

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

## Application Notes for Configuring Avaya Communication Manager SIP Trunking to AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free Services – Issue 1.1

## Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring SIP trunking between the AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free services and an Avaya SIP trunking solution using Avaya Communication Manager, Avaya SIP Enablement Services and various Avaya telephony endpoints.

AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free are managed Voice over IP communication solutions using SIP trunks to provide inbound and outbound local, long distance, international and toll-free services for U.S. sites.

AT&T is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program between the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab and AT&T's Virtual Interoperability Test Lab.

## 1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring SIP trunking between the AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free services and an Avaya SIP trunking solution using Avaya Communication Manager, Avaya SIP Enablement Services (SES) and various Avaya telephony endpoints.

SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) is a standards-based communications approach designed to provide a common framework to support multimedia communication. RFC 3261 [8] is the primary specification governing this protocol. SIP manages the establishment and termination of connections and the transfer of related information such as the desired codec, calling party identity, etc. Within these Application Notes, SIP is used as the signaling protocol between the Avaya components and the network services offered by AT&T.

The AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free are managed Voice over IP communication services using SIP trunks to provide inbound and outbound local, long distance, international and toll-free services for U.S. sites. In the remainder of this document, "AT&T services" will be used to generically refer to both AT&T IP Flexible Reach and AT&T IP Toll Free services.

AT&T is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program between the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab and AT&T's Virtual Interoperability Test Lab.

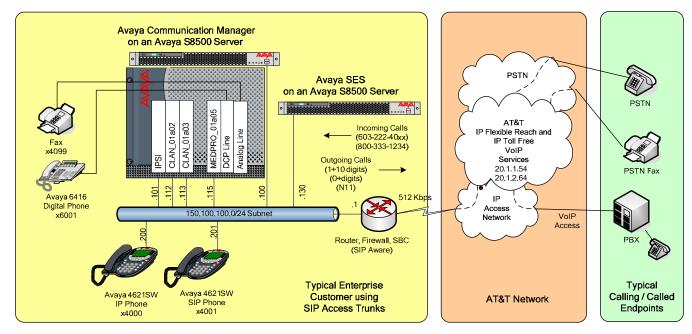
## **1.1. Typical Enterprise Customer Location**

**Figure 1** also illustrates a typical enterprise customer location using an Avaya Communication Manager based solution to support SIP trunking with AT&T. This typical configuration includes:

- Avaya Communication Manager providing the communication services for this customer location. Associated with Avaya Communication Manager is:
  - An Avaya S8500 Server serving as the host processor for the Avaya Communication Manager software.
  - An Avaya G650 Media Gateway supporting various VoIP resources and port cards.
- Avaya SIP Enablement Services operating on an Avaya S8500 server. Avaya SES serves as the SIP proxy between the AT&T and one or more Avaya Communication Manager systems.
- Various Avaya telephones and other endpoints.
- IP routing and data network infrastructure to support IP connectivity between the enterprise location and the AT&T services.

For simplicity, these Application Notes and **Figure 1** does not describe several aspects that may exist in actual customer configurations and are beyond the scope of these Application Notes. Specifically,

- Avaya Communication Manager operates on the entire family of Avaya S8xxx servers and supports configurations with all of Avaya's Gxxx Media Gateways. The concepts presented in this Application Notes apply to all valid configurations but the specifics may vary with different S8xxx Servers and Gxxx Media Gateways.
- Customer locations will generally have additional or alternate routes to the PSTN using analog or digital TDM trunks.
- The configuration of Avaya SIP telephones.
- IP Network Address Translation (NAT), firewalls, Application Layer Gateway (ALG), and Session Border Controller (SBC) devices that may exist between the AT&T services and the Enterprise's communications infrastructure are not explicitly shown. These devices generally must be SIP aware and configured properly for SIP trunking to function properly. When configured correctly, they are transparent to the Avaya communications infrastructure.
- Enterprise networks often have multiple geographic locations tied together via an IP network. These configurations may be supported by one or more Avaya Communication Manager systems and/or multiple media gateways. In all cases a single Avaya SES edge server will serve as the SIP proxy gateway interfacing with SIP trunking to the AT&T services.



### SIP Trunking with AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free Services

Figure 1 – Typical SIP Trunking Configuration

## **1.2. AT&T Services Configuration Information**

These Application Notes provide **an illustrative example** of how the Avaya SIP trunking solution is configured with the AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free services.

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The specific values provided below are illustrative only and must not be used for customer configurations. *Each customer must obtain the specific values for their configuration from AT&T during service provisioning of their AT&T IP Flexible Reach or IP Toll Free services.* 

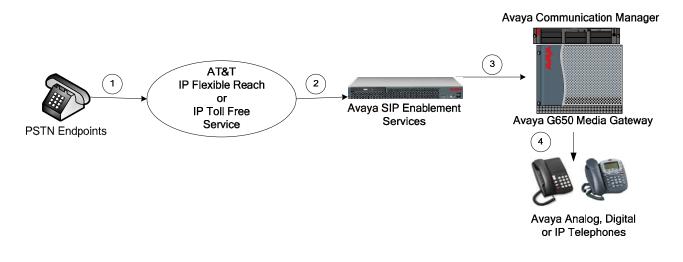
AT&T Provisioning Information	Illustrative Values in these			
	Application Notes			
AT&T Border Element IP Address(es)	20.1.1.54			
	20.1.2.64			
G.729B, G.711MU Codecs Support	Yes			
RFC 2833 (DTMF Event) Supported	Yes			
Via Header Routing	Yes			
Assigned Direct Inward Dial (DID) Numbers	1-603-222-40xx			
	(where x is any digit)			
DID Digits Passed in SIP Request URI	60322240xx			
DID Digits Passed in SIP To Header	Same as SIP Request URI			
Incoming Toll-Free Number	800-333-1234			
Incoming Toll-Free Digits Passed in SIP Request URI	000000034			
Incoming Toll-Free Digits Passed in SIP To Header	0004152100034			

## 1.3. Call Flows

To understand how calls are routed between the PSTN and the enterprise site shown in **Figure 1** using SIP trunks, two call flows are described in this section.

The first call scenario illustrated in **Figure 2** is a PSTN call to the enterprise site terminating on a telephone supported by Avaya Communication Manager.

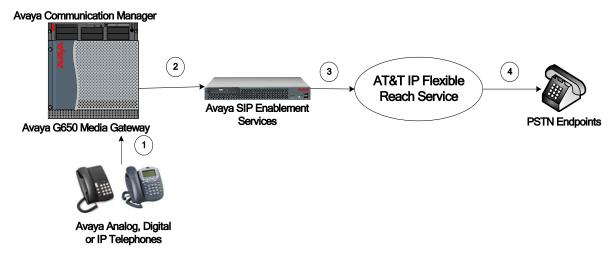
- 1. A user on the PSTN dials a DID (or toll free) number assigned by the AT&T IP Flexible Reach (or IP Toll Free) service to the customer location. The PSTN routes the call to the AT&T service.
- 2. Based on the number, the AT&T service offers the call to Avaya SES using SIP signaling messages sent over the IP access facility. Note that the assignment of the DID number and the address of the Avaya SES server was established during the ordering and provisioning of the service.
- 3. Avaya SES routes the call to the Avaya S8500 Server running Avaya Communication Manager over a SIP trunk.
- 4. Avaya Communication Manager terminates the call to the Avaya telephone as shown in **Figure 2**.



#### Figure 2: Incoming PSTN Calls to Avaya Communication Manager

The second call scenario illustrated in **Figure 3** is an outgoing call from an Avaya telephone at the enterprise site to the PSTN via the SIP trunk to the AT&T IP Flexible Reach service.

- 1. An Avaya telephone served by Avaya Communication Manager originates a call to a user on the PSTN.
- 2. The call request is handled by Avaya Communication Manager where origination treatment such as Class of Restrictions (COR) and Automatic Route Selection (ARS) is performed. Avaya Communication Manager selects the SIP trunk and sends the SIP signaling messages to Avaya SES.
- 3. Avaya SES routes the call to the AT&T IP Flexible Reach service.
- 4. The AT&T IP Flexible Reach service completes the call to the PSTN.



#### Figure 3: Outgoing Calls from Avaya Communication Manager to the PSTN

Appendix A illustrates examples of the SIP INVITE messages sent on the SIP trunk to begin each call.

## 2. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software was used during the DevConnect compliance testing with the AT&T services. This compliance testing is extensible to all other Avaya S8xxx series servers and

Avaya Media Gateway platforms running the same version of Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya SIP Enablement Services.

Component	Version
Avaya	
Avaya 8500 Server	Avaya Communication Manager 4.0.1
Avaya G650 Media Gateway	
TN2312BP IP Server Interface (IPSI)	HW03 FW022
TN799DP Control-LAN (C-LAN)	HW01 FW017
TN2602AP IP Media Processor (Medpro)	HW02 FW031
TN2224CP Digital Line	HW08 FW015
TN793CP Analog Line	HW09 FW09
Avaya 4621SW IP (H.323) Telephone	Release 2.8.3
Avaya 4621 SIP Telephone	Release 2.2.2
Avaya 6416D+M Digital Telephone	n/a
Avaya S8500B Server	Avaya SIP Enablement Services 4.0
AT&T	
IP Flexible Reach Service	Network Version VNI 9
IP Toll Free Service	Network Version VNI 9

 Table 1 – Equipment and Version

## 3. Configure Avaya Communication Manager

Avaya Communication Manager was installed and configured for basic station to station calling prior to beginning the configuration shown in these Application Notes. These basic configuration details are outside the scope of the SIP trunking application and not included here.

## 3.1. SIP Trunk Configuration

## 3.1.1. Verify System Capacity and Required Features

The Avaya Communication Manager license controls the customer options. Contact an authorized Avaya sales representative for assistance if insufficient capacity exists or a required feature is not enabled.

Verify that there is sufficient remaining Avaya Communication Manager SIP trunk capacity available for the SIP Trunks to the AT&T services, taking into consideration other applications that may require Avaya Communication Manager SIP trunk resources.

This is done by displaying Page 2 of the **System-Parameters Customer-Options** form. The number of SIP trunks available to add to new or existing trunk groups is the difference between the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** and the **USED** value.

display system-parameters customer-options OPTIONAL FEATURES	Page 2 of 10
IP PORT CAPACITIES	USED
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks: 0	0
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations: 5	2
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks: 0	0
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations: 0	0
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons: 0	0
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations: 0	0
Maximum Video Capable H.323 Stations: 0	0
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones: 0	0
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks: 100	) 50
Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation: 0	0
Maximum TN2501 VAL Boards: 10	1
Maximum Media Gateway VAL Sources: 0	0
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 80 VoIP Channels: 128	3 2
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 320 VoIP Channels: 128	3 0
Maximum Number of Expanded Meet-me Conference Ports: 0	0
(NOTE: You must logoff & login to effect the permis	ssion changes.)

#### Figure 4: System-Parameters Customer-Options Form – Page 2

Verify that the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature is enabled on Page 3 of the **System-Parameters Customer-Options** form.

display system-parameters customer-optio	ns Page 3 of	10
OPTIONAL	FEATURES	
Abbreviated Dialing Enhanced List? n	Audible Message Waiting?	n
Access Security Gateway (ASG)? n	Authorization Codes?	n
Analog Trunk Incoming Call ID? n	CAS Branch?	n
A/D Grp/Sys List Dialing Start at 01? n	CAS Main?	n
Answer Supervision by Call Classifier? n	Change COR by FAC?	n
ARS? y	Computer Telephony Adjunct Links?	n
ARS/AAR Partitioning? y	Cvg Of Calls Redirected Off-net?	n
ARS/AAR Dialing without FAC? n	DCS (Basic)?	n
ASAI Link Core Capabilities? n	DCS Call Coverage?	n
ASAI Link Plus Capabilities? n	DCS with Rerouting?	n
Async. Transfer Mode (ATM) PNC? n		
Async. Transfer Mode (ATM) Trunking? n	Digital Loss Plan Modification?	n
ATM WAN Spare Processor? n	DS1 MSP?	n
ATMS? n	DS1 Echo Cancellation?	n
Attendant Vectoring? n		
(NOTE: You must logoff & login t	o effect the permission changes.)	

Figure 5: System-Parameters Customer-Options Form – Page 3

#### 3.1.2. Determine Node Names

Use the "change node-names ip" command to view (or assign) the node names to be used in this configuration.

- "ses" and "150.100.100.130" are the **Name** and **IP Address** respectively of the Avaya SIP Enablement Services server interface where Avaya Communication Manager SIP trunk messages are sent.
- "clan\_01a03" and "150.100.100.113" are the **Name** and **IP Address** respectively of the TN799DP C-LAN interface used for the SIP signaling group.

change node-name:	s ip	Page	1 of	2
	IP NODE NAMES			
Name	IP Address			
clan_01a03	150.100.100.113			
default	0.0.0.0			
medpro_01a05	150.100.100.115			
procr	150.100.100.100			
ses	150.100.100.130			
val_01a08	150.100.100.118			

#### Figure 6: IP Node Names

### 3.1.3. Define IP Codec Set for AT&T SIP Trunk Calls

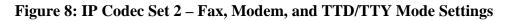
This configuration uses IP codec set 2 to assign G.729B, G729A and G.711mu codecs (in that priority) for voice calls via the SIP trunks to the AT&T services. T.38 will be used for group 3 fax calls to PSTN connected fax machines via the AT&T services.

Using "change ip-codec-set 2" command, enter "G.729B", "G.729A" and "G.711MU" as the Audio Codec values on page 1 of the form. Retain the defaults for the remaining fields. On page 2 of the form, enter "t38.standard" for FAX and "off" for Modem and TTD/TTY fields.

```
change ip-codec-set 2
                                                                    Page 1 of 2
                           IP Codec Set
    Codec Set: 2
            Silence Frames Packet
Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)
n 2
   Audio
    Codec
1: G.729B
2: G.729A
                       n
                                  2
                                           20
3: G.711MU
                                  2
                                           20
                       n
```

Figure 7: IP Codec Set 2 – Audio Codec Settings

```
change ip-codec-set 2
                                                         Page 2 of 2
                       IP Codec Set
                          Allow Direct-IP Multimedia? n
                Mode
                                 Redundancy
                t.38-standard
   FAX
                                   0
   Modem
                 off
                                   0
                 off
   TDD/TTY
                                   0
   Clear-channel n
                                    0
```



### 3.1.4. Verify Near End IP Network Region

These Application Notes use IP network region 1 (the normal default) for the G650 Media Gateway, the IP telephones and the C-LAN (in slot 1a03) used for IP telephone registration and the SIP trunk signaling group to AT&T. Verify this using the "display cabinet 1" command.

```
display cabinet 1
                              CABINET
CABINET DESCRIPTION
               Cabinet: 1
         Cabinet Layout: G650-rack-mount-stack
          Cabinet Type: expansion-portnetwork
             Location: 1 IP Network Region: 1
                Room: sitl
Rack: row6
                             Floor:
                                                Building:
CARRIER DESCRIPTION
  Carrier Carrier Type
                             Number
        not-used
not-used
                             PN 01
    Е
                             PN 01
    D
    С
           not-used
                             PN 01
    В
            not-used
                               PN 01
            G650-port
                              PN 01
    А
```

#### **Figure 9: Display Cabinet Settings**

### 3.1.5. Verify the C-LAN IP Network Region Assignment

In these Application Notes, the C-LAN was previously installed as part of the initial Avaya Communication Manager basic installation (using the procedures as described in [2]) and assigned the Node Name shown in **Figure 6**.

Using the "display ip-interface 01a03" command (where 01 is the cabinet, a is carrier, and 03 is the slot of the respective C-LAN), verify the C-LAN is assigned to **Network Region** 1.

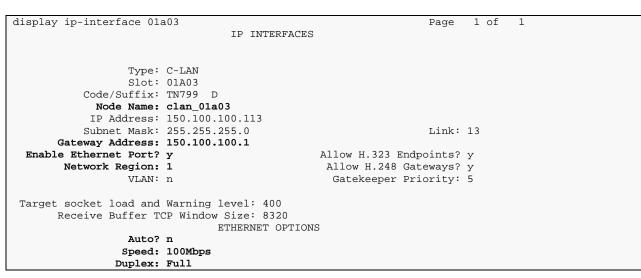


Figure 10: IP Interface of C-LAN 1a03 used for SIP Signaling Group 3

### 3.1.6. Define IP Network Region

IP network regions set various IP network properties for SIP trunk groups and other IP elements (such as IP telephones, media processor cards, etc.) assigned to the region.

In these Application Notes,

- IP network region 1 defines the properties for the main Avaya Communication Manager site previously configured during installation. These properties apply to items such as the IP telephones, IP Media Processors, etc. that are part of the local configuration.
- IP network region 11 is assigned to the AT&T services to allow codec preferences different from network region 1 to be used.
- IP network region 1 and 11 are defined to be directly connected with 512 Kbps of bandwidth.
- IP codec-set 2 (defined in Section 3.1.3) will be used for calls between IP network region 1 and 11.

Using the "change ip-network-region 1" command, enter on Page 1:

- Name: a descriptive string such as "Avaya CM Main Location".
- Authoritative Domain: the SIP domain of the Avaya SES (in this case "customersipdomain.com" as defined in Section 4.1.2). (Note: In previous versions of the AT&T services, this value must be the IP address of the Avaya SES instead of the SIP domain. When an IP address is used, SIP endpoints are not supported for use with the AT&T services.)
- **Codec Set:** the value "1" corresponding to the ip-codec-set (defined during initial configuration, not shown) for local calls between telephones on Avaya Communication Manager.

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- Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: the value "yes" (the default). •
- Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: the value "yes" (the default). •

The IP-IP Direct Audio settings ensure the most efficient use of TN2602AP Media Processor resources.

Defaults for the remaining values are used.

```
change ip-network-region 1
                                                                       Page 1 of 19
                                   IP NETWORK REGION
 Region: 1
Location: 1
                  Authoritative Domain: customer-sipdomain.com
   Name: Avaya CM Main Location
                           Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
MEDIA PARAMETERS
      Codec Set: 1
   UDP Port Min: 2048
                                               IP Audio Hairpinning? n
   UDP Port Max: 3329
                                             RTCP Reporting Enabled? y
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
 Call Control PHB Value: 46
Audio PHB Value: 46
Video PHB Value: 26
RTCP MONITOR SERVER PARAMETERS
Use Default Server Parameters? y
        Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
 Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
        Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
        Video 802.1p Priority: 5
                                        AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
                                                              RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
 Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
             Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

#### Figure 11: IP Network Region 1 – Page 1

Page 3 of the IP network region form is used to define the codec set and connectivity characteristics between IP network regions.

On Page 3, configure the "src rgn 1 dst rgn 11" row as follows:

- codec set: enter "2", to use the codec choices defined in Section 3.1.3.
- direct WAN: enter "y" to indicate that regions 1 and 11 are directly connected.
- **WAN-BW-limits**: enter "**Kbits**" and "**512**" to indicate that the WAN access between IP network region 1 and 11 is 512 Kbps.

chang	ge ig	-netwo	ork-re	gion 1			<b>_</b>		Page	3 of	19
	Inter Network Region Connection Management										
src	dst	codec					/ideo			Dyn	
rgn	rgn	set	WAN	Units	Total	Norm	Prio	Shr	Intervening-regions	CAC	IGAR
1	1	1									
1	2										
1	3										
1	9										
1	10										
1	11	2	У	Kbits	512	0	0	У			n
1	12										

Figure 12: IP Network Region 1 – Page 3

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JSR: F SPOC Configure IP Network Region 11, using the "change ip-network-region 11" command. Enter:

- Name: a descriptive string such as "SIP Trks ATT"
- Authoritative Domain: leave blank (since no element in this region establishes a secure TLS link with the Avaya SES).
- **Codec Set:** the value "2" corresponding to the ip-codec-set defined in Section 3.1.3 for calls to the AT&T IP Flexible Reach service.
- Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: the value "yes" (the default).
- Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: the value "yes" (the default).

```
change ip-network-region 11
                                                                 Page
                                                                       1 of 19
                               IP NETWORK REGION
 Region: 11
Location:
                Authoritative Domain:
   Name: SIP Trks ATT
MEDIA PARAMETERS
                                Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
     Codec Set: 2
                                Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
  UDP Port Min: 20000
                                           IP Audio Hairpinning? n
  UDP Port Max: 20999
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
                                         RTCP Reporting Enabled? y
Call Control PHB Value: 46
Audio PHB Value: 46
Use Default Server Parameters? y
       Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
       Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
                                   AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
       Video 802.1p Priority: 5
H. 323 TP ENDPOINTS
                                                         RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
            Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

#### Figure 13: IP Network Region 11 – Page 1

Verify that Page 3 of the "change ip-network-region 11" command appears as shown below. The codec set and inter-region connectivity characteristics for the **src rgn 11 dst rgn 1** row were established during the configuration of IP network region 1.

change ip-network-region 11	Page 3 of 19
Inter Network Region Connection Management	
src dst codec direct WAN-BW-limits Video	Dyn
rgn rgn set WAN Units Total Norm Prio Shr Intervening	g-regions CAC IGAR
<b>11 1 2 y Kbits 512</b> 0 0 y	n
	n

Figure 14: IP Network Region 11 – Page 3

#### 3.1.7. Define SIP Trunk Groups

A SIP trunk group is defined for calls with the AT&T services (routed via the Avaya SES) to/from the first AT&T Border Element IP address. Both incoming Direct Inward Dialed (DID) calls and outbound calls to the PSTN use this trunk group. This SIP trunk group requires a corresponding SIP signaling group to define the characteristics of the signaling relationship. A

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similar process will be followed to establish a SIP trunk group with the second AT&T Border Element IP address provided.

### 3.1.7.1 Establish the SIP Signaling Group

Using the "add signaling-group 11" command, configure signaling group 11 as follows:

- **Group Type**: set to "sip".
- **Transport Method**: automatically set to "tls". The Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport protocol is used between the Avaya Communication Manager and the Avaya SES. Note this is not the transport protocol used to communicate between the Avaya SES and the AT&T services.
- Near-end Node Name: set to the C-LAN node name (defined in Section 3.1.2) used for the respective signaling group. In these Application Notes, "clan\_01a03" is used for signaling group 11.
- **Far-end Node Name**: set to the Avaya SES used to connect with AT&T. In these Application Notes, the node name "ses" is used as defined in Section 3.1.2
- **Near-end Listen Port**: set to "5061", the default port for SIP signaling using tls transport.
- **Far-end Listen Port**: set to "5061".
- **Far-end Network Region**: set to "11", the network region defined for AT&T services as defined in Section 3.1.6.
- **Far-end Domain**: set to the Border Element IP address provided by AT&T as their node that will send and receive SIP messages. In these Application Notes, the IP address "20.1.1.54" will be used.
- **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections**: set to "y", indicating the RTP paths should be optimized to reduce the use of media processing resources when possible.
- **DTMF over IP:** set to "rtp-payload". This value enables Avaya Communication Manager to send DTMF transmissions using RFC 2833 [9].

The default values for the other fields are used.

The resulting form for signaling group 11 is shown below.

```
add signaling-group 11
                                                            Page 1 of 1
                             SIGNALING GROUP
Group Number: 11
                           Group Type: sip
                     Transport Method: tls
 Near-end Node Name: clan_01a03
                                         Far-end Node Name: ses
Near-end Listen Port: 5061
                                      Far-end Listen Port: 5061
                                    Far-end Network Region: 11
     Far-end Domain: 20.1.1.54
                                         Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
       DTMF over IP: rtp-payload Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
                                                   IP Audio Hairpinning? n
Enable Layer 3 Test? n
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3
```

Figure 15: Signaling Group 11

### 3.1.7.2 Establish the SIP Trunk Group

Using the "add trunk-group 11" command, configure trunk group 11 as follows.

On Page 1 of the Trunk Group form:

- Group Type: set to "sip".
- Group Name: enter a descriptive string such as "AT&T SIP TRKS".
- TAC: enter a trunk access code such as "#011".
- Service Type: set to "public-ntwrk" for trunks to the PSTN.
- **Signaling Group**: set to "11" as defined within Section 3.1.7.1.
- **Number of Members**: set to the maximum number of simultaneous calls permitted for each trunk group. Within these Application Notes, "10" was used.

The default values are used on the remaining pages of the trunk-group form. The resulting form for trunk-group 11 is shown below.

add to unly an and 11			P	1 -	£ 01	
add trunk-group 11			P	age 1 o	f 21	
	TRUNK GROUP					
Guardina March and 11	<b>a</b>			D		
Group Number: 11	Group Type:	sıp	CDR	Reports:	У	
Group Name: AT&T SIP TRKS	COR:	1	TN: 1	TAC:	#011	
Direction: two-way	Outgoing Display?	n				
Dial Access? n		Ni	ght Service:			
Queue Length: 0						
Service Type: public-ntwrk	Auth Code?	n				
			Signaling	Group: 11		
			Number of Me	mbers: 10		

#### Figure 16: SIP Trunk Group 11

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The second SIP trunk group is defined in a similar manner but using second AT&T Border Element IP address as the Far-end Domain value in the signaling group form. This configuration is not shown in these Application Notes. This will permit incoming calls to be received from either AT&T Border Element.

## 3.1.8. Configure Calling Party Number Information

The SIP "From" header shown below contains information about the calling party. The header contains the calling party number (e.g., "16032224001") in the userinfo segment and a domain (or IP address) in the hostname segment separated by an "@" sign.

From: "Jane Smith" <sip:16032224001@customer-sipdomain.com>;tag=80f839da25

The "public-unknown-numbering" command controls the calling party number sent in the userinfo segment. The **Authoritative Domain** field of the near-end IP Network Region form completed in **Figure 11** associated with the SIP trunk group sets the hostname segment.

Public-unknown-numbering must always be setup. In these Application Notes the publicunknown-numbering is configured to send an 11 digit number corresponding to the DID or 800 number assigned by AT&T.

Using the "change public-unknown-numbering n" command (where "n" is the leading digit of the extension range), specify the calling party number information as follows:

- **Ext Len**: set to "4", the length of the extensions used.
- **Ext Code**: set to the leading digit of the extension used. In these Application Notes "40" and "6001" are entered to cover the assigned extensions of 40xx and 6001.
- **Trk Grp(s):** by default, leave blank to perform the same conversion across all SIP (and ISDN) trunk groups.
- **CPN Prefix**: set to the leading digits (e.g., "1603222") that are to be sent as the calling party number.
- **Total CPN Len**: set to the total length (e.g., "11") of the calling party number to be sent. The extension number will be appended to the **CPN Prefix** to form complete calling party number of **Total CPN Len** digits.

The completed public-unknown-numbering form is shown below.

char	nge public-unk	nown-numbe	ring 4		Page 1	of	2
		NUMBE	RING - PUBLIC/U	NKNOWN	FORMAT		
				Total			
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	CPN			
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len			
					Total Administered:	2	
4	40		1603222	11	Maximum Entries:	9999	
4	6001		18003331234	11			

#### Figure 17: Public Unknown Numbering

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## 3.1.9. Configure Call Routing

#### 3.1.9.1 Outbound Calls

In these Application Notes, Automatic Route Selection (ARS) is used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk group(s) to AT&T. AT&T expects to receive the following digits in the SIP INVITE message.

Type of Call	Digits Sent
Local and Long Distance in North American	Digit 1 plus any 10 digits
Numbering Plan	
Operator and International Calling	Digit 0 with or without additional digits; overall length
	indeterminate
N11 Service Calls	Digits 2 thru 9 followed only by the digits 11

#### Table 2: AT&T Outbound Dialing Rules

Here, the configuration of one outbound calling pattern supporting calls to 1-733-xxx-xxx is shown. A typical installation will generally require additional ARS dial string and route pattern entries but that is beyond the scope of these Application Notes. Further information on ARS administration is discussed in References [1] and [3].

ARS administration begins by verifying the availability of the feature as shown in Section 3.1.1.

Following the verification, use the "change dialplan analysis" command to create a feature access code (fac) for ARS use.

- **Dialed String**: enter "9" that will become the user dialed prefix for outbound calls.
- Total Length: enter "1" as the length of the prefix.
- **Call Type**: enter "fac" as the type of prefix.

change dialplan a	nalysi	s					Page 1	L of	12
			DIAL PLAN	ANALYSIS	S TABLE				
						Perc	ent Full	[:	1
Dialed T	otal	Call	Dialed	Total	Call	Dialed	Total	Call	
String L	ength	Туре	String	Length	Туре	String	Length	Type	
0	1	attd							
4	4	ext							
5	4	ext							
6	4	ext							
9	1	fac							
*	3	dac							
#	4	dac							

**Figure 18: Dial Plan Analysis** 

Use the "change feature-access-codes" command to assign the feature access code "9" to **Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1** as shown below.

change feature-access-codes		Page	1 of	7
FEATURE ACC	ESS CODE (	FAC)		
Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access (	Code:			
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access (	Code:			
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access (	Code:			
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access (	Code:			
Announcement Access (	Code: *71			
Answer Back Access (	Code:			
	a 1 .			
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access (				
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Coo	de 1: 9	Access Code 2:		
Automatic Callback Activat	tion:	Deactivation:		
Call Forwarding Activation Busy/DA: *61	All: *62	Deactivation:	*60	
Call Forwarding Enhanced Status:	Act:	Deactivation:		
Call Park Access (	Code:			
Call Pickup Access (	Code:			
CAS Remote Hold/Answer Hold-Unhold Access (	Code:			
CDR Account Code Access (	Code:			
Change COR Access (	Code:			
Change Coverage Access (	Code:			
Contact Closure Open (	Code:	Close Code:		

Figure 19: ARS Feature Access Code

Use the "change ars analysis nn" command to configure the ARS route pattern selection rules as follows. Here "nn" is "17", the first two digits of the dialed number after the ARS access code.

- **Dialed String**: enter the leading digits (e.g., "1733") necessary to uniquely select the desired route pattern.
- **Total Min**: enter the minimum number of digits (e.g., "11") expected for this PSTN number.
- **Total Max**: enter the maximum number of digits (e.g., "11") expected for this PSTN number.
- **Route Pattern**: enter the route pattern number (e.g., "11") to be used. The route pattern (to be defined next) will specify the trunk group(s) to be used for calls matching the dialed number.
- **Call Type**: enter "fnpa", the call type for North American 1+10 digit calls.

change ars analysis 17			Page 1 of	2
	ARS DIGIT ANALY: Location:		Percent Full:	1
	Location	all	Percent Full.	1
Dialed	Total Route	Call Node	ANI	
String	Min Max Pattern	Type Num	Reqd	
1733	11 11 11	fnpa	n	

#### Figure 20: ARS Digit Analysis Entries

Use the "change route-pattern n" command (where "n" is the **Route Pattern** number used above) to specify the SIP trunk groups selected for the outbound call.

In the form:

- **Pattern Name**: enter a descriptive string such as "AT&T PSTN LD" to describe the routing pattern.
- **Secure SIP**?: leave as "n", the default.
- **Grp No**: enter the trunk groups to be used in priority order. Trunk group 11 is the first (an only) route choice in this case.
- **FRL**: enter the minimum facility restriction level (e.g., 1) necessary to use this trunk group, with 0 being the least restrictive. The FRL within the Class of Restriction (COR) assigned to the station must be greater than or equal to 1 in this case to use these trunk groups.
- **Pfx Mrk**: enter "1", to always send the prefix 1 on 10 digit calls as specified for this Service Provider.

The defaults values for the remaining fields are used. The completed route pattern form is shown below.

char	ige i	coute	e-pat	terr	ı 11									Pa	.ge 1	L of	3	
					Patte	rn N	Jumber	: 11	Pat	tern Na	ame:	AT&T	PSTN	LD	)			
									S	ecure a	SIP?	n						
	Grp	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Нор Т	oll	No.	Inser	ted						I	DCS/	IXC	
	No			Mrk	Lmt L	ist	Del	Digit	s						ς	QSIG		
							Dgts								]	Intw		
	11	1		1												n	user	
2:																n	user	
3:																n	user	
4:																n	user	
5:																n	user	
6:																n	user	
	DO			шаа	<b>a m</b> a	a	TEG	DATE	0									
				TSC			TTC	BCIE	Serv	ice/Fea	ature	PARM				Ing	LAR	
	0 1	2 M	4 W		Reque	St						<b>.</b>	ugt: baddu		ormat			
1.				~			most					SU	ibaddi	res	S		n o n o	
			y n				rest										none	
			y n				rest										none	
			y n				rest										none	
			y n				rest										none	
			y n				rest										none	
6:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest										none	

#### Figure 21: Route Pattern 3

Use the "change locations" command to designate the SIP trunk route pattern (route pattern "11" below) in the **Proxy Sel. Rte. Pat.** Field if not previously set.

change locations						Page	1 of	16
		LOCAT	IONS					
ARS	Prefix 1 Requir	ed Fo	r 10-	Digit N	IANP Calls	з? у		
Loc Name No	Timezone Rule Offset	NPA		Atd FAC	Disp Parm	Prefix	Proxy Rte	
1: Main	+ 00:00 0				1		11	

#### **Figure 22: Location Form Administration**

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### 3.1.9.2 Incoming Calls

This step configures the routing of incoming DID numbers to the associated Avaya Communication Manager extensions.

In these Application Notes, the incoming PSTN DID numbers 1-603-222-4000 through 4099 and the toll-free number 1-800-333-1234 are assigned by the AT&T. They are assigned to extensions as shown in **Table 3**.

Dialed PSTN Number	Digits Received (within SIP INVITE message)	Extension Assigned
1 603 222 40xx	603 222 40xx	40xx
1 800 333 1234	000 000 0034	6001

#### Table 3 - Incoming Number Assignments

Use the "change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group n" command (where "n" is the SIP trunk group number "11") to administer the incoming number routing. This administration must be done for each incoming trunk group.

- **Called Len**: enter the total number of incoming digits received (e.g., "10").
- Called Number: enter the specific digit pattern to be matched.
- **Del**: enter the number of leading digits that should be deleted
- **Insert**: enter the specific digits to be inserted at the beginning of the adjusted incoming digit string (to form what should be the complete number).

The completed inc-call-handling-trmt form for trunk group 11 is shown below.

```
      change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 11
      Page
      1 of
      30

      INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT

      Service/
      Called
      Called
      Del Insert

      Feature
      Len
      Number

      public-ntwrk
      10
      6001
```

Similar incoming calling handing treatment should be repeated for the second SIP trunk group configured to use the second AT&T Border Element IP address.

## 3.1.10. Save Avaya Communication Manager Changes

Use the "save translation" command to make the changes permanent.

## 4. Configure Avaya SIP Enablement Services

This section covers the administration of Avaya SIP Enablement Services. Avaya SIP Enablement Services is configured via an Internet browser using SIP Server Management screens. It is assumed that Avaya SIP Enablement Services software and the license file have been previously installed. During the software installation, the "initial\_setup" installation script was run to specify the IP network properties of the server including DNS server address(es). For additional information on these installation tasks, refer to Reference [6].

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For reference purposes, **Figure 23** illustrates the IP Network Configuration entered into the Avaya SES during installation.

IP Enter the following Networ	Network Configuration
Host Name DNS Domain Name IP Address Netmask Gateway Primary DNS IP Address Secondary DNS IP Address Tertiary DNS IP Address	ses_edgehome customer-sipdomain.com 150.100.100.130 255.255.255.0 150.100.100.1 200.201.202.203
(Tab> between elements   <spa< th=""><th>OK Exit</th></spa<>	OK Exit

Figure 23 - Avaya SES Initial Setup Information

## 4.1. SIP Connection to the AT&T Services

### 4.1.1. Log in to Avaya SIP Enablement Services

Access the Avaya SES SIP Server Management pages by entering "http://<ip-addr>/admin" as the URL in an Internet browser, where "<ip-addr>" is the IP address of Avaya SIP Enablement Services server. In these Application Notes, the URL "http://150.100.100.130/admin" is used.

Log in with the appropriate credentials and then select the **Launch Administration Web Interface** link from the main page as shown in **Figure 24**.

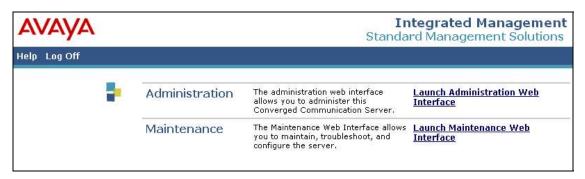


Figure 24: Avaya SES Main Page

The Avaya SES administration home page shown in Figure 25 is displayed.

Help Exit			SIP Server Manager Server: 150.100.10
Top Setup Users Conferences Media Server Extensions Emergency Contacts Hosts List Add		Add and delete Users. Add and delete Conference Extensions. Add and delete Media Server Extensions. Add and delete Emergency Contacts.	
<ul> <li>Media Servers</li> <li>Address Map Priorities</li> <li>Adjunct Systems</li> </ul>	Manage Address Map Priorities Manage Hosts	Edit Address Map Priorities. Add and delete Hosts.	
<ul> <li>Trusted Hosts Services</li> <li>Server Configuration</li> <li>Certificate Management</li> </ul>	Manage Media Servers Manage Adjunct Systems	Add and delete Media Servers. Add and delete Adjunct Systems.	
IM logs Trace Logger Export/Import to ProVision	Manage Trusted Hosts Manage Services	Add and delete Trusted Hosts. Start and stop server processes o this host.	n
	Server Configuration	Edit Properties of the system. Manage Certificates.	
	Management IM logs	Download IM Logs.	
	Trace Logger	Manage SIP Trace Logs.	
	Export Import to ProVision	Export and import data using ProVision on this host.	

Figure 25: Avaya SES Administration Home Page

## 4.1.2. Verify System Properties

From the left pane of any SIP Server Management page, expand the **Server Configuration** option and select **System Properties**. This page displays the Avaya **SES Version** and the **Network Properties** entered via the install script during the installation process.

In the **Edit System Properties** page note the **SIP Domain** entered during the initial installation. The **SIP Domain** "customer-sipdomain.com" is used in these Application Notes.

Note that throughout the SES administration screens, the Help link may be used at anytime for further information regarding the meaning of any fields.

	Αναγα		Integrated Management SIP Server Management
Users       View System Properties         Wedia Server Extensions Emergency Contacts       SES_Version       SES_Version         Hosts       Server Configuration       simplex         Hosts       Host servers       Address Map Priorities         Address Map Priorities       SIP Domain **       [oustomer-sipdomain.com         * Adjunct Accounts       If you are unsure about this field, most often the SIP         domain Accounts       License       License Host*       150.100.100.130         * Certificate Management IM logs       Siffserv/TOS Parameters       Management System         * Trace Logger       DiffServ/TOS Parameters       Call Control PHB Value*       46         802.1 Parameters       Priority Value**       6	Help Exit		Server: 150.100.130
Image: Server Extensions       SES_Version       Servers         Image: Marging Address       Madia Servers       Madia Servers       Madia Servers       Madia Servers       Subtront Services       Note that the DNS domain of eastcoast.caxample.com. This allows SIP calls and instant messages to users with handles of the format handle@example.com       This allows SIP calls and instant messages to users with handles of the format handle@example.com         Image: SNMP Configuration       Management System       Access Login       Management System         Image: String Simport to Provision       Diffserv/TOS Parameters       Call Control PHB Value*       46         B02.1 Parameters       Priority Value*       fs       Metwork Properties         Local IP       150.100.100.130       Logical IP       Logical IP       Logical IP       Logical IP         Logical IP       150.100.100.130       Logical IP       Logica	* Users	View System	Properties
Management Device SAMP Fields marked * are required.	<ul> <li>Conferences</li> <li>Media Server Extensions Emergency Contacts</li> <li>Hosts</li> <li>Media Servers Address Map Priorities</li> <li>Adjunct Systems</li> <li>Trusted Hosts Services</li> <li>Server Configuration System Properties Admin Accounts</li> <li>License IM Log Settings SNMP Configuration</li> <li>Certificate Management IM logs</li> <li>Trace Logger</li> </ul>	SES_Version System Configuration Host Type SIP Domain* Note that the DNS domai If you are unsure about 1 domain should be the roo for a DNS domain of east domain would likely be co allows SIP calls and insta of the format handle@ex License Host* Management System Access Login Management System Access Password DiffServ/TOS Parameter Call Control PHB Value* 802.1 Parameters Priority Value* Network Properties Local IP Local Name Logical IP Logical Name Gateway IP Address	SES-4.0.0.0-033.6 simplex home/edge customer-sipdomain.cc in is:customer-sipdomain.com this field, most often the SIP ot level DNS domain. For example, tcoast.example.com, the SIP onfigured to example.com. This int messages to users with handles ample.com 150.100.100.130 sers 46 150.100.100.130 ses_edgehome.customer-sipdomain.com 150.100.100.130 ses_edgehome.customer-sipdomain.com
		Fields marked * are requi	
		Update	

**Figure 26: System Properties** 

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## 4.1.3. Verify the Avaya SES Host Information

Verify the Avaya SES Host information using the **Edit Host** page. In these Application Notes the Avaya SES **Host Type** is a combined "home/edge". This means that as single Avaya SES routes SIP messages between AT&T and Avaya Communication Manager. (Note that separate Avaya SES home and edge servers may exist in other configurations. Communications with the AT&T services will always occur via the edge Avaya SES.)

Navigate to the **Edit Host** page (**Figure 27**) by following the **Hosts** link in the left navigation pane and then clicking on the **Edit** option under the **Commands** section of the **List Hosts** screen.

On the Edit Host screen:

- Verify that the IP address of this combined Avaya SES Home/Edge server is in the Host IP Address field.
- Do not modify the **DB Password** or **Profile Service Password** fields. If these fields are changed, exit the form without using the **Update** button. These values must match the values entered during the Avaya SES installation; incorrect changes may disable the Avaya SES.
- Verify that the UDP, TCP and TLS checkboxes are enabled as Listen Protocols.
- Verify that **TLS** is selected as the **Link Protocol**.
- Ensure that the **Outbound Proxy** and **Outbound Direct Domains** fields are left blank.
- Default values for the remaining fields may be used.
- Click the **Update** button only if changes are necessary. Otherwise, exit the **Edit Host** page by selecting the **Top** link on the left navigation bar.

Αναγα	Integrated Managemen SIP Server Managemen
Help Exit	Server: 150.100.100.1
Top Users Conferences Media Server Extensions Emergency Contacts Hosts List Migrate Home/Edge Media Servers Address Map Priorities Adjunct Systems Adjunct Systems Adjunct Systems Services Server Configuration Certificate Management IM logs Trace Logger Export/Import to ProVision	Host IP         Address*         IDP password*         Profile Service         Profile Service         Password*         Host Type         home/edge         Parent         Internal         Vitite Notacols         C UDP © TCP © TLS         Access Contol         Allow All © Deny         Minimum         Registration         Stool         Registration Expiration Timer (seconds)*         Beservation         Timer (seconds)         Stool         Routing Allowed         Ø Internal         Vectored         Outbound         Routing Allowed         Ø Internal         Perf         Outbound         Port         C UDP C TCP C TLS         OutboundProxy         Port         C UDP C TCP C TLS         OutboundProxy         Default Ringer         Default Receiver         Default Receiver         Default Receiver         Default Ringer         Default Receiver         Default Speaker Volume*         Stools <tr< th=""></tr<>
	© 2007 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Figure 27: Edit Host

#### 4.1.4. Add Avaya Communication Manager Media Server Interface

In these Application Notes, one media server signaling interface named "CLAN-1A03-5061" is used with Avaya Communication Manager.

Expand the **Media Servers** option within any Avaya SES SIP Server Management page, and select **Add** to display the Add Media Server page (**Figure 28**).

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In the Add Media Server Interface page, enter information corresponding to the signaling group "11" entry performed in Section 3.1.7.1.

- Enter "CLAN-1A03-5061" as the descriptive name in the **Media Server Interface Name** field.
- Select the Avaya SES home/edge IP address in the Host field.
- Select "TLS" (Transport Link Security) for the **SIP Trunk Link Type**. TLS provides encryption at the transport layer between Avaya Communication Manager and the Avaya SES.
- Enter the IP address of the "clan-1a03" interface in the **SIP Trunk IP Address** field as defined in **Figure 6**. Note: This may be the IP address of the "proc" interface in other Avaya Communication Manager configurations.

After completing the Add Media Server Interface page, click on the Add button.

AVAYA		Integrated Management SIP Server Management
Help Exit Update		Server: 150.100.130
Help       Exit       Update         Top       Setup       Users         Users       Conferences       Media Server Extensions         Emergency Contacts       Hosts       Update All         List       Media Servers       Address Map Priorities         Adjunct Systems       Trusted Hosts         Services       Server Configuration         Certificate Management       IM logs         Trace Logger       Export/Import to ProVision         Update       Update	Add Media Server In Media Server Interface Name* Host SIP Trunk SIP Trunk Link Type SIP Trunk IP Address* Media Server Admin Address (see Help) Media Server Admin Login Media Server Admin Password Media Server Admin Password Confirm SMS Connection Type Fields marked * are required.	
	© 2007 Avaya Inc. All R	ights Reserved.

Figure 28: Add Media Server Interface for Voice Calls

When these operations are completed, the List Media Servers page will appear as shown in **Figure 29**.

AVAYA				Integ SI	rated Manage 9 Server Manag	ement
Help Exit Update					Server: 150.100	
Top Users Conferences	List Media					
Media Server Extensions	and the second se	ommands		Interface	Host	
Emergency Contacts	Edit Extensions	Map Test-Link	Delete	CLAN-1A03-5061	150.100.100.130	
Hosts Update All List	Add Another Media	Server Interface				
Media Servers						
Address Map Priorities						
Adjunct Systems						
Trusted Hosts						
Services						
Server Configuration						
Certificate Management						
IM logs						
Trace Logger						
Export/Import to ProVision						
Update						
	© 200	7 Avaya Inc. All Rigł	nts Reserv	ved.		

Figure 29: Completed List Media Servers

### 4.1.5. Configure Call Routing

#### 4.1.5.1 Background

Avaya SIP Enablement Services functions as a SIP proxy for the SIP trunking with AT&T. The Avaya SES examines the SIP Request URI of an incoming SIP INVITE message, modifies the SIP Request URI and certain SIP headers and then forwards the message to the appropriate destination.

The SIP Request URI generally takes the form of *sip:user@domain*, where *domain* can be a fully qualified domain name or an IP address. The *user* part for SIP trunking in these Application Notes contains the called number digits identifying the telephone number being called.

The SIP messages are routed to the IP address associated with the *domain* part when the *domain* does not match the SIP domain of the Avaya SES (**Figure 26**) and the outbound proxy is not specified. This rule applies to all outbound calls to the AT&T services in these Application Notes.

The Avaya SES address maps are used to route SIP Messages when the *domain* part matches the Avaya SES SIP domain. In this case, the *user* part is compared to address map patterns specified

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in the Avaya SES and when a pattern match is found the SIP messages are routed to the corresponding signaling contact address destination. The address map patterns are specified using Linux regular expression syntax. Patterns are designed to match a collection of *called numbers* that require identical SIP message routing and must be specific enough to direct each unique *called number* to the proper signaling contact. **Appendix B** provides a detailed description of the Linux regular expression syntax used within the address map patterns.

The media server address maps are used to route all incoming calls from AT&T to Avaya Communication Manager in these Application Notes.

## 4.1.5.2 Outbound Calls to AT&T

In these Application Notes, the domain value of the SIP Request URI for outbound calls to AT&T is specified by the Far-end Domain field of the signaling group 11 form (Section 3.1.7.1) of the outbound SIP trunk

Since this domain value specifies the AT&T network, no additional administration is necessary in the Avaya SES for outbound calls to AT&T.

## 4.1.5.3 Inbound Direct Inward Dialed Calls

SIP messages for incoming calls from AT&T are sent to the Avaya SES. The Avaya SES then routes these messages to the appropriate Avaya Communication Manager using Avaya SES media server address maps.

In these Application Notes, the incoming PSTN calls use media server address map patterns matching the 10-digit called number in the user part of the SIP Request URI.

An example of a SIP Request URI in an INVITE message received from AT&T for the DID number 603-222-4009 is:

sip:6032224009@150.100.100.130

The user part in this case is the 10-digit number "6032224009".

**Table 4** below summarizes the media server address map strategy used in these Application

Notes for incoming calls. Note that AT&T user part for toll-free numbers typically may not match the dialed toll-free number.

<b>Dialed PSTN</b>	SIP Request URI	SES Media Server	Media Server
Number	User Part	Address Map Pattern	Interface
1-603-222-4000	6032224000	^sip:60322240[0-9]{2}	CLAN-1A03-5061
through 4099	through		
_	6032224099		
1-800-333-1234	000000034	^sip:000000034	CLAN-1A03-5061

#### Table 4: Incoming DID and Toll-Free Address Map Rules Used

To configure the media server address map for voice calls:

- Expand the Media Servers link in the left navigation menu of any SIP Server Management page. Select List to display the List Media Servers screen shown in Figure 30.
- Click on the **Map** link to display the List Media Server Address Map screen associated with the "CLAN-1A03-5061" **Interface**.



#### Figure 30: List Media Servers

• Since no previous media server address map exists, click on the Add Map In New Group link as shown in Figure 31.



Figure 31 - List Media Server Address Map

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JSR; Reviewed SPOC 4/18/2008 The Add Media Server Address Map page shown in Figure 32 is displayed.

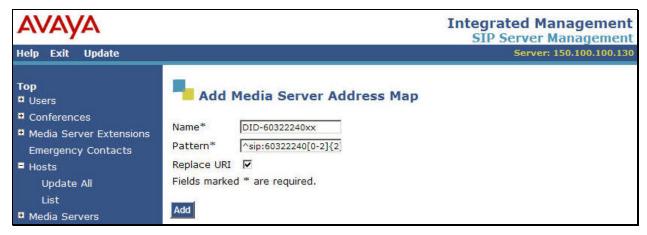
- Enter a descriptive name in the Name field, such as "DID-60322240xx".
- Enter the Address Map Pattern for incoming DID calls (from Table 4) into the Pattern field.

In this case, the DID numbers provided by the AT&T IP Flexible Reach service are 603-222-4000 thru 4099. The pattern specification for these DID numbers is:

^sip:60322240[0-9]{2}

This means that URIs beginning with "sip:60322240" followed any other 2 digits will match the pattern and be routed to the interface defined as "CLAN-1A03-5061".

• Click the **Add** button once the form is completed.



#### Figure 32: Incoming DID Calls - Media Server Address Map

A second media server address map is created for the assigned 800 number found in **Table 4**. The Name and Pattern will be entered as shown in **Figure 33**.



Figure 33: Incoming 800 Call - Media Server Address Map

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Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2008 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. After configuring the media server address maps, the List Media Server Address Map page appears as shown in Figure 34.



Figure 34: List Media Server Address Map

Note that after the first media server address map is created, a corresponding media server **Contact** entry is created automatically.

sip:\$(user)@150.100.100.113:5061;transport=tls

This **Contact** entry contains the IP address of the "CLAN-1A03" interface on Avaya Communication Manager, the port (5061) and the transport protocol (tls) to be used. The incoming digits sent in the user part of the original request URI will replace the \$(user) string when the message is sent.

## 4.1.6. Specify the AT&T Network as a Trusted Host

The Border Element IP addresses provided by AT&T (e.g., 20.1.1.54 and 20.1.2.64) must be added as a trusted host entry in the Avaya SES. As a trusted host, the Avaya SES will not attempt to authenticate incoming requests from the designated IP address.<sup>1</sup>

To add the trusted host entry:

- Expand the **Trusted Hosts** link in the left navigation menu of any SIP Server Management page. Select **Add** to display the Add Trusted Host screen shown in **Figure 35**.
- Enter "20.1.1.54" into the **IP Address** field. This the address provided by AT&T of their system that sends SIP messages to the Avaya SES and is the same address as the Far-end Domain value entered in the signaling group form in Section 3.1.7.1.
- Select "150.100.100.130" (the address of the Avaya SES) as the value of the Host field.
- Enter "ATT Network" in the **Comment** field.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If the trusted host step is not done, authentication challenges to incoming SIP messages (such as INVITEs and BYEs) will be issued by Avaya SES. This may cause call setup to fail, active calls to be disconnected after timeout periods, and/or SIP protocol errors.

• Click the **Add** button once the form is completed.

Αναγα			Integrated Management SIP Server Management
Help Exit Update			Server: 150.100.130
Top Users Conferences Media Server Extensions Emergency Contacts Hosts Media Servers Address Map Priorities Adjunct Systems Trusted Hosts List Add	Add Tr IP Address*: Host* Comment: Fields marked 3 Add	usted Host 20.1.1.54 150.100.100.130 ATT Network * are required.	



Repeat for any other AT&T Border Element addresses provided.

The resulting List Trusted Hosts page should appear as shown in Figure 36.

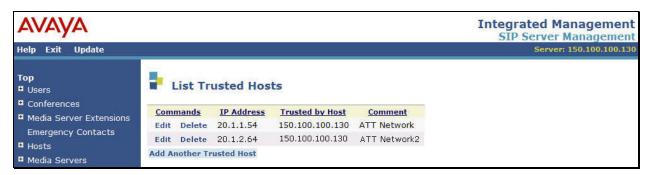


Figure 36 - List Trusted Hosts

## 4.1.7. Save the Avaya SES Changes

After making any changes within Avaya SES, commit the database changes by using the **Update** link.

Perform this step by clicking on either **Update** link on any SIP Server Management page as shown in **Figure 37**.



Figure 37: Update Displayed After an Avaya SES Administrative Change

## 5. Interoperability Compliance Testing

This section describes the interoperability compliance testing used to verify SIP trunking interoperability between the AT&T IP Flexible Reach and IP Toll Free services and an Avaya SIP trunking solution. This section covers the general test approach and the test results.

## 5.1. General Test Approach

A simulated enterprise site consisting of an Avaya SIP telephony solution supporting SIP trunking was connected to a laboratory version of the AT&T Services via simulated managed access facilities. The enterprise site was configured as if using the generally available service provided by AT&T.

The following features and functionality were covered during the SIP trunking interoperability compliance test.

- Outgoing calls to PSTN telephones
- Incoming calls to AT&T provided DID and Toll Free numbers from PSTN telephones

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- Calls using Avaya 4600 and 9600 Series IP Telephones with the H.323 firmware configurations
- Calls using Avaya 4600 and 9600 Series Telephones with the SIP firmware configurations
- G.729B and G.711MU codecs for voice calls
- T.38 codecs for fax calling
- DTMF tone transmission using RFC 2833 with successful Voice Mail / IVR navigation
- Telephone features such as hold, transfer, conference, and voice mail
- Direct IP-to-IP media (also known as "shuffling") with IP and SIP telephones

## 5.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the sample configuration was completed with successful results.

Item	Issue Observed	Discussion / Workaround
EC500 forwarding and	SIP protocol problems exist for the EC500	Problems under discussion. Avoid
EC500 Extend Call to AT&T	features.	cases where EC500 forwarding
IP Flexible Reach trunks fail.		using the SIP trunking to AT&T.
Access to the AT&T network teleconferencing service fails	The use of calling number restriction cause calls to the AT&T Teleconferencing	Avoid using calling number restriction and/or avoid using AT&T
if calling number restriction	Service to fail. Calls are successful if	SIP trunking for their
used.	"Send Calling Number" is set to restricted	Teleconference service access.
	or no.	
Unreliable T.38 fax	T.38 mode fax transmission was variable	Avoid SG3 fax machine use via SIP
transmission with some SG3	and often unreliable with higher speed	trunks. Use alternate trunking or
mode fax machines	"super group 3" (SG3) fax machines.	operate at lower speeds.
	Operating at normal group 3 speeds was	
	satisfactory.	

The following compatibility issues described in **Table 5** were observed.

Item	Issue Observed	Discussion / Workaround
Via Header Routing	The AT&T "Via Header Routing" option is	AT&T requires the "Via Header
necessary to use SIP	necessary to support SIP endpoints	Routing" option in order for Avaya
endpoints	interoperability with the AT&T SIP	Communication Manager to insert
	trunking services.	the customer's SIP domain the From
		header in outbound SIP messages.
		This is specified in the Authoritative
		Domain field on the IP Network
		Region form. In previous Avaya
		Communication Manager releases
		AT&T has specified that an IP
		address must be used. Using an IP
		address will prohibit the use of SIP
		endpoints with the AT&T services.
Emergency 911/E911	Discussion item added per AT&T request.	While AT&T IP Flexible Reach
Services Limitations		services support E911/911 calling
	Contact AT&T for additional information.	capabilities in certain circumstances,
		there are significant limitations on
	Note: Explicit 911/E911configuration and	how these capabilities are delivered.
	testing was not performed during this	
	Avaya DevConnect interoperability testing.	Please review the AT&T IP Flexible
		Reach Service Guide <sup>2</sup> in detail to
		understand these limitations and
		restrictions.

Table 5: Summary of Minor Issues Identified During Interoperability Testing

## 6. Verification Steps

## 6.1. Verification Tests

This section provides steps that may be performed to verify the operation of the SIP trunking configuration described in the Application Notes.

- Incoming Calls Verify that calls placed from a PSTN telephone to the DID number assigned are properly routed via the SIP trunk group(s) to the expected telephone, hunt group, ACD split, etc. Verify the talk-path exists in both directions, that calls remain stable for several minutes and disconnect properly.
- Outbound Calls Verify that calls placed to a PSTN telephone are properly routed via the SIP trunk group(s) defined in the ARS route patterns. Verify that the talk-path exists in both directions and that calls remain stable and disconnect properly.
- Direct IP-IP Connections This applies if IP and/or SIP telephones and Direct IP-IP are used. Verify that stable calls are using Direct IP-IP talk paths using the "status station" or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Access the AT&T IP Flexible Reach Service Guide at

http://new.serviceguide.att.com/portals/sgportal.portal?\_nfpb=true&\_pageLabel=voip\_page

"status trunk-group" commands. When Direct IP-IP is used, the Audio Connection field will indicate "ip-direct" instead of "ip-tdm".

## 6.2. Troubleshooting Tools

The Avaya Communication Manager "list trace station", "list trace tac", "status station" and/or "status trunk-group" commands are helpful diagnostic tools to verify correct operation and to troubleshoot problems. MST (Message Sequence Trace) diagnostic traces (performed by Avaya support) can be helpful in understanding the specific SIP interoperability issues.

The "Trace Logger" function within the Avaya SES Administration Web Interface may be used to capture SIP traces between Avaya SES and the AT&T services. These traces can be instrumental in understanding SIP protocol issues resulting from configuration problems.

If port monitoring is available, a SIP protocol analyzer such as WireShark (a.k.a., Ethereal) to monitor the SIP messaging at the various interfaces is a very powerful tool for troubleshooting. Note that SIP messaging between Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya SES uses TLS encryption and cannot be viewed using WireShark.

# 7. Support

AT&T customers may obtain support for the AT&T IP Flexible Reach Service by calling 1-877-288-8362. Support for the AT&T IP Toll Free Service should be directed to 1-800-325-5555.

Avaya customers may obtain documentation and support for Avaya products by visiting <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>. The "Connect with Avaya" section provides the worldwide support directory. In the United States, 1-866-GO-AVAYA (1-866-462-8292) provides access to overall sales and service support menu. Customers may also use specific numbers (provided on support.avaya.com) to directly access specific support and consultation services based upon their Avaya support agreements.

# 8. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring SIP trunking between an Avaya Communication Manager based SIP telephony solution and AT&T IP Flexible Reach and / or IP Toll Free services.

The configuration shown in these Application Notes is representative of a typical enterprise customer configuration and is intended to provide configuration guidance to supplement other Avaya product documentation. It is based upon formal interoperability compliance testing as part of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program.

# 9. References

The Avaya product documentation is available at <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>.

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- [1] *Administrator Guide for Avaya Communication Manager*, February 2007, Issue 3.1, Document Number 03-300509.
- [2] *Adding New Hardware for Avaya Media Servers and Gateways*, February 2007, Issue 2, Release 4.0, Document Number 03-300684
- [3] *Feature Description and Implementation for Avaya Communication Manager*, Issue 5, Document Number 555-245-205
- [4] SIP Support in Avaya Communication Manager Running on the Avaya S8300, S8400, S8500 series and S8700 series Media Server, March 2007, Issue 6.1, Document Number 555-245-206.
- [5] *4600 Series IP Telephone Release 2.6 LAN Administrator Guide*, August 2006, Issue 4, Document Number 555-233-507
- [6] *Installing and Administering SIP Enablement Services*, March 2007, Issue 2.1, Document Number 03-600768
- [7] Avaya Communication Manager Network Region Configuration Guide, October 2005, Document ID 103244

Several Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standards track RFC documents were referenced within these Application Notes. The RFC documents may be obtained at: <u>http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfcsearch.html</u>.

- [8] RFC 3261 SIP (Session Initiation Protocol), June 2002, Proposed Standard
- [9] RFC 2833 *RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals*, May 2000, Proposed Standard

# **APPENDIX A: Sample SIP INVITE Messages**

This section displays the format of typical SIP INVITE messages sent between AT&T and the Avaya SES at the enterprise site. These INVITE messages may be used for comparison and troubleshooting purposes. Differences in these messages may indicate that different configuration options were selected.

#### Sample SIP INVITE Message from the AT&T services to the Avaya SES:

```
INVITE sip:6032224042@150.100.100.130:5060 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 20.1.1.54:5060;branch=z9hG4bKucs96200d02htdcba540.1
From: <sip:+17328521637@20.1.1.54;user=phone>;tag=SDa5mtc01-1193864844-3356481194200492-11
To: <sip:6032224042@150.100.100.130;user=phone>
CSeq: 2073 INVITE
Contact: <sip:+17328521637@20.1.1.54:5060;transport=udp>
Call-ID: SDa5mtc01-fcdfb3454dce65489cc2942b24e2744e-fms3e43
Max-Forwards: 68
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: 265
Accept: application/sdp, application/isup, application/dtmf, application/dtmf-relay,
multipart/mixed
Accept-Language: en; g=0.0
Allow: INVITE, BYE, ACK, CANCEL, PRACK, INFO
Content-Disposition: session; handling=required
v=0
o=Sonus_UAC 30942 29067 IN IP4 20.1.1.54
s=SIP Media Capabilities
c=IN IP4 20.1.1.54
t=0 0
m=audio 21264 RTP/AVP 2 18 0 96
a=rtpmap:2 G726-32/8000
a=rtpmap:18 G729/8000
a=rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000
a=rtpmap:96 telephone-event/8000
a=fmtp:96 0-15
a=sendrecv
```

#### Sample SIP INVITE Message from Avaya SES to the AT&T services:

INVITE sip:17328521637@20.1.1.54 SIP/2.0 Call-ID: 0b0df57cc86dc114f046da5f6500 CSeq: 1 INVITE From: "H323Phone" <sip:6032224043@customer-sipdomain.com:5061>;tag=0b0df57cc86dc113f046da5f6500 Record-Route: <sip:150.100.100.130:5060;lr>,<sip:150.100.100.113:5061;lr;transport=tls> To: "17328521637" <sip:17328521637@20.1.1.54> Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 150.100.100.130:5060;branch=z9hG4bK030303262626030303127ec.0,SIP/2.0/TLS 150.100.100.113;psrrposn=2;received=150.100.100.113;branch=z9hG4bK0b0df57cc86dc115f046da5f6500 Content-Length: 208 Content-Type: application/sdp Contact: "H323Phone" <sip:6032224043@150.100.100.113:5061;transport=tls> Max-Forwards: 68 User-Agent: Avaya CM/R014x.00.1.731.2 Allow: INVITE, CANCEL, BYE, ACK, PRACK, SUBSCRIBE, NOTIFY, REFER, OPTIONS History-Info: <sip:17328521637@20.1.1.54>;index=1 History-Info: "17328521637" <sip:17328521637@20.1.1.54>;index=1.1 Supported: 100rel,timer,replaces,join,histinfo Min-SE: 1800 Session-Expires: 1800;refresher=uac P-Asserted-Identity: "H323Phone" <sip:6032224043@customer-sipdomain.com:5061> v=0o=- 1 1 IN IP4 150.100.100.113 s=c=IN IP4 150.100.100.115 t=0 0 m=audio 3420 RTP/AVP 18 0 127 a=rtpmap:18 G729/8000 a=fmtp:18 annexb=yes a=rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000 a=rtpmap:127 telephone-event/8000

# **APPENDIX B: Specifying Pattern Strings in Address Maps**

The syntax for the pattern matching used within the Avaya SES is a Linux regular expression used to match against the URI string found in the SIP INVITE message.

Regular expressions are a way to describe text through pattern matching. The regular expression is a string containing a combination of normal text characters, which match themselves, and special *metacharacters*, which may represent items like quantity, location or types of character(s).

In the pattern matching string used in the Avaya SES:

- Normal text characters and numbers match themselves.
- Common metacharacters used are:
  - A period . matches any character once (and only once).
  - An asterisk \* matches zero or more of the preceding characters.
  - Square brackets enclose a list of any character to be matched. Ranges are designated by using a hyphen. Thus the expression [12345] or [1-5] both describe a pattern that will match any single digit between 1 and 5.
  - Curly brackets containing an integer 'n' indicate that the preceding character must be matched exactly 'n' times. Thus 5{3} matches '555' and [0-9]{10} indicates any 10 digit number.
  - The circumflex character ^ as the first character in the pattern indicates that the string must begin with the character following the circumflex.

Putting these constructs together as used in this document, the pattern to match the SIP INVITE string for any valid 1+ 10 digit number in the North American dial plan would be:

#### ^sip:1[0-9]{10}

This reads as: "Strings that begin with exactly **sip:1** and having any 10 digits following will match.

A typical INVITE request below uses the shaded portion to illustrate the matching pattern.

INVITE sip:17325551638@20.1.1.54:5060;transport=udp SIP/2.0

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