

## Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Front-Ending Avaya Communication Server 1000 R4.5 with an Avaya G450 Media Gateway Controlled by Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager 5.2.1 using a PRI NI-1 trunk to Support SIP Trunks to Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager 5.2 – Issue 1.0

### **Abstract**

These Application Notes present a sample configuration that uses an Avaya G450 Media Gateway as a PRI NI-1/SIP gateway to connect Avaya Communication Server 1000 R4.5 (formerly known as Nortel Communication Server 1000) with Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager 5.2, which in turn can provide call routing support to other Avaya SIP products.

For the sample configuration, Session Manager runs on an Avaya S8510 Server, Communication Manager runs on Avaya S8720 servers, and Communication Server 1000 runs on Avaya Communication Server 1000S. The results in these Application Notes should be applicable to other Avaya servers and media gateways that support Communication Manager.

## 1 Introduction

Previous Avaya Application Notes [8] describe how Release 4.5 Avaya Communication Server 1000 (formerly known as Nortel Communication Server 1000 and hereafter referred to as the CS1000) can be directly integrated with Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager using SIP trunks. Since there are installations of the CS1000 which are not SIP or IP capable, an effective solution is to front-end the CS1000 with a PRI-QSIG gateway, which then signals on SIP trunks to Session Manager. Application notes are also available documenting the configuration steps for this arrangement [9, 10]. However, there are also many installations of the CS1000 which are not PRI-QSIG capable. In these cases, front-ending using PRI-NI-1 instead of QSIG can be employed. This configuration supports basic and supplementary call features. These Application Notes document the configuration steps and parameter settings required to support front-ending the CS1000 with an Avaya G450 Media Gateway controlled by Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager using PRI NI-1, such that the CS1000 can be integrated with Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager via SIP trunks.

The sample configuration is shown in **Figure 1**. The G450 Media Gateway is controlled by Communication Manager, which supports SIP trunks to the SM-100 (Security Module) network interface of Session Manager. Session Manager can support flexible inter-system call routing based on dialed number, calling number, and system location, and can also provide protocol adaptation to allow multi-vendor systems to interoperate. It is managed by a separate Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> System Manager, which can manage multiple Session Managers by communicating with their management network interfaces.

For the sample configuration, Session Manager and System Manager run on Avaya S8510 Servers, Communication Manager runs on Avaya S8720 servers, and the CS1000 runs on Avaya Communication Server 1000S. These Application Notes should apply to other Avaya servers and Media Gateways running Communication Manager.

As shown in **Figure 1**, Communication Manager controls the G450 Media Gateway, Avaya 9630 IP Telephone (H.323), and 6408D+ Digital Telephone. The CS1000 controls the Avaya i2004 IP Telephone and 3904 Digital Telephone (formerly sold under the Nortel label). A five digit Uniform Dial Plan (UDP) is used for dialing between systems. Unique extension ranges are associated with Communication Manager (3xxxx) and Avaya Communication Server 1000 (53xxx). Session Manager routes calls based on this five digit plan.

These Application Notes will focus on configuration of the PRI NI-1 trunk, SIP trunk, dial plan support, and call routing. Detailed administration of the endpoint telephones will not be described.

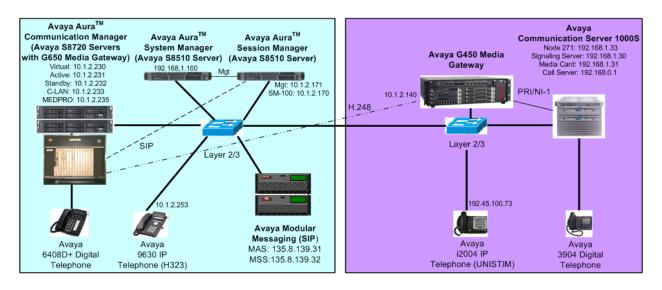


Figure 1 – Sample Configuration

# 2 Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Hardware Component	Software Version
Avaya S8720 Servers with G450 and G650 Media	Avaya Aura <sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager
Gateways	5.2.1,
Gateways	Load 16.4, Service Pack 2 (18111)
	Avaya Aura <sup>TM</sup> Session Manager 5.2 SP 2
Avaya S8510 Server	(522007)
Avaya 50510 Server	Avaya Aura <sup>TM</sup> System Manager 5.2 SP 2
	(522007)
Avaya 9630 IP Telephone (H.323)	3.1
Avaya 6408D+ Digital Telephone	-
Avaya Communication Server 1000S	Avaya Communication Server 1000
Call Server	Release 450w, Version 2121
Signaling Server	sse-4.50.88
NTRB21 DTI/PRI TMDI Card	NA
Avaya (formerly Nortel) 3904 Digital Telephone	NA
Avaya (formerly Nortel) I2004 IP Telephone (UNISTIM)	C502B41

# 3 Configure Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager

This section describes configuring Communication Manager in the following areas. Some administration screens have been abbreviated for clarity.

- Avaya Communication Manager license
- System parameters features
- IP node names
- IP interface
- IP codec set and network region
- G450 Media Gateway
- DS1 Interface
- PRI QSIG signaling group and trunk group
- SIP signaling group and trunk group
- Route pattern
- Location and public/private numbering
- Uniform dial plan and AAR analysis

## 3.1 Verify Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager License

Log into the System Access Terminal (SAT) to verify that the Communication Manager license has proper permissions for features illustrated in these Application Notes. Use the "display system-parameters customer-options" command. Navigate to **Page 2**, and verify that there is sufficient remaining capacity for SIP trunks by comparing the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** field value with the corresponding value in the **USED** column. The difference between the two values should be greater than or equal to the desired number of simultaneous SIP trunk connections.

The license file installed on the system controls the maximum permitted. If there is insufficient capacity or a required feature is not enabled, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to make the appropriate changes.

display system-parameters customer-options		Page	2 of	10
OPTIONAL FEATURES				
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED		
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	800	200		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	18000	2		
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	0	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	0	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	0	0		
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	0	0		
Maximum Video Capable H.323 Stations:	0	0		
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	0	0		
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	800	47		

## 3.2 Configure System Parameters

Use the "change system-parameters features" command to allow for trunk-to-trunk transfers and submit the change. This feature is needed to be able to transfer an incoming/outgoing call from/to the remote switch back out to the same or another switch. For simplicity, the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** field was set to "all" to enable all trunk-to-trunk transfers on a system wide basis. Note that this feature poses significant security risk, and must be used with caution. For alternatives, the trunk-to-trunk feature can be implemented using Class Of Restriction or Class Of Service levels. Refer to the appropriate documentation in **Section 8** for more details.

```
change system-parameters features

FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS

Self Station Display Enabled? y

Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all

Automatic Callback with Called Party Queuing? n

Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings): 3

Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes): 10

Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds): 20
```

Use the "change system-parameters special-applications" command to enable Special Application **SA7161**, which enables compatible signaling on the PRI NI-1 interface to the CS1000.

```
change system-parameters special-applications

SPECIAL APPLICATIONS

WARNING: Special App features are intended to serve specific needs and are not recommended for general use. Activating one or more of these features may result in unpredictable system behavior. Please review information at http://support.avaya.com before feature activation.

Number of Features Activated: 3 Number of Restricted Features Activated: 0

(SA7161) - NORTEL SL1 PRI and DMS Names Display? y

(SA7291) - TAAS Pickup During Day? n
```

# 3.3 Configure IP Node Names

Use the "change node-names ip" command to add entries for the C-LAN that will be used for signaling, its default gateway, and Session Manager. In this case, "clan1" and "10.1.2.233" are entered as **Name** and **IP Address** for the C-LAN, "sm1" and "10.1.2.170" are entered for the Session Manager Security Module (SM-100) interface, and "Gateway001" and "10.1.2.1" are entered for the default gateway. Note that "Gateway001" will be used to configure the IP interface for the C-LAN (see **Section 3.4**). The actual node names and IP addresses may vary. Submit these changes.

change node-name	es ip		Page	1 of	2
		IP NODE NAMES			
Name	IP Address				
clan1	10.1.2.233				
Gateway001	10.1.2.1				
sm1	10.1.2.170				

## 3.4 Configure IP Interface for C-LAN

Add the C-LAN to the system configuration using the "add ip-interface 1a02" command. The actual slot number may vary. In this case, "1a02" is used as the slot number. Enter the C-LAN node name assigned from **Section 3.3** into the **Node Name** field.

Enter proper values for the **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway Node Name** fields. In this case, "24" and "Gateway001" are used to correspond to the network configuration in these Application Notes. Set the **Enable Interface** and **Allow H.323 Endpoints** fields to "y". Default values may be used in the remaining fields. Submit these changes.

```
add ip-interface 1a02
                                                                               1 of
                                                                       Page
                                      TP INTERFACES
                    Type: C-LAN
            Slot: 01A02 Target socket load and Warning level: 400
Code/Suffix: TN799 D Receive Buffer TCP Window Size: 8320
                                                         Allow H.323 Endpoints? y
      Enable Interface? y
                   VI.AN: n
                                                          Allow H.248 Gateways? y
        Network Region: 1
                                                            Gatekeeper Priority: 5
                                    IPV4 PARAMETERS
              Node Name: clan1
            Subnet Mask: /24
     Gateway Node Name: Gateway001
          Ethernet Link: 2
          Network uses 1's for Broadcast Addresses? y
```

## 3.5 Configure IP Codec Set and Network Region

Configure the IP codec set to use for calls to other SIP products via Session Manager. Use the "change ip-codec-set n" command, where "n" is an existing codec set number to be used for interoperability. Enter the desired audio codec type in the **Audio Codec** field. Retain the default values for the remaining fields and submit these changes. In the sample configuration, the basic G.711 mu-law codec is used for the Avaya 9600 series IP Telephones.

In the test configuration, network region "1" was used for calls to Session Manager. Use the "change ip-network-region 1" command to configure this network region. For the **Authoritative Domain** field, enter the SIP domain name configured for this enterprise network (See **Section 4.1**). This value is used to populate the SIP domain in the From header of SIP INVITE messages for outbound calls. It also must match the SIP domain in the request URI of incoming INVITEs from other systems. Enter a descriptive **Name**. For the **Codec Set** field, enter the corresponding audio codec set configured above in this section. Enable the **Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio**, and **Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio**. These settings will enable direct media between Avaya IP telephones. Retain the default values for the remaining fields, and submit these changes.

```
change ip-network-region 1

IP NETWORK REGION

Region: 1

Location: Authoritative Domain: avaya.com

Name: ASM

MEDIA PARAMETERS

Codec Set: 1

UDP Port Min: 2048

UDP Port Max: 10001

DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS

Call Control PHB Value: 46

Audio PHB Value: 46

Video PHB Value: 26

RTCP Reporting Enabled? Y

Video PHB Value: 26

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IP Audio Hairpinning: 19

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IP Audio Hairpinning: 19

RTCP Reporting Enabled: Y

Video PHB Value: 46

Use Default Server Parameters: Y
```

## 3.6 Add G450 Media Gateway

The Avaya G450 Media Gateway is used to support the PRI NI-1 trunk connection to the CS1000. Install and configure the G450 Media Gateway as described in [6], noting its serial number, and specifying the IP address of the C-LAN configured in **Section 3.3** in its controller list. The following screen shows the G450 Media Gateway Command Line Interface commands to obtain the serial number (**show system**), and to set and verify the controller list (**set mgc list**, **show mgc list**):

On Communication Manager, use the "add media-gateway n" command, where "n" is an unused media gateway number. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for all remaining fields. Submit these changes.

• **Type:** "g450"

• Name: A descriptive name.

• **Serial No:** Serial number obtained from the G450 media gateway above

```
add media-gateway 1
                                                                                    Page 1 of
                                       MEDIA GATEWAY
      Number: 1 Registered?
Type: g450 FW Version/HW Vintage:
Name: Avaya CS1000 MGP IP Address:
Serial No: 08IS38199678 Controller IP Address:

MAC Address:
                                                             Registered? n
   Encrypt Link? y
                                                           MAC Address:
Network Region: 1
                            Location: 1
                                                               Site Data:
  Recovery Rule: none
Slot Module Type
                                     Name
                                                                       DSP Type FW/HW version
 V1:
 V2:
 V3:
```

Make sure that the DS1 interface card (MM710) is installed in the desired slot in the gateway. When the media gateway is registered with Communication Manager, the DS1 interface should be displayed in that slot, as shown below for the sample configuration.

```
display media-gateway 1
                                  MEDIA GATEWAY
          Number: 1
                                                     Registered? y
      Number: 1
Type: g450
Name: Avaya CS1000
Serial No: 08IS38199678
Type: g450
Serial No: 08IS38199678
MAC Address: 00:1b:4f:03:52:
   Encrypt Link? y
                                                    MAC Address: 00:1b:4f:03:52:18
Network Region: 1 Location: 1
                                                       Site Data:
  Recovery Rule: none
Slot
       Module Type
                                                              DSP Type FW/HW version
                                  Name
                                  DS1 MM
                                                                         29
V1:
       MM710
 V2:
 V3:
```

### 3.7 Add DS1 Interface

The DS1 circuit pack is used for connectivity to the CS1000. Use the "add ds1 1v1" command. Note that the actual slot number may vary. In this case "1v1" is used as the slot number (see **Section 3.6**). Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields. Submit these changes.

• Name: A descriptive name.

Line Coding: "b8zs"
Framing Mode: "esf"
Signaling Mode: "isdn-pri"
Connect: "pbx"
Interface: "network"
Peer Protocol: "sl1"

The **Interface** field must be complementary on both switches. For the sample configuration, Communication Manager must be administered as the *network*, and the CS1000 must be administered as the *user*. Note that the CS1000 can only be administered as *user* for an NI-1 interface.

add ds1 1v1 Page 1 of DS1 CIRCUIT PACK Location: 001V1 Name: Avaya CS1K Bit Rate: 1.544 Line Coding: b8zs Line Compensation: 1 Framing Mode: esf Signaling Mode: isdn-pri Connect: pbx Interface: network TN-C7 Long Timers? n Country Protocol: sl1 Interworking Message: PROGress Interface Companding: mulaw Idle Code: 11111111 DCP/Analog Bearer Capability: 3.1kHz T303 Timer(sec): 4 Slip Detection? n Near-end CSU Type: other

## 3.8 Add PRI NI-1 Signaling Group and Trunk Group

### 3.8.1 Trunk group

Configure an ISDN trunk group to interface with the CS1000. Use the "add trunk-group n" command, where "n" is an available trunk group number. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.

• **Group Type:** "isdn"

• **Group Name:** A descriptive name.

• **TAC:** An available trunk access code.

Direction: "two-way" Carrier Medium: "PRI/BRI"

• Service Type: "tie"

```
add trunk-group 100

Group Number: 100

Group Name: Avaya CS1K

Direction: two-way

Dial Access? n

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: tie

Far End Test Line No:

TRUNK GROUP

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TRUNK GROUP

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TRUNK GROUP

COR: 1 TN: 1 TAC: 100

Carrier Medium: PRI/BRI

Dial Service:

Auth Code? n

TestCall ITC: rest

Far End Test Line No:
```

Navigate to **Page 2**. For the **Supplementary Service Protocol** field, enter "a", and for **Codeset to Send Display**, enter "0". Retain default values for the remaining fields.

```
add trunk-group 100
Group Type: isdn

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Codeset to Send Display: 0 Codeset to Send National IEs: 6
Max Message Size to Send: 260 Charge Advice: none
Supplementary Service Protocol: a Digit Handling (in/out): enbloc/enbloc

Trunk Hunt: cyclical

Digital Loss Group: 13

Incoming Calling Number - Delete: Insert: Format:
Bit Rate: 1200 Synchronization: async Duplex: full
Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y
Answer Supervision Timeout: 0
Administer Timers? n CONNECT Reliable When Call Leaves ISDN? n
```

Navigate to **Page 3**. Enable the **Send Name**, **Send Calling Number**, and **Send Connected Number** fields. For the **Format** field, enter "unk-pvt" to construct the calling and connected numbers using the "private numbering" table, but encode the numbering plan format as "unknown" in the ISDN messages toward the CS1000. Setting the **Internal Alert** field to "y" allows calls arriving fromCS1000 users to be treated as internal calls. For example, if a CS1000 telephone dials a Communication Manager telephone, the Communication Manager telephone will ring with the ring pattern for an internal station-station call, internal coverage criteria will apply, and the CS1000 caller will hear tones such as coverage tone, similar to a calls between Communication Manager telephones.

```
3 of 21
add trunk-group 100
                                                                       Page
TRUNK FEATURES
                                           Measured: none Wideband Suppo---
Maintenance Tests? y
          ACA Assignment? n
                                Internal Alert? y

Data Restriction? n

Send Name: y

Maintenance Tests:
NCA-TSC Trunk Member:
Send Calling Number:
Send EMU Visitor CPN?
                                                            Send Calling Number: y
            Used for DCS? n
                                                            Send EMU Visitor CPN? n
   Suppress # Outpulsing? n Format: unk-pvt
 Outgoing Channel ID Encoding: preferred UUI IE Treatment: service-provider
                                                      Replace Restricted Numbers? y
                                                     Replace Unavailable Numbers? n
                                                           Send Connected Number: v
Network Call Redirection: none
                                                       Hold/Unhold Notifications? n
           Send UUI IE? y
                                                    Modify Tandem Calling Number? n
                Send UCID? y
Send Codeset 6/7 LAI IE? y
                                                          Ds1 Echo Cancellation? n
                                              US NI Delayed Calling Name Update? n
    Apply Local Ringback? n
 Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y
                                Network (Japan) Needs Connect Before Disconnect? n
```

## 3.8.2 Signaling Group

Configure an ISDN signaling group for the new trunk group. Use the "add signaling-group n" command, where "n" is an available signaling group number. For the **Primary D-Channel** field, enter the slot number for the DS1 module from **Section 3.7** and port "24".

For the **Group Type**, enter "isdn-pri". For the **Trunk Group for NCA TSC** and **Trunk Group for Channel Selection** fields, enter the ISDN trunk group number from **Section 3.8.1**. For the **TSC Supplementary Service Protocol** field, enter "a". Maintain the default values for the remaining fields, and submit these changes.

```
add signaling-group 100

SIGNALING GROUP

Group Number: 100

Group Type: isdn-pri

Associated Signaling? y

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New Max number of NCA TSC: 10

Primary D-Channel: 001V124

Max number of CA TSC: 0

Trunk Group for NCA TSC: 100

Trunk Group for Channel Selection: 100

TSC Supplementary Service Protocol: a

Network Call Transfer? n
```

## 3.8.3 Trunk Group Members

Navigate to **Pages 5** and **6**. Enter all 23 ports of the DS1 module into the **Port** fields, and the corresponding **Code** and **Sfx** fields will be populated automatically. Enter the ISDN signaling group number from **Section 3.8.2** into the **Sig Grp** fields as shown below. Submit these changes.

change trunk-group 100	Page	5 of 21
	TRUNK GROUP	
	Administered Members (min/max):	1/23
GROUP MEMBER ASSIGNMENTS	Total Administered Members:	23
Port Code Sfx Name	Night Sig Grp	
1: 001V101 MM710	100	
2: 001V102 MM710	100	
3: 001V103 MM710	100	
4: 001V104 MM710	100	
5: 001V105 MM710	100	
6: 001V106 MM710	100	
7: 001V107 MM710	100	
8: 001V108 MM710	100	
9: 001V109 MM710	100	
10: 001V110 MM710	100	
11: 001V111 MM710	100	
12: 001V112 MM710	100	
13: 001V113 MM710	100	
14: 001V114 MM710	100	
15: 001V115 MM710	100	

change trunk-group 100	Pa	ge 6 of 21
	TRUNK GROUP	
	Administered Members (min/ma	x): 1/23
GROUP MEMBER ASSIGNMENTS	Total Administered Membe	ers: 23
Port Code Sfx Name	Night Sig Grp	
16: 001V116 MM710	100	
17: 001V117 MM710	100	
18: 001V118 MM710	100	
19: 001V119 MM710	100	
20: 001V120 MM710	100	
21: 001V121 MM710	100	
22: 001V122 MM710	100	
23: 001V123 MM710	100	

## 3.9 Configure SIP Signaling Group and Trunk Group

### 3.9.1 SIP Signaling Group

In the test configuration, trunk group "32" and signaling group "32" were used to reach Session Manager. Use the "add signaling-group n" command, where "n" is an available signaling group number. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for all remaining fields. Submit these changes.

Group Type: "sip" Transport Method: "tls"

• Near-end Node Name: C-LAN node name from Section 3.3.

• Far-end Node Name: Session Manager node name from Section 3.3.

Near-end Listen Port: "5061"Far-end Listen Port: "5061"

• Far-end Network Region: Network region number "1" from Section 3.5.

• **Far-end Domain:** SIP domain name from **Section 4.1**.

• **DTMF over IP:** "rtp-payload"

```
add signaling-group 32
                                                               Page 1 of 1
                                SIGNALING GROUP
Group Number: 32
                             Group Type: sip
                       Transport Method: tls
 IMS Enabled? n
  Near-end Node Name: clan1
                                            Far-end Node Name: sml
Near-end Listen Port: 5061
                                          Far-end Listen Port: 5061
                                       Far-end Network Region: 1
Far-end Domain: avaya.com
                                            Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
        DTMF over IP: rtp-payload
                                             Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
                                                      IP Audio Hairpinning? n
                                                   Direct IP-IP Early Media? n
        Enable Layer 3 Test? n
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3
                                                 Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6
```

### 3.9.2 SIP Trunk Group

Use the "add trunk-group n" command, where "n" is an available trunk group number. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.

• Group Type: "sip"

• **Group Name:** A descriptive name.

• TAC: An available trunk access code.

• Service Type: "tie"

• **Number of Members:** The number of SIP trunks allocated for calls

routed to Session Manager (must be within the limits of the total trunks configured in **Section 3.1**).

add trunk-group 32

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 32

Group Name: To SM1

Direction: two-way
Dial Access? n
Queue Length: 0
Service Type: tie

Page 1 of 21

TRUNK GROUP

COR: 1 TN: 1 TAC: 132

Outgoing Display? y

Night Service:

Night Service:

Signaling Group: 32

Number of Members: 4

Navigate to **Page 3**, and enter "public" for the **Numbering Format** field as shown below. Use default values for all other fields. Submit these changes.

add trunk-group 32

TRUNK FEATURES

ACA Assignment? n Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Numbering Format: public

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? n
Replace Unavailable Numbers? n

## 3.10 Configure Route Patterns

Create a route pattern to use for routing calls to the CS1000 using the PRI NI-1 trunk. Use the "change route-pattern n" command, where "n" is an available route pattern. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.

• **Pattern Name:** A descriptive name.

• **Grp No:** The trunk group number from **Section 3.8.2**.

• FRL: A level that allows access to this trunk, with 0 being least restrictive.

• **TSC:** "y" (NCA-TSCs will be used)

• CA-TSC Request: "none" (since CA-TSC are used for DCS but not for NI-1)

• **Numbering Format:** "unk-unk" (The numbering format and type of number for the Called Party Number will be encoded as "unknown" toward the CS1000).

change :	route-pa	tter	n 100							]	Page	1 of	3
			Pattern 1	Number	: 100	Patt	tern 1	Name:	Avaya	CS10	00		
				SCCAN	1? n	Se	ecure	SIP?	n				
Grp	FRL NPA	Pfx	Hop Toll	No.	Inser	rted						DCS/	IXC
No		Mrk	Lmt List	Del	Digit	S						QSIG	
				Dgts								Intw	,
1: 100	0											n	user
2:												n	user
3:												n	user
4:												n	user
5:												n	user
6:												n	user
P.C.	י זואדוד	TEC	CA-TSC	TTC	DCTE	Sarri	ice/F	aature	DADM	No	Number	cina	т л Ф
	2 M 4 W			110	PCIE	SETAI	TCE/ F	eature	PARM			_	JAK
0 1	∠ № <del>4</del> W		Request						Cul	baddr	Format	-	
1				70 G t	_				Sui	baddr		~1-	nono
	ууул	_	none	rest							unk-ui		none
2: y y	уууп	n		rest									none

Configure a route pattern for routing calls to Session Manager using the SIP trunk group. Use the "change route-pattern n" command, where "n" is an available route pattern. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields. Submit these changes.

• Pattern Name: A descriptive name.

• **Grp No:** The SIP trunk group number from **Section 3.9.2**.

• **FRL:** Enter a level that allows access to this trunk, with 0 being least restrictive.

```
change route-pattern 32
                                                               1 of
                                                         Page
                 Pattern Number: 32 Pattern Name: To SM1
                         SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n
   Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted
                                                               DCS/ IXC
   No Mrk Lmt List Del Digits
                                                               OSIG
                        Dats
                                                               Intw
1: 32 0
                                                                n user
2:
                                                                n user
3:
                                                                n user
4:
                                                                n user
5:
                                                                    user
                                                                n user
    BCC VALUE TSC CA-TSC
                          ITC BCIE Service/Feature PARM No. Numbering LAR
   0 1 2 M 4 W Request
                                                    Dgts Format
                                                  Subaddress
1: y y y y y n n
                          rest
                                                                   none
```

## 3.11 Configure Location and Public/Private Numbering

Use the "change locations" command to specify the SIP route pattern to be used as a "default SIP route" for the location corresponding to the Main site. In this way, calls to non-numeric users or unknown domains will still be routed to Session Manager. Add an entry for the Main site if one does not exist already, enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain default values for the remaining fields. Submit these changes.

• Name: A descriptive name to denote the Main site.

Timezone: An appropriate time zone offset.
Rule: An appropriate daylight savings rule.

• Proxy Sel. Rte. Pat.: The SIP route pattern number from the previous section

change locations	S	Page	1 of	1
	LOCATIONS			
	ARS Prefix 1 Required For 10-Digit NANP	Calls? y		
Loc Name	Timezone Rule NPA		Proxy	Sel
No	Offset		Rte	Pat
1: Main	+ 00:00 0		32	

Since Communication Manager is configured as an "Access Element" with respect to Session Manager, the SIP trunk is not IMS-enabled (see **Section 3.9.1**). Outbound calls from Communication Manager may go to a public gateway. Therefore, calling parties for calls that

use this trunk should have public numbering treatment. Use the "change public-unknown-numbering 0" command, to define the calling party number to be sent to Session Manager. Add an entry for the trunk group defined in **Section 3.9.2**. In the example shown below, all calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 3 and routed to trunk group 32 will result in a 5-digit calling number. The calling party number will be in the SIP "From" header. Submit these changes.

char	nge public-unk	nown-numbe:	ring 0		Page 1	of	2
		NUMBE	RING - PUBLIC/UN	KNOWN FOR	MAT		
				Total			
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	CPN			
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len			
					Total Administered:	3	
5	3	32		5	Maximum Entries:	9999	

Since the PRI trunk to the CS1000 is used for intra-enterprise calls, the calling parties should have private numbering treatment. Use the "change private-numbering" command to define the calling party number to be sent to the CS1000. Add an entry for the trunk group defined in **Section 3.8.2**. All calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 3 and routed to trunk group 100 will result in the 5-digit calling number to be sent. Submit these changes.

chai	nge private-num	bering 0					Page	1 of	2	
		NU	MBERING - 1	PRIVATE	FORMAT	[				
Ext	Ext	Trk	Private		Total					
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix		Len					
5	3	100			5	Total Ad	dministered	: 2		
						Maxim	mum Entries	: 540	0	

# 3.12 Configure Dial Plan and AAR Analysis

Configure dial plan and Automatic Alternate Routing (AAR) used for routing calls with dialed digits 53xxx to the CS1000 via the G450 Media Gateway. Use the "change uniform-dialplan 0" command, and add an entry to specify use of AAR for routing of digits 53xxx. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields. This allows callers to use extension dialing without being required to dial an AAR access code.

• Matching Pattern: Dialed prefix digits to match on, in this case "53".

• Len: Length of the full dialed number.

• **Del:** Number of digits to delete.

• Net: "aar"

Submit these changes.

change uniform-	dialplan 0		Page	1 of	2	
	UNI	Percer	nt Full:	0		
Matching Pattern 53	Len Del 5 0	Insert Digits	Node <b>Net</b> Conv Num <b>aar</b> n			

Use the "change aar analysis 0" command, and add corresponding entries to specify use of the PRI NI-1 trunk for calls to the CS1000 (53xxx). Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields. Submit these changes.

• **Dialed String:** Dialed prefix digits to match on, in this case "53".

Total Min: Minimum number of digits.
Total Max: Maximum number of digits.

Route Pattern: The route pattern number from Section 3.10.
Call Type: "lev0" for private numbering (PRI NI-1)

change aar analysis 0		Page 1 of 2
	AAR DIGIT ANALYSIS	TABLE
	Location: al	.l Percent Full: 1
Dialed	Total Route Ca	ll Node ANI
String	Min Max Pattern Ty	pe Num Reqd
53	5 5 100 le	ev0 n

Use the "change dialplan analysis" command to define the 3xxxx and 5xxxx extension ranges.

change	dialplan	analysi	is				Page	1 of	12
				DIAL PLAN Loca		cent Fu	11:	1	
	Dialed	Total	Call	Dialed	Total Call	Dialed	Total	Call	
	String	Length	Type	String	Length Type	String	Lengt!	n Type	
1		3	dac						
2		5	ext						
3		5	ext						
5		5	ext						
6		5	ext						
7		5	ext						
8		1	fac						
9		1	fac						

### 3.13 Save Translations

Configuration of Communication Manager is complete. Use the "save translations" command to save these changes.

# 4 Configure Avaya Aura™ Session Manager

This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include adding the following items:

- SIP domain
- Logical/physical Location that can be occupied by SIP Entities
- SIP Entities corresponding to Communication Manager, CS 1000, and Session Manager
- Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities
- Routing Policies, which control call routing between the SIP Entities
- Dial Patterns, which govern to which SIP Entity a call is routed
- Session Manager, corresponding to the Session Manager Server to be managed by System Manager.
- Local host name resolution entries corresponding to fully qualified domain names (FQDN's) referenced in the previous steps.

Configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL "https://<ip-address>/SMGR", where "<ip-address>" is the IP address of System Manager. Log in with the appropriate credentials and click on **OK** in the subsequent confirmation screen. The menu shown below is then displayed. Expand the **Network Routing Policy** Link on the left side as shown. The sub-menus displayed in the left column below will be used to configure all but the last two of the above items (**Sections 4.1** through **4.9**).



Avaya Aura™ System Manager 5.2



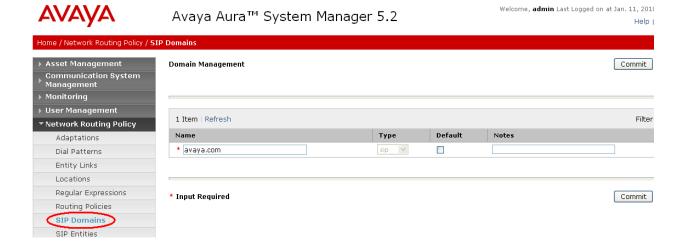
# 4.1 Specify SIP Domain

Add the SIP domain for which the communications infrastructure will be authoritative. Select **SIP Domains** on the left and click the **New** button (not shown) on the right. Fill in the following:

• Name: The authoritative domain name (e.g., "avaya.com")

• **Notes:** Descriptive text (optional).

### Click Commit.



#### 4.2 Add Location

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management and call admission control. To add a location, select **Locations** on the left and click on the **New** button (not shown) on the right. Under **General**, enter:

• Name: A descriptive name.

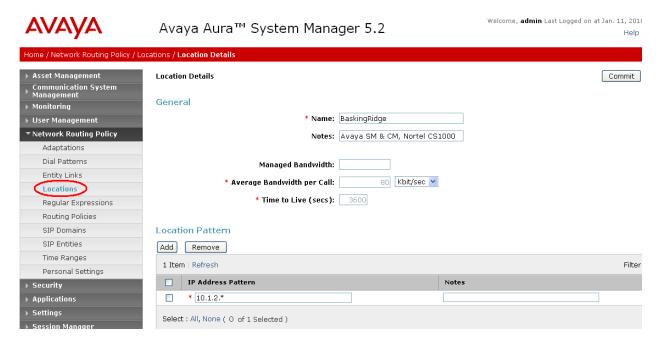
• **Notes:** Descriptive text (optional).

**Under Location Pattern:** 

• **IP Address Pattern:** An IP address pattern used to identify the location.

• **Notes:** Descriptive text (optional).

The screen below shows addition of the Basking Ridge location, which includes Communication Manager, Session Manager, and the CS1000<sup>1</sup> in the 10.1.2.0/24 subnet. Click **Commit** to save the Location definition.



The fields under *General* can be filled in to specify bandwidth management parameters between Avaya Session Manager and this location. These were not used in the sample configuration, and reflect default values. Note also that although not implemented in the sample configuration, routing policies can be defined based on location.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note that even though the CS1000 is in a different subnet than 10.1.2.0/24, since the only access to it is via the PRI NI-1 interface on the Communication Manager controlled G450 Media Gateway, from the perspective of Session Manager, routing to the CS1000 if via Communication Manager, which resides in the 10.1.2.0/24 subnet.

#### 4.3 Add SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system supported by it using SIP trunks. In the sample configuration, this would include the C-LAN board in the Avaya G650 Media Gateway. Select **SIP Entities** on the left and click on the **New** button (not shown) on the right. Under *General*, fill in:

• Name: A descriptive name.

• FQDN or IP Address: FQDN or IP address of the Session Manager or the

signaling interface on the telephony system.

• Type: "Session Manager" for Session Manager or

"CM" for Communication Manager.

• **Location:** Select one of the locations defined previously.

• **Time Zone:** Time zone for this location.

Under *Port*, click **Add**, and then edit the fields in the resulting new row as shown below:

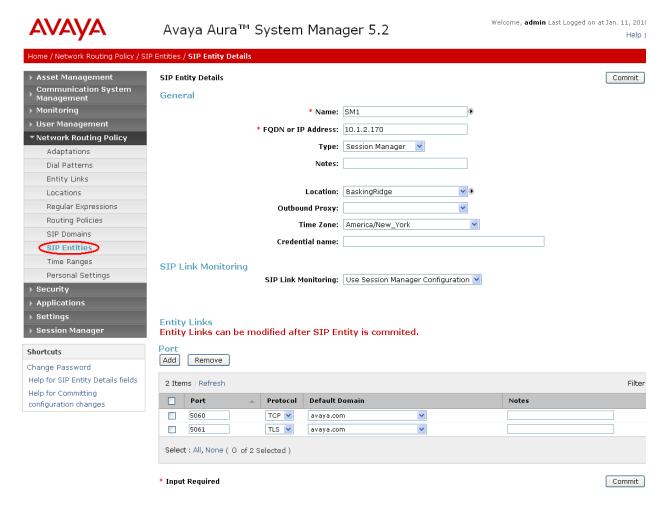
• **Port:** Port number on which the system listens for SIP requests.

• **Protocol:** Transport protocol to be used to send SIP requests.

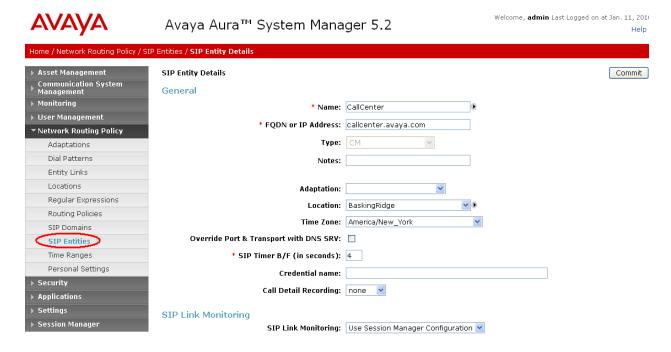
• **Default Domain:** The domain used for the enterprise (e.g., "avaya.com").

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save each SIP Entity definition.

The following screen shows addition of Session Manager. The IP address of the SM-100 Security Module is entered for **FQDN or IP Address**. Two **Port** entries are shown. The TLS port 5061 is used for communication with other Session Managers and Communication Manager. TCP port 5060 is used for communicating with other SIP entities not addressed in this sample configuration.



The following screen shows addition of Communication Manager. In this case, **FQDN or IP Address** is the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the C-LAN board in the Avaya G650 Media Gateway. Note that although not shown in the sample configuration, definition of multiple IP addresses (e.g., C-LANs) for the same FQDN (see **Section 4.8**) will cause Session Manager to load balance call traffic among those addresses.



## 4.4 Add Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described by an Entity link. To add an Entity Link, select **Entity Links** on the left and click on the **New** button (not shown) on the right. Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed:

• Name: A descriptive name.

• **SIP Entity 1:** Select the Session Manager.

Port: Port number to which the other system sends SIP requests
SIP Entity 2: Select the name of the SIP Entity dedfined in Section 4.3..

• **Port:** Port number on which the other system receives SIP

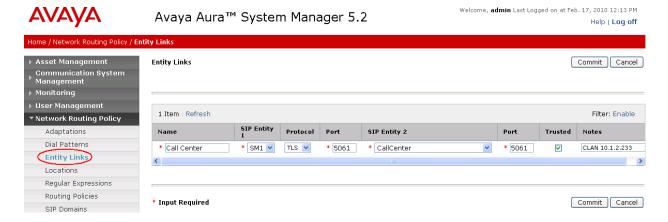
requests.

• **Trusted:** Check this box. *Note: If this box is not checked, calls* 

from the associated SIP Entity specified in Section 4.3

will be denied.

Click **Commit** to save the Entity Link definition. The following screen illustrates adding the Entity Link for Communication Manager.



## 4.5 Add Routing Policies

Routing policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in **Section 4.3**. A routing policy must be added for Communication Manager. To add a routing policy, select **Routing Policies** on the left and click on the **New** button (not shown) on the right. The following screen is displayed. Fill in the following:

#### Under General:

Enter a descriptive name in Name.

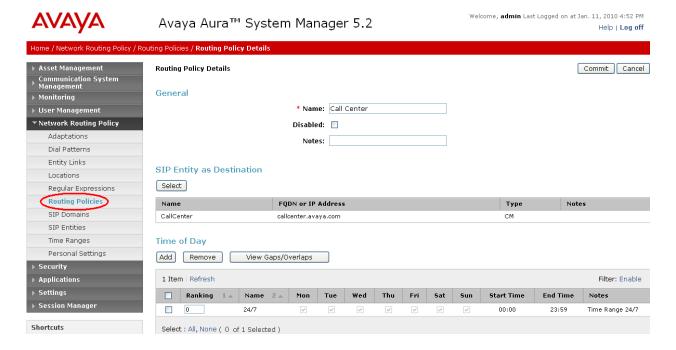
### Under SIP Entity as Destination:

Click Select, and then select the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies.

### Under **Time of Day**:

Select the default time range shown.

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save each Routing Policy definition. The following screen shows the Routing Policy for users on Communication Manager and the CS1000.



### 4.6 Add Dial Patterns

Define dial patterns to direct calls to the appropriate SIP Entity. Calls to 5-digit extensions beginning with "3" (Communication Manager) or "53" (CS1000) should be routed to Communication Manager. To add a dial pattern, select **Dial Patterns** on the left and click on the **New** button (not shown) on the right. Fill in the following, as shown in the screens below:

#### Under General:

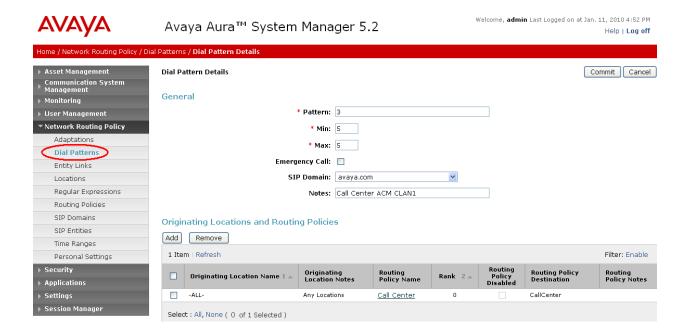
• **Pattern:** Dialed number or prefix.

Min: Minimum length of dialed number.
Max: Maximum length of dialed number.
SIP Domain: SIP domain specified in Section 4.1
Notes: Comment on purpose of dial pattern.

### **Under Originating Locations and Routing Policies:**

Click **Add**, and then select the appropriate location and routing policy from the list.

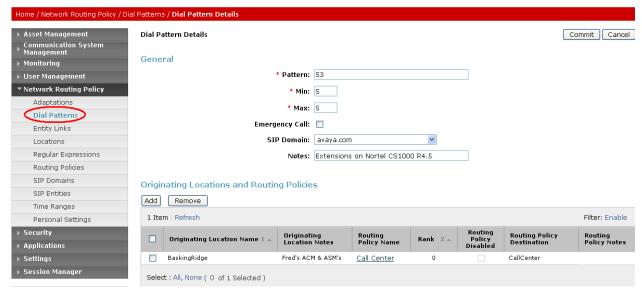
Default values can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save each dial pattern. The following screens show the resulting two dial pattern definitions. Note that similar to Communication Manager, the dial pattern selected will correspond to the longest match of a **Pattern** with the dialed number.





### Avaya Aura™ System Manager 5.2

Welcome, **admin** Last Logged on at Jan. 11, 2010 4:52 PM Help | **Log off** 



## 4.7 Add Session Manager

To complete the configuration, adding the Session Manager will provide the linkage between System Manager and Session Manager. Expand the **Session Manager** menu on the left and select **Session Manager Administration**. Then click **Add** (not shown), and fill in the fields as described below and shown in the following screen:

#### Under General:

• SIP Entity Name: Select the SIP Entity added for Avaya Session Manager

• **Description**: Descriptive comment (optional)

• Management Access Point Host Name/IP:

Enter the IP address of the Session Manager management

interface.

Under **Security Module**:

• Network Mask: Enter the network mask corresponding to the IP address of

Session Manager

• **Default Gateway**: Enter the IP address of the default gateway for

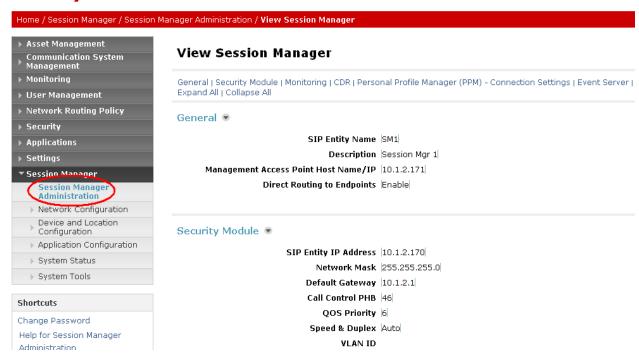
Session Manager

Use default values for the remaining fields. Click **Save** (not shown) to add this Session Manager. The screen below shows the resulting Session Manager definition.



Avaya Aura™ System Manager 5.2

Welcome, **admin** Last l



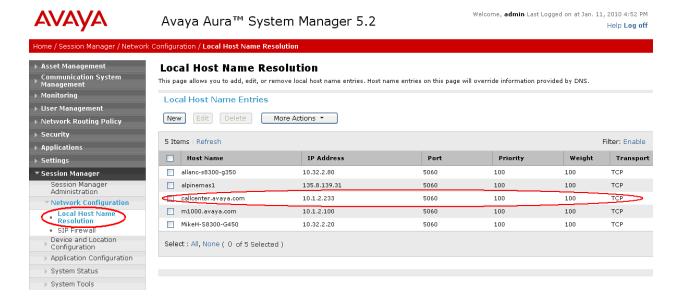
### 4.8 Define Local Host Names

Any host names (FQDN's) referenced in SIP Entity definitions must be defined. To do so, Select **Session Manager -> Network Configuration -> Local Host Name Resolution** under the menu on the left. For each host name, click **New** and enter the following:

• **Host Name:** The FQDN used for the host

IP Address:
 Port:
 Port number to which SIP requests are sent
 Transport:
 Transport to be used for SIP requests

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. The **Priority** and **Weight** fields are used when multiple IP addresses are defined for the same host. The circled entry in the following screen defines the host name referenced in the SIP Entity configuration for Communication Manager in **Section 4.3**).



# 5 Configure Avaya Communication Server 1000

This section describes configuration of the CS1000 for call routing using a T1 PRI NI-1 interface to the Avaya G450 Media Gateway. These Application Notes assume that ISDN PRI is not being configured for the first time, so error detection thresholds and clock synchronization control are assumed to be in place. If not, refer to the ISDN Primary Rate Interface document in [7] for detailed descriptions. Furthermore, these Application Notes use the Coordinated Dial Plan (CDP) feature to route calls from the Avaya Communication Server 1000, over the PRI NI-1 trunks to Communication Manager. The CDP feature is assumed to be already enabled on Avaya Communication Server 1000, and therefore will not be described in detail.

The procedures below describe the details of configuring the CS1000:

- Launch Element Manager
- Verify equipped feature packages
- Administer TMDI card
- Administer D-Channel
- Administer routes and trunks
- Administer route list block
- Administer distant steering code
- Enable TMDI card
- Enable D-Channel automatic establishment
- Enable D-Channel service messages

## 5.1 Launch Element Manager

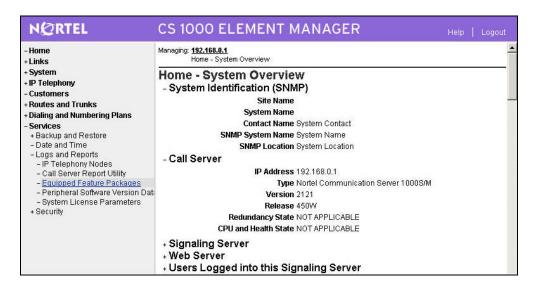
Access the CS1000 web based interface Element Manager by using the URL "http://<ip-address>" in an Internet browser window, where "<ip-address>" is the IP address of the Signaling Server. Note that the IP address for the Signaling Server may vary, and in this case "192.168.1.30" is used.

The CS 1000 ELEMENT MANAGER screen is displayed. Enter the appropriate credentials, retain the automatically populated value in the Call Server IP Address field, and click Login.



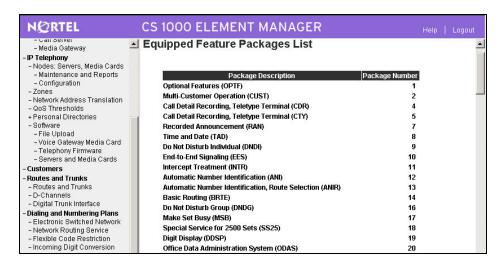
## 5.2 Verify Equipped Feature Packages

The Home – System Overview screen is displayed. Select Services > Logs and Reports > Equipped Feature Packages in the left pane.



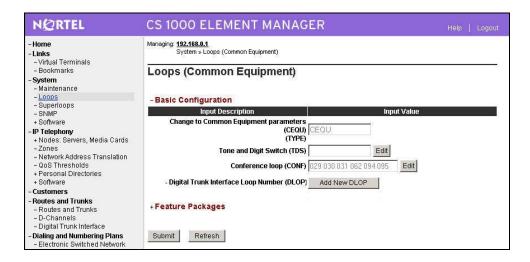
The **Equipped Feature Packages List** screen is displayed next, and shows a listing of the licensed feature packages in sequential order by package number. Scroll down the right pane as necessary to verify that the following feature packages are equipped:

- 19 Digit Display (DDSP)
- 59 Coordinated Dialing Plan (CDP)
- 95 Calling Party Name Display (CPND)
- 145 Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)
- 146 Primary Rate Access (CO) (PRA)
- 154 2.0 Mb/s Primary Rate Interface (PRI2)
- 184 Overlap Signaling (M1 to M1 and M1 to 1TR6 CO) (OVLP)
- 202 International Primary Rate Access (CO) (IPRA)



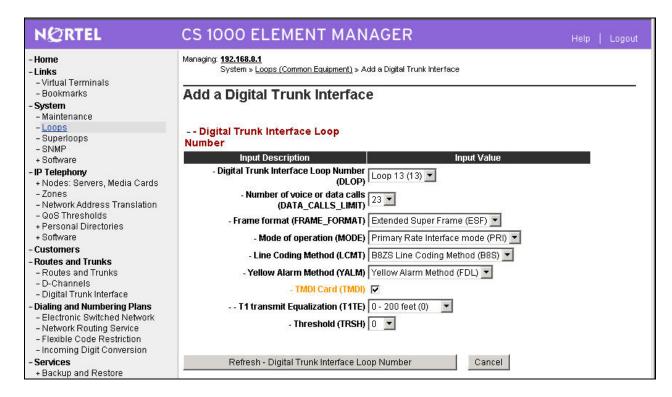
#### 5.3 Administer TMDI Card

Select **System > Loops** from the left pane to display the **Loops** (**Common Equipment**) screen. In the **Digital Trunk Interface Loop Number** (**DLOP**) field, click **Add New DLOP** to add a digital trunk interface to the TMDI card.

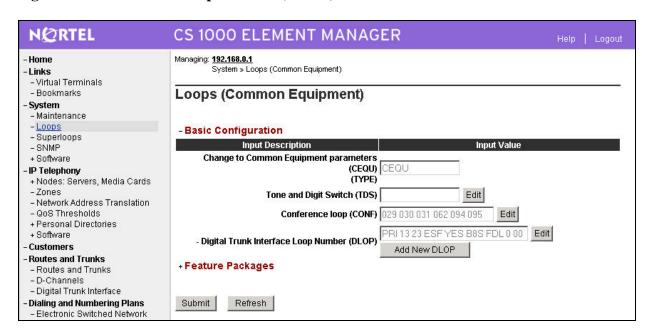


The **Add a Digital Trunk Interface** screen is displayed next. For the **Digital Trunk Interface Loop Number (DLOP)** field, select the loop number corresponding to the physical slot location of the TMDI card. In this case, "Loop 13 (13)" is selected from the drop-down list.

For the **Number of voice or data calls (DATA\_CALLS\_LIMIT)** field, select "23" from the drop-down list, to match the number of trunk members configured in Communication Manager in **Section 3.8.3**. For the **Mode of operation (MODE)** field, select "Primary Rate Interface mode (PRI)" from the drop-down list. For the **Threshold (TRSH)** field, select "0" from the drop-down list. Retain the default values for all remaining fields, and click **Refresh – Digital Trunk Interface Loop Number** at the bottom of the screen.

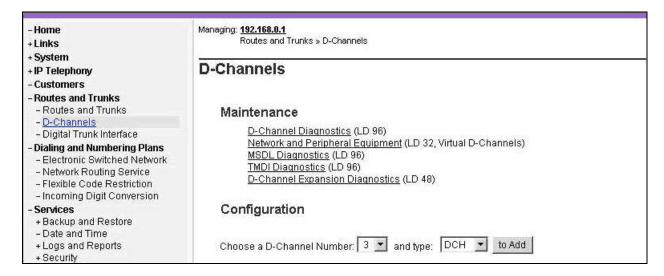


The **Loops** (**Common Equipment**) screen is displayed again, and updated with values in the **Digital Trunk Interface Loop Number** (**DLOP**) field. Click **Submit**.



#### 5.4 Administer D-Channel

Select **Routes and Trunks > D-channels** from the left pane to display the **D-Channels** screen. In the **Choose a D-Channel Number** field, select an available D-Channel from the drop-down list (in this case "3"). Click **to Add**.



The **D-Channels 3 Property Configuration** screen is displayed. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.

• **D channel Card Type (CTYP):** "D-Channel on TMDI card (TMDI)"

• Card number (CDNO): Select the physical TMDI card location, in this case "13".

• Port number (PORT): "1"

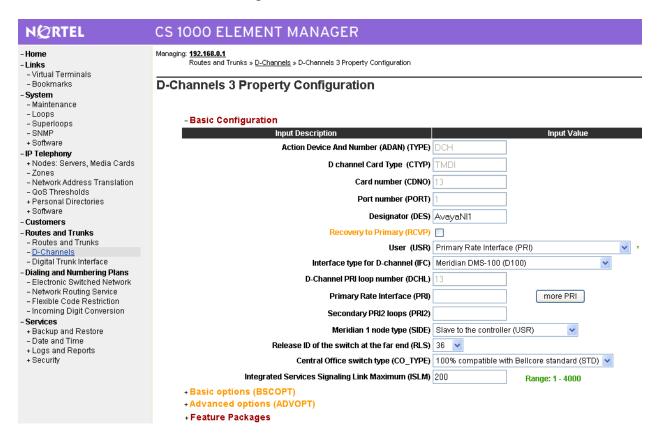
• **Designator** (**DES**): A descriptive text.

User (USR): "Primary Rate Interface (PRI)"
Interface type for D-channel: "Meridian DMS-100 (D100)"

• **D-Channel PRI loop number**: The digital trunk interface loop number from **Section 5.3**.

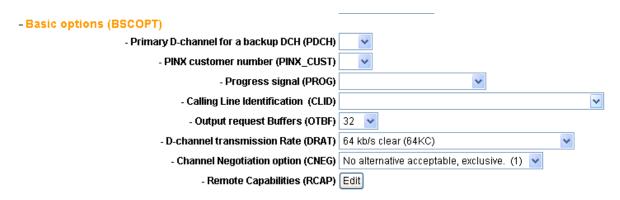
Note that the **Meridian 1 node type (SIDE)** field defaults to "Slave to the controller (USR)", which complements the DS1 interface setting on Avaya Communication Manager in **Section 3.7**.

For the **Release ID of the switch at the far end (RLS)** field, select "36" from the drop-down list. The following screen shows the configured D-Channel. Select **Basic options (BSCOPT)** toward the bottom of the screen to expand it.



For the **D-channel transmission Rate (DRAT)** field, select "64 kb/s clear (64KC)" from the drop-down list.

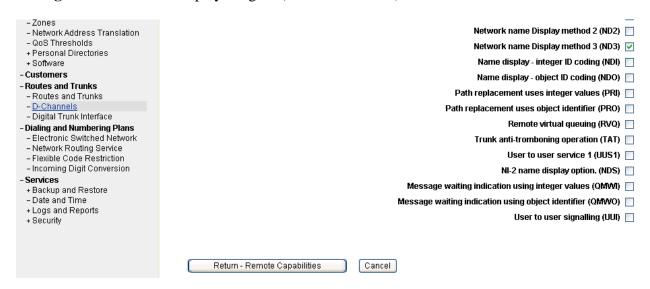
Retain the default values in the remaining fields, and click **Edit** next to the **Remote Capabilities** (**RCAP**) field.



The **Remote Capabilities Configuration** screen is displayed next. Scroll down the screen as necessary to check the following capability:

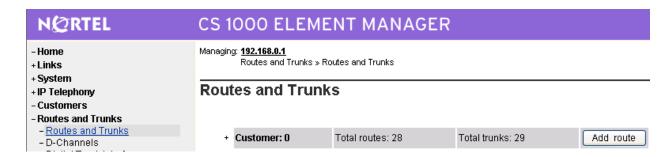
• Network name Display Method 3 (ND3)

Click **Return – Remote Capabilities** at the bottom of the screen. The **D-Channels 3 Property Configuration** screen is displayed again (not shown below). Click **Submit**.



#### 5.5 Administer Routes and Trunks

Select **Routes and Trunks > Routes and Trunks** from the left pane to display the **Routes and Trunks** screen. Next to the applicable **Customer** row, click **Add route**.



The Customer 0, New Route Configuration screen is displayed next. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields.

• **Route Number (ROUT):** Select an available route number.

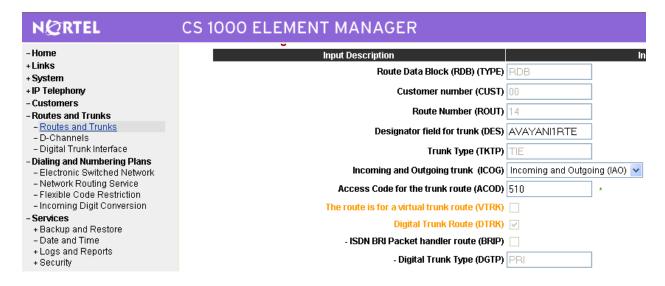
• **Designator field for trunk (DES):** A descriptive text.

• Trunk Type (TKTP): "TIE trunk data block (TIE)"

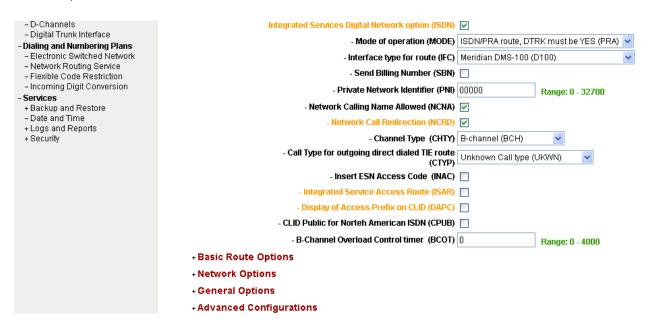
• Incoming and Outgoing trunk (ICOG): "Incoming and Outgoing (IAO)"

• Access Code for the trunk route (ACOD): An available access code.

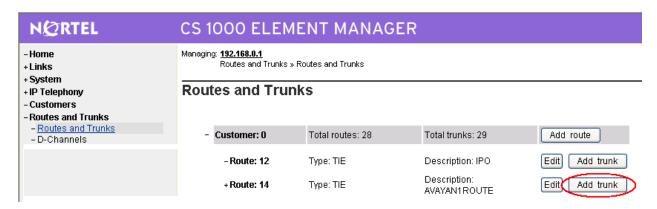
Verify that **Digital Trunk Route (DTRK)** is checked and the **Digital Trunk Type (DGTP)** field is set to "PRI". The following screen shows the resulting configuration for the route.



Scroll down the screen, check the Integrated Services Digital Network option (ISDN) checkbox to enable additional fields to appear. For the Mode of operation (MODE) field, select "ISDN/PRA route, DTRK must be YES (PRA)" from the drop-down list. For the Interface type for route (IFC) field, select "Meridian DMS-100 (D100)" from the drop-down list. For the Call Type for outgoing direct dialed TIE route (CTYP) field, select "Unknown Call type (UKWN)" from the drop-down list. Check the check boxes Network Calling Name Allowed (NCNA) and Network Call Redirection (NCRD). Scroll down to the bottom of the screen, and click Submit.



The **Routes and Trunks** screen is displayed again, and updated with the newly added route. Click the **Add trunk** button next to the newly added route.



The Customer 0, Route 14, New Trunk Configuration screen is displayed. Enter the following values for the specified fields, and retain the default values for the remaining fields. Scroll down to the bottom of the screen, and click Submit. The Multiple trunk input number (MTINPUT) field may be used to add multiple trunks in a single operation, or repeat the operation for each trunk.

• Multiple trunk input number (MTINPUT): "23" (must match values in Sections 5.3 and

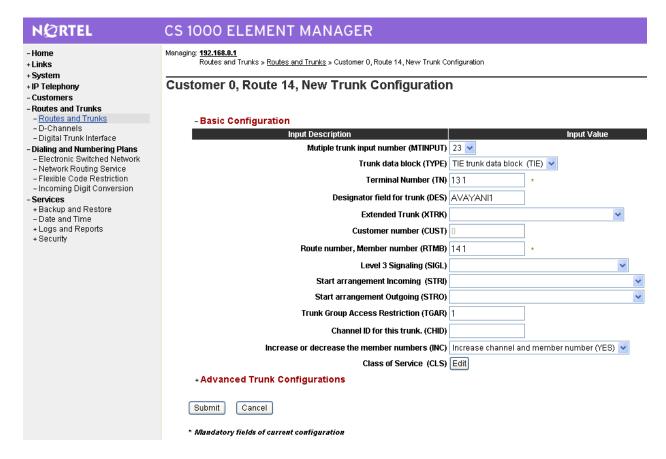
3.8.3

• **Terminal Number (TN):** The TMDI slot number and port "1".

• **Designator field for trunk (DES):** A descriptive text.

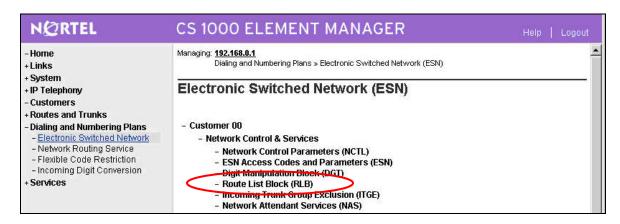
• Route number, Member number (RTMB): Current route number and starting member.

• Trunk Group Access Restriction (TGAR): Desired trunk group access restriction level.

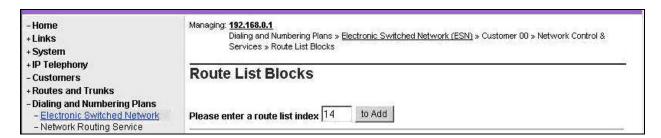


#### 5.6 Administer Route List Block

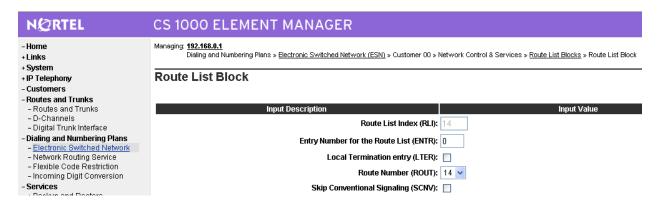
Select Dialing and Numbering Plans > Electronic Switched Network from the left pane to display the Electronic Switched Network (ESN) screen. Select Route List Block (RLB).



The **Route List Blocks** screen is displayed. In the **Please enter a route list index** field, enter an available route list block number (in this case "14"). Click **to Add**.

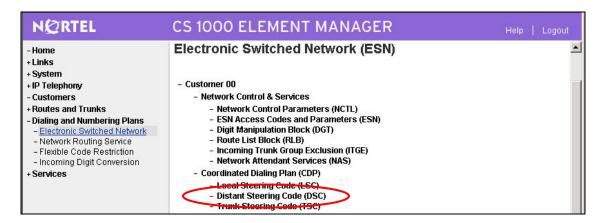


The **Route List Block** screen is updated with a listing of parameters. For the **Route Number** (**ROUT**) field, select the route number from **Section 5.5**. Retain the default values for the remaining fields, and scroll down to the bottom of the screen and click **Submit** (not shown).



## 5.7 Administer Distant Steering Code

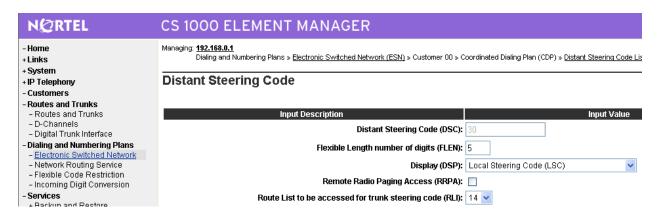
The **Electronic Switched Network (ESN)** screen is displayed again. Select **Distant Steering Code (DSC)** to add an entry to route 30xxx calls to Avaya Communication Manager.



The **Distant Steering Code List** screen is displayed next. In the **Please enter a distant steering code** field, enter the dialed prefix digits to match on (in this case "30"). This specification will match dialed extensions of the form 30xxx. Click **to Add**.



The **Distant Steering Code** screen is displayed. For the **Route List to be accessed for trunk steering code** (**RLI**) field, select the route list index in **Section 5.6** from the drop-down list. Retain the default values in all remaining fields, and scroll down to the bottom of the screen to click **Submit** (not shown).



#### 5.8 Enable TMDI Card

The remaining steps required to bring the PRI NI-1 trunk into service are best accomplished using the Command Line Interface (CLI) of the CS1000. Access the CLI via a hyper terminal application running on a PC, which has a serial cable connected to the CS1000 serial port, or via *telnet* to the IP address of the CS1000 Signaling Server (192.168.1.30 in the sample configuration).

The CLI is a character-based serial interface to the operating system and overlay programs on each system component. The program issues a prompt for input, and the system administrator enters the appropriate response through the keyboard followed by the **Enter** key. The output from the CS1000 command line interface has been trimmed down in the subsequent sections in order to focus on the key settings for the configuration. Values highlighted in bold represent values entered by the system administrator.

Command	Comment		
> login USERID? xxxxx PASS? yyyyy  TTY #00 LOGGED IN xxxxx 16:52	Issue the login command. Enter a valid user ID. Enter a valid user password.  A sample response indicating successful log in.		
24/5/2010			
> ld 96 . enl tmdi 13 all	Use load 96 to enable the TMDI card. Enable the TMDI card with the physical slot number of the TMDI card and the option "all".		

### 5.9 Enable D-Channel Automatic Establishment

Use the CLI to enable automatic establishment for the administered D-Channel.

Command	Comment		
> ld 96 . enl auto 3	Use load 96 to enable automatic establishment for the D-Channel. Enable the D-Channel automatic establishment with the D-Channel number, in this case "3".		

### 5.10 Enable D-Channel Service Messages

Service messages are used to maintain control and obtain status of the PRI trunk. By default, service messages are disabled for PRI interface type "Meridian DMS-100 (D100)". They must be enabled in this configuration for the individual B channels to come into service. The CLI can be used to enable service messages on the D-Channel. Note that the D-Channel may have to be disabled and enabled before and after enabling service messages.

Command	Comment		
> ld 96 . dis dch 3 . enl serv 3 . enl dch 3	Use load 96 to enable service messages for the D-Channel. Disable the D-Channel, in this case "3". Enable D-Channel service messages. Enable the D-Channel again.		

# 6 Verification Steps

## 6.1 Verify Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager

Verify the status of the ISDN trunk group to the CS1000 using the "status trunk" command. An example screen is shown below. Idle trunk members should show "in-service/idle".

status t	runk 100			Page	1
	TRUNK GROUP STATUS				
Member	Port	Service State	Mtce Connected Ports Busy		
0100/001	001V101	in-service/idle	no		
0100/002	001V102	in-service/idle	no		
0100/003	001V103	in-service/idle	no		
0100/004	001V104	in-service/idle	no		
0100/005	001V105	in-service/idle	no		
0100/006	001V106	in-service/idle	no		
0100/007	001V107	in-service/idle	no		
0100/008	001V108	in-service/idle	no		
0100/009	001V109	in-service/idle	no		
0100/010	001V110	in-service/idle	no		
0100/011	001V111	in-service/idle	no		
0100/012	001V112	in-service/idle	no		
0100/013	001V113	in-service/idle	no		
0100/014	001V114	in-service/idle	no		

If the trunk members show OOS/PINS (out of service, pending in service), verify that service messages have been enabled on the D-Channel in the CS1000 (See **Section 5.10**). If the trunk members are not in-service, check the signaling group status, as shown below, using the "status signaling-group" command. Verify the signaling group is "in-service" as indicated in the **Group State** and **Level 3 State** fields shown below.

```
Status signaling-group 100

STATUS SIGNALING GROUP

Group ID: 100

Group Type: isdn-pri

Signaling Type: facility associated signaling

Group State: in-service

Primary D-Channel

Port: 001V124

Level 3 State: in-service
```

If the signaling group **Level 3 State** is not in service, the health of the physical level can be checked by testing the DS1 board. Abridged output is shown below. While maintenance documentation is beyond the scope of these Application Notes, failure of the initial tests of the DS1 board likely indicate a problem with the physical layer connectivity to the CS1000 (e.g., improper cabling, framing, etc.). If test 144 fails, check that the G450 Media Gateway is deriving clock synchronization properly. One should also verify that the trunk parameters specified for Communication Manager (**Sections 3.7-3.8**) and the CS1000 (**Sections 5.4-5.5**) have been configured correctly.

test board	1v1				Page 1
		TEST RE	ESULTS		
Port	Mtce Name	Alt. Name	Test No.	Result	Error Code
001V1	MG-DS1		138	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		139	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		140	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		141	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		142	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		143	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		144	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		145	PASS	
001V1	MG-DS1		146	PASS	

Verify the status of the SIP trunk group by using the "status trunk n" command, where "n" is the trunk group number administered in **Section 3.9.2**. Verify that all trunks are in the "inservice/idle" state as shown below.

```
status trunk 32
                          TRUNK GROUP STATUS
Member Port Service State
                                Mtce Connected Ports
                                 Busy
0032/001 T00226 in-service/idle
                                 no
0032/002 T00227 in-service/idle
                                 no
0032/003 T00228 in-service/idle
0032/004 T00229 in-service/idle
0032/005 T00230 in-service/idle
0032/006 T00231 in-service/idle
0032/007 T00232 in-service/idle
                                 no
0032/008 T00233 in-service/idle
                                 no
0032/009 T00234 in-service/idle
                                 no
0032/010 T00235 in-service/idle
```

Verify the status of the SIP signaling groups by using the "status signaling-group n" command, where "n" is the signaling group number administered in **Section 3.9.1**. Verify the signaling group is "in-service" as indicated in the **Group State** field shown below.

```
STATUS SIGNALING GROUP

Group ID: 32

Group Type: sip

Signaling Type: facility associated signaling

Group State: in-service

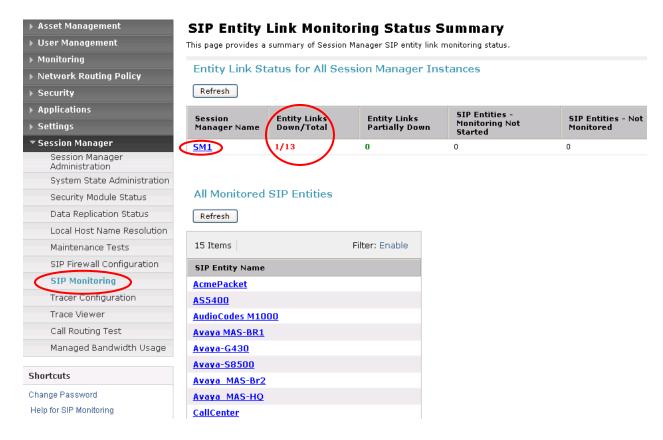
Active NCA-TSC Count: 0

Active CA-TSC Count: 0
```

Finally, make a call between the Avaya 9600 Series IP Telephone and the Avaya i2004 IP Telephone and verify two-way audio. Verify the status of connected trunks by using the "status trunk" command for the PRI QSIG trunk group (100) to the CS1000. More information can be obtained by using "status trunk 100/x" where x is the trunk member for the in-service/active trunk member for the call.

# 6.2 Verify Avaya Aura™ Session Manager

Expand the **Session Manager** menu on the left and click **SIP Monitoring**. Verify that none of the links to the defined SIP entities are down, indicating that they are all reachable for call routing. In the sample screen below, the SIP trunk to SM1 has been busied out on Communication Manager, so one of the links is shown as down.



Select the corresponding Session Manager (SM1 in this example) to view the Entity Link that is down and the Reason Code. The Reason Code reflects the result of Session Manager sending a SIP OPTIONS message to that SIP Entity.

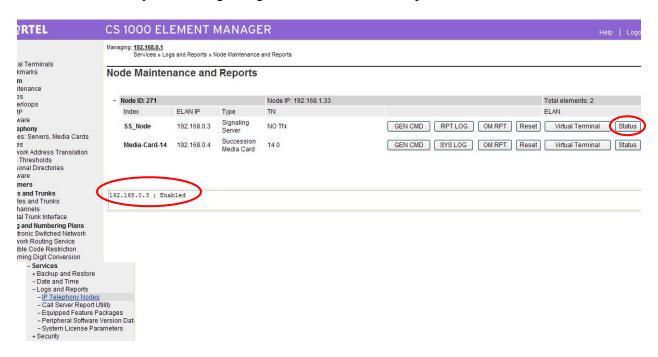


Once the source of the problem has been located, verify that the link status has changed as shown below. Note that the time period for the status to change is dependent on the SIP Link Monitoring parameter settings defined for the SIP Entity corresponding to Communication Manager. See [2,3] for more information.

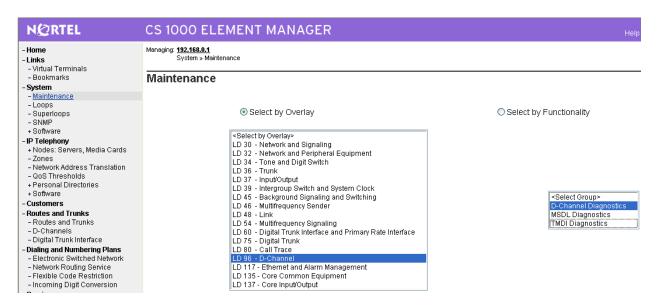


## 6.3 Verify Nortel Communication Server 1000

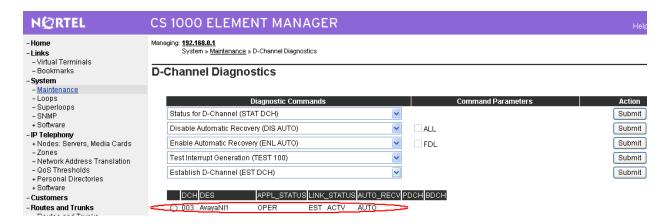
Select **Services->Logs and Reports->IP Telephony Nodes** on the left. Click **Status** for the "SS\_Node" to verify that the signaling server is enabled and operational.



Select **System->Maintenance** on the left, and then select **Select by Overlay** and then **LD 96** – **D-Channel** in the center window. Select **D-Channel Diagnostics** in the window that appears on the right.



The screen that results, shown below, will indicate the operational state of the D-Channel, in this case "EST ACTV" under the LINK\_STATUS column. Other diagnostic tests can be run from this page by selecting the D-Channel, one of the **Diagnostic Commands**, and then clicking on **Submit**.



#### 6.4 Verification Scenarios

Verification scenarios for the configuration described in these Application Notes are listed below. Note that there are some telephone display limitations as described in **Section 6.5**.

- Basic calls between various telephones on the Communication Manager and Avaya Communication Server 1000 can be made in both directions using G.711MU. Proper display of the calling and called party name and number information was verified for all telephones with the basic call scenario.
- Supplementary calling features were verified. The feature scenarios involved additional endpoints on the respective systems, such as performing an unattended transfer to a local endpoint on the same system, and then repeating the scenario to transfer the call to a remote endpoint on the other system. The supplementary calling features verified are shown below.
  - o Call hold/unhold
  - Unattended transfer
  - Attended transfer
  - o Call forwarding
  - o Conference
  - o Calling number block

## 6.5 Telephone Display Limitations

The following are limitations in name and number displays for some of the scenarios verified in the previous section. Unless otherwise specified below, telephone displays will show the correct name and number. Abbreviations are used for brevity (CM = Communication Manager, CS1K = Communication Server 1000).

#### 6.5.1 Basic Calls

When calling from CM to CS1K, the CM telephone shows called number during the ringing phase, and connected name when the call is answered.

When calling from CS1K to CM, the CS1K telephone displays the called number.

#### 6.5.2 Call Hold/Unhold

For a call between CM and CS1K that is held by the CS1K user, when the CS1K user takes the call off hold, the CS1K telephone display changes to the local CS1K PRI trunk designation.

#### 6.5.3 Call Transfer

For a call between CM and CS1K that is transferred to a party on the same PBX as the transferring party, the transferred party's display is not updated (i.e., displays the name of the transferring party).

For a call between CM and CS1K that is transferred to a party that is not on the same PBX as the transferring party, the displays of both the transferred and transfer-to party are not updated (i.e., display the name of the transferring party). Also note that the trunks on the transfer-to party PBX are not released.

#### 6.5.4 Call Forward

For a call from CS1K to CM that is forwarded to another telephone, the CS1K telephone display is not updated (i.e., displays the originally called party).

## 7 Conclusion

As illustrated in these Application Notes, Avaya Communication Server 1000 front-ended by an Avaya G450 Media Gateway via a PRI NI-1 trunk can be integrated with Session Manager and Communication Manager.

### 8 Additional References

This section references the product documentation relevant to these Application Notes.

### Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager:

- [1] Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager Overview, Doc ID 03-603323, available at http://support.avaya.com.
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager, Release 5.2, Issue 2.0, November 2009, Document Number 03-603324, available at http://support.avaya.com.
- [3] *Maintaining and Troubleshooting Avaya Aura*<sup>TM</sup> *Session Manager*, Doc ID 03-603325, available at <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.

#### Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager 5.2.1:

- [4] SIP Support in Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager Running on Avaya S8xxx Servers, Doc ID 555-245-206, May, 2009, available at <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.
- [5] *Administering Avaya Aura*<sup>TM</sup> *Session Manager*, Release 5.2, Issue 2.0, November 2009, Document Number 03-603324, available at http://support.avaya.com.
- [6] *Upgrading, Migrating, and Converting Avaya Servers and Gateways, Release 5.0*, Doc ID 03-300412, January 2008, available at <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.

#### Avaya Communication Server 1000 4.5:

[7] *ISDN Primary Rate Interface Installation and Configuration*, Nortel Communication Server 1000 Release 4.5, Document Number 553-3001-201, available on the Nortel Communication Server Electronic Reference Library CD.

#### **Avaya Application Notes:**

- [8] Configuring SIP Trunks among Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager, Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager 5.2, and Nortel Communication Server 1000 Issue 1.1, available at <a href="http://www.avaya.com">http://www.avaya.com</a>.
- [9] Front-Ending Nortel Communication Server 1000 with an AudioCodes Mediant 1000 Modular Media Gateway to Support SIP Trunks to Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager with

- Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager 5.2 as an Access Element Issue 1.1, available at <a href="http://www.avaya.com">http://www.avaya.com</a>.
- [10] Front-Ending Avaya Communication Server 1000 R4.5 with an Avaya G450 Media Gateway Controlled by Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Communication Manager 5.2.1 to Support SIP Trunks to Avaya Aura<sup>TM</sup> Session Manager 5.2 and Avaya Modular Messaging 5.2 Issue 1.0, available at http://www.avaya.com.

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