

### Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

### Application Notes for Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN Switch connected to Avaya Distributed Office in a Converged VoIP and Data Network - Issue 1.0

### **Abstract**

These Application Notes describe the configuration of a Voice over IP (VoIP) solution using Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN Switch connected to an Avaya Distributed Office in an Avaya IP Telephony Environment. The Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN Switch was compliance-tested with Avaya Distributed Office with emphasis was placed on bandwidth management and traffic shaping in a converged VoIP and data network scenario.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

### 1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the configuration of a Voice over IP (VoIP) solution using Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switches connected to an Avaya Distributed Office in an Avaya IP Telephony Environment. Compliance testing emphasis was placed on maintaining the prioritization of VoIP traffic through bandwidth management and traffic shaping on the LinkProof Multi-WAN Switch in a converged VoIP and Data network scenario. Quality of Service (QoS) based on Layer 2 Priority (802.1p) and Layer 3 Differentiated Services (Diffserv) was implemented across the network to prioritize voice traffic over the LAN. The Avaya IP Telephones get QoS priority settings from Avaya Distributed Office and are enforced in the network by the LinkProof Switches. To verify VoIP traffic was give priority over data traffic, tests were performed by over subscribing the LAN interfaces with low priority data traffic and verifying that acceptable voice quality was achieved when calls were routed over all of the LAN interfaces. Compliance testing included verifying Switch failover, QoS, throughput, Multi-WAN connections, load balancing.

### 1.1. Radware LinkProof 3020 Switch

LinkProof optimizes and routes traffic across Internet links, moderating bandwidth loads to ensure connection fault tolerance and scalability. Utilizing compression, TCP session handling and caching, LinkProof accelerates application responsiveness. Securing all enterprise entry points and cleansing all link traffic, LinkProof delivers Denial of Service protection and intrusion prevention to insulate distributed applications, resources and users against attack.

### 2. Hardware Configuration

The configuration in **Figure 1** shows a multi site converged VoIP and data network with load balancing, Layer2/Layer3 QoS and Redundancy.

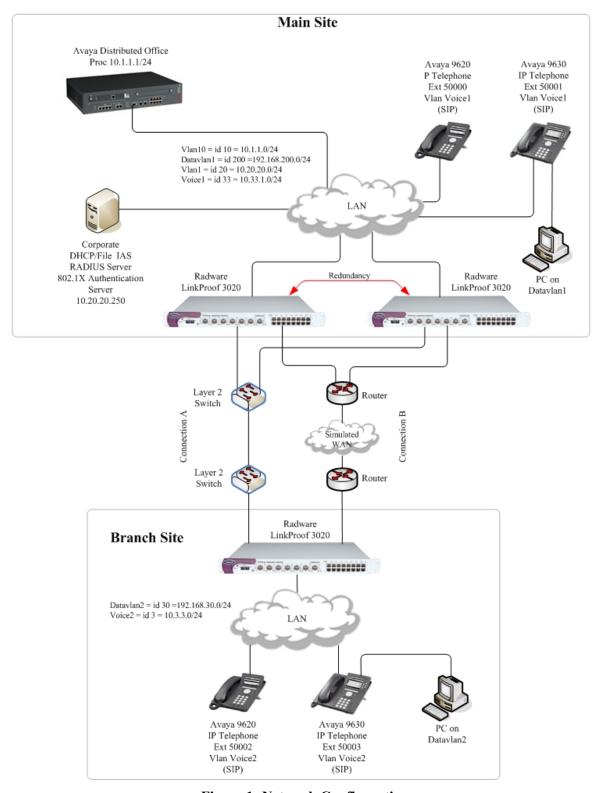
For compliance testing, a centralized corporate DHCP server was used. To better manage the different traffic types, the voice and data traffic were separated onto different VLANs.

### 2.1. Control Room

The Main Site consisted of two Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switches, Avaya Distributed Office, one Avaya 9630 IP, one Avaya 9620 IP and one Corporate DHCP/File Server. The corporate site provided a DHCP/File server for assigning IP network parameters and to download settings to the Avaya IP telephones. The LinkProof 3020 switches were configured to support load balancing, Layer2/Layer3 QoS and Redundancy.

### 2.2. Branch site

Lab-A consisted of a Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch, one Avaya 9630 IP Telephone, one Avaya 9620 IP and one PC on Datavlan2. The LinkProof 3020 switch was configured to support Layer2 and Layer3 QoS.



**Figure 1: Network Configuration** 

### 3. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software/firmware were used for the sample configuration provided:

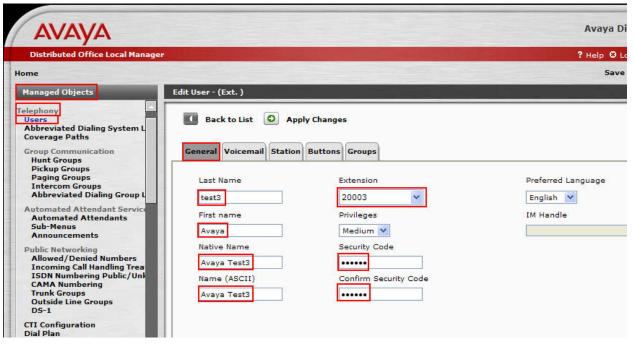
Equipment	Software/Firmware
Avaya Distributed Office i120 with	I120 sw.27.17.1
Avaya Distributed Office AM110 card	DO AM110 1.1.1_41.03
Avaya 9600 Series IP Telephones	Avaya one-X <sup>TM</sup> Deskphone SIP 1.5 (SIP)
Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch	FW-K.12.22

Note: This testing is also applicable to the same version of the Avaya Distributed Office i40.

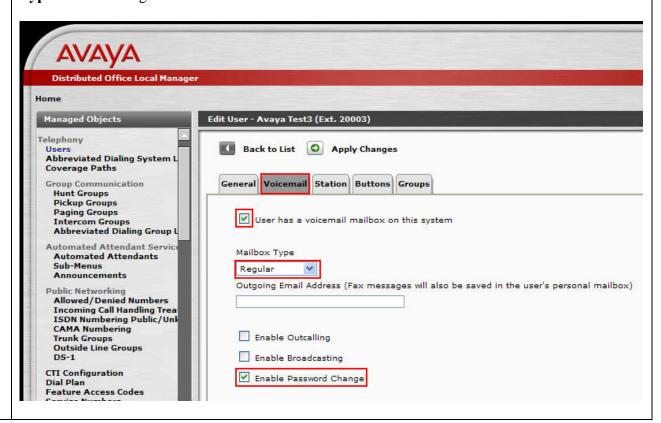
### 4. Avaya Distributed Office Configuration

Avaya Distributed Office is administered via a web interface. In the sample network the Avaya Distributed Office was assigned the IP address 10.1.1.1 and the URL http://10.1.1.1 was used to access the administration interface. For information on how to access and setup a factory default system, refer to [1].

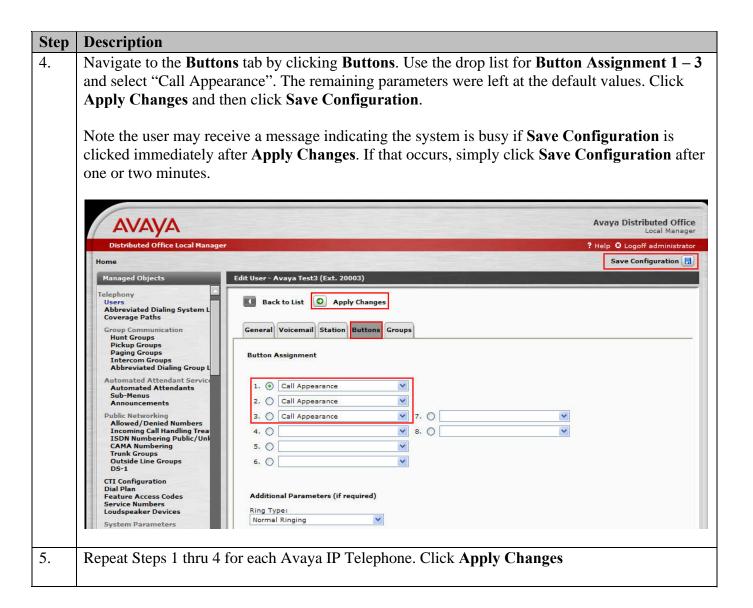
# 1. Navigate to the Edit User window by clicking Managed Object→Telephony→Users. Enter the values displayed below and then click Apply Changes. Last Name, First name and Native Name can be any descriptive text that identifies this user. Name (ASCII) may be populated with the same information that is entered in Native Name. Security Code and Confirm Security code. Use the drop-down list for Extension and select any available extension. The remaining parameters were left at the default values. Avaya Di



2. Navigate to the Voicemail tab by clicking Voicemail. Check the User has a voicemail mailbox on this system and Enable Password Change check boxes. Use the drop-down list for Mailbox Type to select "Regular". Press the Station tab to continue.



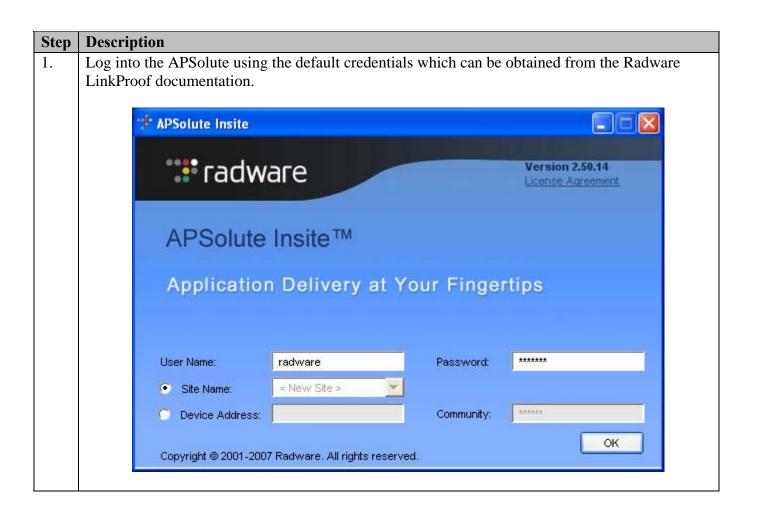
### **Description** Step Navigate to the Station tab by clicking Station. Use the drop-down list for Set Type to select 3. "1608-H323" and use the drop-down list for Coverage to select "VoiceMail". The remaining parameters were left at the default values. Press the **Buttons** tab to continue. **AVAYA** Avaya Distributed Office Local Manager ? Help € Home Sa Managed Objects Edit User - Avaya Test3 (Ext. 20003) Telephony Back to List O Apply Changes Abbreviated Dialing System L Coverage Paths Group Communication General Voicemail Station Buttons Groups **Hunt Groups** Pickup Groups Paging Groups Coverage Hot Line Abbreviated Dialing List Intercom Groups Abbreviated Dialing Group 1608-H323 VoiceMail 🔻 **Automated Attendant Service** Abrv. Group Dialing List Hot Line Target Automated Attendants Sub-Menus None Y **Announcements** Public Networking Allowed/Denied Numbers Incoming Call Handling Trea ISDN Numbering Public/Unl Extension to Cellular Cellular Number **CAMA Numbering** Trunk Groups Outside Line Groups DS-1 CTI Configuration **Feature Access Codes** Audible Message Waiting Fax or Modem ✓ Restrict Last Appearance Service Numbers **Loudspeaker Devices** Idle Appearance Preference ✓ Specific line FACs allowed ✓ Call Waiting Indication System Parameters

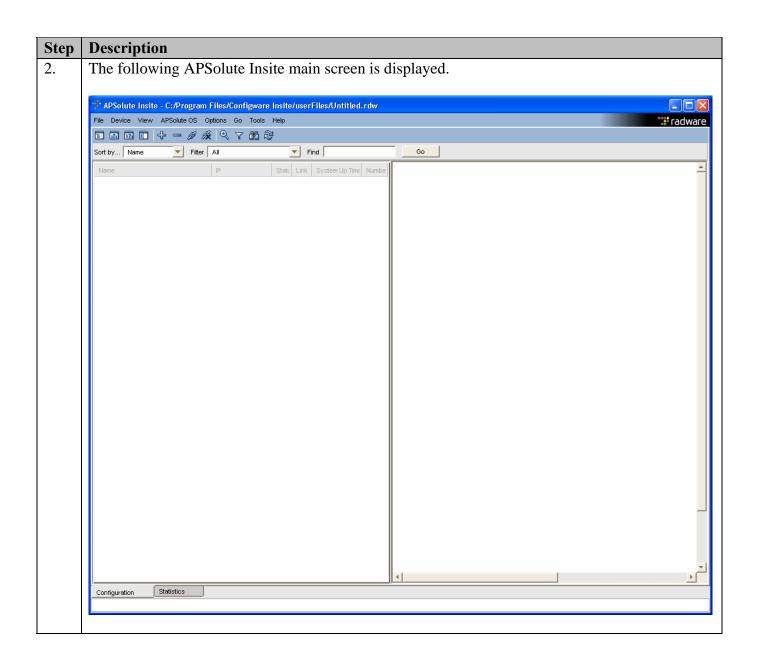


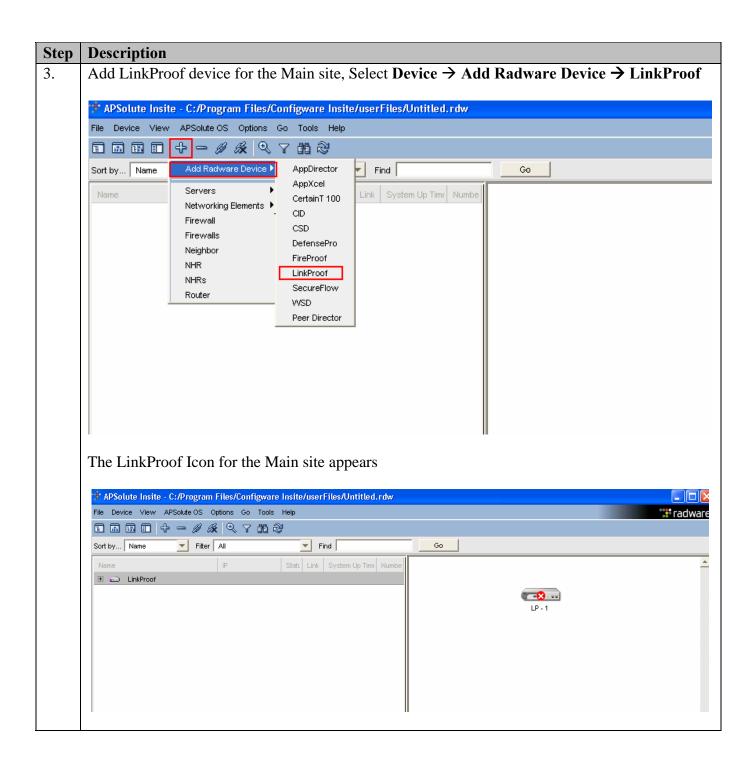
### 5. Configuration Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch

This section addresses how to configure the Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switches. Please refer to section [6] for basic setup and installation of the LinkProof Switch and the APSolute Insite software. This section will pertain to the configuration tested. Redundancy testing of a second LinkProof Switch, **Figure1**, was compliance tested but the configuration of the second LinkProof switch will not be covered in the document.

For this configuration different priorities were used for each route based on the speeds of the links. The following configuration uses the switched interface as the primary route with the routed interface as a standby which will only be used if the "main" route fails. If the routed interface on the LinkProof switch is configured to **Mode regular**, the interfaces will load balance between the two routes.







### Step **Description** Right click on the Main site LinkProof icon, Select Connect to the device. 4. \* APSolute Insite - C:/Program Files/Configware Insite/userFiles/Untitled.rdw File Device View APSolute OS Options Go Tools Help "# radware Sort by... Name Y Filter All \* Find Go \* State Line System Up Time Numb ⊞ → LinkProof

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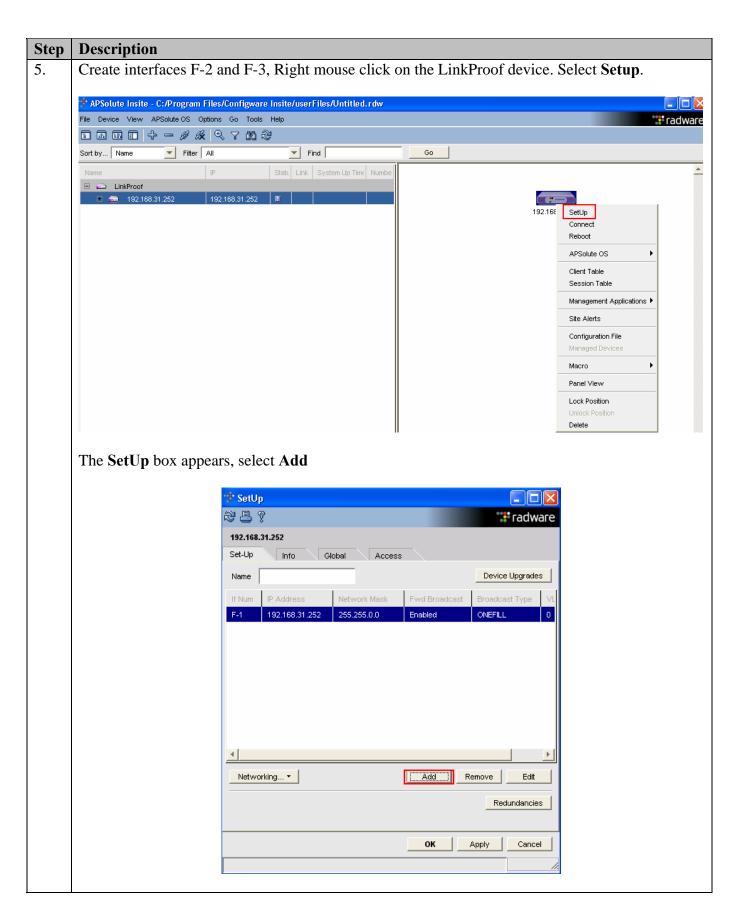
Client Table

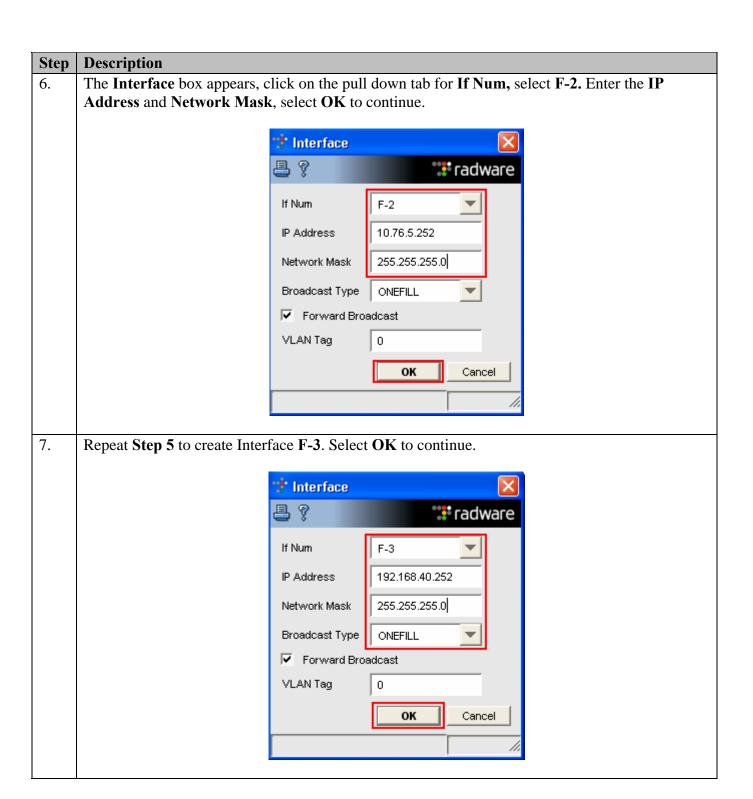
Configuration File Managed Devices

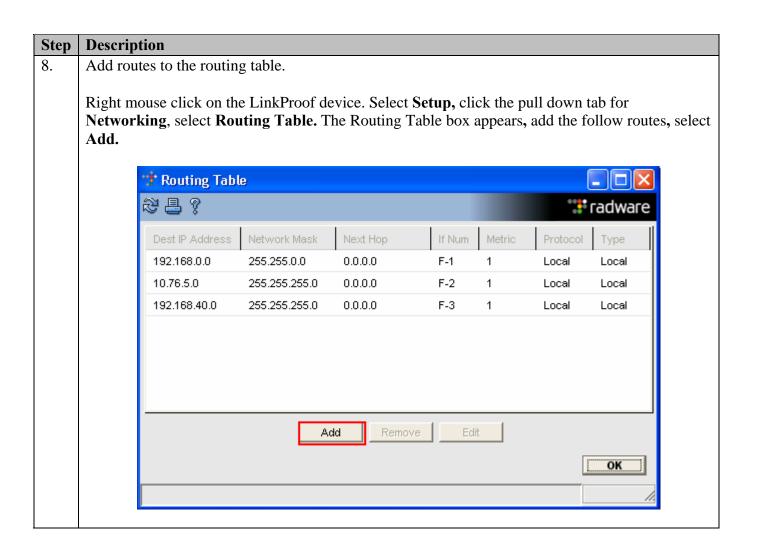
Delete

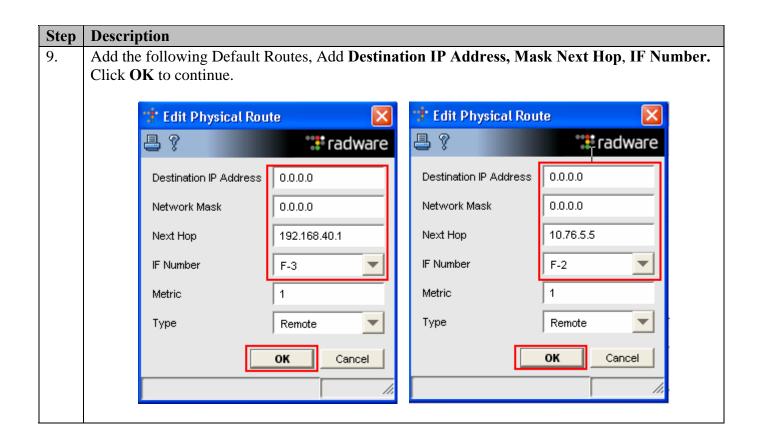
The Connect LP Device box appears, enter the IP address of the Main site LinkProof device, select **OK** to continue.

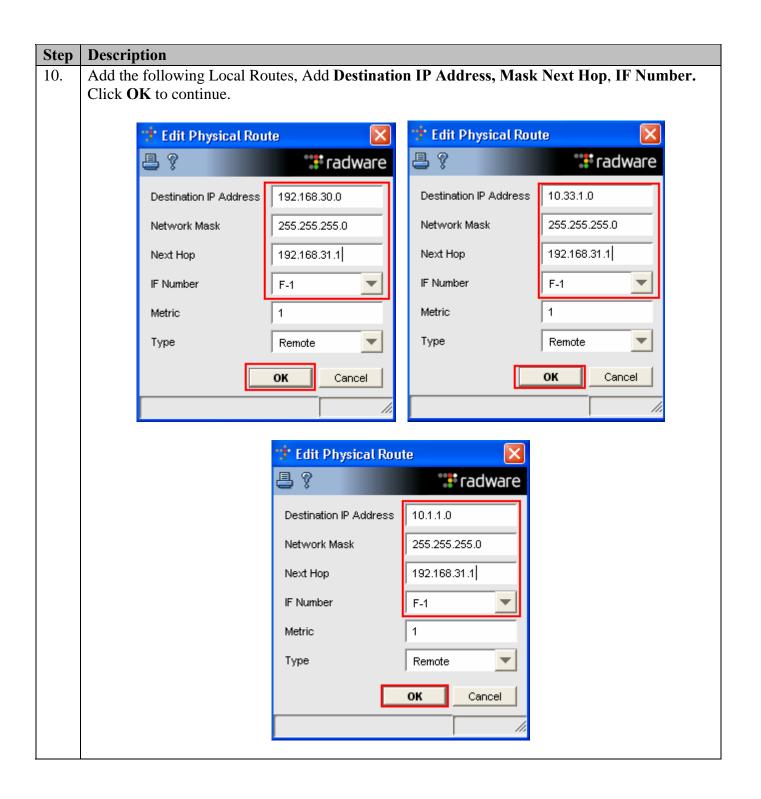




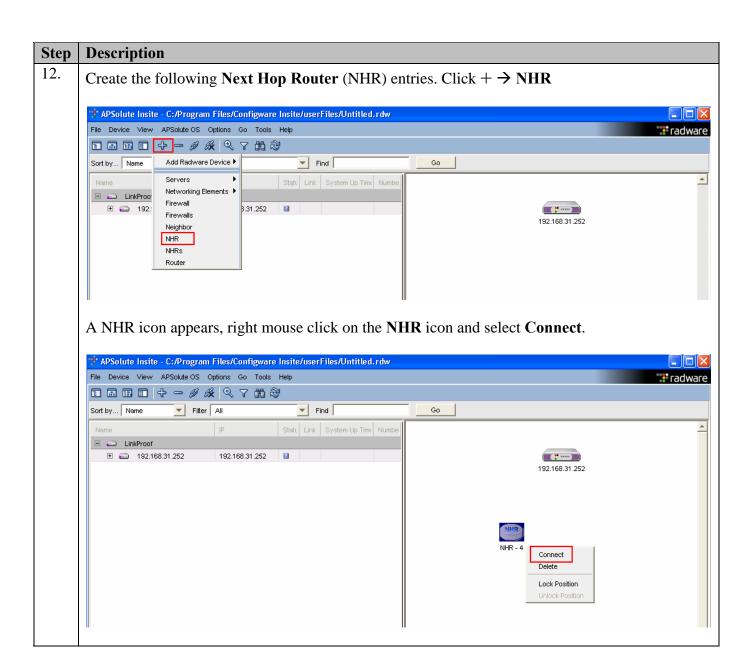






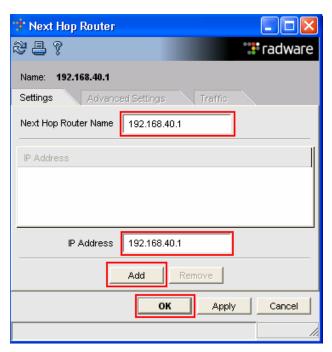


### **Description** Step Configure the Client Table Settings on the LinkProof device. 11. Right mouse click on the LinkProof device, select **Setup**, after the Setup box appears, select the Global tab, select Client Table Settings, then Edit Settings. Set the Following: a. Timeout for SYN (SEC) to Regular Aging Time b. Subnet Persistency Mask to 255.255.255.255 c. Check Select New NHR When Source Port Different d. Check NHR Tracking Table Status 🊏 Client Table Settings 2 🖺 🖓 🎏 radware 192.168.31.252 Timeout for SYN (Sec.) Regular Aging Time Client Mode Layer 4 Session Limit per Hash Entry 0 Client Aging Time 60 Aging By Port Clients Connect Denials Discarded Sessions 255.255.255.255 Subnet Persistency Mask Open Entry When Source Port Different Select New NHR When Source Port Different Session Tracking ✓ NHR Tracking Table Status Port Hashing Remove Entry at End of Session NHR Selection Override Override By Port ОΚ Apply Cancel 10.06.2008 12:04:29 Refresh action was succe

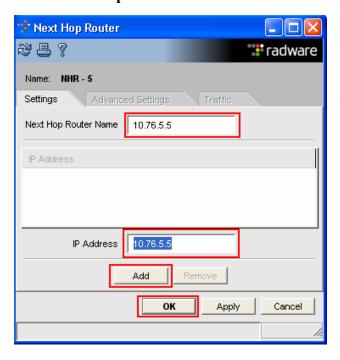


- 13. The **Next Hop Router** box appears, add the following information:
  - Next Hop Router Name to 192.168.40.1
  - IP Address to 192.168.40.1

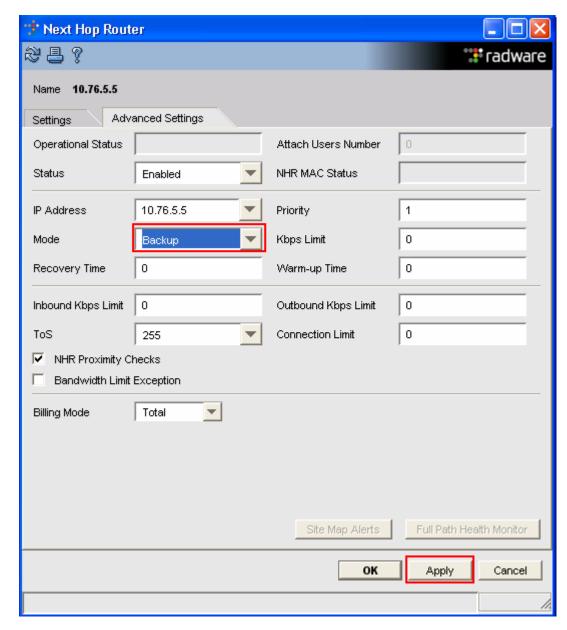
Select Add then OK to continue.



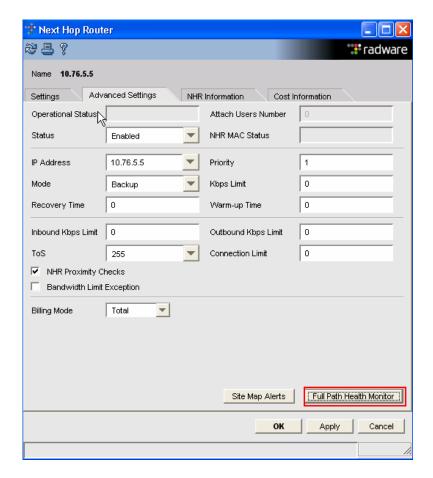
Repeat Step 12 to create the 2<sup>nd</sup> Next hop Router.



## Step Description 14. Link the LinkProof and the two Next Hop Routers. Holding down the left mouse button, sweep it over the LinkProof and the two Next Hop Routers, then ctrl-L. After the Next Hop Router boxes appear (2), starting with interface 10.76.5.5, click on the pull down tab for Mode and select Backup, Press Apply to continue.



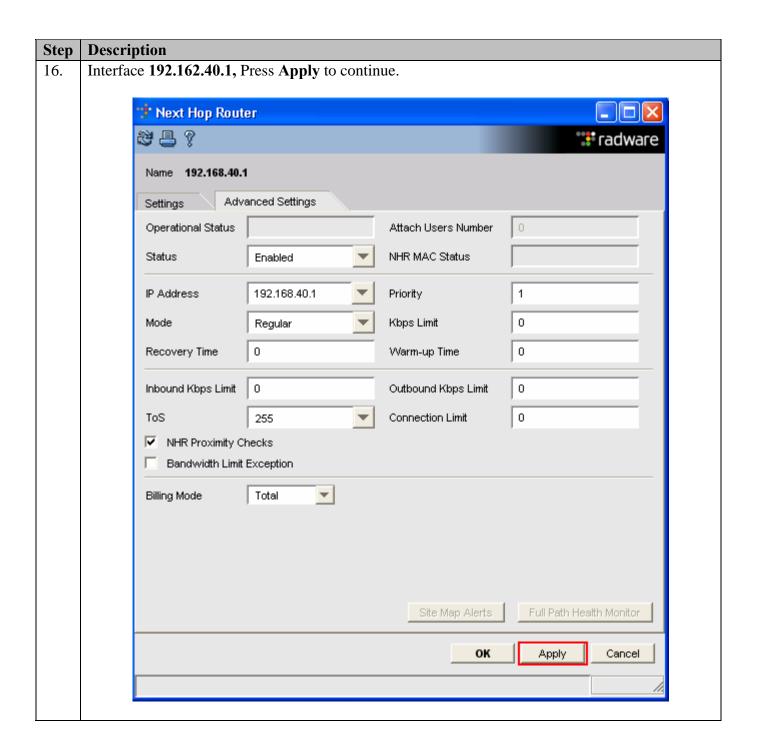
15. Another Next Hop Router box appears for interface 10.75.5.5. Select Full Path Health Monitor



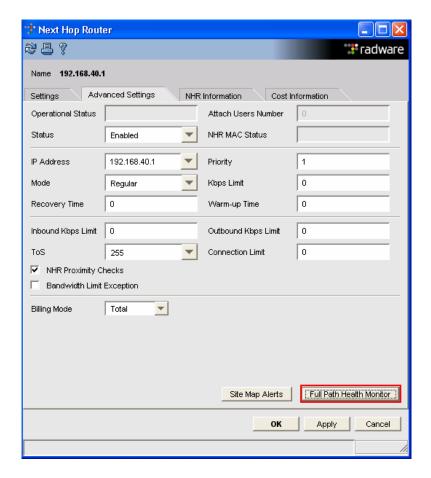
Add the **IP address** of the routers. Refer to **Figure1** for the IP addresses. Enter the IP address to the Check Address box, click Add, Repeat fort the second router address Click **OK** to continue.







17. Another **Next Hop Router** box appears for interface **192.162.40.1**. Select **Full Path Health Monitor.** 



Add the **IP address** of the router. Refer to **Figure1** for the IP addresses. Enter the IP address to the **Check Address** box, click Add, click **OK** to continue.

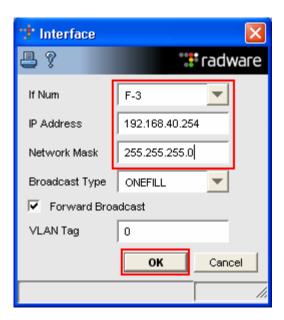


### **Description** Step Add LinkProof device for the Branch site, Select Device $\rightarrow$ Add Radware Device $\rightarrow$ 18. LinkProof. \* APSolute Insite - C:\Program Files\Configware Insite\userFiles\dddd.rdw File Device View APSolute OS Options Go Tools Help **:::** radware Find Sort by... Name AppDirector Go AppXcel CertainT 100 Networking Elements CID Firewall **....** CSD Firewalls 192.168.31.252 DefensePro Neighbor FireProof NHR LinkProof NHRs SecureFlow Router WSD Peer Director 192.168.40.1 The LinkProof icon for the Branch site should appear. \* APSolute Insite - C:\Program Files\Configware Insite\userFiles\dddd.rdw File Device View APSolute OS Options Go Tools Help 蹀 radware □ □ □ □ 中 → ∅ ※ 및 ▼ 間 ※ Sort by... Name Filter All Find Go Sta Lin System Up Nur **\* ....** 192.168.31.252 10.76.5.5 192.168.40.1 -X: uu

### Step **Description** Right click on the Branch LinkProof icon, Select Connect to the device. 19. \* APSolute Insite - C:\Program Files\Configware Insite\userFiles\dddd.rdw File Device View APSolute OS Options Go Tools Help **\*\*** radware Filter All Sort by... Name Find Go Sta Lin System Up Num .... 192.168.31.252 Connect 192.168.40.1 Client Table Management Applications > **₹** Site Alerts Managed Devices Lock Position Delete The Connect LP Device box appears, enter the IP address of the Branch LinkProof device, select **OK** to continue. 🍍 Connect LP Device ₽ % 🚏 radware 192.168.57.1 Device IP Address Device Community Name Use SNMPV3 Use SNMPV1 Offline Device ок Cancel

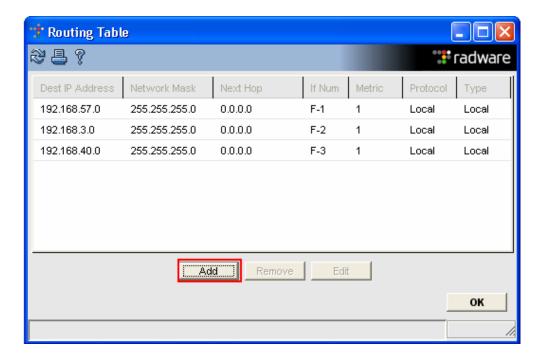
### Step **Description** Create interfaces F-2 and F-3, Right mouse click on the Branch LinkProof device. Select **Setup**. 20. \* APSolute Insite - C:\Program Files\Configware Insite\userFiles\dddd.rdw File Device View APSolute OS Options Go Tools Help ::: radware Sort by... Name ▼ Filter All Find Go Ste Lin System Uk Nur E : .... 192.168.31.252 10.76.5.5 192.168.40.1 (\* .....) SetUp Connect Reboot APSolute OS Client Table Session Table 21. The Interface box appears, click on the pull down tab for If Num, and select F-2. Enter the IP Address and Network Mask, select OK to continue. 🔭 Interface ₽ 🧖 🗱 radware If Num F-2 IP Address 192.168.3.1 Network Mask 255.255.255.0 Broadcast Type ONEFILL Forward Broadcast VLAN Tag 0 ок Cancel

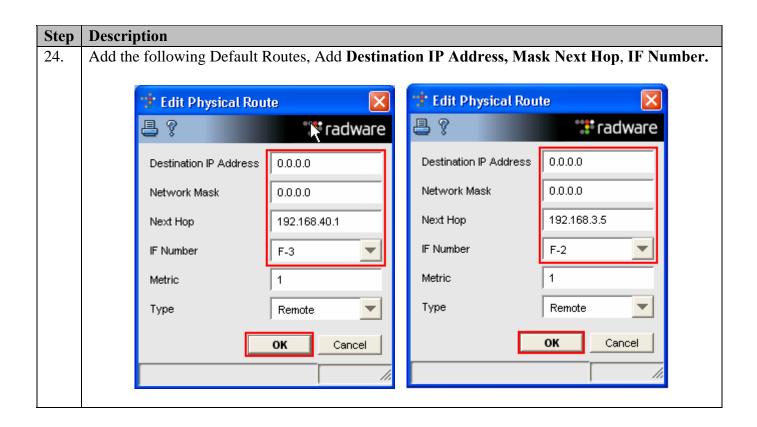
22. Repeat **Step 5** to create Interface **F-3**. Select **OK** to continue.



23. Add routes to the routing table.

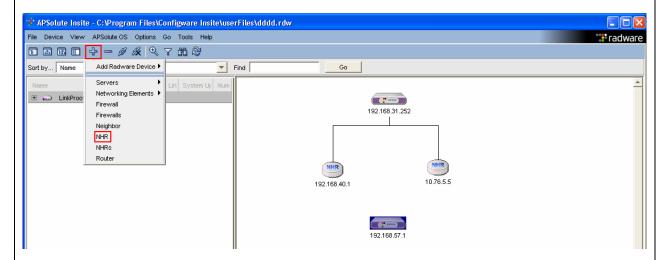
Right mouse click on the LinkProof device. Select **Setup**, click the pull down tab for **Networking**, select **Routing Table**. The Routing Table box appears, add the following routes, select **Add**.



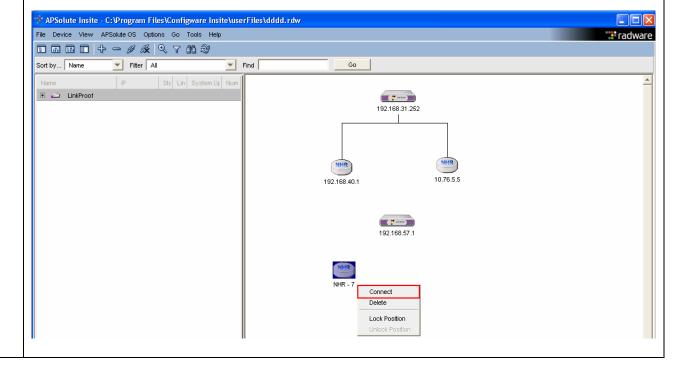


### Step **Description** 25. Configure the Client Table selections on the Branch LinkProof device. Right mouse click on the Branch LinkProof device, select Setup, after the Setup box appears, select the Global tab, select Client Table Settings, then Edit Settings. Set the Following: Timeout for SYN (SEC) to Regular Aging Time Subnet Persistency Mask to 255.255.255.255 **Check Select New NHR When Source Port Different Check NHR Tracking Table Status** 📜 Client Table Settings 🎏 radware 192.168.57.1 Timeout for SYN (Sec.) Regular Aging Time Client Mode Layer 3 Session Limit per Hash Entry Aging By Port Client Aging Time 60 Clients Connect Denials Discarded Sessions Subnet Persistency Mask 255.255.255.255 Open Entry When Source Port Different Select New NHR When Source Port Different Session Tracking NHR Tracking Table Status Remove Entry at End of Session NHR Selection Override Override By Port ок Apply Cancel

26. Create the following **Next Hop Router** (NHR) entries on the Branch LinkProof device. Click + → **NHR** 

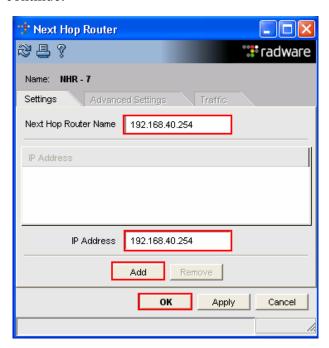


A NHR icon appears, right mouse click on the NHR icon and select Connect.



- 27. The **Next Hop Router** box appears, add the following information:
  - Next Hop Router Name to 192.168.40.254
  - IP Address to 192.168.40.254

Select Add then OK to continue.



Repeat Step 27 to create the 2<sup>nd</sup> Next hop Router.



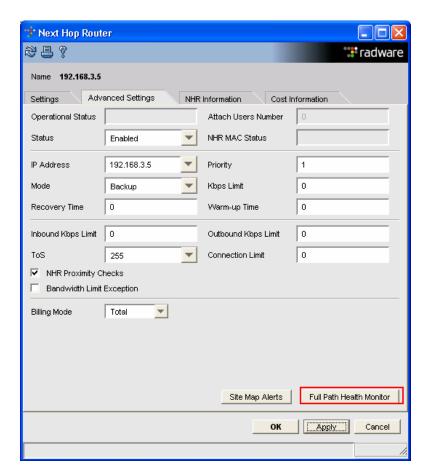
### **Description** Step 28. Link the Branch LinkProof and the two Branch Next Hop Routers. Holding down the left mouse button, sweep it over the Branch LinkProof and the two Branch Next Hop Routers, then ctrl-L. After the Next Hop Router boxes appear, starting with interface 192.168.3.5, click on the pull down tab for Mode and select Backup, Press Apply to continue. 撑 Next Hop Router 🏋 radware Name 192.168.3.5 Advanced Settings Settings Operational Status Attach Users Number Status NHR MAC Status Enabled IP Address 192.168.3.5 Priority 0 Kbps Limit Mode Backup 0 0 Recovery Time Warm-up Time Outbound Kbps Limit Inbound Kbps Limit 0 0 Connection Limit 0 ToS 255 NHR Proximity Checks Bandwidth Limit Exception Total Billing Mode Full Path Health Monitor Site Map Alerts

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Apply

Cancel

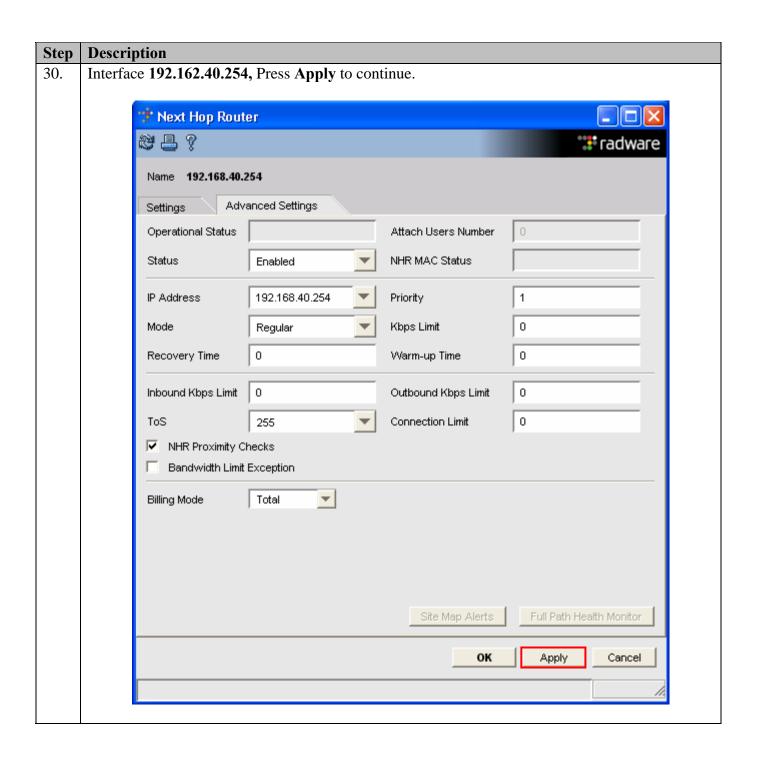
29. Another Next Hop Router box appears for interface 192.168.3.5. Select Full Path Health Monitor



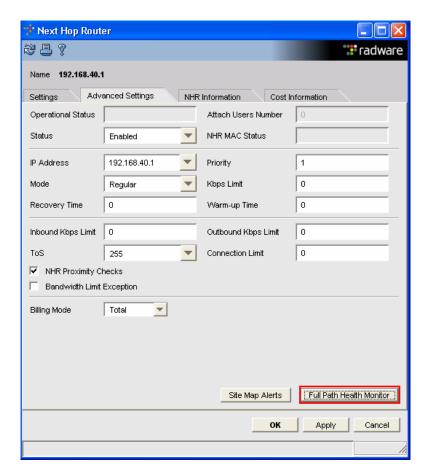
Add the **IP address** of the routers. Refer to **Figure1** for the IP addresses. Enter the IP address to the Check Address box, click add, Repeat fort the second router address Click **OK** to continue.



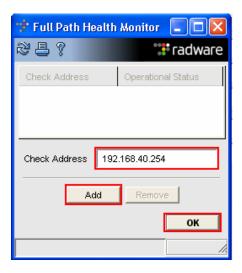


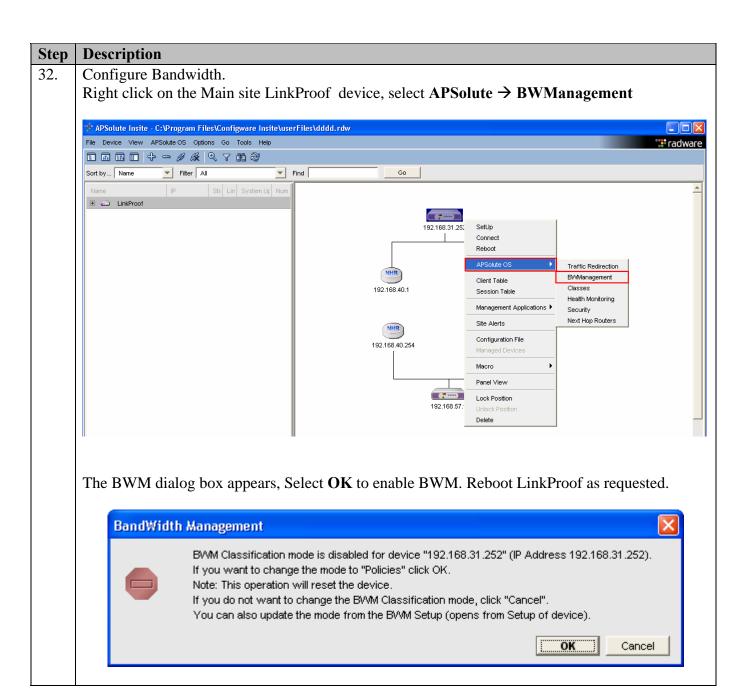


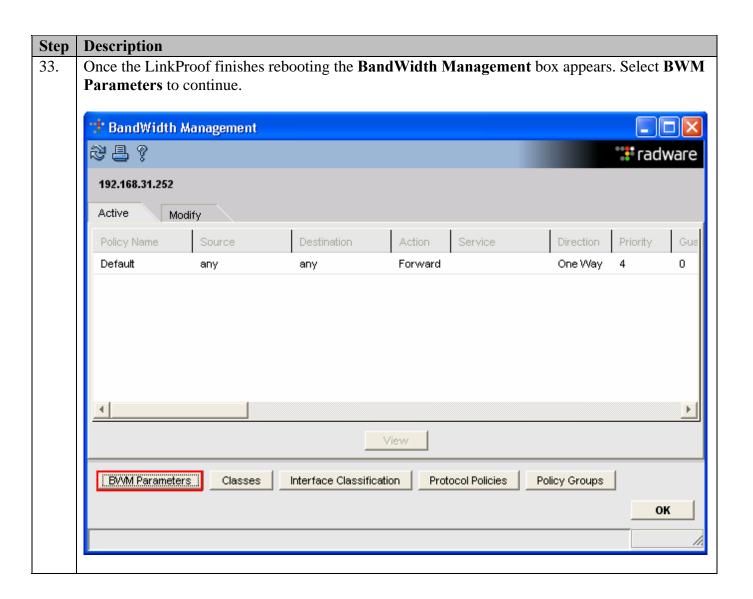
31. Another **Next Hop Router** box appears for interface **192.162.40.1**. Select **Full Path Health Monitor.** 



Add the **IP address** of the router. Refer to **Figure1** for the IP addresses. Enter the IP address to the **Check Address** box, click Add, click **OK** to continue.

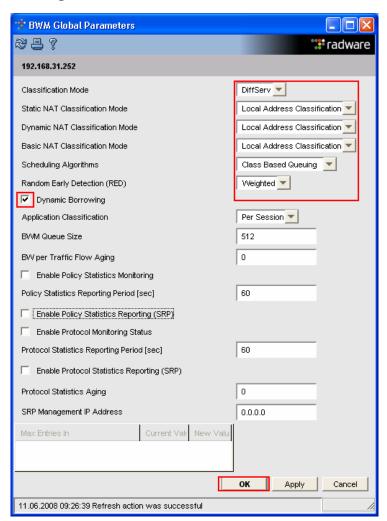




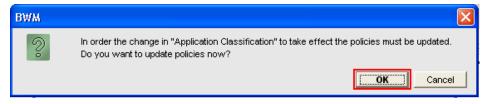


- 34. Set **BWM Global Parameters**, click the pull down tab for the following:
  - Classification Mode to DiffServ.
  - Static NAT Classification Mode to Local address Classification
  - Dynamic NAT Classification Mode to Local address Classification
  - Basic NAT Classification Mode to Local address Classification
  - Scheduling Algorithms to Class Based Queuing

Check **Dynamic Borrowing**, Press **OK** to continue.



The BWM dialogue box appears, select **OK** to continue.



TMA; Reviewed:

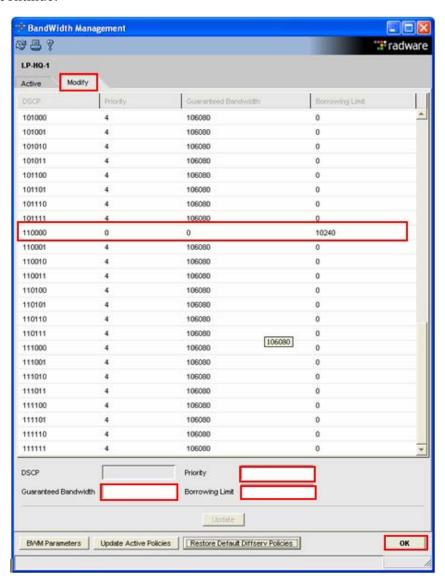
35. Configure QoS for voice traffic.

Voice is using a **DiffServ Code Point** of **48**, (110000), and is give a priority of **0**. Click **Modify** → **DSCP 110000**. Set the following:

- Priority to 0
- Guaranteed Bandwidth to 0
- Borrowing Limit to 10240

**Note**: The default priority value is **4** with a guaranteed bandwidth of 106080 kbps. Values run from **0** thru **7**, with 7 being the lowest priority.

Select **OK** to continue.

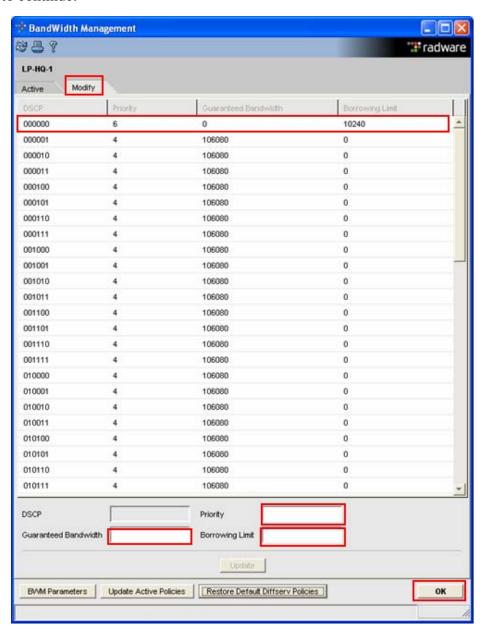


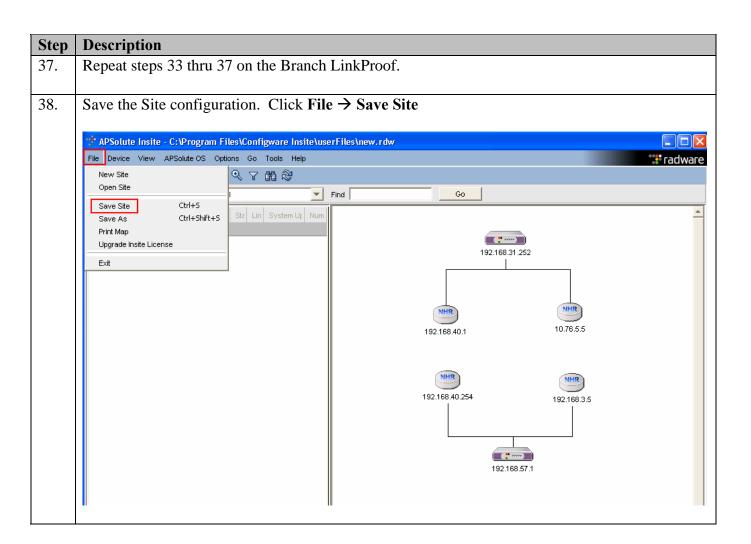
For devices that are not set to use DiffServ, set the priority to 6 and bandwidth limit them to 10240 kbps.

Best effort data is using a **DiffServ Code Point** of 0, (000000), and is give a priority of **6**. Click **Modify**  $\rightarrow$  **DSCP 000000**. Set the following:

- Priority to 6
- Guaranteed Bandwidth to 0
- Borrowing Limit to 10240

Select **OK** to continue.





### 6. Interoperability Compliance Testing

Interoperability compliance testing covered feature functionality, serviceability, and load testing.

Feature functionality testing focused on the QoS and VLAN implementation in the Avaya/Radware configuration. Specifically, compliance testing verified Redundancy and that when the Radware Switch interfaces are over subscribed with low priority data traffic, the higher priority VoIP media and signaling traffic still got through and achieved good voice quality. Prioritization of voice traffic was achieved by implementing Layer 3 DiffServ-based QoS and Layer 2 priority (801.p). Voice and data traffic were segmented in the enterprise network using VLANs.

QoS was verified by making voice calls while a traffic generator generated low priority data traffic to simulate a converged network. It was verified that the voice traffic was given priority over the lower priority data traffic and continued to operate successfully.

Serviceability testing was conducted to verify the ability of the Avaya/Radware VoIP solution to recover from adverse conditions, such as power cycling network devices and disconnecting cables between the LAN interfaces. In all cases, the ability to recover after the network normalized was verified.

### 6.1. General Test Approach

All feature functionality test cases were performed manually. The general test approach entailed verifying the following:

- Failover of the primary Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch to the backup
- LAN connectivity between the Avaya and Radware products
- Registration of Avaya H.323 IP Telephones with Avaya Communication Manager
- Registration of Avaya SIP IP Telephones with Avaya SIP Enablement Services
- Verification of the DHCP relay configuration
- VoIP calls over Layer 2 and Layer 3 connections
- Inter-office calls using G.711 mu-law & G.729 codecs, conferencing, and sending low priority data traffic over the LAN.
- Verifying that QoS directed the voice signaling and voice media to the higher priority egress queue based on the packets' DSCP value.
- Verifying that Avaya Modular Messaging voicemail and MWI work properly.

The load tests were performed by over subscribing the lines with low priority data and verifying that the prioritization of VoIP traffic and voice was achieved when calls are routed over all of the LAN interfaces.

### 6.2. Test Results

All feature functionality, serviceability, and load test cases passed. The Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch implementation did prioritization of VoIP traffic, failed over to the

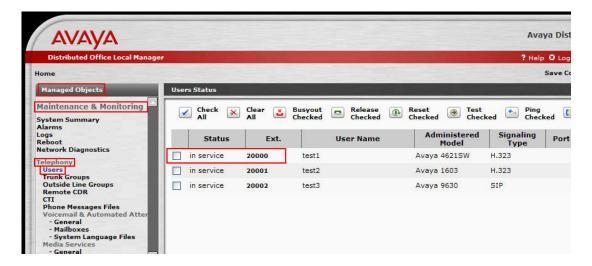
backup Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch and yielded good voice quality with no calls being lost. The stability of the Avaya/Radware solution was successfully verified through load and serviceability testing.

### 7. Verification Steps

This section provides the steps for verifying end-to-end network connectivity and QoS, verification steps include:

Verify the DHCP relay is functioning by confirming that the all Avaya IP telephones from all locations receive their IP addresses from the DHCP server

- Place calls between sites for each Avaya IP Telephone.
- Check that the Avaya IP telephones have successfully registered with Avaya Distributed
  Office. Log into Avaya Distributed Office using the appropriate credentials, select Managed
  Objects → Maintenance & Monitoring → Telephony → Users, look for in service.



### 8. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration steps required for integrating Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switches with an Avaya telephony infrastructure. For the configuration described in these Application Notes, the Radware LinkProof Multi-WAN 3020 Switch were responsible for enforcing, QoS using Layer 3 Differentiated Services and Layer 2 (802.1p) as well as link aggregation, rapid spanning tree and load balancing and Redundancy. The Avaya Distributed Office delivered the voice traffic to the routers for transmission over the LAN together with data traffic. Prioritization of VoIP traffic and good voice quality was successfully achieved in the Avaya/ProCurve configuration described herein.

### 9. Additional References

The documents referenced below were used for additional support and configuration information.

The following Avaya product documentation can be found at <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.

- [1] Avaya Distributed Office i20 Installation Quick Start, May 2007 Issue 1, Document Number 03-602289
- [2] Command Reference Release, Document Number: 882-10034 Rev 1
- [3] Configuration Guide, Document Number: 882-20034 Rev 2
- [4] Avaya one-X Deskphone Value Edition 1600 Series IP Telephones Installation and Maintenance Guide Release 1, Doc # 16-601438
- [5] Avaya one-X Deskphone SIP for 9600 Series IP Telephones Installation and Maintenance Guide Release 1.0

The Radware product documentation can be found at: http://www.radware.com/.

[6] Register at the Radware web site to obtain configuration guides.

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