then click **Finish** on the last tab leaving remaining fields with default values (not shown).

The **General** tab settings are shown on the screen below:

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾AlarmsIncidentsStatus ▾Logs ▾DiagnosticsUsers

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS DashboardSoftware ManagementDevice ManagementBackup/Restore▸ System Parameters▴ Configuration ProfilesDomain DoS**Server Interworking**Media ForkingRoutingTopology HidingSignaling ManipulationURI GroupsSNMP TrapsTime of Day RulesFGDN GroupsReverse Proxy PolicyURN ProfileRecording ProfileH248 ProfileIP/URI Blocklist Profile▸ Services▸ Domain Policies▸ TLS Management▸ Network & Flows▸ DMZ Services▸ Monitoring & Logging

Interworking Profiles: SP-General

Add

Interworking Profiles

avaya-ruOCS-Edge-Servercisco-ccmcupsOCS-FrontEnd-ServerAvaya-SMAvaya-IPOAvaya-CS1000Avaya-CMcs2100**SP-General**

GeneralTimersPrivacyURI ManipulationHeader ManipulationAdvanced

General

Hold Support	None
180 Handling	None
181 Handling	None
182 Handling	None
183 Handling	None
Refer Handling	No
URI Group	None
Send Hold	No
Delayed Offer	Yes
3xx Handling	No
Diversion Header Support	No
Delayed SDP Handling	No
Re-Invite Handling	No
Prack Handling	No
Allow 18X SDP	No
T.38 Support	No
URI Scheme	SIP
Via Header Format	RFC3261
SIPS Required	No
Mediasec	No

HG; Reviewed:
SPOC 11/3/2022

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CIAura101EP81_U

The **Advanced** tab settings are shown on the screen below:

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾

Alarms

Incidents

Status ▾

Logs ▾

Diagnostics

Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard

Software Management

Device Management

Backup/Restore

▸ System Parameters

▾ Configuration Profiles

Domain DoS

Server Interworking

Media Forking

Routing

Topology Hiding

Signaling Manipulation

URI Groups

SNMP Traps

Time of Day Rules

FGDN Groups

Reverse Proxy Policy

URN Profile

Recording Profile

H248 Profile

IP/URI Blocklist Profile

Interworking Profiles: SP-General

Add

Interworking Profiles

avaya-ru

OCS-Edge-Server

cisco-ccm

cups

OCS-FrontEnd-Server

Avaya-SM

Avaya-IPO

Avaya-CS1000

Avaya-CM

cs2100

SP-General

Click here to expand

General

Timers

Privacy

URI Manipulation

Header Manipulation

Advanced

Record Routes

Both Sides

Include End Point IP for Context Lookup

No

Extensions

None

Diversion Manipulation

No

Has Remote SBC

Yes

Route Response on Via Port

No

Relay INVITE Replace for SIPREC

No

MOBX Re-INVITE Handling

No

NATing for 301/302 Redirection

Yes

DTMF

DTMF Support

None

8.8. Signaling Manipulation

The Signaling Manipulation feature of the Avaya SBCE allows an administrator to perform granular header manipulations on the headers of the SIP messages, which sometimes is not possible by direct configuration on the web interface. This ability to configure header manipulation in such a highly flexible manner is achieved by the use of a proprietary scripting language called SigMa.

The script can be created externally as a regular text file and imported in the Signaling Manipulation screen, or they can be written directly in the page using the embedded Sigma Editor. In the reference configuration, the Editor was used. A detailed description of the structure of the SigMa scripting language and details on its use is beyond the scope of these Application Notes. Consult reference [8] in the **References** section for more information on this topic.

A single Sigma script was created during the compliance test to correct the following interoperability issues (refer to **Section 2.2**):

- Copy the destination DID number present in the “To” header of incoming calls to the “Request-URI” header.
- Include the SIP trunk credential’s username in the “From” header of all outbound calls.
- Remove the “gsid” and “epv” parameters from outbound “Contact” headers.
- Remove the P-Location header.

The scripts will later be applied to the Server Configuration profile corresponding to the Service Provider (toward Clearcom) in **Section 8.9.2**.

To create the SigMa script to be applied to the Server Configuration Profile corresponding to the Service Provider, on the left navigation pane, select **Configuration Profiles → Signaling Manipulation**. From the **Signaling Manipulation Scripts** list, select **Add**.

- For **Title** enter a name, the name **Clearcom_Script** was chosen in this example.
- Copy the complete script from **Appendix A**.

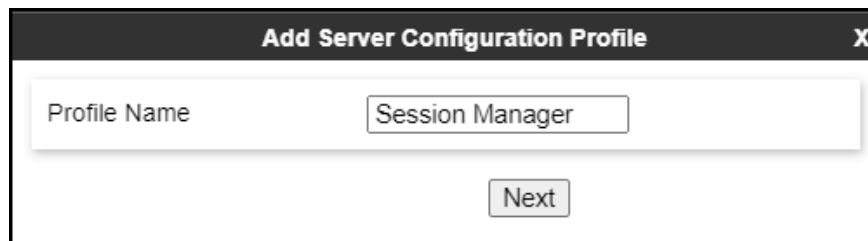
8.9. Server Configuration

Server Profiles are created to define the parameters for the Avaya SBCE peers; Session Manager (Call Server) at the enterprise and Clearcom SIP Proxy (Trunk Server).

8.9.1. Server Configuration Profile – Enterprise

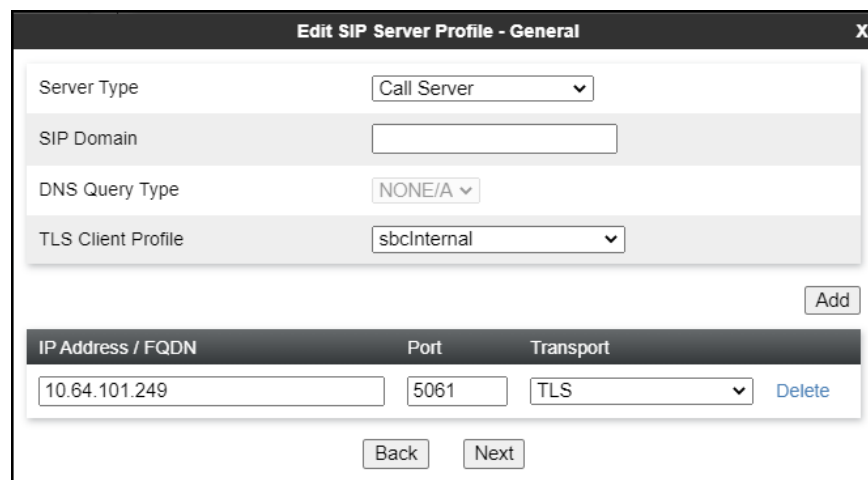
From the **Services** menu on the left-hand navigation pane, select **SIP Servers** and click the **Add** button (not shown) to add a new profile for the Call Server.

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the screen below.
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add Server Configuration Profile" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled "Profile Name" containing the text "Session Manager". Below this field is a button labeled "Next".

- On the **Edit SIP Server Profile – General** tab select **Call Server** from the drop-down menu under the **Server Type**.
- On the **IP Addresses / FQDN** field, enter the IP address of the Session Manager Security Module (**Section 7.5**).
- Enter **5061** under **Port** and select **TLS** for **Transport**. The transport protocol and port selected here must match the values defined for the Entity Link to the Session Manager previously created in **Section 7.6**.
- Select a **TLS Profile** (**Section 8.3.3**).
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit SIP Server Profile - General" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains several fields and buttons:

- Server Type:** A dropdown menu set to "Call Server".
- SIP Domain:** An empty text input field.
- DNS Query Type:** A dropdown menu set to "NONE/A".
- TLS Client Profile:** A dropdown menu set to "sbcInternal".
- Add:** A button located below the TLS Client Profile dropdown.
- IP Address / FQDN:** A text input field containing "10.64.101.249".
- Port:** A text input field containing "5061".
- Transport:** A dropdown menu set to "TLS".
- Delete:** A blue button located to the right of the Transport dropdown.
- Back:** A button at the bottom left.
- Next:** A button at the bottom right.

- Click **Next** until the **Add Server Configuration Profile – Advanced** tab is reached (not shown).
- On the **Add Server Configuration Profile – Advanced** tab:
 - Check **Enable Grooming** (required for TLS transport).
 - Select **Avaya-SM** from the **Interworking Profile** drop-down menu (**Section 8.7.1**).
- Click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Add SIP Server Profile - Advanced" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The window contains several configuration options, each with a label and a control element (checkbox or dropdown menu). The options are: "Enable DoS Protection" (checkbox, unchecked), "Enable Grooming" (checkbox, checked), "Interworking Profile" (dropdown menu, set to "Avaya-SM"), "Signaling Manipulation Script" (dropdown menu, set to "None"), "Securable" (checkbox, unchecked), "Enable FGDN" (checkbox, unchecked), "TCP Failover Port" (text input, set to "5060"), "TLS Failover Port" (text input, set to "5061"), "Tolerant" (checkbox, unchecked), "URI Group" (dropdown menu, set to "None"), and "NG911 Support" (checkbox, unchecked). At the bottom of the window, there are two buttons: "Back" and "Finish".

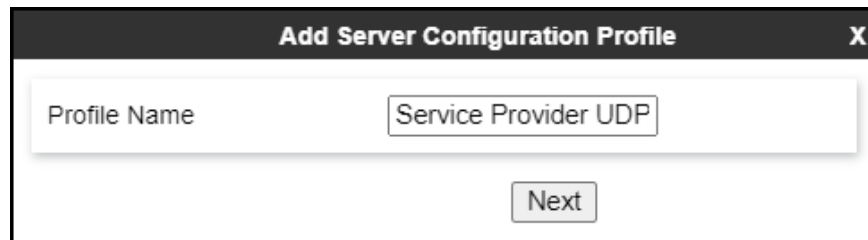
Enable DoS Protection	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Grooming	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Interworking Profile	Avaya-SM
Signaling Manipulation Script	None
Securable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable FGDN	<input type="checkbox"/>
TCP Failover Port	5060
TLS Failover Port	5061
Tolerant	<input type="checkbox"/>
URI Group	None
NG911 Support	<input type="checkbox"/>

Back Finish

8.9.2. Server Configuration Profile – Service Provider

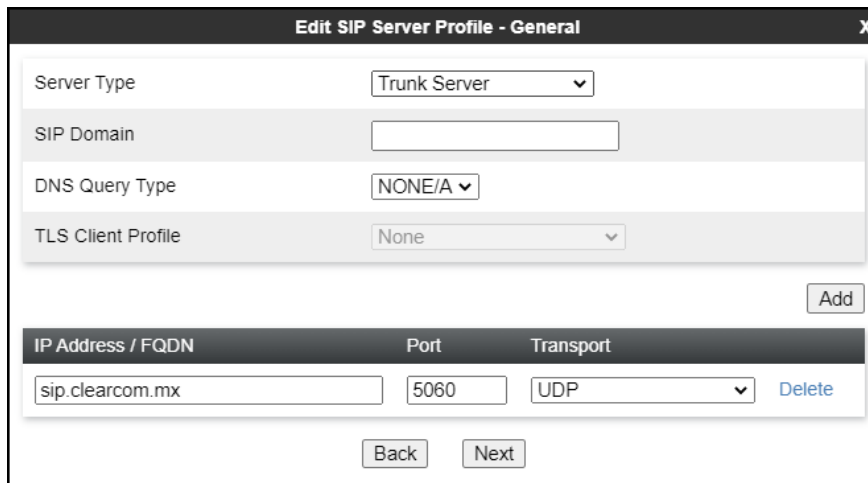
Similarly, to add the profile for the Trunk Server, click the **Add** button on the **Server Configuration** screen (not shown).

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the screen below (**Service Provider UDP** was used).
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add Server Configuration Profile" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled "Profile Name" which contains the text "Service Provider UDP". Below this field is a button labeled "Next".

- On the **Edit Server Configuration Profile - General** Tab select **Trunk Server** from the drop-down menu for the **Server Type**.
- On the **IP Addresses / FQDN** field, enter **sip.clearcom.mx** (Clearcom SIP proxy server FQDN). This information was provided by Clearcom.
- Enter **5060** under **Port** and select **UDP** for **Transport**.
- Click **Next**.

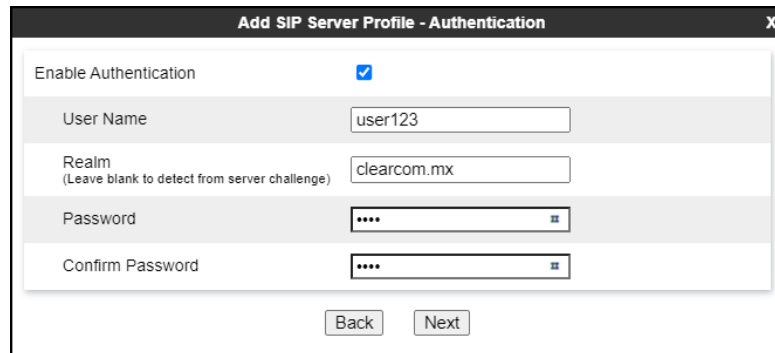


The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit SIP Server Profile - General" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains several fields: "Server Type" (a dropdown menu set to "Trunk Server"), "SIP Domain" (an empty text field), "DNS Query Type" (a dropdown menu set to "NONE/A"), and "TLS Client Profile" (a dropdown menu set to "None"). Below these fields is an "Add" button. At the bottom of the dialog is a table with three columns: "IP Address / FQDN", "Port", and "Transport". The first row of the table contains the values "sip.clearcom.mx", "5060", and "UDP" (from a dropdown menu). To the right of the table is a "Delete" link. Below the table are "Back" and "Next" buttons.

IP Address / FQDN	Port	Transport
sip.clearcom.mx	5060	UDP

On the **Add SIP Server Profile - Authentication** tab:

- Check the **Enable Authentication** box.
- Enter the **User Name** credential provided by the service provider for SIP trunk registration.
- Enter the **Realm** credential provided by the service provider for SIP trunk registration. Note that the Service Provider's Domain Name was used.
- Enter **Password** credential provided by the service provider
- for SIP trunk registration.
- Click **Next**.



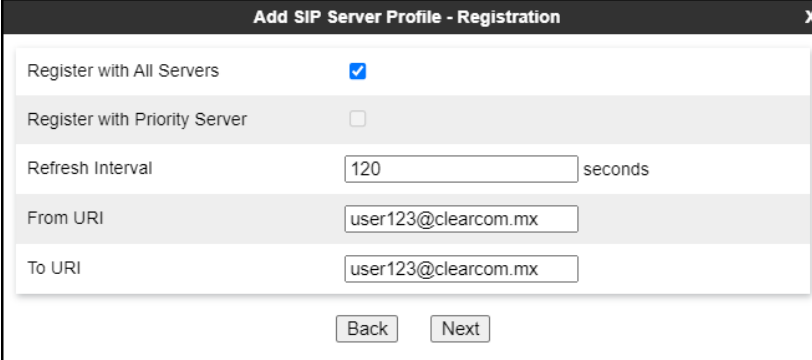
The screenshot shows a web-based configuration window titled "Add SIP Server Profile - Authentication". The window contains the following elements:

- Enable Authentication:** A checkbox that is checked.
- User Name:** A text input field containing "user123".
- Realm:** A text input field containing "clearcom.mx". Below the field is a small note: "(Leave blank to detect from server challenge)".
- Password:** A password input field with masked characters "....".
- Confirm Password:** A password input field with masked characters "....".
- Navigation:** "Back" and "Next" buttons at the bottom center.

- Click **Next** on the **Add Server Configuration Profile - Heartbeat** window (not shown).

On the **Add SIP Server Profile - Registration** tab:

- Check the **Register with All Servers** box.
- **Frequency**: Enter the amount of time (in seconds) between REGISTER messages that will be sent from the enterprise to the Service Provider Proxy Server to refresh the registration binding of the SIP trunk. This value should be chosen in consultation with the service provider. **120** seconds was the value used during the compliance test.
- The **From URI** and **To URI** entries for the REGISTER messages are built using the following:
 - **From URI**: Use the **User Name** entered above in the **Authentication** screen (**user123**) and the Service Provider's domain name (**clearcom.mx**), as shown on the screen below.
 - **To URI**: Use the **User Name** entered above in the **Authentication** screen (**user123**) and the Service Provider's domain name (**clearcom.mx**), as shown on the screen below.
 - Click **Next**.



Add SIP Server Profile - Registration	
Register with All Servers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Register with Priority Server	<input type="checkbox"/>
Refresh Interval	<input type="text" value="120"/> seconds
From URI	<input type="text" value="user123@clearcom.mx"/>
To URI	<input type="text" value="user123@clearcom.mx"/>
<input type="button" value="Back"/> <input type="button" value="Next"/>	

Click **Next** on the **Add SIP Server Profile - Ping** window (not shown).

On the **Add SIP Server Profile - Advanced** window:

- Uncheck **Enable Grooming** (not required for UDP transport).
- Select **SP-General** from the **Interworking Profile** drop-down menu (**Section 8.7.2**).
- Select the **Clearcom_Script** from the **Signaling Manipulation Script** drop down menu (**Sections 8.8** and **Appendix B**).
- Click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Add SIP Server Profile - Advanced" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The window contains several settings:

Enable DoS Protection	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Grooming	<input type="checkbox"/>
Interworking Profile	SP-General ▼
Signaling Manipulation Script	Clearcom_Script ▼
Securable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable FGDN	<input type="checkbox"/>
TCP Failover Port	5060
TLS Failover Port	5061
Tolerant	<input type="checkbox"/>
URI Group	None ▼
NG911 Support	<input type="checkbox"/>

At the bottom of the window, there are two buttons: "Back" and "Finish".

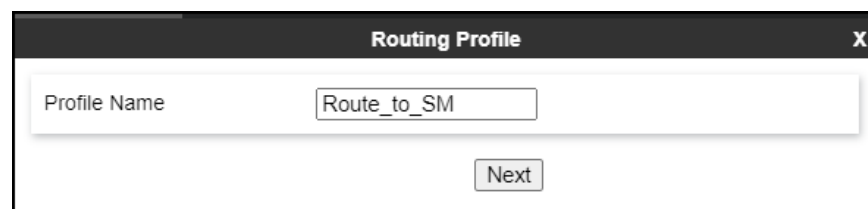
8.10.Routing

Routing profiles define a specific set of routing criteria that is used, in addition to other types of domain policies, to determine the path that the SIP traffic will follow as it flows through the Avaya SBCE interfaces. Two Routing Profiles were created in the test configuration, one for inbound calls, with Session Manager as the destination, and the second one for outbound calls, which are routed to the service provider SIP trunk.

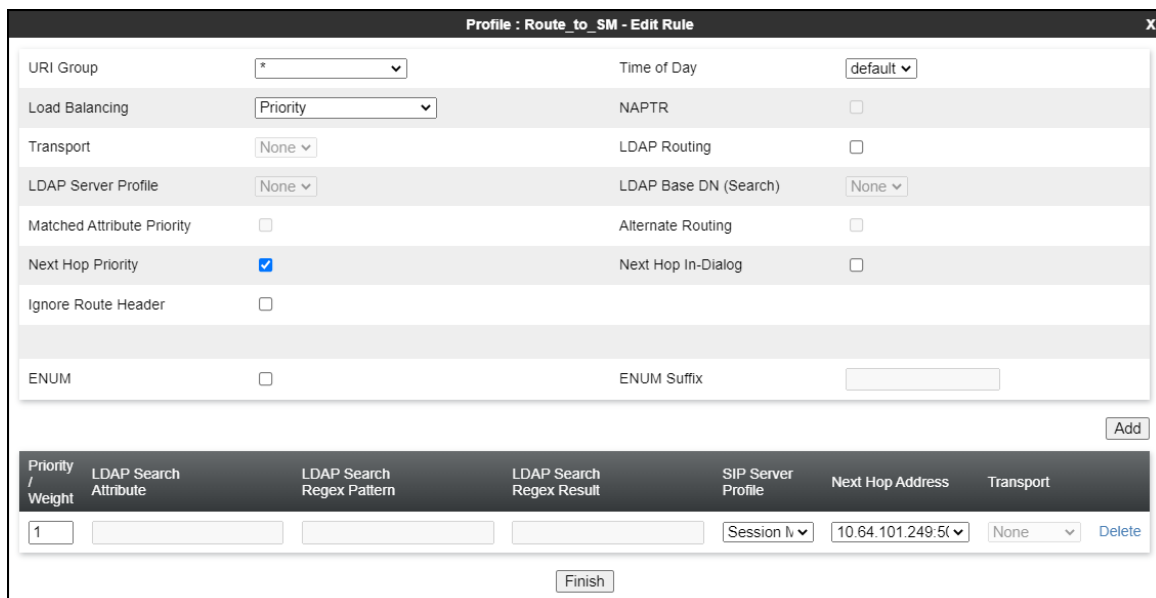
8.10.1. Routing Profile – Enterprise

To create the inbound route, select the **Routing** tab from the **Configuration Profiles** menu on the left-hand side and select **Add** (not shown).

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the example below.
- Click **Next**.



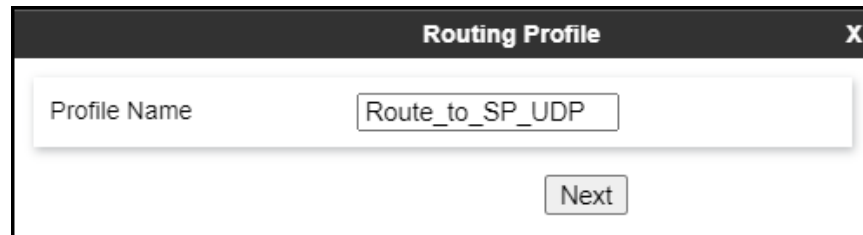
- On the **Routing Profile** tab, click the **Add** button to enter the next-hop address.
- Under **Priority/Weight** enter **1**.
- Under **SIP Server Profile**, select **Session Manager**. The **Next Hop Address** field will be populated with the IP address, port and protocol defined for the Session Manager Server Configuration Profile in **Section 8.9.1**.
- Defaults were used for all other parameters.
- Click **Finish**.



8.10.2. Routing Profile – Service Provider

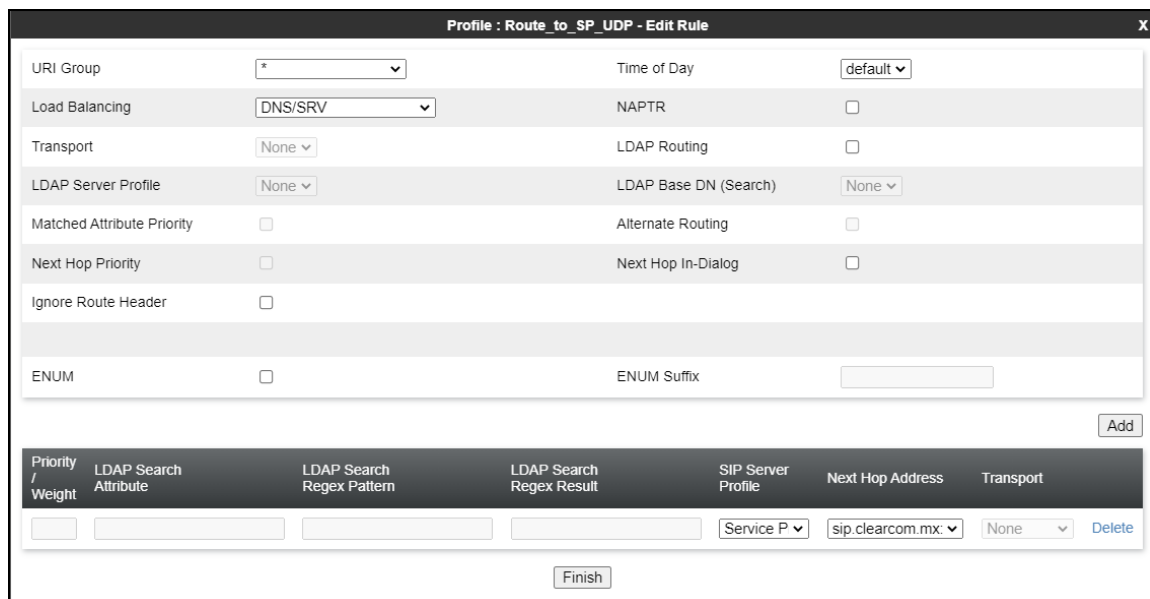
Back at the **Routing** tab, select **Add** (not shown) to repeat the process in order to create the outbound route.

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the example below (**Route_to_SP_UDP** was used).
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Routing Profile" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled "Profile Name" which contains the text "Route_to_SP_UDP". Below this field is a button labeled "Next".

- Under **Load Balancing** select **DNS/SRV**.
- Click the **Add** button to enter the next-hop address.
- Under **SIP Server Profile**, select **Service Provider UDP**.
- The **Next Hop Address** is populated automatically with **sip.clearcom.mx:5060 (UDP)**. Clearcom SIP Proxy FQDN, Port and Transport, Server Configuration Profile defined in **Section 8.9.2**.
- Click **Finish**



The screenshot shows a complex dialog box titled "Profile : Route_to_SP_UDP - Edit Rule" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog is divided into several sections with various configuration options:

- URI Group:** A dropdown menu with an asterisk (*) as the selected option.
- Time of Day:** A dropdown menu with "default" as the selected option.
- Load Balancing:** A dropdown menu with "DNS/SRV" as the selected option.
- Transport:** A dropdown menu with "None" as the selected option.
- NAPTR:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- LDAP Server Profile:** A dropdown menu with "None" as the selected option.
- LDAP Routing:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- LDAP Base DN (Search):** A dropdown menu with "None" as the selected option.
- Matched Attribute Priority:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Alternate Routing:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Next Hop Priority:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Next Hop In-Dialog:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Ignore Route Header:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- ENUM:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- ENUM Suffix:** A text input field.

At the bottom right of the dialog, there is an "Add" button. Below the main configuration area, there is a table with the following columns: "Priority / Weight", "LDAP Search Attribute", "LDAP Search Regex Pattern", "LDAP Search Regex Result", "SIP Server Profile", "Next Hop Address", and "Transport". The table contains one row with the following values: "Service P", "sip.clearcom.mx", "None", and "Delete". At the bottom center of the dialog, there is a "Finish" button.

8.11.Topology Hiding

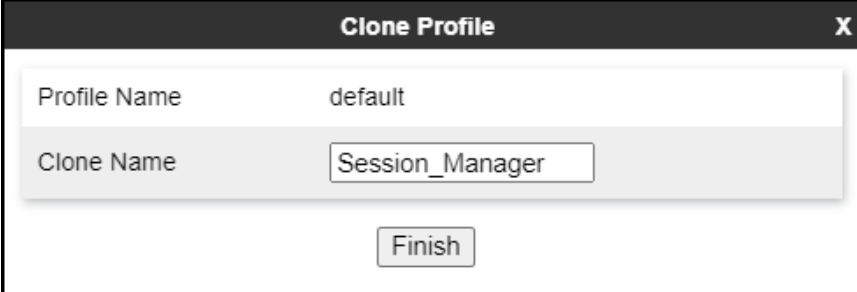
Topology Hiding is a security feature that allows the modification of several SIP headers, preventing private enterprise network information from being propagated to the untrusted public network.

Topology Hiding can also be used as an interoperability tool to adapt the host portion in the SIP headers to the IP addresses or domains expected on the service provider and the enterprise networks. For the compliance test, the default Topology Hiding Profile was cloned and modified accordingly. Only the minimum configuration required to achieve interoperability on the SIP trunk was performed. Additional steps can be taken in this section to further mask the information that is sent from the enterprise to the public network.

8.11.1. Topology Hiding Profile – Enterprise

To add the Topology Hiding Profile in the enterprise direction, select **Topology Hiding** from the **Configuration Profiles** menu on the left-hand side, select **default** from the list of pre-defined profiles and click the **Clone** button (not shown).

- Enter a **Clone Name** such as the one shown below.
- Click **Finish**.



Clone Profile	
Profile Name	default
Clone Name	Session_Manager
<button>Finish</button>	

On the newly cloned **Session_Manager** profile screen, click the **Edit** button (not shown).

- For the, **From**, **To** and **Request-Line** headers, select **Overwrite** in the **Replace Action** column and enter the enterprise SIP domain **avaya.xxx.com**, in the **Overwrite Value** column of these headers, as shown below. This is the domain known by Session Manager, defined in **Section 7.2**.
- Default values were used for all other fields.
- Click **Finish**.

Edit Topology Hiding ProfileX

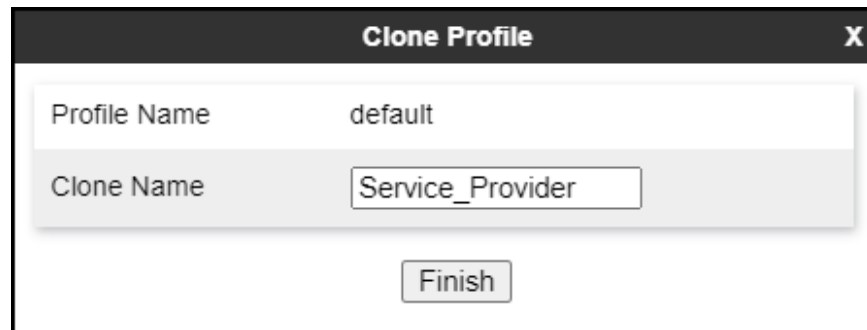
Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value	
Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.xxx.com	Delete
SDP	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
Referred-By	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
Refer-To	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
To	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.xxx.com	Delete
From	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.xxx.com	Delete
Via	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete

Finish

8.11.2. Topology Hiding Profile – Service Provider

To add the Topology Hiding Profile in the service provider direction, select **Topology Hiding** from the **Global Profiles** menu on the left-hand side, select **default** from the list of pre-defined profiles and click the **Clone** button (not shown).

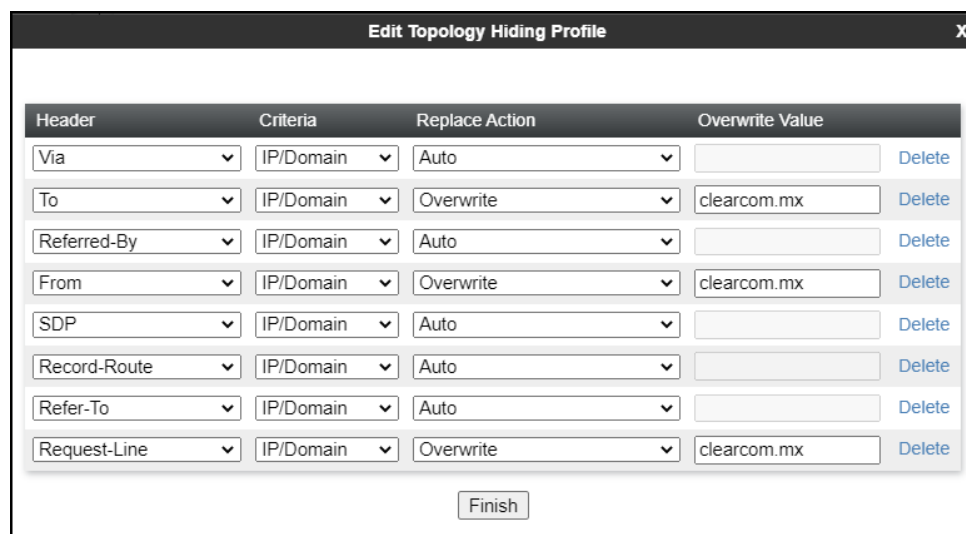
- Enter a **Clone Name** such as the one shown below.
- Click **Finish**.



The 'Clone Profile' dialog box has a title bar with 'Clone Profile' and a close button 'X'. It contains two input fields: 'Profile Name' with the value 'default' and 'Clone Name' with the value 'Service_Provider'. Below these fields is a 'Finish' button.

On the newly cloned **Service_Provider** profile screen, click the **Edit** button (not shown).

- For the, **From**, **To** and **Request-Line** headers, select **Overwrite** in the **Replace Action** column and enter the enterprise SIP domain **clearcom.mx**, in the **Overwrite Value** column of these headers, as shown below. This is the service provider's domain name.
- Default values were used for all other fields.
- Click **Finish**.



The 'Edit Topology Hiding Profile' dialog box has a title bar with 'Edit Topology Hiding Profile' and a close button 'X'. It contains a table with the following data:

Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value	
Via	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
To	IP/Domain	Overwrite	clearcom.mx	Delete
Referred-By	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
From	IP/Domain	Overwrite	clearcom.mx	Delete
SDP	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
Refer-To	IP/Domain	Auto		Delete
Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	clearcom.mx	Delete

Below the table is a 'Finish' button.

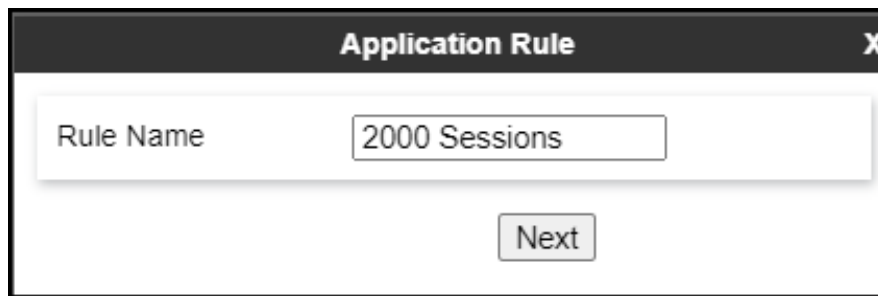
8.12.Domain Policies

Domain Policies allow the configuration of sets of rules designed to control and normalize the behavior of call flows, based upon various criteria of communication sessions originating from or terminating in the enterprise. Domain Policies include rules for Application, Media, Signaling, Security, etc.

8.12.1.Application Rules

Application Rules define which types of SIP-based Unified Communications (UC) applications the UC-Sec security device will protect voice, video, and/or Instant Messaging (IM). In addition, Application Rules define the maximum number of concurrent voice sessions the network will process in order to prevent resource exhaustion. From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies** → **Application Rules**, click on the **Add** button to add a new rule.

- Under **Rule Name** enter the name of the profile, e.g., **2000 Sessions**.
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Application Rule" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains a label "Rule Name" and a text input field with the value "2000 Sessions". Below the input field is a "Next" button.

- Under **Audio** check **In** and **Out** and set the **Maximum Concurrent Sessions** and **Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint** to recommended values, the value of **2000** for Audio. Repeat for video if needed, 100 sessions each was used for video in the sample configuration.
- Click **Finish**.

Editing Rule: 2000 Sessions

X

Application Type	In	Out	Maximum Concurrent Sessions	Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint
Audio	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="2000"/>	<input type="text" value="2000"/>
Video	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="100"/>	<input type="text" value="100"/>

Miscellaneous

CDR Support

☒ Off
☐ RADIUS
☐ CDR Adjunct

RADIUS Profile

None ▾

Media Statistics Support

☐

Call Duration

☒ Setup
☐ Connect

RTCP Keep-Alive

☐

Finish

8.12.2. Media Rules

Media Rules allow one to define RTP media packet parameters such as prioritizing encryption techniques and packet encryption techniques. Together these media-related parameters define a strict profile that is associated with other SIP-specific policies to determine how media packets matching these criteria will be handled by the Avaya SBCE security product. For the compliance test, one media rule (shown below) was created toward Session Manager and a default media rule was used toward the Service Provider.

To add a media rule in the Session Manager direction, from the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies → Media Rules**.

- Click on the **Add** button to add a new media rule (not shown).
- Under **Rule Name** enter **SM_SRTP**.
- Click **Next** (not shown).
- Under Audio Encryption, **Preferred Format #1**, select **SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80**.
- Under Audio Encryption, **Preferred Format #2**, select **RTP**.
- Under Audio Encryption, uncheck **Encrypted RTCP**.
- Under Audio Encryption, check **Interworking**.
- Repeat the above steps under Video Encryption, if needed.
- Under Miscellaneous verify that **Capability Negotiation** is checked.
- Click **Next**.

Media Encryption
X

Audio Encryption

Preferred Format #1

SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80

Preferred Format #2

RTP

Preferred Format #3

NONE

Encrypted RTCP

☐

MKI

☐

Lifetime

2^

Leave blank to match any value.

Interworking

☒

Symmetric Context Reset

☒

Key Change in New Offer

☐

Video Encryption

Preferred Format #1

SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80

Preferred Format #2

RTP

Preferred Format #3

NONE

Encrypted RTCP

☐

MKI

☐

Lifetime

2^

Leave blank to match any value.

Interworking

☒

Symmetric Context Reset

☒

Key Change in New Offer

☐

Miscellaneous

Capability Negotiation

☒

Finish

- Accept default values in the remaining sections by clicking **Next** (not shown), and then click **Finish** (not shown).

- For the compliance test, the **default-low-med** Media Rule was used in the Service Provider direction, shown below.

Media Encryption

Audio Encryption

Preferred Format #1	RTP
Preferred Format #2	NONE
Preferred Format #3	NONE
Encrypted RTCP	<input type="checkbox"/>
MKI	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lifetime Leave blank to match any value.	2^ <input type="text"/>
Interworking	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Symmetric Context Reset	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Key Change in New Offer	<input type="checkbox"/>

Video Encryption

Preferred Format #1	RTP
Preferred Format #2	NONE
Preferred Format #3	NONE
Encrypted RTCP	<input type="checkbox"/>
MKI	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lifetime Leave blank to match any value.	2^ <input type="text"/>
Interworking	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Symmetric Context Reset	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Key Change in New Offer	<input type="checkbox"/>

Miscellaneous

Capability Negotiation	<input type="checkbox"/>
------------------------	--------------------------

Finish

8.12.3. Signaling Rules

For the compliance test, the **default** signaling rule was used.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾AlarmsIncidentsStatus ▾Logs ▾DiagnosticsUsers

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard
Software Management
Device Management
Backup/Restore
▸ System Parameters
▸ Configuration Profiles
▸ Services
▾ Domain Policies
 Application Rules
 Border Rules
 Media Rules
 Security Rules
 Signaling Rules
 Charging Rules
 End Point Policy
 Groups
 Session Policies
▸ TLS Management
▸ Network & Flows
▸ DMZ Services
▸ Monitoring & Logging

Signaling Rules: default

Add

Signaling Rules

default

No-Content-Type-Checks

SessMgr_CM_SigRule

OPTIONS

Remote Workers

Remove_Update

Contact

Remove PAI

Remove PAI_1

Remove_headers

Remove Record Route

It is not recommended to edit the defaults. Try cloning or adding a new rule instead.

GeneralRequestsResponsesRequest HeadersResponse HeadersSignaling QoSUCID

Inbound

Requests	Allow
Non-2XX Final Responses	Allow
Optional Request Headers	Allow
Optional Response Headers	Allow

Outbound

Requests	Allow
Non-2XX Final Responses	Allow
Optional Request Headers	Allow
Optional Response Headers	Allow

Content-Type Policy

Enable Content-Type Checks☒

Action	Allow	Multipart Action	Allow
Exception List		Exception List	

Edit

HG; Reviewed:
SPOC 11/3/2022

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CIAura101EP81_U

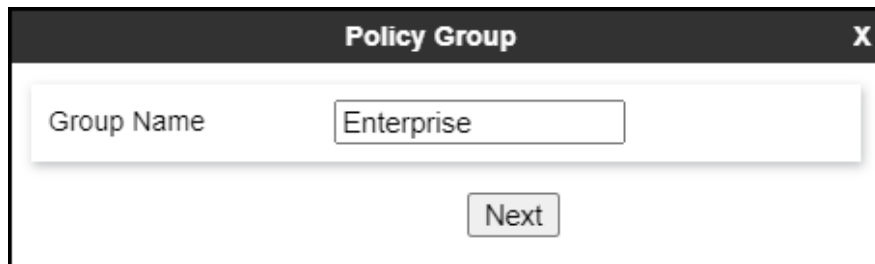
8.13.End Point Policy Groups

End Point Policy Groups associate the different sets of rules under Domain Policies (Media, Signaling, Security, etc.) to be applied to specific SIP messages traversing through the Avaya SBCE. Please note that changes should not be made to any of the default rules used in these End Point Policy Groups.

8.13.1. End Point Policy Group – Enterprise

To create an End Point Policy Group for the enterprise, select **End Point Policy Groups** under the **Domain Policies** menu and select **Add** (not shown).

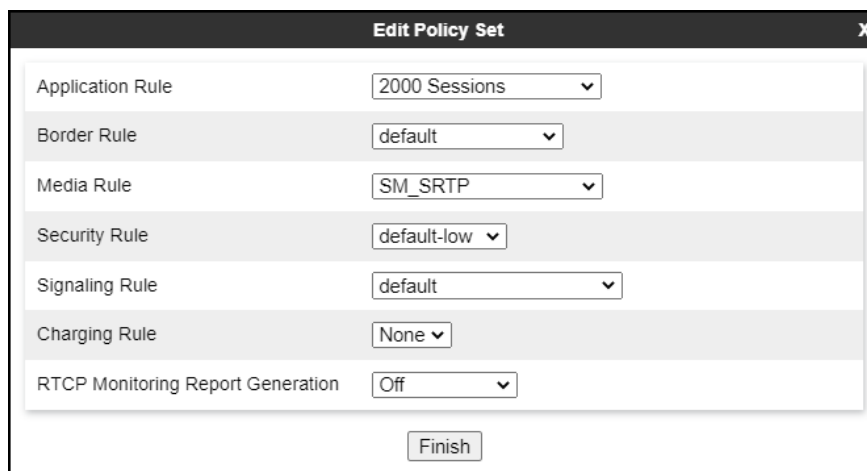
- Enter an appropriate name in the **Group Name** field.
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Policy Group" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled "Group Name" which contains the text "Enterprise". Below the input field, there is a button labeled "Next".

Under the **Policy Group** tab enter the following:

- **Application Rule: 2000 Sessions** (Section 8.12.1).
- **Border Rule: default.**
- **Media Rule: SM_SRTP** (Section 8.12.2).
- **Security Rule: default-low.**
- **Signaling Rule: default** (Section 8.12.3).
- Click **Finish**.

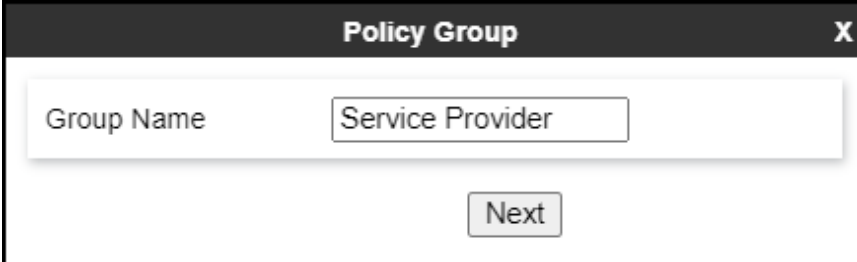


The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit Policy Set" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains several rows, each with a label and a dropdown menu. The labels and their corresponding dropdown values are: "Application Rule" (2000 Sessions), "Border Rule" (default), "Media Rule" (SM_SRTP), "Security Rule" (default-low), "Signaling Rule" (default), "Charging Rule" (None), and "RTCP Monitoring Report Generation" (Off). At the bottom of the dialog, there is a button labeled "Finish".

8.13.2. End Point Policy Group – Service Provider

To create an End Point Policy Group for the Service Provider, select **End Point Policy Groups** under the **Domain Policies** menu and select **Add** (not shown).

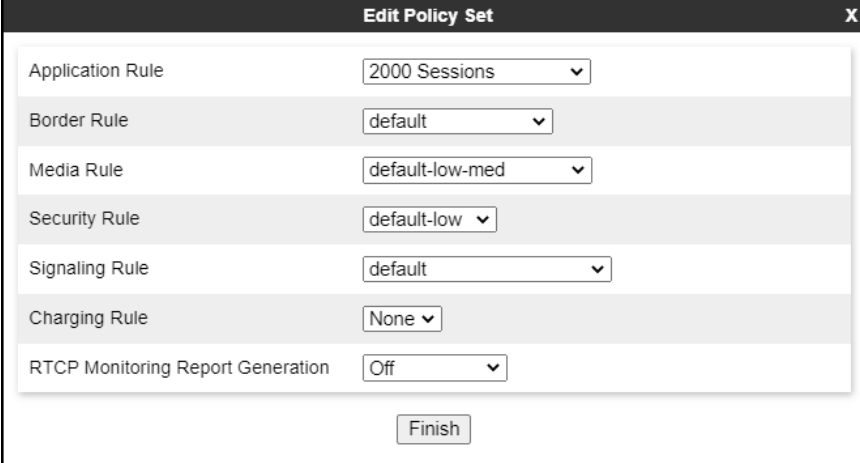
- Enter an appropriate name in the **Group Name** field (**Service Provider** was used).
- Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Policy Group" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled "Group Name" which contains the text "Service Provider". Below the input field, there is a button labeled "Next".

Under the **Policy Group** tab enter the following:

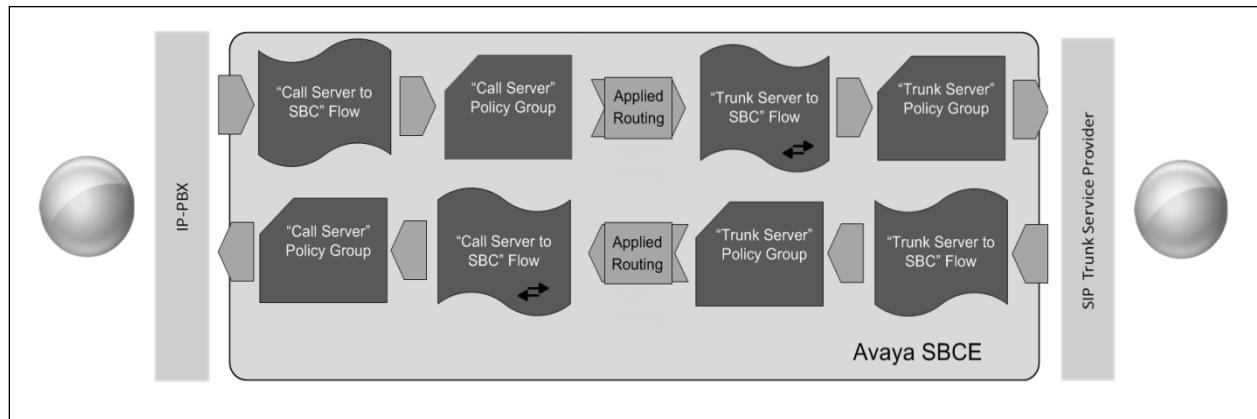
- **Application Rule: 2000 Sessions** (Section 8.12.1).
- **Border Rule: default**.
- **Media Rule: default-low-med** (Section 8.12.2).
- **Security Rule: default-low**.
- **Signaling Rule: default** (Section 8.12.3).
- Click **Finish**.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit Policy Set" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains several rows, each with a label and a dropdown menu. The labels are "Application Rule", "Border Rule", "Media Rule", "Security Rule", "Signaling Rule", "Charging Rule", and "RTCP Monitoring Report Generation". The corresponding dropdown values are "2000 Sessions", "default", "default-low-med", "default-low", "default", "None", and "Off". At the bottom of the dialog, there is a button labeled "Finish".

8.14.End Point Flows

When a packet is received by Avaya SBCE, the content of the packet (IP addresses, URIs, etc.) is used to determine which flow it matches. Once the flow is determined, the flow points to a policy group which contains several rules concerning processing, privileges, authentication, routing, etc. Once routing is applied and the destination endpoint is determined, the policies for this destination endpoint are applied. The context is maintained, so as to be applied to future packets in the same flow. The following screen illustrates the flow through the Avaya SBCE to secure a SIP trunk call.



The **End-Point Flows** defines certain parameters that pertain to the signaling and media portions of a call, whether it originates from within the enterprise or outside of the enterprise.

8.14.1. End Point Flow – SP to SM Flow

To create the call flow toward the enterprise, from the **Device Specific** menu, select **End Point Flows**, then select the **Server Flows** tab. Click **Add** (not shown), set parameters as shown below, click **Finish**. The screen below shows the flow named **SP to SM Flow** created in the sample configuration. The flow uses the interfaces, policies, and profiles defined in previous sections.

Edit Flow: SP to SM Flow X

Flow Name	SP to SM Flow
SIP Server Profile	Service Provider UDP ▾
URI Group	* ▾
Transport	* ▾
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Private_sig ▾
Signaling Interface	Public_sig ▾
Media Interface	Public_med ▾
Secondary Media Interface	None ▾
End Point Policy Group	Service Provider ▾
Routing Profile	Route_to_SM ▾
Topology Hiding Profile	Service_Provider ▾
Signaling Manipulation Script	None ▾
Remote Branch Office	Any ▾
Link Monitoring from Peer	<input type="checkbox"/>
FQDN Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
FQDN	

Finish

8.14.2. End Point Flow – SM to SP Flow

A second Server Flow with the name **SM to SP Flow** was similarly created in the Service Provider direction. To create the call flow toward the Service Provider, from the **Device Specific** menu, select **End Point Flows**, then select the **Server Flows** tab. Click **Add** (not shown), set parameters as shown below, click **Finish**. The flow uses the interfaces, policies, and profiles defined in previous sections.

Edit Flow: SM to SP Flow X

Flow Name	SM to SP Flow
SIP Server Profile	Session Manager ▼
URI Group	* ▼
Transport	* ▼
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Public_sig ▼
Signaling Interface	Private_sig ▼
Media Interface	Private_med ▼
Secondary Media Interface	None ▼
End Point Policy Group	Enterprise ▼
Routing Profile	Route_to_SP_UDP ▼
Topology Hiding Profile	Session_Manager ▼
Signaling Manipulation Script	None ▼
Remote Branch Office	Any ▼
Link Monitoring from Peer	<input type="checkbox"/>
FQDN Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
FQDN	

Finish

9. Clearcom SIP Trunking Service Configuration

To use Clearcom SIP Trunking Service, a customer must request the service from Clearcom using the established sales processes. The process can be started by contacting Clearcom via the corporate web site at: <http://www.clearcom.mx/>

During the signup process, Clearcom and the customer will discuss details about the preferred method to be used to connect the customer's enterprise network to Clearcom network.

Clearcom will provide the following information:

- SIP Trunk registration credentials (user name, password, SIP domain).
- Fully Qualified Domain Name of the Clearcom SIP proxy server.
- DID numbers.
- Public DNS IP addresses.
- Supported codecs and order of preference.
- Any IP addresses and port numbers used for signaling or media that will need access to the enterprise network through any security devices (firewall).

10. Verification and Troubleshooting

This section provides verification steps that may be performed in the field to verify that the solution is configured properly. This section also provides a list of commands that can be used to troubleshoot the solution.

10.1.General Verification Steps

- Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active for more than 35 seconds. This time period is included to verify that proper routing of the SIP messaging has satisfied SIP protocol timers.
- Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active for more than 35 seconds.
- Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.

10.2.Communication Manager Verification

The following commands can be entered in the Communication Manager SAT terminal to verify the SIP trunk functionality:

- **list trace station** <extension number>
Traces calls to and from a specific station.
- **list trace tac** <trunk access code number>
Trace calls over a specific trunk group.
- **status signaling-group** <signaling group number>
Displays signaling group service state.
- **status trunk** <trunk group number>
Displays trunk group service state.
- **status station** <extension number>

Displays signaling and media information for an active call on a specific station.

10.3.Session Manager Verification

The Session Manager configuration may be verified via System Manager.

Step 1 - Using the procedures described in **Section 7**, access the System Manager GUI. From the **Home** screen, under the **Elements** heading, select **Session Manager**, then select **Dashboard**.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Aura System Manager 10.1 interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Users', 'Elements', 'Services', 'Widgets', and 'Shortcuts'. The 'Elements' dropdown menu is open, showing a list of system components. The 'Session Manager' option is highlighted, and its sub-menu is visible, with 'Dashboard' selected and highlighted with a red box. The main dashboard area shows 'Disk Space Utilization' and 'Alarms' widgets. The right sidebar contains 'Notifications (3)' and 'Information' sections. The 'Information' section includes a table of system elements and their sync status, and two purple boxes showing current usage statistics.

Elements	Count	Sync Status
CM	1	■
Messaging	1	■
Session Manager	1	■
System Manager	1	■
UCM Applications	16	■

Current Usage :

6/250000
USERS

1/50
SIMULTANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE LOGINS

Step 2 - The Session Manager Dashboard is displayed. Note that the **Test Passed**, **Alarms**, **Service State**, and **Data Replication** columns all show good status.

In the **Entity Monitoring** column, Session Manager shows that there are **3** alarms out of the **9** Entities defined.

Session Manager Dashboard

This page provides the overall status and health summary of each administered Session Manager.

Session Manager Instances

Service State: Shutdown System: EASG: Clear Logs: As of 9:09 AM

1 Item Show All Filter: Enable

	Session Manager	Type	Tests Pass	Alarms	Security Module	Service State	Load Factor	Entity Monitoring	Active Call Count	Registrations	Data Replication	User Data Storage Status	License Mode	EASG	Profile	Version
<input type="checkbox"/>	Session Manager	Core	Up	0/0/0	Up	Accept New Service	0/0/0	3/9	0	1/1	Up	Up	Normal	Enabled	3	10.1.0.0.1010019

Select : All, None

Verify that the state of the Session Manager links under the **Conn. Status** and **Link Status** columns are **UP**, like shown on the screen below.

Session Manager Entity Link Connection Status

This page displays detailed connection status for all entity links from a Session Manager.

Status Details for the selected Session Manager:

All Entity Links for Session Manager: Session Manager

Summary View

9 Items Filter: Enable

	SIP Entity Name	Session Manager IP Address	SIP Entity Resolved IP	Port	Proto.	Deny	Conn. Status	Reason Code	Link Status
<input type="radio"/>	CS1K7.6	IPv4	172.16.5.60	5085	UDP	FALSE	DOWN	408 Request Timeout	DOWN
<input type="radio"/>	Avaya Experience Portal	IPv4	10.64.101.252	5061	TLS	FALSE	DOWN	500 Server Internal Error: Destination Unreachable	DOWN
<input type="radio"/>	AA-Messaging	IPv4	10.64.101.250	5060	TCP	FALSE	DOWN	500 Server Internal Error: Destination Unreachable	DOWN
<input type="radio"/>	Avaya SBCE	IPv4	10.64.101.243	5061	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
<input type="radio"/>	Communication Manager Trunk 1	IPv4	10.64.101.241	5061	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
<input type="radio"/>	Communication Manager Trunk 108	IPv4	10.64.101.241	5068	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
<input type="radio"/>	IX Messaging	IPv4	10.64.101.158	5061	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
<input type="radio"/>	Communication Manager Trunk 2	IPv4	10.64.101.241	5071	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
<input type="radio"/>	Communication Manager Trunk 98	IPv4	10.64.101.241	5065	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP

Select : None

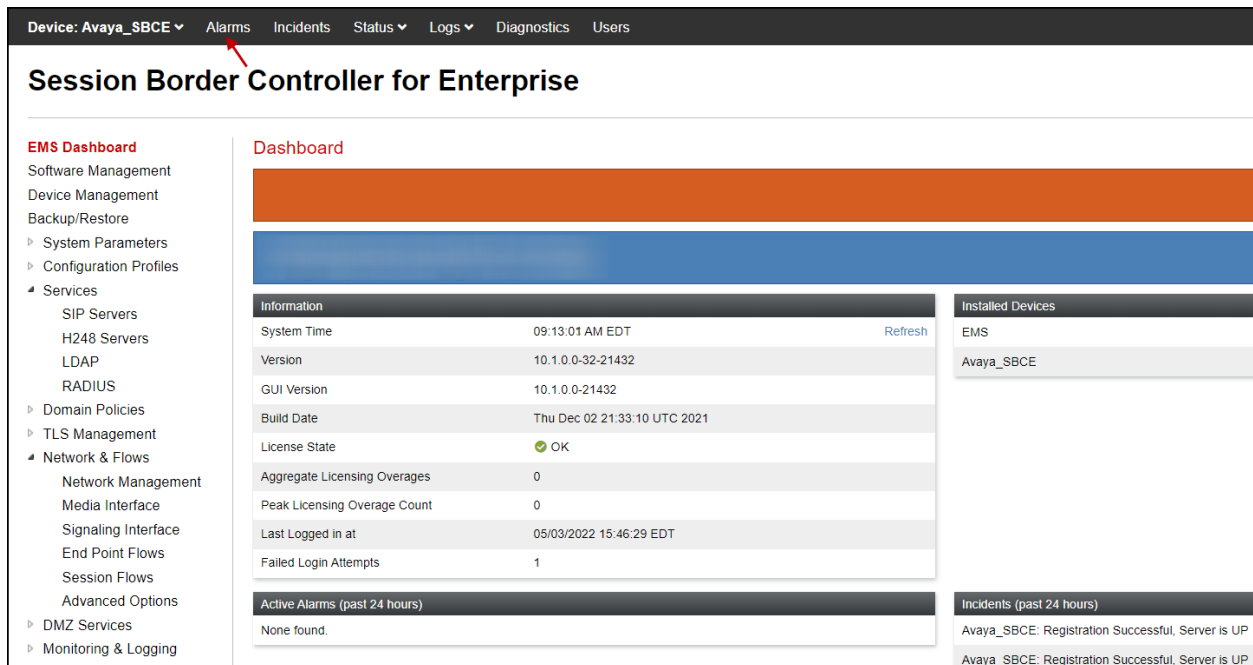
Other Session Manager useful verification and troubleshooting tools include:

- **traceSM** – Session Manager command line tool for traffic analysis. Login to the Session Manager command line management interface to run this command.
- **Call Routing Test** – The Call Routing Test verifies the routing for a particular source and destination. To run the routing test, from the System Manager Home screen navigate to **Elements → Session Manager → System Tools → Call Routing Test**. Enter the requested data to run the test.

10.4.Avaya SBCE Verification

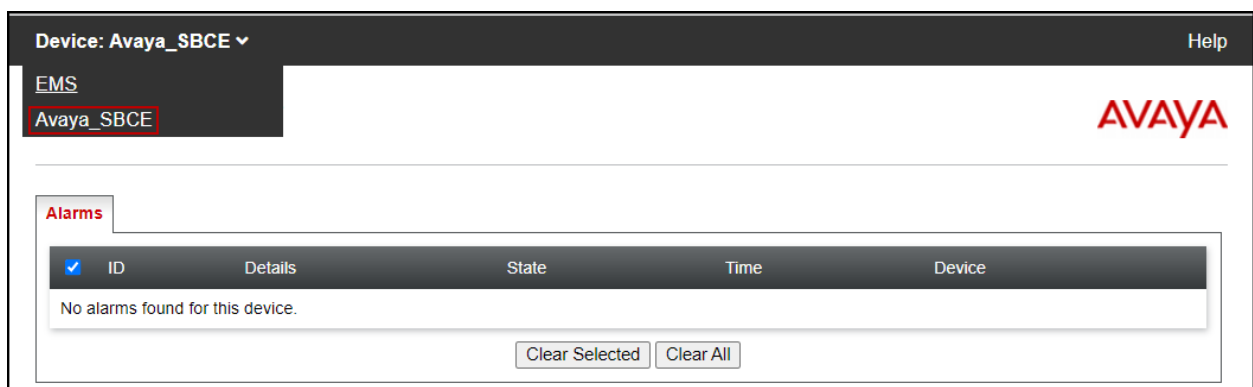
There are several links and menus located on the taskbar at the top of the screen of the web interface that can provide useful diagnostic or troubleshooting information.

Alarms: This screen provides information about the health of the SBC.



The screenshot shows the Avaya SBCE web interface. At the top, a dark header bar contains the text "Device: Avaya_SBCE" followed by a dropdown menu. To the right of the header are navigation links: "Alarms", "Incidents", "Status", "Logs", "Diagnostics", and "Users". A red arrow points to the "Alarms" link. Below the header, the main content area is titled "Session Border Controller for Enterprise". On the left is a sidebar menu with categories like "EMS Dashboard", "Software Management", "Device Management", "Backup/Restore", "System Parameters", "Configuration Profiles", "Services", "Domain Policies", "TLS Management", "Network & Flows", "DMZ Services", and "Monitoring & Logging". The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column is titled "Information" and contains a table with system details: System Time (09:13:01 AM EDT), Version (10.1.0.0-32-21432), GUI Version (10.1.0.0-21432), Build Date (Thu Dec 02 21:33:10 UTC 2021), License State (OK), Aggregate Licensing Overages (0), Peak Licensing Overage Count (0), Last Logged in at (05/03/2022 15:46:29 EDT), and Failed Login Attempts (1). The right column is titled "Installed Devices" and shows a table with one device: "Avaya_SBCE". Below the "Information" table is a section for "Active Alarms (past 24 hours)" which shows "None found." Below the "Installed Devices" table is a section for "Incidents (past 24 hours)" which shows two incidents: "Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP" and "Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP".

The following screen shows the **Alarm Viewer** page.



The screenshot shows the Avaya SBCE Alarm Viewer page. At the top, a dark header bar contains the text "Device: Avaya_SBCE" followed by a dropdown menu. To the right of the header is a "Help" link. Below the header, the main content area is divided into two sections. The top section is titled "EMS" and contains a table with one device: "Avaya_SBCE". The bottom section is titled "Alarms" and contains a table with columns: "ID", "Details", "State", "Time", and "Device". The table is empty, and a message "No alarms found for this device." is displayed below it. At the bottom of the table are two buttons: "Clear Selected" and "Clear All".

Incidents : Provides detailed reports of anomalies, errors, policies violations, etc.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Alarms **Incidents** Status ▾ Logs ▾ Diagnostics Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard

- Software Management
- Device Management
- Backup/Restore
 - System Parameters
 - Configuration Profiles
- Services
 - SIP Servers
 - H248 Servers
 - LDAP
 - RADIUS
- Domain Policies
- TLS Management
- Network & Flows
 - Network Management
 - Media Interface
 - Signaling Interface
 - End Point Flows
 - Session Flows
 - Advanced Options
- DMZ Services
- Monitoring & Logging

Dashboard

Information		Refresh
System Time	09:13:01 AM EDT	
Version	10.1.0.0-32-21432	
GUI Version	10.1.0.0-21432	
Build Date	Thu Dec 02 21:33:10 UTC 2021	
License State	OK	
Aggregate Licensing Overages	0	
Peak Licensing Overage Count	0	
Last Logged in at	05/03/2022 15:46:29 EDT	
Failed Login Attempts	1	

Active Alarms (past 24 hours)

None found.

Installed Devices

EMS

Avaya_SBCE

Incidents (past 24 hours)

Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP

Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP

The following screen shows the Incident Viewer page.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Help

Incident Viewer

Category: All ▾ Clear Filters Refresh Generate Report

Summary

Displaying entries 1 to 15 of 2002.

ID	Date & Time	Category	Type	Cause
825835107193461	May 4, 2022 9:16:54 AM	Policy	Server Registration	Registration Successful, Server is UP
825835047173505	May 4, 2022 9:14:54 AM	Policy	Server Registration	Registration Successful, Server is UP

Status: This screen provides the registration status of the servers.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Alarms Incidents **Status ▾** Logs ▾ Diagnostics Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard

- Software Management
- Device Management
- Backup/Restore
 - System Parameters
 - Configuration Profiles
- Services
 - SIP Servers
 - H248 Servers
 - LDAP
 - RADIUS
- Domain Policies
- TLS Management
- Network & Flows
 - Network Management
 - Media Interface
 - Signaling Interface
 - End Point Flows
 - Session Flows
 - Advanced Options
- DMZ Services
- Monitoring & Logging

Dashboard

Information

System Time	09:13:01 AM EDT	Refresh
Version	10.1.0.0-32-21432	
GUI Version	10.1.0.0-21432	
Build Date	Thu Dec 02 21:33:10 UTC 2021	
License State	OK	
Aggregate Licensing Overages	0	
Peak Licensing Overage Count	0	
Last Logged in at	05/03/2022 15:46:29 EDT	
Failed Login Attempts	1	

Active Alarms (past 24 hours)

None found.

Installed Devices

EMS
Avaya_SBCE

Incidents (past 24 hours)

Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP

Avaya_SBCE: Registration Successful, Server is UP

The following screen shows the Clearcom server registration status.

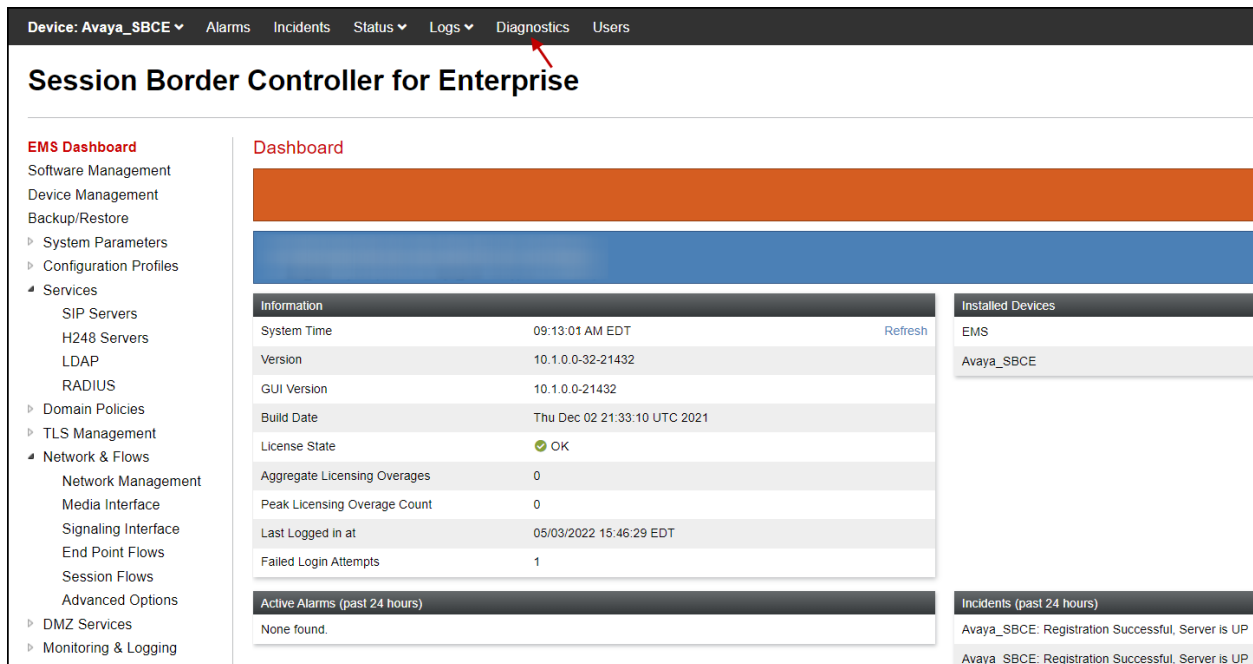
Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Help

Status

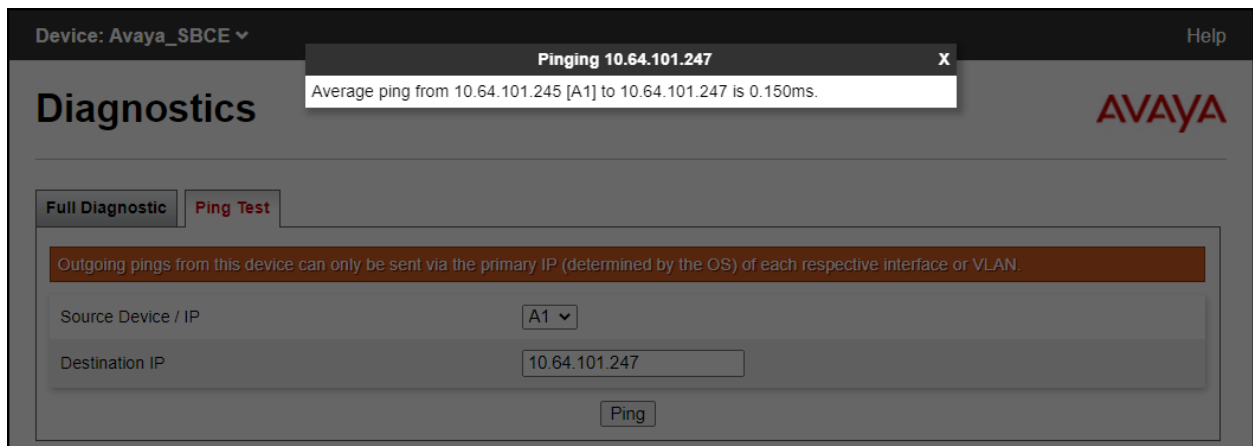
Server Status

Server Profile	Server FQDN	Server IP	Server Port	Server Transport	Heartbeat Status	Registration Status	TimeStamp
Service Provider UDP	sip.clearcom.mx	.175.6.202	5060	UDP	UNKNOWN	REGISTERED	05/04/2022 09:08:54 EDT
Service Provider UDP	sip.clearcom.mx	.150.38.168	5060	UDP	UNKNOWN	REGISTERED	05/04/2022 09:08:54 EDT

Diagnostics: This screen provides a variety of tools to test and troubleshoot the Avaya SBCE network connectivity.



The following screen shows the Diagnostics page with the results of a ping test.



Additionally, the Avaya SBCE contains an internal packet capture tool that allows the capture of packets on any of its interfaces, saving them as .pcap files. Navigate to **Monitor & Logging → Trace**. Select the **Packet Capture** tab, set the desired configuration for the trace and click **Start Capture**.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾

Alarms

Incidents

Status ▾

Logs ▾

Diagnostics

Users

Settings ▾

Help ▾

Log Out

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

AVAYA

EMS Dashboard

Software Management

Device Management

Backup/Restore

▸ System Parameters

▸ Configuration Profiles

▸ Services

▸ Domain Policies

▸ TLS Management

▸ Network & Flows

▸ DMZ Services

▸ Monitoring & Logging

SNMP

Syslog Management

Debugging

Trace

Log Collection

DoS Learning

CDR Adjunct

Trace: Avaya_SBCE

Packet Capture

Captures

Packet Capture Configuration

StatusReady

InterfaceAny ▾

Local AddressIP:PortAll ▾ :

Remote Address* *Port, IP, IP:Port*

ProtocolAll ▾

Maximum Number of Packets to Capture10000

Capture FilenameClearcom.pcap

Using the name of an existing capture will overwrite it.

Start Capture

Clear

Once the capture is stopped, click the **Captures** tab and select the proper .pcap file. Note that the date and time is appended to the filename specified previously. The file can now be saved to the local PC, where it can be opened with an application such as Wireshark.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (SBCE) web management interface. At the top, a navigation bar includes links for Alarms, Incidents, Status, Logs, Diagnostics, and Users, along with settings and log out options. The main header identifies the device as 'Avaya_SBCE' and the page title as 'Session Border Controller for Enterprise'. A left-hand sidebar lists various management functions, with 'Monitoring & Logging' expanded to show 'Trace' as the active selection. The main content area, titled 'Trace: Avaya_SBCE', features two tabs: 'Packet Capture' and 'Captures'. The 'Captures' tab is active, showing a table of captured files. The table has three columns: 'File Name', 'File Size (bytes)', and 'Last Modified'. A single entry is listed: 'Clearcom_20220504101452.pcap' with a size of 286,720 bytes and a timestamp of May 4, 2022 at 10:15:06 AM EDT. A 'Delete' link is provided for this file. A 'Refresh' button is located in the top right corner of the table area.

File Name	File Size (bytes)	Last Modified
Clearcom_20220504101452.pcap	286,720	May 4, 2022 at 10:15:06 AM EDT

Also, the **traceSBC** tool can be used to monitor the SIP signaling messages between the Service provider and the Avaya SBCE.

11. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the procedures required to configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 10.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 10.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 10.1, to connect to the Clearcom SIP Trunking service using UDP, as shown in **Figure 1**.

Interoperability testing of the sample configuration was completed with successful results for all test cases with the observations/limitations described in **Sections 2.1** and **2.2**.

12. References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes. Additional Avaya product documentation is available at <http://support.avaya.com>.

- [1] *Deploying Avaya Aura® Communication Manager in a Virtualized Environment*, Release 10.1, Issue 3, April 2022.
- [2] *Administering Avaya Aura® Communication Manager*, Release 10.1, Issue 1, December 2021.
- [3] *Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager* for Release 10.1.x, Issue 5, April 2022.
- [4] *Deploying Avaya Aura® System Manager in a Virtualized Environment*, Release 10.1.x, Issue 2, March 2022.
- [5] *Deploying Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Avaya Aura® Branch Session Manager in a Virtualized Environment*, Release 10.1., Issue 2, March 2022.
- [6] *Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager*, Release 10.1.x, Issue 3, April 2022.
- [7] *Deploying Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise on a Virtualized Environment Platform*, Release 10.1, Issue 1, December 2021.
- [8] *Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise*, Release 10.1, Issue 1, December 2021.
- [9] Application Notes for Configuring Remote Workers with Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 10.1 on the Avaya Aura® Platform - *Issue 1.0*.
- [10] *Deploying and Updating Avaya Aura® Media Server Appliance*, Release 10.1.x, Issue 1, April 2022.
- [11] *Administering Avaya Experience Portal*, Release 8.1.1, Issue 2, February 2022
- [12] *Implementing Avaya Experience Portal on a single server*, Release 8.1.1, Issue 1, January 2022
- [13] *RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol*, <http://www.ietf.org/>
- [14] *RFC 2833 RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals*, <http://www.ietf.org/>

13. Appendix A – Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise – Refer Handling

One of the capabilities important to the Experience Portal environment is the Avaya SBCE Refer Handling option. Experience Portal inbound call processing may include call redirection to Communication Manager agents, or other CPE destinations. This redirection is accomplished by having Experience Portal send SIP REFER messaging to the Avaya SBCE. Enabling the Refer Handling option causes the Avaya SBCE to intercept and process the REFER and generate a new SIP INVITE messages back to the CPE (e.g., Communication Manager).

As an additional option, the Refer Handling feature can also specify *URI Group* criteria as a discriminator, whereby SIP REFER messages matching the URI Group criteria are processed by the Avaya SBCE, while SIP REFER messages that do not match the URI Group criteria, are passed through to the Service Provider.

Note – If Experience Portal is not included as part of the Avaya Enterprise equipment Refer Handling should not be used, it should be left unchecked/disabled.

Create a URI Group for numbers intended for Communication Manager.

Step 1 - Select **Configuration Profiles → URI Groups** from the left-hand menu.

Step 2 - Select **Add** and enter a descriptive **Group Name**, e.g., **internal-extension**, and select **Next** (not shown).

Step 3 - Enter the following:

- **Scheme:** sip:/sips:
- **Type:** Regular Expression
- **URI:** 3[0-9]{3}@.* This will match 4-digit local extensions starting with 3, e.g., 3041 or 3042.
- Select **Finish**.

Edit URI X

Each entry should match a valid SIP URI.

WARNING: Invalid or incorrectly entered regular expressions may cause unexpected results.

Note: This regular expression is case-insensitive.

Ex: [0-9]{3,5}\ user@domain\ com, (simple|advanced)\ -user[A-Z]{3}@.*

Scheme: ☒ sip:/sips: ☐ tel:

Type: ☐ Plain ☐ Dial Plan ☒ Regular Expression

URI: 3[0-9]{3}@.*

Finish

Step 4 - For additional entries, select **Add** on the right-hand side of the URI Group tab and repeat **Step 3**.

The screenshot displays the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Device: Avaya_SBCE', 'Alarms', 'Incidents', 'Status', 'Logs', 'Diagnostics', 'Users', 'Settings', 'Help', and 'Log Out'. The main header shows 'Session Border Controller for Enterprise' and the 'AVAYA' logo. On the left, a sidebar lists navigation options: EMS Dashboard, Software Management, Device Management, Backup/Restore, System Parameters, Configuration Profiles (expanded), Domain DoS, Server Interworking, Media Forking, Routing, Topology Hiding, Signaling Manipulation, and URI Groups (highlighted in red). The main content area is titled 'URI Groups: internal-extensions' and features an 'Add' button. Below this is a list of URI Groups: 'URI Groups', 'Emergency', 'internal-exte...', 'test', 'Trunk 1', and 'Trunk 2'. The 'internal-exte...' group is selected, showing a description field with the placeholder 'Click here to add a description.' and an 'Add' button. Below the description is a 'URI Listing' table with one entry: '3[0-9]{3}@.*', which has 'Edit' and 'Delete' links. The bottom of the interface shows the 'URI Groups' section in the sidebar.

Edit the existing **SP-General** Server Interworking Profile to enable Refer Handling.

Step 1 - Select **Configuration Profiles → Server Interworking** from the left-hand menu (not shown).

Step 2 - Select the **SP-General** Server Interworking Profile created in **Section 8.7.2** and click **Edit**

- Check **Refer Handling**.
- **URI Group: internal-extensions**.
- Select **Finish**.

Editing Profile: SP-General

General

Hold Support	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> RFC2543 - c=0.0.0.0 <input type="radio"/> RFC3264 - a=sendonly <input type="radio"/> Microsoft Teams
180 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
181 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
182 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
183 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
Refer Handling	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
URI Group	internal-extensions ▼
Send Hold	<input type="checkbox"/>
Delayed Offer	<input type="checkbox"/>
3xx Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Header Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
Delayed SDP Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
Re-Invite Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prack Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
Allow 18X SDP	<input type="checkbox"/>
T.38 Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
URI Scheme	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SIP <input type="radio"/> TEL <input type="radio"/> ANY
Via Header Format	<input checked="" type="radio"/> RFC3261 <input type="radio"/> RFC2543
SIPS Required	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mediasec Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>

Finish

Following is the SP-General Server Interworking profile after editing.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ▾ Alarms Incidents Status ▾ Logs ▾ Diagnostics Users

Session Border Controller for Enterprise

EMS Dashboard

Software Management

Device Management

Backup/Restore

▸ System Parameters

▾ Configuration Profiles

Domain DoS

Server Interworking

Media Forking

Routing

Topology Hiding

Signaling Manipulation

URI Groups

SNMP Traps

Time of Day Rules

FGDN Groups

Reverse Proxy Policy

URN Profile

Recording Profile

H248 Profile

IP/URI Blocklist Profile

▸ Services

▸ Domain Policies

▸ TLS Management

▸ Network & Flows

▸ DMZ Services

▸ Monitoring & Logging

Interworking Profiles: SP-General

Add

Interworking Profiles

avaya-tu

OCS-Edge-Server

cisco-ccm

cups

OCS-FrontEnd-Server

Avaya-SM

Avaya-IPO

Avaya-CS1000

Avaya-CM

cs2100

SP-General

Click here to

General Timers Privacy URI Manipulation Header Manipulation Advanced

General

Hold SupportNone

180 HandlingNone

181 HandlingNone

182 HandlingNone

183 HandlingNone

Refer HandlingYes

URI Groupinternal-extensions

Send HoldNo

Delayed OfferNo

3xx HandlingNo

Diversion Header SupportNo

Delayed SDP HandlingNo

Re-Invite HandlingNo

Prack HandlingNo

Allow 18X SDPNo

T.38 SupportNo

URI SchemeSIP

Via Header FormatRFC3261

SIPS RequiredNo

MediaSecNo

HG; Reviewed:
SPOC 11/3/2022

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes
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14. Appendix B – SigMa Scripts

Following are the Signaling Manipulation script that was used in the configuration of the Avaya SBCE. Add the scripts as instructed in **Sections 8.8**, enter a name for the script in the Title and copy/paste the entire scripts shown below.

```
//Replace Username in "REQUEST-LINE" with "TO" number on Inbound
within session "ALL"
{
act on message where %DIRECTION="INBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="PRE_ROUTING"
{
%HEADERS["Request_Line"][1].URI.USER = %HEADERS["To"][1].URI.USER;
}
}
```

```
//Insert Username in the FROM header on Outbound
within session "ALL"
{
act on request where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and
%ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
{
%fromuser = %HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER;
%HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER = "user123";
}
}
```

```
//Remove gsid and epv parameters in outbound Contact header
//Remove P-Location parameter
within session "ALL"
{
act on message where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and
%ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
{
remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.PARAMS["gsid"]);
remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.PARAMS["epv"]);
remove(%HEADERS["P-Location"][1]);
}
}
```

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