

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0 to support Clearcom SIP Trunking Service using TLS – Issue 1.0

## Abstract

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking Service on an enterprise solution consisting of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0 to interoperate with Clearcom SIP Trunking service using TLS. These Application Notes update previously published Application Notes with newer versions of Communication Manager, Session Manager, and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise.

The test was performed to verify SIP trunk features including basic calls, call forward (all calls, busy, no answer), call transfer (blind and consult), conference, and voice mail. The calls were placed to and from the PSTN with various Avaya endpoints.

The Clearcom SIP Trunking service provides customers with PSTN access via a SIP trunk between the enterprise and the Clearcom network, as an alternative to legacy analog or digital trunks. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

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## 1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking Service between the Clearcom network and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution using Transport Layer Security (TLS). The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1 (Communication Manager), Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 (Session Manager), Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0 (Avaya SBCE) and various Avaya endpoints, listed in **Section 4**.

The Clearcom SIP Trunking service referenced within these Application Notes is designed for business customers. Customers using this service with this Avaya enterprise solution are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a broadband WAN connection and the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks such as analog and/or ISDN-PRI.

The terms "Service Provider" or "Clearcom" will be used interchangeably throughout these Application Notes.

## 2. General Test Approach and Test Results

A simulated CPE site containing all the equipment for the Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution was installed at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Lab. The enterprise site was configured to connect to the network via a broadband connection to the public Internet.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in this DevConnect Application Note included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products only (private network side). Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

For the compliance testing associated with this Application Note, TLS transport for Signaling was used inside of the enterprise (private network side) and outside of the enterprise (public network side). SRTP for media encryption was used inside of the enterprise (private network side), RTP was used outside of the enterprise (public network side).

## 2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

To verify SIP trunk interoperability, the following features and functionality were covered during the interoperability compliance test:

- SIP Trunk Registration (Dynamic Authentication).
- Response to SIP OPTIONS queries.
- Incoming calls from the PSTN were routed to DID numbers assigned by Clearcom. Incoming PSTN calls were terminated to the following endpoints: Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphones (H.323 and SIP), Avaya J179 IP Deskphones (H.323), Avaya 2420 Digital Deskphones, Avaya one-X<sup>®</sup> Communicator softphone (H.323 and SIP), Avaya IX Workplace Client for Windows (SIP) and analog Deskphones.
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from Remote Workers using Avaya 96x1 Deskphones (SIP).
- Outgoing calls to the PSTN were routed via Clearcom network to various PSTN destinations.
- Proper disconnect when the caller abandons the call before the call is answered.
- Proper disconnect via normal call termination by the caller or the called parties.
- Proper disconnect by the network for calls that are not answered (with voicemail off).
- Proper response to busy endpoints.
- Proper response/error treatment when dialing invalid PSTN numbers.
- Proper codec negotiation and two-way speech-path. Testing was performed with codecs: G.729, G.711A and G.711MU.
- No matching codecs.
- DTMF tone transmissions as out-of-band RTP events as per RFC2833:
  - Outbound call to PSTN application requiring DTMF (e.g., an IVR or voice mail system).
  - Inbound call from PSTN to Avaya CPE application requiring DTMF (e.g., Aura® Messaging, Avaya vector digit collection steps).
- Calling number blocking (Privacy).
- Call Hold/Resume (long and short duration).
- Call Forward (unconditional, busy, no answer).
- Blind Call Transfers.
- Consultative Call Transfers.
- Station Conference.
- EC500 (Extension to Cellular) calls.
- Routing inbound vector call to call center agent queues.
- Simultaneous active calls.
- Long duration calls (over one hour).
- Proper response/error treatment to all trunks busy.
- Proper response/error treatment when disabling SIP connection.

**Note** – Remote Worker was tested as part of this solution. The configuration necessary to support remote workers is beyond the scope of these Application Notes and is not included in these Application Notes. Consult reference [9] in the **References** section for additional information on this topic.

The following items were not tested:

- Inbound toll-free calls, outbound Toll-Free calls, 911 calls (emergency), "0" calls (Operator), 0+10 digits calls (Operator Assisted) and local directory assistance calls were not tested.
- The SIP REFER method for call redirection was not tested for reasons noted in Section 2.2

### 2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the Clearcom SIP Trunking Service with the Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution was completed with successful results for all test cases with the observations/limitations noted below:

- Music played to the user on incoming calls from the PSTN to H.323 endpoints: On calls from the PSTN to enterprise H.323 endpoints music was played to the PSTN user when the call was answered at the enterprise H.323 endpoint. It was observed that the music originated from the PSTN and not from the enterprise, when **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** was set to "y", enabling media shuffling on the SIP trunk. Setting this field to "y" allows Communication Manager to redirect media traffic directly between the Avaya SBCE and the H.323 enterprise endpoint resulting in the release of Avaya Media Gateway or Media Server resources at the enterprise. Normally this field is set to "y" in order to free up Media resources at the enterprise, during the compliance test this field was set to "n" as a work around, refer to **Section 5.6**. This issue was reported to Clearcom.
- **SIP REFER method**: PSTN calls that were transferred back to the network using the SIP REFER method did not work properly. Attended call transfers dropped. On blind transfers, the REFER message was accepted by Clearcom with a "202" message, but the trunks were not released after the call transfer was completed. For these reasons testing was done with REFER disabled in Communication Manager (**Network Call Redirection** set to "**n**" under the **trunk-group**, refer to **Section 5.7**). With REFER disabled, blind and attended call transfers to the PSTN completed successfully, with the caveat that Communication Manager trunk channels were not released from the call path after the call was transferred, two trunks channels remained busy/connected for the entire duration of the call.
- **Fax support**: Fax calls using the T.38 protocol failed during the compliance test. G.711 pass-through fax was also tested, but it behaved unreliably. The issue related to G.711 pass-through fax failing during the compliance test may be related to the unpredictability of G.711 pass-through techniques, which only works well on networks with very few hops and with limited end-to-end delay. The issue related to T.38 fax calls failing is related to the PSTN carriers used by Clearcom in Mexico to route calls to the PSTN, not all PSTN carriers used by Clearcom in Mexico support T.38. This issue could be resolved by Clearcom selecting specific PSTN carriers that do support T.38 and routing T.38 fax traffic via these PSTN carriers.
- Outbound Calling Party Number (CPN) Blocking: To support user privacy on outbound calls (calling party number blocking), when enabled by the user, Communication Manager sends "anonymous" as the calling number in the SIP "From" header and includes "Privacy: id" in the INVITE message, while the actual number of the

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caller is sent in the "P-Asserted-Identity" header. On the called PSTN phone, the calling party number was not blocked, the main DID number (pilot number) assigned to the trunk was displayed, instead of "anonymous".

- Caller ID display on Outbound Calls, Call Forwards and Call transfers to the local PSTN in Mexico: For outbound calls, calls from the local PSTN in Mexico to Communication Manager that were Forwarded or calls that were transferred back out to the local PSTN in Mexico, the caller ID number displayed at the SIP softphone (local PSTN in Mexico) was always of the main DID number (pilot number) assigned to the trunk, regardless of the PSTN number being used to originate the call.
- **Caller ID display on EC500 extension to cellular**: For EC500 extension to cellular calls the Caller ID display at the Mobile/cellular station was always of the main DID number (pilot number) assigned to the trunk, regardless of the PSTN number being used to originate the call.
- Outbound call from an enterprise extension to a busy PSTN number: Clearcom did not send a "486 Busy Here" message on an outbound call to a PSTN number that was busy, as it was expected on this condition. There was no direct impact to the user, who heard busy tone.
- From Header Manipulation: Clearcom uses SIP trunk registration and digest authentication in order to accept calls from the enterprise into their network. Additionally, Clearcom requires the username associated with the SIP trunk credentials to be present in the "From" header of all outbound calls from the enterprise. Otherwise, the call is rejected with a "403 Username=From not allowed" message. A Signaling Script was created in the Avaya SBCE to include the SIP trunk credential's username in the "From" header of all outbound calls. (refer to Section 7.8).
- **Request-URI Header Manipulation**: Clearcom sends the username associated with the SIP trunk credentials in the "Request URI" header of all inbound calls, while the actual DID number of the party dialed is sent in the "To" header. Since the routing decision in Session Manager is based on Dial Patterns, by inspecting the number present in the "Request URI" header of the incoming call, a Signaling Script was created in the Avaya SBCE to populate the "Request URI" header with the number present in the "To" header of inbound calls, refer to **Section 7.8**.
- **SIP OPTION Messages**: During the compliance test Clearcom did not send SIP OPTION messages to Avaya, Session Manager did send SIP OPTION messages to Clearcom, this was sufficient to keep the SIP trunk up in-service.
- **SIP header optimization**: There are multiple SIP headers and parameters used by Communication Manager and Session Manager, some of them Avaya proprietary, that had no significance in the service provider's network. These headers were removed with the purpose of blocking enterprise information from being propagated outside of the enterprise boundaries, to reduce the size of the packets entering the service provider's network and to improve the solution interoperability in general. The following headers were removed from outbound messages using an Adaptation in Session Manager: AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, Alert-Info, Endpoint-View, P-AV-Message-id, P-Charging-Vector and P-Location (Section 6.4). Additionally, the parameters "gsid" and "epv" were removed from outbound Contact headers using a Signaling Script in the Avaya SBCE, refer to Section 7.8.

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• **500 Too Many Concurrent Calls**: It was observed that in occasions outbound calls to the PSTN failed to complete, Clearcom would respond with "500 Too Many Concurrent Calls" to SIP INVITE messages sent by Communication Manager when the call failure occurred. This issue is thought to be network related; this issue was reported to Clearcom.

### 2.3. Support

For support of Clearcom SIP Trunking Service visit the corporate Web page at: <a href="http://www.clearcom.mx/">http://www.clearcom.mx/</a>

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>

# 3. Reference Configuration

**Figure 1** illustrates the sample Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution, connected to the Clearcom SIP Trunking Service through a public Internet WAN connection.

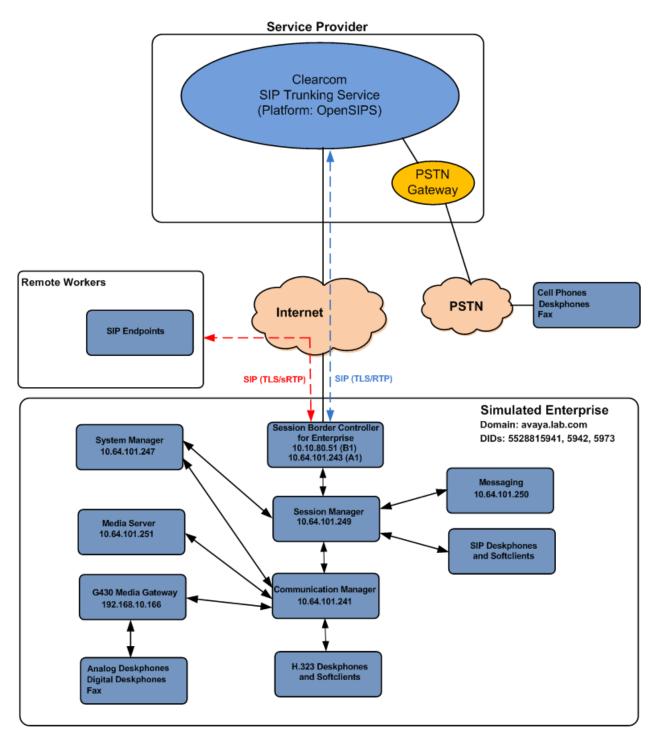


Figure 1: Avaya SIP Enterprise Solution connected to Clearcom SIP Trunking Service

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- Avaya Aura® Communication Manager.
- Avaya Aura® Session Manager.
- Avaya Aura® System Manager.
- Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise.
- Avaya Aura® Messaging.
- Avaya Aura® Media Server.
- Avaya G430 Media Gateway.
- Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphones (H.323 and SIP).
- Avaya J179 IP Deskphones (H.323).
- Avaya one-X<sup>®</sup> Communicator softphones (H.323 and SIP).
- Avaya IX Workplace Client for Windows (SIP).
- Avaya digital and analog telephones.
- Ventafax fax software.

Additionally, the reference configuration included remote worker functionality. A remote worker is a SIP endpoint that resides in the untrusted network, registered to Session Manager at the enterprise via the Avaya SBCE. Remote workers offer the same functionality as any other endpoint at the enterprise. This functionality was successfully tested during the compliance test using only the Avaya 96x1 SIP Deskphones. For signaling, Transport Layer Security (TLS) and for media, Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) was used on Avaya 96x1 SIP Deskphones used to test remote worker functionality. Other Avaya SIP endpoints that are supported in a Remote Worker configuration deployment were not tested.

The configuration tasks required to support remote workers are beyond the scope of these Application Notes; hence they are not discussed in this document. Consult reference [9] in the **References** section for additional information on this topic.

The Avaya SBCE was located at the edge of the enterprise. Its public side was connected to the public Internet, while its private side was connected to the enterprise infrastructure. All signaling and media traffic entering or leaving the enterprise flowed through the Avaya SBCE, protecting in this way the enterprise against any SIP-based attacks. The Avaya SBCE also performed network address translation at both the IP and SIP layers.

For inbound calls, the calls flowed from the service provider to the Avaya SBCE then to Session Manager. Session Manager used the configured dial patterns (or regular expressions) and routing policies to determine the recipient (Communication Manager) and on which link to send the call.

Outbound calls to the PSTN were first processed by Communication Manager for outbound feature treatment such as automatic route selection and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selected the proper SIP trunk, the call was routed to Session Manager. Session Manager once again used the configured dial patterns (or regular expressions) and routing policies to determine the route to the Avaya SBCE for egress to the Clearcom network.

A separate SIP trunk was created between Communication Manager and Session Manager to carry the service provider traffic. This was done so that any trunk or codec settings required by the service provider could be applied only to this trunk without affecting other enterprise SIP traffic. This trunk carried both inbound and outbound traffic.

As part of the Avaya Aura® version 8.0 release, Communication Manager incorporates the ability to use the Avaya Aura® Media Sever (AAMS) as a media resource. The AAMS is a software-based, high density media server that provides DSP resources for IP-based sessions. Media resources from both the AAMS and a G430 Media Gateway were utilized during the compliance test. The configuration of the AAMS is not discussed in this document. For more information on the installation and administration of the AAMS in Communication Manager refer to the AAMS documentation listed in the **References** section.

The Avaya Aura® Messaging was used during the compliance test to verify voice mail redirection and navigation, as well as the delivery of Message Waiting Indicator (MWI) messages to the enterprise telephones. Since the configuration tasks for Messaging are not directly related to the interoperability tests with the Clearcom network SIP Trunking service, they are not included in these Application Notes.

## 4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Equipment/Software	<b>Release/Version</b>
Avaya	
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	8.1.1.0
	(01.0.890.0-25763)
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	8.1.1.0
	(8.1.1.0.811021)
Avaya Aura® System Manager	8.1.1.0
	Build No. 8.1.0.0.733078
	Software Update Rev. No.
	8.1.1.0.0310504
Avaya Session Border Controller for	ASBCE 8.0
Enterprise	8.0.1.0-10-17555
Avaya Aura® Messaging	7.1 Service Pack 2
	(MSG-01.0.532.0-002_0204)
Avaya Aura® Media Server	8.0.2.61_2019.09.16
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	g430_sw_41_16_0
Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphones (SIP)	Version 7.1.7.0
Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphones (H.323)	Version 6.8202
Avaya J179 IP Deskphones (H.323)	Version 6.8202
Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323, SIP)	6.2.14.1-SP14
Avaya IX Workplace Client for Windows	3.7.6.10.1
(SIP)	
Avaya 2420 Series Digital Deskphones	N/A
Avaya 6210 Analog Deskphones	N/A
Clearcom	
OpenSIPS Softswitch	1.9
OpenSIPS Session Border Controller	1.9

The specific configuration above was used for the compliance testing. Note that this solution will be compatible with other Avaya Servers and Media Gateway platforms running similar versions of Communication Manager and Session Manager.

**Note** – The Avaya Aura® servers and the Avaya SBCE used in the reference configuration and shown on the previous table were deployed on a virtualized environment. These Avaya components ran as virtual machines over VMware® (ESXi 6.0.0) platforms. Consult the installation documentation on the **References** section for more information.

## 5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the procedure for configuring Communication Manager to work with the Clearcom SIP Trunking Service. A SIP trunk is established between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by signaling traffic to and from the service provider. It is assumed that the general installation of Communication Manager, the Avaya G430 Media Gateway and the Avaya Media Server has been previously completed and is not discussed here.

The Communication Manager configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation. Some screens capture will show the use of the **change** command instead of the **add** command, since the configuration used for the testing was previously added.

## 5.1. Licensing and Capacity

Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command to verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** value on **Page 2** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise including any trunks to and from the service provider. The example shows that **40000** licenses are available and **120** are in use. The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative.

display system-parameters customer-options		P	age	2 of	12
OPTIONAL FEATURES					
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED			
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	12000	0			
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	18000	2			
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	12000	0			
Max Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	18000	0			
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	414	0			
Max Concur Reg Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0			
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	41000	0			
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	18000	6			
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	40000	120			
Max Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	24000	0			
Max Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	999	0			
(NOTE: You must logoff & login to effect the	e permi	ssion c	hange	s.)	
	÷				

### 5.2. System Features

Use the **change system-parameters features** command to set the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** field to *all* to allow incoming calls from the PSTN to be transferred to another PSTN endpoint. If for security reasons incoming calls should not be allowed to transfer back to the PSTN, then leave the field set to *none*.

display system-parameters features	Page 1 of 19 ٨
FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS	
Self Station Display Enabled?	
Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer:	all
Automatic Callback with Called Party Queuing?	n
Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings):	3
Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes):	
Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds):	
AAR/ARS Dial Tone Required?	У
Music (or Silence) on Transferred Trunk Calls?	all
DID/Tie/ISDN/SIP Intercept Treatment: attendant	
Internal Auto-Answer of Attd-Extended/Transferred Calls:	
Automatic Circuit Assurance (ACA) Enabled?	n
Abbreviated Dial Programming by Assigned Lists?	n
Auto Abbreviated/Delayed Transition Interval (rings):	2
Protocol for Caller ID Analog Terminals:	
Display Calling Number for Room to Room Caller ID Calls?	11
Display Calling Number for Room to Room Caller ID Calls?	

On **Page 9** verify that a text string has been defined to replace the Calling Party Number (CPN) for restricted or unavailable calls. This text string is entered in the two fields highlighted below. The compliance test used the value of *restricted* for restricted calls and *unavailable* for unavailable calls.

display system-parameters features	Page	9 of	19
FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS			
CPN/ANI/ICLID PARAMETERS CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Restricted Calls: restricted CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Unavailable Calls: unavailable			
DISPLAY TEXT			
Identity When Bridging:	princip	al	
User Guidance Display?	n		
Extension only label for Team button on 96xx H.323 terminals?	n		
INTERNATIONAL CALL ROUTING PARAMETERS Local Country Code: International Access Code:			
SCCAN PARAMETERS			
Enable Enbloc Dialing without ARS FAC? n			
CALLER ID ON CALL WAITING PARAMETERS Caller ID on Call Waiting Delay Timer (msec): 200			

#### 5.3. IP Node Names

Use the **change node-names ip** command to verify that node names have been previously defined for the IP addresses of Communication Manager (**proc**r) and the Session Manager security module (**SM**). These node names will be needed for defining the service provider signaling group in **Section 5.6**.

change node-names	ip	Page	1 of	2
	IP NODE NAMES			
Name	IP Address			
ASBCE A1	10.64.101.243			
SM	10.64.101.249			
default	0.0.0			
media server	10.64.101.251			
procr	10.64.101.241			
procr6	::			
				ſ
(6 of 6 admin	istered node-names were displayed )			
Use 'list node-nam	es' command to see all the administered node	-names		
Use 'change node-n	ames ip xxx' to change a node-name 'xxx' or	add a no	de-name	e

#### 5.4. Codecs

Use the **change ip-codec-set** command to define a list of codecs to use for calls between the enterprise and the service provider. For the compliance test, ip-codec-set 2 was used for this purpose. Enter the corresponding codec in the **Audio Codec** column of the table. Clearcom supports audio codecs *G.729*, *G.711A* and *G.711MU*.

char	nge ip-codec-s	set 2		Page	2	1 of	2	^
	Codec Set: 2	IP	MEDIA PAR	AMETERS				
1: 2: 3: 4: 5: 6: 7:	Audio Codec G.729 G.711A G.711MU	Silence Suppression n n - - -	Frames Per Pkt 2 2       	Packet Size(ms) 20 20 20				
1: 2: 3: 4: 5:	Media Encry 1-srtp-aescmi none			Encrypted SRTCP: <u>best-effor</u> - - - -	t			

change ip-codec-set 2			Page	2 of 2
	IP MEDIA PARAMETE	RS		
	Allow Direct-	IP Multimedia? <u>n</u>		
		Redun-		Packet
FAX	Mode off	dancy 0		Size(ms)
Modem	off	<u>0</u>		
TDD/TTY	US	3		
H.323 Clear-channel	<u>n</u>	<u>0</u>		
SIP 64K Data	<u>n</u>	<u>0</u>		20
Media Connection IP Addre 1: <u>IPv4</u> 2:	ess Type Preference:	5		

On Page 2, set the Fax Mode to *off* (refer to Section 2.2).

#### 5.5. IP Network Regions

Create a separate IP network region for the service provider trunk group. This allows for separate codec or quality of service settings to be used (if necessary) for calls between the enterprise and the service provider versus calls within the enterprise or elsewhere. For the compliance test, IP Network Region 2 was chosen for the service provider trunk. Use the **change ip-network-region** 2 command to configure region 2 with the following parameters:

- Set the Authoritative Domain field to match the SIP domain of the enterprise. In this configuration, the domain name is *avaya.lab.com* as assigned to the shared test environment in the Avaya test lab. This domain name appears in the "From" header of SIP messages originating from this IP region.
- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Leave both **Intra-region** and **Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio** set to *yes*, the default setting. This will enable **IP-IP Direct Audio** (shuffling), to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya Media Gateway and Media Server. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form if needed.
- Set the Codec Set field to the IP codec set defined in Section 5.4.
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

change ip-network-region 2		Page	1 of	20
I	IP NETWORK REGION			
Region: 2 NR Group: 2	_			
Location: 1 Authoritative	Domain: <u>avaya.lab.com</u>			
Name: <u>SP Region</u>	Stub Network Region: n			
MEDIA PARAMETERS	Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio:	: yes		
Codec Set: 2	Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio:	yes		
UDP Port Min: <u>2048</u>	IP Audio Hairpinning?	? <u>n</u>		
UDP Port Max: <u>3349</u>				
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS				
Call Control PHB Value: 46				
Audio PHB Value: <u>46</u>				
Video PHB Value: <u>26</u>				
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS				
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6	<u>5</u>			
Audio 802.1p Priority: <u>6</u>	<u>5</u>			
Video 802.1p Priority: 5	AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION	N PARA	METERS	
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS	RSVP Er	nabled	? n	
H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y				
Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20	<u>)                                     </u>			
Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5				
Keep-Alive Count: 5	-			
_				

On **Page 4**, define the IP codec set to be used for traffic between region 2 and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise). Enter the desired IP codec set in the **codec set** column of the row with destination region (**dst rgn**) 1. Default values may be used for all other fields. The following example shows the settings used for the compliance test. It indicates that codec set **2** will be used for calls between region 2 (the service provider region) and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise).

change	ip-network-region 2		Page	4 of	20
Sourc	e Region: 2 Inter Netwo	ork Region Connection Manag		I G A	M t
dst o	odec direct WAN-BW-limit	s Video Intervening		A G	c
		Norm Prio Shr Regions	-	RL	e
				n	t
2	2 <u>y NoLimit</u> 2			<u>all</u>	_
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					

### 5.6. Signaling Group

Use the **add signaling-group** command to create a signaling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by the service provider trunk. This signaling group is used for inbound and outbound calls between the service provider and the enterprise. For the compliance test, signaling group 2 was used and was configured using the parameters highlighted below, shown on the screen on the next page:

- Set the **Group Type** field to *sip*.
- Set the **IMS Enabled** field to *n*. This specifies the Communication Manager will serve as an Evolution Server for the Session Manager.
- Set the **Transport Method** to the transport protocol to be used between Communication Manager and Session Manager. For the compliance test, *tls* was used.
- Set the **Peer Detection Enabled** field to *y*. The **Peer-Server** field will initially be set to *Others* and cannot be changed via administration. Later, the **Peer-Server** field will automatically change to *SM* once Communication Manager detects its peer is a Session Manager.

**Note:** Once the **Peer-Server** field is updated to *SM*, the system changes the default values of the following fields, setting them to display–only:

- **Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers?** is changed to *y*.
- Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? is changed to *n*.
- Set the **Near-end Node Name** to *procr*. This node name maps to the IP address of the Communication Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Far-end Node Name** to *SM*. This node name maps to the IP address of Session Manager, as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port to a valid unused port instead of the default well-known port value. (For TLS, the well-known port value is 5061). This is necessary so Session Manager can distinguish this trunk from the trunk used for other enterprise SIP traffic. The compliance test was conducted with the Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port set to 5071.
- Set the **Far-end Network Region** to the IP network region defined for the Service Provider in **Section 5.5**.
- Set the **Far-end Domain** to the domain of the enterprise.
- Set the **DTMF over IP** field to *rtp-payload*. This value enables Communication Manager to send DTMF transmissions using RFC 2833.
- Set **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** to *n* (refer to **Section 2.2**)
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

change signaling-group 2	Page 1 of 2 ^
SIGNAL	ING GROUP
Group Number: 2 Group Typ	-
IMS Enabled? n Transport Metho	od: tls
Q-SIP? n	
IP Video? n	Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? y
Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Serve	er: SM Clustered? n
Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerti	ing/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling	g/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? n
Alert Incoming SIP Crisis Calls? n	
Near-end Node Name: procr	Far-end Node Name: SM
Near-end Listen Port: 5071	Far-end Listen Port: 5071
	Far-end Network Region: 2
Far-end Domain: avaya.lab.com	
	Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate	RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload	Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? n
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3	IP Audio Hairpinning? n
Enable Layer 3 Test? n	-
	Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6

#### 5.7. Trunk Group

Use the **add trunk-group** command to create a trunk group for the signaling group created in **Section 5.6**. For the compliance test, trunk group 2 was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to *sip*.
- Enter a descriptive name for the **Group Name**.
- Enter an available trunk access code (TAC) that is consistent with the existing dial plan in the **TAC** field.
- Set the **Service Type** field to *public-ntwrk*.
- Set the **Signaling Group** to the signaling group shown in **Section 5.6**.
- Set the **Number of Members** field to the number of trunk members in the SIP trunk group. This value determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by this trunk.
- Default values were used for all other fields.

change trunk-group 2 Page 1 of 4
TRUNK GROUP

On **Page 2**, verify that the **Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval** is set to a value acceptable to the service provider. This value defines the interval that re-INVITEs must be sent to keep the active session alive. The default value of *600* seconds was used.

change trunk-group 2 Page	2 of	4
Group Type: sip		
TRUNK PARAMETERS		
Unicode Name: <u>auto</u>		
Redirect On OPTIM Failure:	<u>5000</u>	
SCCAN? <u>n</u> Digital Loss Group: Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec):		
Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y		
XOIP Treatment: <u>auto</u> Delay Call Setup When Accessed Via	a IGAR?	<u>n</u>
Caller ID for Service Link Call to H.323 1xC: station-extension		

#### On Page 3:

- Set the Numbering Format field to *public*. This field specifies the format of the calling party number (CPN) sent to the far-end. When *public* format is used, Communication Manager automatically inserts a "+" sign, preceding the numbers in the "From", "Contact" and "P-Asserted Identity" (PAI) headers. The Numbering Format was set to *public* and the Numbering Format in the route pattern was set to *pub-unk* (see Section 5.10).
- Set the **Replace Restricted Numbers** and **Replace Unavailable53 Numbers** fields to *y*. This will allow the CPN displayed on local endpoints to be replaced with the value set in **Section 5.2**, if the inbound call has enabled CPN block.

change trunk-group 2	Page 3 of 4
TRUNK FEATURES	
ACA Assignment? n	Measured: <u>none</u>
_	Maintenance Tests? y
Suppress # Outpulsing? <u>n</u>	Numbering Format: <u>public</u>
	UUI Treatment: <u>service-provider</u>
	Deuless Destricted Neckary2 a
	Replace Restricted Numbers? y
	Replace Unavailable Numbers? y
	Hold/Unhold Notifications? y
	Modify Tandem Calling Number: no
	Notify function carriing Number: no
Show ANSWERED BY on Display	/? y
	· _

On Page 4:

- Set the **Network Call Redirection** field to *n*. With this setting, Communication Manager will not use the SIP REFER method for the redirection of PSTN calls that are transferred back to the SIP trunk (refer to **Section 2.2**).
- Set the **Send Diversion Header** field to *n* and **Support Request History** to *n*.
- Set the **Telephone Event Payload Type** to **101**, the value preferred by Clearcom.
- Verify that **Identity for Calling Party Display** is set to *P-Asserted-Identity*.
- Default values were used for all other fields.

change trunk-group 2	Page 4 of 4 🔺
PROTOCOL VARIATIONS	
Mark Users as Phone?	
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number?	_
Send Transferring Party Information?	
Network Call Redirection?	n
Send Diversion Header?	n
Support Request History?	n
Telephone Event Payload Type:	101
Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media?	n
Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates?	n
Identity for Calling Party Display:	
Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE?	
Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination?	_
Enable Q-SIP?	-
Ellable & SIL:	<u></u>
Interworking of ISDN Clearing with In-Band Tones:	keen-channel-active
Request URI Contents: may-ha	ve-extra-urgits

### 5.8. Calling Party Information

The calling party number is sent in the SIP "From", "Contact" and "PAI" headers. Since public numbering was selected to define the format of this number (Section 5.7), use the change **public-unknown-numbering** command to create an entry for each extension which has a DID assigned. DID numbers are provided by the SIP service provider. Each DID number is assigned in this table to one enterprise internal extension or Vector Directory Numbers (VDNs). In the example below, four DID numbers assigned by the service provider are shown. These DID numbers were used as the outbound calling party information on the service provider trunk when calls were originated from the mapped extensions.

cha	nge public-unknow		_	Page 1 of 2 ^						
	NUMBERING - PUBLIC/UNKNOWN FORMAT									
				Total						
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	CPN						
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len						
				Total Administered: 4						
4	3			4 Maximum Entries: 9999						
4	5			4						
4	3042	2	525528815941	12 Note: If an entry applies to						
4	3044	2	525528815942	12 a SIP connection to Avaya						
·				Aura(R) Session Manager,						
-				the resulting number must						
I —				be a complete E.164 number.						
I —										
I —				Communication Manager						
-				automatically inserts						
				a '+' digit in this case.						
		·		· · _ · · _ · _ · · · · · · · ·						
-				-						
-				-						
-		·		-						
-				-						

#### 5.9. Inbound Routing

In general, the "incoming call handling treatment" form for a trunk group can be used to manipulate the digits received for an incoming call if necessary. Since Session Manager is present, Session Manager can be used to perform digit conversion using an Adaptation, and digit manipulation via the Communication Manager incoming call handling table may not be necessary. If the DID number sent by Clearcom is left unchanged by Session Manager, then the DID number can be mapped to an extension using the incoming call handling treatment of the receiving trunk group. Use the **change inc-call-handling-trmt** command to create an entry for each DID.

change inc-cal	l-handli		_	-		Page	1 of	30
	_	INCOMING CA			REATMENT			
Service/	Number	Number	Del	Insert				
Feature	Len	Digits						
public-ntwrk	12 52	25528815941	12	3042				
public-ntwrk	12 52	25528815942	12	3044				
public-ntwrk								
public-ntwrk								
public-ntwrk								
public-ntwrk								
public-ntwrk								
public-ntwrk								
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public-ntwrk				·				
public-ntwrk								
-								

### 5.10.Outbound Routing

In these Application Notes, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature is used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to the service provider. In the sample configuration, the single digit 9 is used as the ARS access code. Enterprise callers will dial 9 to reach an "outside line". This common configuration is illustrated below with little elaboration. Use the **change dialplan analysis** command to define a dialed string beginning with **9** of length **1**, as a feature access code (*fac*).

change dialp	lan anal	lysis					Page	1 of	12
			DIAL PLA	AN ANAL'	YSIS TABL	E			
			L	ocation	: all	Pe	ercent F	ull: 2	
Dialed	Total	Call	Dialed	Total	Call	Dialed	Total	Call	
String	Length	Туре	String	Lengti	n Type	String	Length	Туре	
<u> </u>	_	udp							
1	4 0	dac							
2	4	ext							
3		ext							
4		udp							
5		ext							
6		dac							
7		ext							
8		fac							
9	1 +	fac							
*		dac							
#		dac							

Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure *9* as the **Auto Route Selection** (ARS) – Access Code 1.

change feature-access-codes Page 1 of	10
FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)	
Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:	
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:	
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:	
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:	
Announcement Access Code: <u>#7</u>	
Answer Back Access Code:	
Attendant Access Code:	
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: <u>8</u>	
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: <u>9</u> Access Code 2:	
Automatic Callback Activation: Deactivation:	
Call Forwarding Activation Busy/DA: All: Deactivation:	
Call Forwarding Enhanced Status: Act: Deactivation:	
Call Park Access Code:	
Call Pickup Access Code:	
CAS Remote Hold/Answer Hold-Unhold Access Code:	
CDR Account Code Access Code:	
Change COR Access Code:	
Change Coverage Access Code:	
Conditional Call Extend Activation: Deactivation:	
Contact Closure Open Code: Close Code:	

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialed digits following the first digit 9. The example below shows a subset of the dialed strings tested as part of the compliance test. See **Section 2.1** for the complete list of call types tested. All dialed strings are mapped to route pattern 2, which contains the SIP trunk group to the service provider.

hange ars analysis 001						Page 1 of 2
	A	RS DI	GIT ANALYS	SIS TAB	LE	
			Location:	all		Percent Full: 1
Dialed	Tot	al	Route	Call	Node	ANI
String	Min	Max	Pattern	Туре	Num	Reqd
001	<u>13</u>	<u>18</u>	2	intl		<u>n</u>
01	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	2	<u>natl</u>		<u>n</u>
011	<u>10</u>	<u>18</u>	2	intl		<u>n</u>
040	3	3	2	svcl		n n
045	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	2	<u>natl</u>		<u>n</u>
101xxxx0	8	8	deny	op		<u>n</u>
101xxxx0	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	deny	op		<u>n</u>
101xxxx01	<u>16</u>	24	deny	iop		<u>n</u>
101xxxx011	<u>17</u>	25	deny	intl		<u>n</u>
101xxxx1	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	deny	fnpa		<u>n</u>
10xxx0	6	6	deny	op		<u>n</u>
10xxx0	<u>16</u>	<u>16</u>	deny	op		<u>n</u>
10xxx01	<u>14</u>	22	deny	iop		<u>n</u>
10xxx011	<u>15</u>	23	deny	<u>intl</u>		<u>n</u>
10xxx1	16	16	deny	fnpa		<u>n</u>

For international call to the U.S. (e.g., dialing: 90017863311234):

The route pattern defines which trunk group will be used for the call and performs any necessary digit manipulation. Use the **change route-pattern** command to configure the parameters for the service provider trunk route pattern in the following manner. The example below shows the values used for route pattern 2 in the compliance test.

- **Pattern Name**: Enter a descriptive name.
- **Grp No**: Enter the outbound trunk group for the SIP service provider.
- **FRL**: Set the Facility Restriction Level (**FRL**) field to a level that allows access to this trunk for all users that require it. The value of **0** is the least restrictive level.
- **Numbering Format**: Set to *pub-unk*. All calls using this route pattern will use the public numbering table. See setting of the **Numbering Format** in the trunk group form for full details in **Section 5.7**.

change route-pattern 2 Page		4
Pattern Number: 2 Pattern Name: Serv. Provide	r	
SCCAN? <u>n</u> Secure SIP? <u>n</u> Used for SIP stations? <u>n</u>		
Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted	DCS/	IXC
No Mrk Lmt List Del Digits	QSIG	
Dgts	Intw	
1: 2 0	n	user
2:	-	
	<u>n</u>	user
3:	<u>n</u>	user
4:	<u>n</u>	user
5:	<u>n</u>	user
6:	<u>n</u>	user
BCC VALUE TSC CA-TSC ITC BCIE Service/Feature PARM Sub Numbe	ring	LAR
0 1 2 M 4 W Request Dgts Forma	t	
1: yyyyn n rest pub-u	nk	none
2: y y y y n n rest		none
3: y y y y y n n rest		none
4: y y y y y n n rest		none
5: y y y y y <u>n</u> <u>n</u> <u>rest</u>		none
<u>6: y y y y n n rest</u>		none

**Note -** Enter the **save translation** command (not shown) to save all the changes made to the Communication Manager configuration in the previous sections.

## 6. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

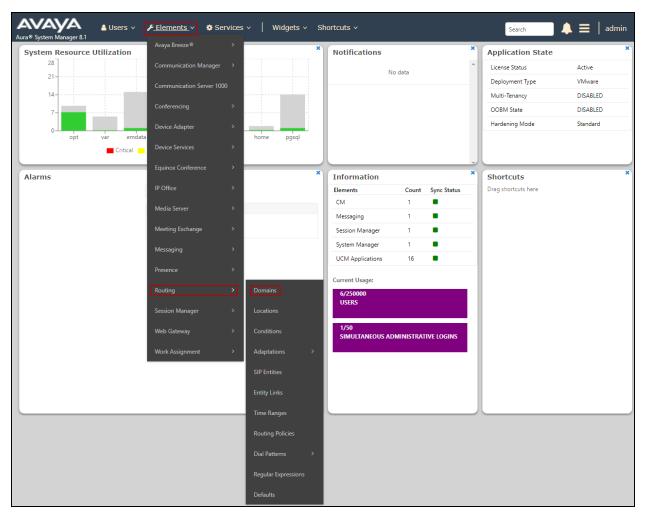
This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include adding the following items:

- SIP domain.
- Logical/physical Locations that can be occupied by SIP Entities.
- Adaptation module to perform header manipulations.
- SIP Entities corresponding to Communication Manager, Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE.
- Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities.
- Routing Policies, which control call routing between the SIP Entities.
- Dial Patterns, which govern to which SIP Entity a call is routed.

The following sections assume that the initial configuration of Session Manager and System Manager has already been completed, and that network connectivity exists between System Manager and Session Manager.

## 6.1. System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL "https://<ip-address>/SMGR", where "<ip-address>" is the IP address of System Manager. Log in with the appropriate credentials and click on **Log On** (not shown). The screen shown below is then displayed; under **elements** select **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Domains**.



The navigation tree displayed in the left pane below will be referenced in subsequent sections to navigate to items requiring configuration. Most items discussed in this section will be located under the **Routing** link shown below.

	System Manager 8.1	📥 U	Jsers 🗸 🖌 Elements 🗸 🏟 Services 🗸   Widgets 🗸 Shortcuts		
Hon					
Rou	uting	^	Domain Management		
	Domains		New Edit Delete Duplicate More Actions -		
	Locations		1 Item   🥲		
	Conditions		Name	Туре	Notes
	Adaptations	~	avaya.lab.com Select : All, None	sip	HG V-Domain
	SIP Entities				
	Entity Links				
	Time Ranges				
	Routing Policies				
	Dial Patterns	~			
	Regular Expressions				
	Defaults				

#### 6.2. SIP Domain

Create an entry for each SIP domain for which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. For the compliance test, this was the enterprise domain, *avaya.lab.com*. Navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Domains** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

- Name: Enter the domain name.
- **Type:** Select **sip** from the pull-down menu.
- Notes: Add a brief description (optional).
- Click **Commit** to save (not shown).

The screen below shows the entry for the enterprise domain.

		VA Nanager 8.1	<b>å</b> U	Jsers ~	🗲 Elements 🗸	Services ×	Widgets v	Shortcuts	• ~	
Hom	e f	Routing								
Rout	ting		^	Doma	ain Manage	ment				
L	Domains			New	Edit Delete	Duplicate More A	ctions -			
	Location	s		1 Item	2					
	Conditio	ns			ame				Туре	Notes
	Adaptati	ons	~		avaya.lab.com All, None				sip	HG V-Domain
	SIP Entiti	es		Select .	All, Nolle					
	Entity Lir	nks								
	Time Rar	nges								
	Routing	Policies								
	Dial Patt	erns	~							
	Regular I	Expressions								
	Defaults									

#### 6.3. Locations

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management, call admission control and location-based routing. To add a location, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Locations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the **General** section, enter the following values:

- Name: Enter a descriptive name for the location.
- Notes: Add a brief description (optional).
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen shows the location details for the location named *Session Manager*. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to Session Manager. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

Aura® Syst	aya tem Manager 8.1	🛔 U	Jsers v	🗲 Elements 🗸	Services	Widge	ets v Shortcuts v	<b>v</b>	
Home	Routing								
Routing		^	Locat	tion Details	5				Commit Cancel
Dor	Domains		Genera						
Loc	ations		Genera	ai		* Name:	Session Manager		
Con	nditions					Notes:	VMware Session N	Manager	
Ada	optations	~	Dial Pl	an Transpare	ncy in Surviva	ble Mode			
SIP	Entities					Enabled:			
Enti	ity Links				Listed Director	y Number:			
Tim	e Ranges				Associated CM	SIP Entity:			
Rou	iting Policies		Overal	ll Managed Ba	ndwidth				
Dial	Patterns	~			Managed Bandw	idth Units:	Kbit/sec 🔻		
Reg	ular Expressions				Total B	Bandwidth:			
-					Multimedia B				
Det	aults			Audio Calls Can	Take Multimedia B	Bandwidth:	4		

The following screen shows the location details for the location named *Communication Manager*. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to Communication Manager. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

AVAYA Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users 🗸 🌾 Elements 🗸 🏟 Services 🗸 📔 Widgets 🗸 Shortcuts 🗸
Home Routing	
Routing ^	Location Details
Domains	General
Locations	* Name: Communication Manager
Conditions	Notes: VMware Communication Manager
Adaptations 🗸 🗸	Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode
SIP Entities	Enabled:
Entity Links	Listed Directory Number:
Time Ranges	Associated CM SIP Entity:
Routing Policies	Overall Managed Bandwidth
Dial Patterns 🗸 🗸	Managed Bandwidth Units: Kbit/sec 🔻
Regular Expressions	Total Bandwidth:
	Multimedia Bandwidth:
Defaults	Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth: 🛛 🕜

The following screen shows the location details for the location named *Avaya SBCE*. Later, this location will be assigned to the SIP Entity corresponding to the Avaya SBCE. Other location parameters (not shown) retained the default values.

AVAYA Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users 🗸 🎤 Elements 🗸 🌣 Services 🗸   Widgets 🗸 Shortcuts 🗸
Home Routing	
Routing ^	Location Details
Domains	General
Locations	* Name: Avaya SBCE
Conditions	Notes: VMware Avaya SBCE
Adaptations Y	Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode
SIP Entities	Enabled:
Entity Links	Listed Directory Number:
Time Ranges	Associated CM SIP Entity:
Routing Policies	Overall Managed Bandwidth
Dial Patterns Y	Managed Bandwidth Units: Kbit/sec 🔻
Regular Expressions	Total Bandwidth:
	Multimedia Bandwidth:
Defaults	Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth: 🛛 🖉

### 6.4. Adaptations

In order to improve interoperability with third party elements, Session Manager 8.1 incorporates the ability to use Adaptation modules to remove specific headers that are either Avaya proprietary or deemed excessive/unnecessary for non-Avaya elements.

For the compliance test, an Adaptation named *CM\_Outbound\_Header\_Removal* was created to block the following headers from outbound messages, before they were forwarded to the Avaya SBCE: AV-Correlation-ID, Alert-Info, Endpoint-View, P-AV-Message-ID, P-Charging-Vector and P-Location. These headers contain private information from the enterprise, which should not be propagated outside of the enterprise boundaries. They also add unnecessary size to outbound messages, while they have no significance to the service provider.

Navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Adaptations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

- Adaptation Name: Enter an appropriate name.
- Module Name: Select the *DigitConversionAdapter* option.
- Module Parameter Type: Select Name-Value Parameter.

Click **Add** to add the name and value parameters, as follows:

- Name: Enter *eRHdrs*. This parameter will remove the specified headers from messages in the egress direction.
- Value: Enter "Alert-Info, P-Charging-Vector, AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, P-AV-Message-Id, P-Location, Endpoint-View".
- Click **Commit** to save.

The screen below shows the adaptation created for the compliance test. This adaptation will later be applied to the SIP Entity corresponding to the Avaya SBCE. All other fields were left at their default values.

Aura® System Manager 8.1	🛓 Users 🗸 🌾 Elements 🗸 🔅 Servio	ces v   Widgets v	Shortcuts V		Search 🔶 🗮	admin
Home Routing						
Routing ^	Adaptation Details			Com	mit Cancel	Help ?
Domains	General					
Locations	*	Adaptation Name: CM	_Outbound_Header_Remo	val	]	
Conditions		* Module Name: Dig	itConversionAdapter 🔻			
Adaptations ^		e Parameter Type: Na	me-Value Parameter 🔻			
		Ac	ld Remove			
Adaptations			Name	▲ V	alue	
Regular Expression			eRHdrs		"Alert-Info, P-Charging-Vector, AV-Global-Session-ID, AV- Correlation-ID, P-AV-Message-id, P-Location, Endpoint-View"	
SIP Entities		Sel	ect : All, None			

### 6.5. SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system connected to it, which includes Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE. Navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **SIP Entities** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **FQDN or IP Address:** Enter the FQDN or IP address of the SIP Entity that is used for SIP signaling (see **Figure 1**).
- **Type:** Select *Session Manager* for Session Manager, *CM* for Communication Manager and *SIP Trunk* (or *Other*) for the Avaya SBCE.
- Adaptation: This field is only present if **Type** is not set to **Session Manager** If Adaptations were to be created, here is where they would be applied to the entity.
- Location: Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in Section 6.3.
- **Time Zone:** Select the time zone for the location above.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen shows the addition of the *Session Manager* SIP Entity for Session Manager. The IP address of the Session Manager Security Module is entered in the **FQDN or IP** Address field.

AVAYA Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users 🗸 🎤 Elements 🗸 🏘 Services 🗸 📔 Widgets 🗸 Shortcuts 🗸
Home Routing	
Routing ^	SIP Entity Details
Domains	General
Locations	* Name: Session Manager
	* IP Address: 10.64.101.249
Conditions	SIP FQDN:
Adaptations ^	Type: Session Manager
Adaptations	Notes: VMware Session Manager
Regular Expression	Location: Session Manager
	Outbound Proxy:
SIP Entities	Time Zone:   America/New_York
Entity Links	Minimum TLS Version: Use Global Setting <b>v</b>

The following screen shows the addition of the *Communication Manager Trunk 2* SIP Entity for Communication Manager. In order for Session Manager to send SIP service provider traffic on a separate entity link to Communication Manager, the creation of a separate SIP entity for Communication Manager is required. This SIP Entity should be different than the one created during the Session Manager installation, used by all other enterprise SIP traffic. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the "**procr**" interface in Communication Manager, as seen in **Section 5.3**. For **Type** Select *CM* for Communication Manager. Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in **Section 6.3**. Select the **Time Zone**. Click **Commit** to save.

Avra® System Manager 8.1	Users 🗸 🎤 Elements 🗸 🔅 Services	; ∨   Widge	ets v Shortcuts v	
Home Routing				
Routing ^	SIP Entity Details			Commit Cance
Domains	General			
Locations		* Name:	Communication Manager Tr	unk 2
	* FQDN	or IP Address:	10.64.101.241	
Conditions		Type:	CM 🔻	
Adaptations ^		Notes:	Used for SP Testing	
Adaptations		Adaptation:		•
Regular Expression		Location:	Communication Manager <b>T</b>	
		Time Zone:	America/New_York	•
SIP Entities	* SIP Timer B/I	(in seconds):	4	
Entity Links	Minimur	n TLS Version:	Use Global Setting ▼	
	Cre	edential name:		
Time Ranges		Securable:		
Routing Policies	Call De	tail Recording:	none 🔻	

The following screen shows the addition of the Avaya SBCE SIP Entity for the Avaya SBCE:

- The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the SBC private network interface (see **Figure 1**).
- For **Type** Select *SIP Trunk*.
- On the **Adaptation** field, the adaptation module *CM\_Outbound\_Header\_Removal* previously defined in **Section 6.4** was selected.
- Select the location that applies to the SIP Entity being created, defined in Section 6.3.
- Select the **Time Zone**.
- Click **Commit** to save.

Avra® System	n Manager 8.1	占 Users	s 🗸 🍃 Element	s v 🔅	Services v	, Widge	ets v Shortcuts v		
Home	Routing								
Routing		ŝ	P Entity De	tails				C	ommit Cancel
Doma	iins	Ge	eneral					_	
Locati	ions					* Name:	Avaya SBCE		
					* FQDN or	IP Address:	10.64.101.243		
Condi	tions					Type:	SIP Trunk 🔻	]	
Adapt	tations	~				Notes:	VMware Avaya SBCE		
_					r				
SIP Er	ntities					Adaptation:	CM_Outbound_Header_R	emoval 🔻	
Entity	Links					Location:	Avaya SBCE	•	
-						Time Zone:	America/New_York	•	
Time	Ranges			* SIP T	imer B/F (	in seconds):	4		
Routir	ng Policies				Minimum 1	LS Version:	Use Global Setting <b>v</b>		
					Crede	ential name:			

### 6.6. Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described by an Entity Link. Two Entity Links were created; an entity link to Communication Manager for use only by service provider traffic and an entity link to the Avaya SBCE. To add an Entity Link, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Entity Links** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed:

- Name: Enter a descriptive name.
- SIP Entity 1: Select the Session Manager from the drop-down menu (Section 6.5).
- **Protocol:** Select the transport protocol used for this link (Section 5.6).
- **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager will receive SIP requests from the far-end (Section 5.6).
- **SIP Entity 2:** Select the name of the other system from the drop-down menu (**Section 6.5**).
- **Port:** Port number on which the other system receives SIP requests from Session Manager (Section 5.6).
- Connection Policy: Select Trusted to allow calls from the associated SIP Entity.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The screen below shows the Entity Link to Communication Manager. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used on the Communication Manager signaling group form in **Section 5.6**. *TLS* transport and port *5071* were used.

Aura® System Manager 8.1	占 Users	v 🌾 Elements v 🔅 S	ervices ~   Widgets ~ Shortcuts	~		Search	▲ ≡	admin
Home Routing								
Routing	^ Ent	tity Links			Comm	it Cancel		Help ?
Domains		-						
Locations	1 It	em 🛛 🥭					Filter:	Enable
Conditions		Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	DNS Overri
Adaptations	× 🗌	* Session_Manager_CM_Tru	* Q Session Manager	TLS V	* 5071	Communication Manager Trunk 2	* 5071	
SIP Entities	∢ ■ Sele	ct : All, None						Þ
Entity Links								
Time Ranges					Comm			
Routing Policies					Comm	it Cancel		

Avaya Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users \	🗸 🎤 Elements 🗸 🌣 S	ervices v   Widgets v	Shortcuts v				Search	▲ =	admin
Home Routing										
Routing ^	Ent	ity Links				Commi	t Cancel			Help ?
Domains	Ent					Comm	Cancer			
Locations	1 Ite	im : 🍣							Filter:	Enable
Conditions		Name	SIP Entity 1	Р	rotocol	Port	SIP Entity 2		Port	DNS Overri
Adaptations 🗸 🗸		* Session_Manager_ASBCE	* Q Session Manager		TLS 🔻	* 5061	* QAvaya SBCE		* 5061	
SIP Entities	∢ Selec	t : All, None								) - F
Entity Links										
Time Ranges						Commi	t Cancel			
Routing Policies						Comm	concer			

The Entity Link to the Avaya SBCE is shown below; *TLS* transport and port 5061 were used.

### 6.7. Routing Policies

Routing policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in **Section 6.5**. Two routing policies were added; an incoming policy with Communication Manager as the destination and an outbound policy with the Avaya SBCE as the destination. To add a routing policy, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Routing Policies** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). The following screen is displayed:

- In the **General** section, enter a descriptive **Name** and add a brief description under **Notes** (optional).
- In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, click **Select**. The **SIP Entity List** page opens (not shown). Choose the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies (**Section 6.5**) and click **Select**. The selected SIP Entity displays on the **Routing Policy Details** page as shown below.
- Use default values for remaining fields.
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screens show the Routing Policies for Communication Manager and the Avaya SBCE.

AVAYA Aura® System Manager 8.1	🛓 Users 🗸 🎤 Elements 🗸 🏟 Service	es v   Widgets v	Shortcuts v		Search	🜲 🗮   admin
Home Routing						
Routing ^	Routing Policy Details			Commit Cancel		Help ? 🔺
Domains						
Locations	General	* Name: To CM	1 Trunk 2			
Conditions		Disabled: 🗌				
Adaptations 🗸 🗸		* Retries: 0 Notes: For in	bound calls to CM via Tru	ink 2		
SIP Entities	SIP Entity as Destination					
Entity Links	Select					
Time Ranges	Name Communication Manager Trunk 2		FQDN or IP Address	Туре	Notes Used for SP Testing	
Routing Policies	Time of Day		10.04.101.241	CH	Osed for SP reading	
Dial Patterns 🗸 🗸	Add Remove View Gaps/Overlaps	5				
	1 Item   🍣					Filter: Enable
Regular Expressions	Ranking A Name Mo	n Tue Wed	Thu Fri Sat	Sun Start Time	End Time Notes	
Defaults	0 24/7 Select : All, None		Ø Ø Ø	@ 00:00	23:59 Time Range	24/7

Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users 🗸 🌾 Elements 🗸 🔅 Se	rvices v	w	idgets 🔻	Short	cuts v				Search		<b>=</b>   a	admin
Home Routing													
Routing ^	Routing Policy Detail	s						Cor	nmit Cancel			Hel	p? 🔺
Domains	General												1
Locations			* Nar	ne: Ava	ya SBCE	1							11
Conditions			Disabl	_									1
Adaptations 🗸 🗸 🗸		Retries: 0     Notes: For outbound calls to SP via ASBCE											
SIP Entities	SIP Entity as Destination												
Entity Links	Select												
Time Ranges	Name Avaya SBCE	FQDN or 10.64.1	r IP Addro 01.243	ess				Type SIP Tr	Notes unk VMware	Avaya SBCE			
Routing Policies	Time of Day												_
Dial Patterns 🗸 🗸	Add Remove View Gaps/Ove	erlaps											
	1 Item I											Filter: Enabl	e
Regular Expressions	Ranking 🔺 Name	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Start Time	End Time	Notes		
Defaults	0     24/7       Select : All, None	¢.	A.	1	×.	×.	×.	×.	00:00	23:59	Time Range 24	4/7	

# 6.8. Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns are needed to route specific calls through Session Manager. For the compliance test, dial patterns were needed to route calls from Communication Manager to the service provider and vice versa. Dial Patterns define which route policy will be selected for a particular call based on the dialed digits, destination domain and originating location. To add a dial pattern, navigate to **Routing**  $\rightarrow$  **Dial Patterns** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following, as shown in the screens below:

In the **General** section, enter the following values:

- **Pattern:** Enter a dial string that will be matched against the Request-URI of the call.
- Min: Enter a minimum length used in the match criteria.
- Max: Enter a maximum length used in the match criteria.
- **SIP Domain:** Enter the destination domain used in the match criteria, or select "**ALL**" to route incoming calls to all SIP domains.
- Notes: Add a brief description (optional).
- In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**. From the **Originating Locations and Routing Policy List** that appears (not shown), select the appropriate originating location for use in the match criteria (**Section 6.3**).
- Lastly, select the routing policy from the list that will be used to route all calls that match the specified criteria (**Section 6.7**). Click **Select** (not shown).
- Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen illustrates an example dial pattern used to verify inbound PSTN calls to Communication Manager. In the example, calls to 12-digit numbers starting with *525528*, arriving from location *Avaya SBCE*, used route policy *To CM Trunk 2* to Communication Manager. The SIP Domain was set to *avaya.lab.com*.

Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users 🗸 🌾 Elements 🗸 🌞 Ser	vices ~	Widgets v Sh	ortcuts ~			Sear	rch	🗶 🗮 🛛 admin
Home Routing									
Routing ^	Dial Pattern Details				Co	mmit Cancel			Help ?
Domains	General								
Locations		* Pa	attern: 525528						
Conditions			* Min: 6 * Max: 36						
Adaptations 🗸 🗸		Emergenc							
SIP Entities		SIP Do	omain: avaya.lab	.com 🔻					
Entity Links			Notes:						
Time Ranges	Originating Locations, Orig	jination Dia	l Pattern Sets	, and Routing	Policies				
Routing Policies	1 Item 🛛 🍣								Filter: Enable
Dial Patterns 🔨	Originating Location Name	Location	Origination Dial Pattern Set Name	Origination Dial Pattern Set Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
Dial Patterns	Avaya SBCE	VMware Avaya SBCE			To CM Trunk 2	0		Communication Manager Trunk 2	For inbound calls to CM via Trunk
Origination Dial Pat	Select : All, None							2	2

The example in this screen shows the 13-digit dialed numbers for outbound calls, beginning with *001*, arriving from the *Communication Manager* location, will use route policy *Avaya SBCE*, which sends the call out to the PSTN via Avaya SBCE and the service provider SIP trunk. The SIP Domain was set to *avaya.lab.com*.

Avra® System Manager 8.1	lsers v 🍃 Elements v 🔅 Services v	Widgets v Shor	rtcuts v		Search		🔳 🛛 admin
Home Routing							
Routing ^	Dial Pattern Details			Commit Cancel			Help ?
Domains	General						
Locations		* Pattern: 001					
Conditions		* Min: 13					
Adaptations 🗸 🗸	Emo	* Max: 13					
SIP Entities	[	SIP Domain: avaya.lab.c	om 🔻				
Entity Links		Notes:					
Time Ranges	Originating Locations, Originatio	n Dial Pattern Sets,	and Routing Po	olicies			
-	Add Remove						
Routing Policies	1 Item   🍣						Filter: Enable
Dial Patterns ^	Originating Location Name  Origina Location		Pattern Set	Routing Policy Rank Name	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
Dial Patterns	Communication Manager Commu Manage	nication		Avaya 0 SBCE 0		Avaya SBCE	For outbound calls to SP via ASBCE
Origination Dial Pat	Select : All, None						

Repeat the above procedures as needed to define additional dial patterns.

# 7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

This section describes the configuration of the Avaya SBCE. It is assumed that the initial installation of the Avaya SBCE, the assignment of the management interface IP Address and license installation have already been completed; hence these tasks are not covered in these Application Notes. For more information on the installation and initial provisioning of the Avaya SBCE consult the Avaya SBCE documentation in the **References** section.

**Note** - The configuration tasks required to support TLS transport for signaling and SRTP for media are beyond the scope of these Application Notes; hence it's not discussed in detail in this document. Consult reference [8] in the **References** section for additional information on this topic.

#### 7.1. System Access

Access the Session Border Controller web management interface by using a web browser and entering the URL **https://<ip-address>**, where **<ip-address>** is the management IP address configured at installation. Log in using the appropriate credentials.

AVAYA	Log In Username:
	Continue WELCOME TO AVAYA SBC
Session Border Controller for Enterprise	Unauthorized access to this machine is prohibited. This system is for the use authorized users only. Usage of this system may be monitored and recorded by system personnel. Anyone using this system expressly consents to such monitoring and
	is advised that if such monitoring reveals possible evidence of criminal activity, system personnel may provide the evidence from such monitoring to law enforcement officials.
	© 2011 - 2019 Avaya Inc. All rights reserved.

Once logged in, on the top left of the screen, under **Device:** select the device being managed, *Avaya\_SBCE* in the sample configuration.

Device: EMS → Alarms	Incidents Status 🗸 Logs 🗸	Diagnostics Us	ers		Settings 🗸	Help 🗸	Log Out
EMS Avaya_SBCE	ler Controller for	Enterpris	9			AN	/AYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management System Administration Backup/Restore Monitoring & Logging	Dashboard						
	Information			Installed Devices			
	System Time	03:45:41 PM EST	Refres	EMS			
	Version	8.0.1.0-10-17555		Avaya_SBCE			
	Build Date	Tue Jul 30 22:53:51 U	ITC 2019				
	License State	Ø OK					
	Aggregate Licensing Overages	0					
	Peak Licensing Overage Count	0					
	Last Logged in at	12/09/2019 13:28:41	EST				
	Failed Login Attempts	0					
	Active Alarms (past 24 hours)			Incidents (past 24 hours)		_	
	None found.			None found.			
							Add
	Notes		No	notes found.			

The left navigation pane contains the different available menu items used for the configuration of the Avaya SBCE. Verify that the status of the **License State** field is **OK**, indicating that a valid license is present. Contact an authorized Avaya sales representative if a license is needed.

Device: Avaya_SBCE 🗸	Alarms	Incidents St	tatus 🖌 🛛 L	.ogs 🗸	Diagnostics	Users			Settings 🗸	Help 🖌	Log Out
Session Bor	der C	Controlle	er for	Ent	erprise					AV	/AYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters > Configuration Profiles > Services > Domain Policies		Dashboard									
TLS Management		Information						Installed Devices			
Network & Flows	:	System Time		12:23:2	8 PM EST	Refr	resh	EMS			
<ul> <li>DMZ Services</li> <li>Monitoring &amp; Logging</li> </ul>	`	Version		8.0.1.0-	10-17555			Avaya_SBCE			
- monitoring a Logging		Build Date		Tue Jul	30 22:53:51 UTC	C 2019					
	Ē	License State		🕏 OK	]						
		Aggregate Licensin	ig Overages	0							
		Peak Licensing Ove	erage Count	0							
		Last Logged in at		12/12/2	019 13:38:24 ES	т					
		Failed Login Attemp	pts	0							
		Active Alarms (past	t 24 hours)					Incidents (past 24 hours)	_		
		None found.						Avaya_SBCE: No Subscriber Flow	Matched		

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### 7.2. Device Management

To view current system information, select **Device Management** on the left navigation pane. In the reference configuration, the device named *Avaya\_SBCE* is shown. The management IP address that was configured during installation is blurred out for security reasons; the current software version is shown. The management IP address needs to be on a subnet separate from the ones used in all other interfaces of the Avaya SBCE, segmented from all VoIP traffic. Verify that the **Status** is *Commissioned*, indicating that the initial installation process of the device has been previously completed, as shown on the screen below.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ~	Alarms Incidents Status - Logs -	Diagnostics Us	sers			Settings 🗸	Help 🗸	Log Out
Session Bord	er Controller for Ente	rprise					A	/AYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management	Device Management							
Backup/Restore ▹ System Parameters	Devices Updates SSL VPN Licen	nsing Key Bundles	5					
<ul> <li>Configuration Profiles</li> <li>Services</li> </ul>	Device Name	Management IP	Version	Status				
<ul> <li>Domain Policies</li> <li>TLS Management</li> </ul>	Avaya_SBCE		8.0.1.0-10- 17555	Commissioned	Reboot Shutdown	Restart Application View	w Edit Unir	stall
Network & Flows								
DMZ Services								
Monitoring & Logging								

To view the network configuration assigned to the Avaya SBCE, click **View** on the screen above. The **System Information** window is displayed, containing the current device configuration and network settings. Note that **DNS configuration** is required for this solution.

		Sys	stem Informa	tion: Avaya_SBCE				x
General Configurat	tion ———	C Devic	e Configurati	on	۱۲ <b>L</b>	icense Allocation —		
Appliance Name	Avaya_SBCE	НА М		No		Standard Sessions Requested: 2000	1000	
Box Type	SIP	Two E	Bypass Mode	No		Advanced Sessions Requested: 2000	1000	
Deployment Mode	Proxy					Scopia Video Sessions Requested: 500	500	
					( F	CES Sessions Requested: 0	0	
					F	Transcoding Sessions Requested: 0	0	
					(	CLID		
						Encryption Available: Yes	$\checkmark$	
Network Configura	Public IP		Ne	twork Prefix or Subnet Mas	isk	Gateway		Interface
					isk	2	_	
10.64.101.243	10.64.101.24	,	20	5.255.255.0		10.64.101.1		A1 A1
								A1
								B1 B1
40.40.00.54	40.40.00.54		05	5 055 055 400		40.40.00.4		
10.10.80.51	10.10.80.51		25	5.255.255.128		10.10.80.1		B1
C DNS Configuration	I ————	_ Manag	gement IP(s)	]	1			
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8	IP #1	(IPv4)					
Secondary DNS	7.7.7.7				1			
DNS Location	DMZ							
DNS Client IP	10.10.80.51							

The highlighted IP addresses in the **System Information** screen shown above are the ones used for the SIP trunk to Clearcom and are the ones relevant to these Application Notes. Other IP addresses assigned to the Avaya SBCE **A1** and **B1** interfaces are used to support remote workers and other SIP trunks, and they are not discussed in this document. Also note that for security purposes, any public IP addresses used during the compliance test have been masked in this document.

In the reference configuration, the private interface of the Avaya SBCE (10.64.101.243) was used to connect to the enterprise network, while its public interface (10.10.80.51) was used to connect to the public network. See **Figure 1**.

On the **License Allocation** area of the **System Information**, verify that the number of **Standard Sessions** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise. The number of sessions and encryption features are primarily controlled by the license file installed.

# 7.3. TLS Management

Transport Layer Security (TLS) is a standard protocol that is used extensively to provide a secure channel by encrypting communications over IP networks. It enables clients to authenticate servers or, optionally, servers to authenticate clients. UC-Sec security products utilize TLS primarily to facilitate secure communications with remote servers.

It is assumed that generation and installation of certificates and the creation of TLS Profiles on the Avaya SBCE have been previously completed, as it's not discussed in this document. Refer to item [8] in Section 11.

# 7.4. Network Management

The network configuration parameters should have been previously specified during installation of the Avaya SBCE. In the event that changes need to be made to the network configuration, they can be entered here.

Select **Network Management** from the **Network & Flows** on the left-side menu. On the **Networks** tab, verify or enter the network information as needed.

Note that in the configuration used during the compliance test, the IP addresses assigned to the private (10.64.101.243) and public (10.10.80.51) sides of the Avaya SBCE are the ones relevant to these Application Notes.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ~ A	larms 1 Incidents	Status 🗸 Logs	✓ Diagnostics	Users	Settings 🗸	Help 🗸 Log Out
Session Bord	er Controll	er for En	terprise			AVAYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters > Configuration Profiles	Network Man	agement				
<ul> <li>Services</li> <li>Domain Policies</li> </ul>	Name	Gateway	Subnet Mask / Prefix Length	Interface	IP Address	Add
<ul> <li>TLS Management</li> <li>Network &amp; Flows</li> </ul>	Network_A1	10.64.101.1	255.255.255.0	A1	10.64.101.243,	Edit Delete
Network Management Media Interface Signaling Interface	Network_B1	10.10.80.1	255.255.255.128	B1	10.10.80.51	Edit Delete

On the **Interfaces** tab, verify the **Administrative Status** is **Enabled** for the **A1** and **B1** interfaces. Click the buttons under the **Status** column if necessary, to enable the interfaces.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ~ A	larms 1 Incidents S	Status 🗸 🛛 Logs 🖌 🛛	Diagnostics Users	s Se	ttings 🗸 He	lp 🖌 Log Out
Session Bord	er Controlle	r for Enter	prise			avaya
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters	Network Manag					
<ul><li>Configuration Profiles</li><li>Services</li></ul>	Interface Name	VLAN	Tag	Status		Add VLAN
<ul> <li>Domain Policies</li> <li>TLS Management</li> </ul>	A1			Enabled		
<ul> <li>Network &amp; Flows</li> <li>Network</li> </ul>	A2 B1			Disabled Enabled		
Management Media Interface	B2			Disabled		
Signaling Interface						

# 7.5. Media Interfaces

Media Interfaces were created to specify the IP address and port range in which the Avaya SBCE will accept media streams on each interface. Packets leaving the interfaces of the Avaya SBCE will advertise this IP address, and one of the ports in this range as the listening IP address and port in which it will accept media from the Call Server or the trunk server.

To add the Media Interface in the enterprise direction, select **Media Interface** from the **Network & Flows** menu on the left-hand side, click the **Add** button (not shown).

• On the Add Media Interface screen, enter an appropriate Name for the Media Interface.

- Under **IP** Address, select from the drop-down menus the network and IP address to be associated with this interface.
- The **Port Range** was left at the default values of *35000-40000*.
- Click **Finish**.

	Add Media Interface	X
Name	Private_med	
IP Address	Network_A1 (A1, VLAN 0)	
Port Range	35000 - 40000	
	Finish	

A Media Interface facing the public side was similarly created with the name *Public\_med*, as shown below.

- Under **IP Address**, the network and IP address to be associated with this interface was selected.
- The **Port Range** was left at the default values.
- Click **Finish**.

	Add Media Interface	x
Name	Public_med	
IP Address	Network_B1 (B1, VLAN 0)	
Port Range	35000 - 40000	
	Finish	

### 7.6. Signaling Interfaces

Signaling Interfaces are created to specify the IP addresses and ports in which the Avaya SBCE will listen for signaling traffic in the connected networks.

To add the Signaling Interface in the enterprise direction, select **Signaling Interface** from the **Network & Flows** menu on the left-hand side, click the **Add** button (not shown).

- On the Add Signaling Interface screen, enter an appropriate Name for the interface.
- Under **IP Address**, select from the drop-down menus the network and **IP** address to be associated with this interface.
- Enter *5061* for **TLS Port**, since TLS port 5061 is used to listen for signaling traffic from Session Manager in the sample configuration, as defined in **Section 6.6**.
- Select a **TLS Profile**.
- Click **Finish**.

	Add Signaling Interface X
Name	Private_sig
IP Address	Network_A1 (A1, VLAN 0)
TCP Port Leave blank to disable	
UDP Port Leave blank to disable	
TLS Port Leave blank to disable	5061
TLS Profile	New_ServiceProvider_Server_TLS V
Enable Shared Control	
Shared Control Port	
	Finish

A second Signaling Interface with the name *Public\_sig* was similarly created in the service provider's direction.

- Under **IP** Address, select from the drop-down menus the network and IP address to be associated with this interface.
- Enter *5061* for **TLS Port**, since TLS port 5061 is used to listen for signaling traffic from Clearcom in the sample configuration.
- Select a **TLS Profile**.
- Click **Finish**.

	Add Signaling Interface	X
Name	Public_sig	
IP Address	Network_B1 (B1, VLAN 0)	
TCP Port Leave blank to disable		
UDP Port Leave blank to disable		
TLS Port Leave blank to disable	5061	
TLS Profile	Clearcom_Cert	
Enable Shared Control		
Shared Control Port		
	Finish	

### 7.7. Server Interworking

Interworking Profile features are configured to facilitate the interoperability between the enterprise SIP-enabled solution (Call Server) and the SIP trunk service provider (Trunk Server).

#### 7.7.1. Server Interworking Profile – Enterprise

Interworking profiles can be created by cloning one of the pre-defined default profiles, or by adding a new profile. To configure the interworking profile in the enterprise direction, select **Configuration Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **Server Interworking** on the left navigation pane. Under **Interworking Profiles**, select *avaya-ru* from the list of pre-defined profiles. Click **Clone** (not shown).

Device: Avaya_SBCE × Ala		Ŭ		nostics	Users		Setti	
Session Borde EMS Dashboard Device Management	Interworking Pro		-	nse				
Backup/Restore								
System Parameters	Interworking Profiles	It is not recomm	nended	to edit the	e defaults. Try cloning	or adding a new profile in:	stead.	
<ul> <li>Configuration Profiles</li> </ul>	cs2100	General Tin	ners	Privacy	URI Manipulation	Header Manipulation	Advance	
Domain DoS	avaya-ru			_	_		_	
Server Interworking	OCS-Edge-Server	General			NG			
Media Forking	cisco-ccm	Hold Support				DNE		
Routing	cups	180 Handling				None		
Topology Hiding	OCS-FrontEnd-S	181 Handling				None		
Signaling Manipulation		182 Handling 183 Handling			None			
URI Groups SNMP Traps	Avaya-SM				None			
Time of Day Rules	Avaya-IPO	Refer Handling			No	No		
FGDN Groups	Avaya-CS1000	URI Grou	ıp		No	ne		
Reverse Proxy Policy	Avaya-CM	Send Hol	ld		No			
Services	SP-General	Delayed	Offer		Ye	s		
Domain Policies		3xx Handling			No			
TLS Management		Diversion	Heade	r Support	No			
Network & Flows		Delayed SDF	<sup>o</sup> Handli	ing	No			
DMZ Services		Re-Invite Har	ndling		No			
Monitoring & Logging		Prack Handli	ng		No			
		Allow 182	X SDP		No			
		T.38 Support			No			
		URI Scheme			SI	5		
		Via Header F				C3261		
						Edit		

- Enter a descriptive name for the cloned profile.
- Click Finish.

Profile Name	avaya-ru	
Clone Name	Avaya-SM ×	

The **Advaced** tab settings are shown on the screen below:

Device: Avaya_SBCE 🗸 Alai	ms Incidents Status	s ✔ Logs ✔ Diagnostics	Users Setting
Session Borde	r Controller	for Enterprise	
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore	Interworking Prot	files: Avaya-SM	
<ul> <li>System Parameters</li> <li>Configuration Profiles</li> </ul>	Interworking Profiles cs2100	General Timers Privacy	Click here to add a description. URI Manipulation Header Manipulation Advanced
Domain DoS Server Interworking	avaya-ru OCS-Edge-Server	Record Routes	Both Sides
Media Forking Routing Topology Hiding	cisco-ccm cups	Include End Point IP for Conte Extensions Diversion Manipulation	ext Lookup Yes Avaya No
Signaling Manipulation URI Groups	OCS-FrontEnd-S	Has Remote SBC Route Response on Via Port	Yes
SNMP Traps Time of Day Rules	Avaya-IPO Avaya-CS1000	Relay INVITE Replace for SIPI	
FGDN Groups Reverse Proxy Policy ▶ Services	Avaya-CM SP-General	DTMF	
<ul> <li>Domain Policies</li> <li>TLS Management</li> </ul>		DTMF Support	None
<ul> <li>Network &amp; Flows</li> <li>DMZ Services</li> </ul>		L	
Monitoring & Logging			

#### 7.7.2. Server Interworking Profile – Service Provider

A second interworking profile in the direction of the SIP trunk was created, by adding a new profile in this case. Select **Global Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **Server Interworking** on the left navigation pane and click **Add** (not shown).

- Enter a descriptive name for the new profile.
- Click Next.

	Interworking Profile	X
Profile Name	SP-General ×	
	Next	

• Click **Next** until the last tab is reached then click **Finish** on the last tab leaving remaining fields with default values (not shown).

	Interworking Profile	x
General		
Hold Support	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>RFC2543 - c=0.0.0.0</li> <li>RFC3264 - a=sendonly</li> </ul>	
180 Handling	● None ○ SDP ○ No SDP	
181 Handling	● None ○ SDP ○ No SDP	
182 Handling	● None ○ SDP ○ No SDP	
183 Handling	● None ○ SDP ○ No SDP	
Refer Handling		
URI Group	None 🗸	
Send Hold		
Delayed Offer	V	
3xx Handling		
Diversion Header Support		
Delayed SDP Handling		
Re-Invite Handling		
Prack Handling		
Allow 18X SDP		
T.38 Support		
URI Scheme	● SIP ○ TEL ○ ANY	
Via Header Format	● RFC3261 ○ RFC2543	
	Back Next	

Device: Avaya_SBCE ➤ Ala	rms Incidents Stati	ıs ✔ Logs ✔ Diagnostics Users	5	Settings 🗸
Session Borde	r Controller	for Enterprise		
EMS Dashboard	Interworking Pro	files: SP-General		
Device Management	Add			Renam
Backup/Restore				Tonda
System Parameters	Interworking Profiles		Click here to add a description.	
<ul> <li>Configuration Profiles</li> </ul>	cs2100	General Timers Privacy URI M	anipulation Header Manipulati	on Advance
Domain DoS Server Interworking	avaya-ru	Record Routes	Both Sides	
Media Forking	OCS-Edge-Server	Include End Point IP for Context Lookup	o No	
Routing	cisco-ccm	Extensions	None	
Topology Hiding	cups	Diversion Manipulation	No	
Signaling Manipulation URI Groups	OCS-FrontEnd	Has Remote SBC	Yes	
SNMP Traps	Avaya-SM	Route Response on Via Port	No	
Time of Day Rules	Avaya-IPO	Relay INVITE Replace for SIPREC	No	
FGDN Groups	Avaya-CS1000	MOBX Re-INVITE Handling	No	
Reverse Proxy Policy	Avaya-CM			
Services	SP-General	DTMF		
Domain Policies	JF-General	DTMF Support	None	
TLS Management			Edit	
Network & Flows			Luit	

The **Advaced** tab settings are shown on the screen below:

# 7.8. Signaling Manipulation

The Signaling Manipulation feature of the Avaya SBCE allows an administrator to perform granular header manipulations on the headers of the SIP messages, which sometimes is not possible by direct configuration on the web interface. This ability to configure header manipulation in such a highly flexible manner is achieved by the use of a proprietary scripting language called SigMa.

The script can be created externally as a regular text file and imported in the Signaling Manipulation screen, or they can be written directly in the page using the embedded Sigma Editor. In the reference configuration, the Editor was used. A detailed description of the structure of the SigMa scripting language and details on its use is beyond the scope of these Application Notes. Consult reference [8] in the **References** section for more information on this topic.

A single Sigma script was created during the compliance test to correct the following interoperability issues (refer to **Section 2.2**):

- Copy the destination DID number present in the "To" header of incoming calls to the "Request-URI" header.
- Include the SIP trunk credential's username in the "From" header of all outbound calls.
- Remove the "gsid" and "epv" parameters from outbound "Contact" headers.
- Remove the P-Location header.

The scripts will later be applied to the Server Configuration profile corresponding to the Service Provider (toward Clearcom) in **Section 7.9.2**.

To create the SigMa script on the left navigation pane, select Configuration Profiles  $\rightarrow$  Signaling Manipulation. From the Signaling Manipulation Scripts list, select Add.

- For **Title** enter a name, the name *Clearcom\_Script* was chosen in this example.
- Copy and paste the entire script shown below.
- Click Save.

//Replace Username in "REQUEST-LINE" with "TO" number on Inbound within session "ALL"

```
{
act on message where %DIRECTION="INBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="PRE_ROUTING"
{
```

```
%HEADERS["Request_Line"][1].URI.USER = %HEADERS["To"][1].URI.USER;
}
```

```
//Insert Username in the FROM header on Outbound within session "ALL"
```

```
{
act on request where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and
%ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
{
```

```
HG; Reviewed:
SPOC 4/29/2020
```

```
%fromuser = %HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER;
%HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER = "user123";
}
//Remove gsid and epv parameters in outbound Contact header
//Remove P-Location parameter
within session "ALL"
{
    act on message where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and
    %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
    {
    remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.PARAMS["gsid"]);
    remove(%HEADERS["Contact"][1].URI.PARAMS["epv"]);
    remove(%HEADERS["P-Location"][1]);
```

} }

### 7.9. Server Configuration

Server Profiles are created to define the parameters for the Avaya SBCE peers; Session Manager (Call Server) at the enterprise and Clearcom SIP Proxy (Trunk Server).

#### 7.9.1. Server Configuration Profile – Enterprise

From the **Services** menu on the left-hand navigation pane, select **SIP Servers** and click the **Add** button (not shown) to add a new profile for the Call Server.

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the screen below.
- Click Next.



- On the Edit SIP Server Profile General tab select *Call Server* from the drop-down menu under the Server Type.
- On the **IP Addresses / FQDN** field, enter the IP address of the Session Manager Security Module (Section 6.5).
- Enter *5061* under **Port** and select *TLS* for **Transport**. The transport protocol and port selected here must match the values defined for the Entity Link to the Session Manager previously created in **Section 6.6**.
- Select a **TLS Profile**.
- Click Next.

Edit Serv	ver Configuration Prof	ile - General	x
Server Type	Call Server	~	
SIP Domain			
DNS Query Type	NONE/A 🗸		
TLS Client Profile	New_RemoteWo	orkerClientProfile 🗸	
			Add
IP Address / FQDN	Port	Transport	
10.64.101.249	5061	TLS	► Delete
	Back Next		

- Click **Next** until the **Add Server Configuration Profile Advanced** tab is reached (not shown).
- On the Add Server Configuration Profile Advanced tab:
  - Check *Enable Grooming*.
  - Select *Avaya-SM* from the **Interworking Profile** drop-down menu (Section 7.7.1).
- Click **Finish**.

Add S	IP Server Profile - Advanced
Enable DoS Protection	
Enable Grooming	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>
Interworking Profile	Avaya-SM 🔹
Signaling Manipulation Script	None •
Securable	
Enable FGDN	
TCP Failover Port	5060
TLS Failover Port	5061
Tolerant	
URI Group	None •
	Back Finish

#### 7.9.2. Server Configuration Profile – Service Provider

Similarly, to add the profile for the Trunk Server, click the **Add** button on the **Server Configuration** screen (not shown).

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the screen below (*Service Provider TLS* was used).
- Click Next.

	Add Server Configuration Profile	X
Profile Name	Service Provider TLS	
	Next	

- On the Edit Server Configuration Profile General Tab select *Trunk Server* from the drop-down menu for the Server Type.
- On the **IP Addresses / FQDN** field, enter *sip.clearcom.mx* (Clearcom SIP proxy server FQDN). This information was provided by Clearcom.
- Enter 5061 under Port and select TLS for Transport.
- Select a **TLS Profile**.
- Click Next.

Edit	SIP Server Profile -	General	Х
Server Type	Trunk Server	T	
SIP Domain			
DNS Query Type	NONE/A <b>•</b>		
TLS Client Profile	Clearcom_Cert	t 🔹	
			Add
IP Address / FQDN	Port	Transport	
sip.clearcom.mx	5061	TLS	▼ Delete
	Back	t	

On the Add SIP Server Profile - Authentication tab:

- Check the **Enable Authentication** box.
- Enter the **User Name** credential provided by the service provider for SIP trunk registration.
- Enter the **Realm** credential provided by the service provider for SIP trunk registration. Note that the Service Provider's Domain Name was used.
- Enter **Password** credential provided by the service provider
- for SIP trunk registration.
- Click Next.

Add SIP Serv	ver Profile - Aut
Enable Authentication	
User Name	user123
Realm (Leave blank to detect from server challenge)	clearcom.mx
Password	••••
Confirm Password	••••
E	Back

• Click Next on the Add Server Configuration Profile - Heartbeat window (not shown).

#### On the Add SIP Server Profile - Registration tab:

- Check the **Register with All Servers** box.
- **Frequency**: Enter the amount of time (in seconds) between REGISTER messages that will be sent from the enterprise to the Service Provider Proxy Server to refresh the registration binding of the SIP trunk. This value should be chosen in consultation with the service provider. **120** seconds was the value used during the compliance test.
- The **From URI** and **To URI** entries for the REGISTER messages are built using the following:
  - **From URI**: Use the **User Name** entered above in the **Authentication** screen (*user123*) and the Service Provider's domain name (*clearcom.mx*), as shown on the screen below.
  - **To URI**: Use the **User Name** entered above in the **Authentication** screen (*user123*) and the Service Provider's domain name (*clearcom.mx*), as shown on the screen below.

Add		X	
Register with All Servers	×.		
Register with Priority Server			
Refresh Interval	120	seconds	
From URI	user123@clearcom.mx		
To URI	user123@clearcom.mx		
	Back		

- Click Next.

Click Next on the Add SIP Server Profile - Ping window (not shown).

On the Add SIP Server Profile - Advanced window:

- Uncheck Enable Grooming.
- Select *SP-General* from the **Interworking Profile** drop-down menu (Section 7.7.2).
- Select the *Clearcom\_Script* from the **Signaling Manipulation Script** drop down menu (**Sections 7.8**).
- Click **Finish**.

Add SIF	P Server Profile - Advanced X
Enable DoS Protection	•
Enable Grooming	
Interworking Profile	SP-General
Signaling Manipulation Script	Clearcom_Script
Securable	
Enable FGDN	
TCP Failover Port	5060
TLS Failover Port	5061
Tolerant	•
URI Group	None
	Back

### 7.10.Routing

Routing profiles define a specific set of routing criteria that is used, in addition to other types of domain policies, to determine the path that the SIP traffic will follow as it flows through the Avaya SBCE interfaces. Two Routing Profiles were created in the test configuration, one for inbound calls, with Session Manager as the destination, and the second one for outbound calls, which are routed to the service provider SIP trunk.

#### 7.10.1. Routing Profile – Enterprise

To create the inbound route, select the **Routing** tab from the **Configuration Profiles** menu on the left-hand side and select **Add** (not shown).

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the example below.
- Click Next.

	Routing Profile	X
Profile Name	Route_to_SM	
	Next	

- On the **Routing Profile** tab, click the **Add** button to enter the next-hop address.
- Under **Priority/Weight** enter *1*.
- Under **SIP Server Profile**, select *Session Manager*. The **Next Hop Address** field will be populated with the IP address, port and protocol defined for the Session Manager Server Configuration Profile in **Section 7.9.1**.
- Defaults were used for all other parameters.
- Click **Finish**.

Routing Profile X						
URI Group	*	•	Time of Day	default	•	
Load Balancing	Priority	Ŧ	NAPTR			
Transport	None •		LDAP Routing			
LDAP Server Profile	None *		LDAP Base DI	N (Search) None *		
Matched Attribute Priority	*		Alternate Rout	ting 🖉		
Next Hop Priority	•		Next Hop In-D	lialog		
Ignore Route Header						
ENUM			ENUM Suffix			
					Add	
Priority / LDAP Search / Attribute	LDAP Search Regex Pattern	LDAP Search Regex Result	SIP Server Profile Next H	lop Address	Transport	
1			Session Manage • 10.64	.101.249:5061 (TLS) 🔹	None • Delete	
			Back Finish			

#### 7.10.2. Routing Profile – Service Provider

Back at the **Routing** tab, select **Add** (not shown) to repeat the process in order to create the outbound route.

- Enter an appropriate **Profile Name** similar to the example below (*Route\_to\_SP\_TLS* was used).
- Click Next.

	Routing Profile	X
Profile Name	Route_to_SP_TLS	
	Next	

- Under Load Balancing select DNS/SRV.
- Click the **Add** button to enter the next-hop address.
- Under SIP Server Profile, select Service Provider TLS.
- The Next Hop Address is populated automatically with *sip.clearcom.mx:5061 (TLS)*. Clearcom SIP Proxy FQDN, Port and Transport, Server Configuration Profile defined in Section 7.9.2.
- Click **Finish**

Routing Profile X						
URI Group	*	۲	Time	of Day	default •	
Load Balancing	DNS/SRV	¥	NAP	ſR		
Transport	None *		LDAF	Routing		
LDAP Server Profile	None <b>*</b>		LDAF	Base DN (Search)	None *	
Matched Attribute Priority	et.		Alter	nate Routing	×.	
Next Hop Priority			Next	Hop In-Dialog		
Ignore Route Header						
ENUM			ENU	M Suffix		
						Add
Priority / LDAP Search / Attribute		LDAP Search Regex Result	SIP Server Profile	Next Hop Address	Transpo	ort
			Service Provider <b>•</b>	sip.clearcom.mx:5	061 (TLS) Vone	▼ Delete
			Back Finish	]		

## 7.11.Topology Hiding

Topology Hiding is a security feature that allows the modification of several SIP headers, preventing private enterprise network information from being propagated to the untrusted public network.

Topology Hiding can also be used as an interoperability tool to adapt the host portion in the SIP headers to the IP addresses or domains expected on the service provider and the enterprise networks. For the compliance test, the default Topology Hiding Profile was cloned and modified accordingly. Only the minimum configuration required to achieve interoperability on the SIP trunk was performed. Additional steps can be taken in this section to further mask the information that is sent from the enterprise to the public network.

## 7.11.1. Topology Hiding Profile – Enterprise

To add the Topology Hiding Profile in the enterprise direction, select **Topology Hiding** from the **Configuration Profiles** menu on the left-hand side, select *default* from the list of pre-defined profiles and click the **Clone** button (not shown).

- Enter a **Clone Name** such as the one shown below.
- Click **Finish**.

	Clone Profile	X
Profile Name	default	1
Clone Name	Session_Manager	
	Finish	

On the newly cloned *Session\_Manager* profile screen, click the **Edit** button (not shown).

- For the, **From**, **To** and **Request-Line** headers, select *Overwrite* in the **Replace Action** column and enter the enterprise SIP domain *avaya.lab.com*, in the **Overwrite Value** column of these headers, as shown below. This is the domain known by Session Manager, defined in **Section 6.2**.
- Default values were used for all other fields.
- Click **Finish**.

		Edit Topology Hiding Profi	le	x
Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value	
То	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Overwrite	▼ avaya.lab.com	Delete
Record-Route	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete
Request-Line	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Overwrite	▼ avaya.lab.com	Delete
From	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Overwrite	▼ avaya.lab.com	Delete
Referred-By	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete
SDP	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete
Via	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete
Refer-To	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	T	Delete
		Finish		

#### 7.11.2. Topology Hiding Profile – Service Provider

To add the Topology Hiding Profile in the service provider direction, select **Topology Hiding** from the **Global Profiles** menu on the left-hand side, select *default* from the list of pre-defined profiles and click the **Clone** button (not shown).

- Enter a **Clone Name** such as the one shown below.
- Click **Finish**.

	Clone Profile	x
Profile Name	default	
Clone Name	Service_Provider	
	Finish	

On the newly cloned *Service\_Provider* profile screen, click the Edit button (not shown).

- For the, **From, To** and **Request-Line** headers, select *Overwrite* in the **Replace Action** column and enter the enterprise SIP domain *clearcom.mx*, in the **Overwrite Value** column of these headers, as shown below. This is the service provider's domain name.
- Default values were used for all other fields.
- Click **Finish**.

Edit Topology Hiding Profile X					
Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value		
From	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Overwrite	▼ clearcom.mx	Delete	
Record-Route	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete	
Refer-To	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	T	Delete	
То	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Overwrite	▼ clearcom.mx	Delete	
SDP	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete	
Referred-By	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	▼	Delete	
Via	▼ IP/Domain	▼ Auto	•	Delete	
Request-Line	▼ IP/Domain	Overwrite	▼ clearcom.mx	Delete	
Finish					

## 7.12. Domain Policies

Domain Policies allow the configuration of sets of rules designed to control and normalize the behavior of call flows, based upon various criteria of communication sessions originating from or terminating in the enterprise. Domain Policies include rules for Application, Media, Signaling, Security, etc.

## 7.12.1. Application Rules

Application Rules define which types of SIP-based Unified Communications (UC) applications the UC-Sec security device will protect voice, video, and/or Instant Messaging (IM). In addition, Application Rules define the maximum number of concurrent voice sessions the network will process in order to prevent resource exhaustion. From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **Application Rules**, click on the **Add** button to add a new rule.

- Under **Rule Name** enter the name of the profile, e.g., 2000 Sessions.
- Click Next.

	Application Rule	X
Rule Name	2000 Sessions	
	Next	

- Under Audio check *In* and *Out* and set the Maximum Concurrent Sessions and Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint to recommended values, the value of *2000* for Audio. Repeat for video if needed.
- Click **Finish**.

Application Rule			X		
Application Type	In	Out	Maximum Concurrent Sessions	Maximum Sessio Per Endpoint	ons
Audio			2000	2000	
Video					
Miscellaneous					
CDR Support	$\bigcirc$	off Radiu Cdr a			
RADIUS Profile	No	ne 🔻			
Media Statistics Support					
Call Duration		Setup Conne	ct		
RTCP Keep-Alive					
	Back	(	Finish		

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#### 7.12.2. Media Rules

Media Rules allow one to define RTP media packet parameters such as prioritizing encryption techniques and packet encryption techniques. Together these media-related parameters define a strict profile that is associated with other SIP-specific policies to determine how media packets matching these criteria will be handled by the Avaya SBCE security product. For the compliance test, two media rules (shown below) were used; one toward Session Manager and one toward the Service Provider.

To add a media rule in the Session Manager direction, from the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **Media Rules**.

- Click on the **Add** button to add a new media rule (not shown).
- Under **Rule Name** enter *SM\_SRTP*.
- Click **Next** (not shown).
- Under Audio Encryption, **Preferred Format #1**, select *SRTP\_AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80*.
- Under Audio Encryption, **Preferred Format #2**, select **RTP**.
- Under Audio Encryption, uncheck *Encrypted RTCP*.
- Under Audio Encryption, check *Interworking*.
- Repeat the above steps under Video Encryption, if needed.
- Under Miscellaneous verify that *Capability Negotiation* is checked.
- Click Next.

	Media Rule	
Audio Encryption		
Preferred Format #1	SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 V	
Preferred Format #2	RTP	
Preferred Format #3	NONE	
Encrypted RTCP		
MKI		
Lifetime Leave blank to match any value.	2^	
Interworking		
Video Encryption		
Preferred Format #1	SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 V	
Preferred Format #2	RTP	
Preferred Format #3	NONE	
Encrypted RTCP		
МКІ		
Lifetime Leave blank to match any value.	2^	
Interworking		
Miscellaneous		
Capability Negotiation		
	Back Next	

• Accept default values in the remaining sections by clicking **Next** (not shown), and then click **Finish** (not shown).

To add a media rule in the Service Provider direction, from the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **Media Rules**.

- Click on the **Add** button to add a new media rule (not shown).
- Under **Rule Name** enter *ServiceProvider\_SRTP* (not shown).
- Click **Next** (not shown).
- Under Audio Encryption, **Preferred Format #1**, select *SRTP\_AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80*.
- Under Audio Encryption, **Preferred Format #2**, select **RTP**.
- Under Audio Encryption, uncheck *Encrypted RTCP*.
- Under Audio Encryption, check *Interworking*.
- Repeat the above steps under Video Encryption.
- Under Miscellaneous verify that *Capability Negotiation* is checked.
- Click Next.

M	edia Encryption
Audio Encryption	
Preferred Format #1	SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 V
Preferred Format #2	RTP
Preferred Format #3	NONE
SRTP Context Reset on SSRC Change	
Encrypted RTCP	
МКІ	
Lifetime Leave blank to match any value.	2^
nterworking	
/ideo Encryption	
Preferred Format #1	SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 V
Preferred Format #2	RTP
Preferred Format #3	NONE
RTP Context Reset on SSRC Change	
Incrypted RTCP	
ИКІ	
_ifetime .eave blank to match any value.	2^
nterworking	
Miscellaneous	
Miscellaneous Capability Negotiation	Ø
	Finish

## 7.12.3. Signaling Rules

For the compliance test, the **default** signaling rule was used.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ~ Ala	arms Incidents Status	s ♥ Logs ♥ Diagnostic	s Users		Settings 🗸	Help 🖌 Log Out
Session Borde	er Controller	for Enterpris	е			AVAYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore System Parameters Configuration Profiles Services Domain Policies Application Rules Border Rules Border Rules Border Rules Security Rules Security Rules End Point Policy Groups Session Policies TLS Management Network & Flows DMZ Services Monitoring & Logging	AddAddSignaling RulesGefaultNo-Content-TypeSessMgr_CM_SigOPTIONSRemote WorkersRemove_UpdateContactRemove PAIRemove PAI_1Remove RecordTest	It is not recommended to ed         General       Requests         Inbound       Requests         Non-2XX Final Responses       Optional Request Headers         Optional Response Headers       Outbound         Requests       Non-2XX Final Responses         Outbound       Requests         Non-2XX Final Responses       Optional Response Headers         Optional Request Headers       Optional Responses         Optional Response Headers       Optional Response Headers         Optional Response Headers       Optional Response Headers	Allow rs Allow Allow Allow a Allow rs Allow		Signaling QoS	
				Edit		

## 7.13.End Point Policy Groups

End Point Policy Groups associate the different sets of rules under Domain Policies (Media, Signaling, Security, etc.) to be applied to specific SIP messages traversing through the Avaya SBCE. Please note that changes should not be made to any of the default rules used in these End Point Policy Groups.

### 7.13.1. End Point Policy Group – Enterprise

To create an End Point Policy Group for the enterprise, select **End Point Policy Groups** under the **Domain Policies** menu and select **Add** (not shown).

- Enter an appropriate name in the **Group Name** field.
- Click Next.

	Policy Group	Х
Group Name	Enterprise	
	Next	

Under the **Policy Group** tab enter the following:

- Application Rule: 2000 Sessions (Section 7.12.1).
- Border Rule: default.
- Media Rule: *SM\_SRTP* (Section 7.12.2).
- Security Rule: *default-low*.
- Signaling Rule: *default* (Section 7.12.3).
- Click **Finish**.

Diagnosiica Osora	Policy Group X
Application Rule	2000 Sessions
Border Rule	default 🗸
Media Rule	SM_SRTP V
Security Rule	default-low 🗸
Signaling Rule	default
Charging Rule	None V
RTCP Monitoring Report Generation	Off V
	Back Finish

#### 7.13.2. End Point Policy Group – Service Provider

To create an End Point Policy Group for the Service Provider, select **End Point Policy Groups** under the **Domain Policies** menu and select **Add** (not shown).

- Enter an appropriate name in the Group Name field (*ServiceProvider\_SRTP* was used).
- Click Next.

	Policy Group	X
Group Name	ServiceProvider_SRTF	
	Next	

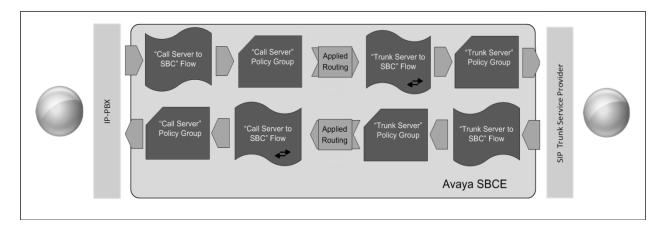
Under the **Policy Group** tab enter the following:

- Application Rule: 2000 Sessions (Section 7.12.1).
- Border Rule: *default*.
- Media Rule: ServiceProvider\_SRTP (Section 7.12.2).
- Security Rule: *default-low*.
- Signaling Rule: *default* (Section 7.12.3).
- Click Finish.

	Policy Group X
Application Rule	2000 Sessions V
Border Rule	default <b>v</b>
Media Rule	ServiceProvider_SRTP ▼
Security Rule	default-low <b>v</b>
Signaling Rule	default 🔻
Charging Rule	None <b>v</b>
RTCP Monitoring Report Generation	Off •
	Back Finish

## 7.14.End Point Flows

When a packet is received by Avaya SBCE, the content of the packet (IP addresses, URIs, etc.) is used to determine which flow it matches. Once the flow is determined, the flow points to a policy group which contains several rules concerning processing, privileges, authentication, routing, etc. Once routing is applied and the destination endpoint is determined, the policies for this destination endpoint are applied. The context is maintained, so as to be applied to future packets in the same flow. The following screen illustrates the flow through the Avaya SBCE to secure a SIP trunk call.



The **End-Point Flows** defines certain parameters that pertain to the signaling and media portions of a call, whether it originates from within the enterprise or outside of the enterprise.

#### 7.14.1. End Point Flow – Enterprise

To create the call flow toward the enterprise, from the **Device Specific** menu, select **End Point Flows**, then select the **Server Flows** tab. Click **Add** (not shown). The screen below shows the flow named *Session\_Manager\_Flow* created in the sample configuration. The flow uses the interfaces, policies, and profiles defined in previous sections. Note that the **Routing Profile** selection is the profile created for the Service Provider in **Section 7.10.2**, which is the reverse route of the flow. Click **Finish**.

Edit Fl	ow: Session_Manager_Flow
Flow Name	Session_Manager_Flow
SIP Server Profile	Session Manager 🔻
URI Group	*
Transport	* •
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Public_sig T
Signaling Interface	Private_sig •
Media Interface	Private_med
Secondary Media Interface	None
End Point Policy Group	Enterprise •
Routing Profile	Route_to_SP_TLS •
Topology Hiding Profile	Session_Manager <b>v</b>
Signaling Manipulation Script	None
Remote Branch Office	Any •
Link Monitoring from Peer	
	Finish

#### 7.14.2. End Point Flow – Service Provider

A second Server Flow with the name *SIP\_Trunk\_Flow\_TLS* was similarly created in the Service Provider direction. The flow uses the interfaces, policies, and profiles defined in previous sections. Note that the **Routing Profile** selection is the profile created for Session Manager in **Section 7.10.1**, which is the reverse route of the flow. Also note that there is no selection under the **Signaling Manipulation Script** field. Click **Finish**.

Edit	Flow: SIP_Trunk_Flow_TLS
Flow Name	SIP_Trunk_Flow_TLS
SIP Server Profile	Service Provider TLS V
URI Group	*
Transport	* •
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Private_sig
Signaling Interface	Public_sig
Media Interface	Public_med
Secondary Media Interface	None
End Point Policy Group	ServiceProvider_SRTP •
Routing Profile	Route_to_SM
Topology Hiding Profile	Service_Provider •
Signaling Manipulation Script	None
Remote Branch Office	Any 🔻
Link Monitoring from Peer	
	Finish

# 8. Clearcom SIP Trunking Service Configuration

To use Clearcom SIP Trunking Service, a customer must request the service from Clearcom using the established sales processes. The process can be started by contacting Clearcom via the corporate web site at: <u>http://www.clearcom.mx/</u>

During the signup process, Clearcom and the customer will discuss details about the preferred method to be used to connect the customer's enterprise network to Clearcom network.

Clearcom will provide the following information:

- SIP Trunk registration credentials (user name, password, SIP domain).
- Fully Qualified Domain Name of the Clearcom SIP proxy server.
- DID numbers.
- Public DNS IP addresses.
- Supported codecs and order of preference.
- Any IP addresses and port numbers used for signaling or media that will need access to the enterprise network through any security devices (firewall).
- Transport Layer Security (TLS) requirements (e.g., TLS certificate requirements).

# 9. Verification and Troubleshooting

This section provides verification steps that may be performed in the field to verify that the solution is configured properly. This section also provides a list of commands that can be used to troubleshoot the solution.

## 9.1. General Verification Steps

- Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active for more than 35 seconds. This time period is included to verify that proper routing of the SIP messaging has satisfied SIP protocol timers.
- Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active for more than 35 seconds.
- Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.

## 9.2. Communication Manager Verification

The following commands can be entered in the Communication Manager SAT terminal to verify the SIP trunk functionality:

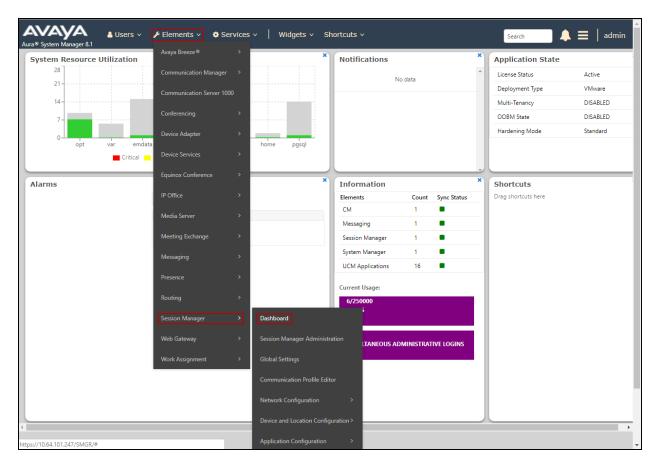
- **list trace station** <extension number> Traces calls to and from a specific station.
- **list trace tac** <trunk access code number> Trace calls over a specific trunk group.
- **status signaling-group** <signaling group number> Displays signaling group service state.
- **status trunk** <trunk group number> Displays trunk group service state.

• **status station** <extension number> Displays signaling and media information for an active call on a specific station.

## 9.3. Session Manager Verification

The Session Manager configuration may be verified via System Manager.

**Step 1** - Using the procedures described in **Section 6**, access the System Manager GUI. From the **Home** screen, under the **Elements** heading, select **Session Manager**, then select **Dashboard**.



# Step 2 - The Session Manager Dashboard is displayed. Note that the **Test Passed**, Alarms, Service State, and Data Replication columns all show good status.

In the **Entity Monitoring** column, Session Manager shows that there are **1** alarms out of the **7** Entities defined.

AVAYA Aura® System Manager 8.1	Users v	🖌 🎤 Elements 🗸	•	Servic	es ~	Widget	s∨ Sh	ortcuts v					Search		🕽 🗮 🛛 admin
Home Session Manager															
Session Manager ^	Ses	sion Manag	er D	ash	board										Help ?
Dashboard	This pa	age provides the overal n Manager.				/ of each ac	Iministered								
Session Manager Admi	Ses	sion Manager I	nstar	ices											
Global Settings	Ser	vice State 🔹 Sh	utdown	Systen	1 • E/	ASG -	As of 11:3	32 AM							
Communication Profile	1 Ite	m i 🍣 i Show 🛙 All 🤉	'												Filter: Enable
Network Configuration × Device and Location ×		Session Manager	Туре	Tests Pass	Alarms	Security Module	Service State	Entity Monitoring	Active Call Count	Registrations	Data Replication	User Data Storage Status	License Mode	EASG	Version
Application Configur 🗡		<u>Session</u> <u>Manager</u>	Core	•	0/0/0	Up	Accept New Service	1/7	0	0/0	×	~	Normal	Disabled	8.1.1.0.811021
System Status 🛛 🗸 🗸	Selec	t : All, None													
System Tools 🛛 🗸 🗸 🗸 🗸 🗸 V															
Performance Y															

Verify that the state of the Session Manager links under the **Conn. Status** and **Link Status** columns are *UP*, like shown on the screen below.

Avay Aura® System Manag		Users v	🗲 Elements 🗸 🔹 Services 🗸 ╞	Widgets v Sh	ortcuts v				Sea	rch 💄 🗏	admin
Home Sessi	on Manager										
Session Manager	^	Ses	sion Manager Entity Link (	Connection	Status						
Dashboard		This page displays detailed connection status for all entity links from a Session Manager.									
Session Mana	ger Admi				Status Details for the select	ed Sessi	on Mana	jer:			
Global Setting	IS	All E	ntity Links for Session Manager:	Session Mana	ger						
Communicati	on Profile	S	ummary View								
Network Con	iguration Y	7 Iter	ns 🛛								ilter: Enable
Device and Lo			SIP Entity Name	IP Address Family			Proto.			Reason Code	Link Status
Device and Lo	cation Y	0	Avaya SBCE	IPv4	10.64.101.243	5061	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
Application C	onfigur V	0	Avaya Experience Portal	IPv4	10.64.101.252	5061	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
ripplication o	- ingenin		Communication Manager Trunk 1	IPv4	10.64.101.241	5061	TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
System Status	~		AA-Messaging	IPv4	10.64.101.250	5060	TCP	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
			Communication Manager Trunk 2	IPv4 IPv4	10.64.101.241	5071 5065	TLS TLS	FALSE	UP	200 OK	UP
System Tools	~		Communication Manager Trunk 98	IPv4 IPv4	10.64.101.241	5065	UDP	FALSE	DOWN		DOWN
		-	<u>CS1K7.6</u>	1874	1/2.10.5.00	5085	ODP	FALSE	DOWN	408 Request Timeout	DOWN
Performance	~	Select	: None								

Other Session Manager useful verification and troubleshooting tools include:

- **traceSM** Session Manager command line tool for traffic analysis. Login to the Session Manager command line management interface to run this command.
- Call Routing Test The Call Routing Test verifies the routing for a particular source and destination. To run the routing test, from the System Manager Home screen navigate to Elements → Session Manager →System Tools → Call Routing Test. Enter the requested data to run the test.

## 9.4. Avaya SBCE Verification

There are several links and menus located on the taskbar at the top of the screen of the web interface that can provide useful diagnostic or troubleshooting information.

Device: Avaya_SBCE 🗸 🛛 A	larms Incidents Status ✔ L	ogs • Diagnostics	Users	Settings 🗸	Help 🖌 Log Out
Session Bord	er Controller for	Enterprise			AVAYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters > Configuration Profiles > Services > Domain Policies	Dashboard				
<ul> <li>TLS Management</li> <li>Network &amp; Flows</li> <li>DMZ Services</li> <li>Monitoring &amp; Logging</li> </ul>	Information System Time Version Build Date License State Aggregate Licensing Overages Peak Licensing Overage Count Last Logged in at Failed Login Attempts	10:29:22 AM EDT 8.0.1.0-10-17555 Tue Jul 30 22:53:51 UTC ♥ OK 0 0 09/26/2019 17:32:37 ED 0		Installed Devices EMS Avaya_SBCE	
	Active Alarms (past 24 hours) None found.			Incidents (past 24 hours) Avaya_SBCE: No Subscriber Flow Matched	

Alarms: This screen provides information about the health of the SBC.

The following screen shows the Alarm Viewer page.

						Help
Alarm View	er					AVAYA
Devices EMS	Alarms					
Avaya_SBCE	☑ ID	Details	State	Time	Device	
///dja_00002	No alarms found	for this device.				
			Clear Selected	Clear All		

Device: Avaya_SBCE V Ala	arms Incidents Status 🛩 L	ogs 🛩 Diagnostics	Users	Settings 🗸	Help 🖌 Log Out
Session Borde	er Controller for	Enterprise			AVAYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters > Configuration Profiles > Services > Domain Policies > TLS Management > Network & Flows	Dashboard			Installed Devices	
DMZ Services	System Time Version	10:29:22 AM EDT 8.0.1.0-10-17555	Refresh	EMS	
Monitoring & Logging	Build Date	Tue Jul 30 22:53:51 UTC	2019	Avaya_SBCE	
	License State	Ø 0K	2013		
	Aggregate Licensing Overages	0			
	Peak Licensing Overage Count	0			
	Last Logged in at	09/26/2019 17:32:37 ED	т		
	Failed Login Attempts	0			
	Active Alarms (past 24 hours) None found.			Incidents (past 24 hours) Avaya_SBCE: No Subscriber Flow Matched	

Incidents : Provides detailed reports of anomalies, errors, policy violations, etc.

The following screen shows the Incident Viewer page.

	Help
Incident Viewer	AVAYA
Device All  Category Authentication  Clear Filters Displaying results 0 to 0 out of 0.	Refresh Generate Report
ID Device Date & Time Category Type	Cause
No incidents found.	

**Diagnostics**: This screen provides a variety of tools to test and troubleshoot the Avaya SBCE network connectivity.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ~ Alarm	is Incidents Status ✔ L	ogs 🗸 Diagnostics	Users	Settings 🗸	Help 🖌 Log Out
Session Border	Controller for	Enterprise			AVAYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters > Configuration Profiles > Services > Domain Policies	Dashboard				ĺ
TLS Management	Information			Installed Devices	
<ul> <li>Network &amp; Flows</li> <li>DMZ Services</li> </ul>	System Time	10:29:22 AM EDT	Refresh	EMS	
<ul> <li>Monitoring &amp; Logging</li> </ul>	Version	8.0.1.0-10-17555		Avaya_SBCE	
including a Logging	Build Date	Tue Jul 30 22:53:51 UTC	2019		
	License State	Ø OK			
	Aggregate Licensing Overages	0			
	Peak Licensing Overage Count	0			
	Last Logged in at	09/26/2019 17:32:37 EDT	r		
	Failed Login Attempts	0			
	Active Alarms (past 24 hours)			Incidents (past 24 hours)	
	None found.			Avaya_SBCE: No Subscriber Flow Matched	

The following screen shows the Diagnostics page with the results of a ping test.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ~	Pinging 10.64.101.247	x	Help
Diagnostic		AVAYA	
Full Diagnostic Ping Test			
Outgoing pings from this device can only be	e sent via the primary IP (determined by the OS) of each resp	ective inter	face or VLAN.
Source Device / IP	A1 •		
Destination IP	10.64.101.247		
	Ping		

Additionally, the Avaya SBCE contains an internal packet capture tool that allows the capture of packets on any of its interfaces, saving them as *pcap* files. Navigate to **Monitor & Logging**  $\rightarrow$  **Trace**. Select the **Packet Capture** tab, set the desired configuration for the trace and click **Start Capture**.

Device: Avaya_SBCE 🗸 🥖	Narms Incidents Status 🛩 Logs 🗸	Diagnostics Users
Session Bord	er Controller for Ente	erprise
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore	Trace: Avaya_SBCE	
<ul> <li>System Parameters</li> <li>Configuration Profiles</li> <li>Services</li> <li>Domain Policies</li> </ul>	Packet Capture Configuration Status	Ready
TLS Management     Network & Flows     DMZ Services	Interface Local Address IP[:Port]	Any
Monitoring & Logging     SNMP     Syslog Management	Remote Address *, *:Port, IP, IP:Port Protocol	* All •
Debugging Trace Log Collection	Maximum Number of Packets to Capture Capture Filename Using the name of an existing capture will overwrite	Test Canture noan
DoS Learning CDR Adjunct		Start Capture Clear

Once the capture is stopped, click the **Captures** tab and select the proper *pcap* file. Note that the date and time is appended to the filename specified previously. The file can now be saved to the local PC, where it can be opened with an application such as Wireshark.

Device: Avaya_SBCE ➤	Alarms	Incidents	Status 🗸	Logs 🗸	Diagnostics	Users			Settings 🗸	Help 🗸	Log Out
Session Border Controller for Enterprise									A	AVAYA	
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore > System Parameters		ace: Avay		_							
<ul> <li>Configuration Profiles</li> <li>Services</li> </ul>		File Name					File Size (bytes	s) Last Modified			Refresh
<ul> <li>Domain Policies</li> <li>TLS Management</li> <li>Network &amp; Flows</li> </ul>		Test_Capture	_2020022511	3535.pcap			139,264	February 25,	2020 11:35:46 AM E	ST	Delete
<ul> <li>DMZ Services</li> <li>Monitoring &amp; Logging SNMP</li> </ul>											
Syslog Management Debugging Trace											
Log Collection DoS Learning											
CDR Adjunct											

Also, the **traceSBC** tool can be used to monitor the SIP signaling messages between the Service provider and the Avaya SBCE, this tool is especially useful when Transport Layer Security (TLS) is being used.

## 10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the procedures required to configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0, to connect to the Clearcom SIP Trunking service using TLS transport for signaling, as shown in **Figure 1**.

Interoperability testing of the sample configuration was completed with successful results for all test cases with the observations/limitations described in **Sections 2.1** and **2.2**.

# 11. References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes. Additional Avaya product documentation is available at <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>.

- [1] *Deploying Avaya Aura*® *Communication Manager* in a Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1.x, Issue 2, August 2019.
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, August 2019.
- [3] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager for Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, July 2019.
- [4] *Deploying Avaya Aura*® *System Manager* in a Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1.x, Issue 2, July 2019.
- [5] *Deploying Avaya Aura*® *Session Manager and Avaya Aura*® *Branch Session Manager* in a Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1., Issue 1, June 2019.
- [6] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 8.1, Issue 1, June 2019.
- [7] Deploying Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.0, Issue 3, July 2019.
- [8] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.0, Issue 1, February 2019.
- [9] Configuring Remote Workers with Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Rel. 7.0, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Rel. 7.0 and Avaya Aura® Session Managers Rel. 7.0 - Issue 1.0.
- [10] *Deploying and Updating Avaya Aura*® *Media Server Appliance*, Release 8.0.x, Issue 7, June 2019.
- [11] Implementing and Administering Avaya Aura® Media Server. Release 8.0.x, Issue 5, June 2019.
- [12] *Planning for and Administering Avaya Equinox for Android, iOS, Mac, and Windows.* Release 3.6, Issue 1, July 2019.
- [13] Administering Avaya one-X® Communicator. Release 6.2, Feature Pack 10, November 2015.
- [14] RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol, http://www.ietf.org/
- [15] *RFC 2833 RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals,* <u>http://www.ietf.org/</u>

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