



Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service (BroadSoft Platform) with Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server 6.0.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 6.1, and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 4.0.5 – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between the PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. PAETEC can offer the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service using several different platform technologies in the PAETEC network. These Application Notes correspond to the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service offered using a BroadSoft platform in the network. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (formerly Sipera E-SBC), Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server, and various Avaya endpoints.

PAETEC is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

Table of Contents

1.	Introduction	4
2.	General Test Approach and Test Results	4
2.1.	Interoperability Compliance Testing	4
2.2.	Test Results	5
2.3.	Support	6
3.	Reference Configuration	6
4.	Equipment and Software Validated	8
5.	Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	9
5.1.	Licensing and Capacity	9
5.2.	System Features	10
5.3.	IP Node Names	11
5.4.	Codecs	11
5.5.	IP Interface for procr	12
5.6.	IP Network Region	12
5.7.	Signaling Group	13
5.8.	Trunk Group.....	15
5.9.	Inbound Routing	17
5.10.	Calling Party Information.....	18
5.11.	Outbound Routing	19
5.12.	Saving Communication Manager Configuration Changes	22
6.	Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager.....	23
6.1.	Avaya Aura® System Manager Login and Navigation	23
6.2.	Specify SIP Domain	24
6.3.	Add Location.....	25
6.4.	Add SIP Entities.....	29
6.5.	Add Entity Links.....	33
6.6.	Add Routing Policies.....	34
6.7.	Add Dial Patterns.....	35
6.8.	Verify Avaya Aura® Session Manager Instance.....	39
7.	Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	41
7.1.	Global Profiles	44
7.1.1.	Routing Profile	44
7.1.2.	Topology Hiding Profile.....	46
7.1.3.	Server Interworking Profile.....	49
7.1.4.	Signaling Manipulation	59
7.1.5.	Server Configuration	63
7.2.	Domain Policies	70
7.2.1.	Media Rules.....	70
7.2.2.	Signaling Rules	72
7.2.3.	Application Rules.....	76

7.2.4. Endpoint Policy Group	77
7.3. Device Specific Settings.....	79
7.3.1. Network Management	79
7.3.2. Signaling Interface	80
7.3.3. Media Interface	81
7.3.4. End Point Flows - Server Flow	82
8. Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service Configuration	85
9. Verification and Troubleshooting	86
9.1. Verification	86
9.2. Troubleshooting	87
10. Conclusion.....	90
11. References	90

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between the PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. PAETEC can offer the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service using several different platform technologies in the PAETEC network. These Application Notes correspond to the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service offered using a BroadSoft platform in the network. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (formerly Sipera E-SBC), Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server along with various Avaya endpoints.

Customers using this Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution with the PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a broadband WAN connection using the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks such as ISDN-PRI.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to configure a simulated enterprise site using Communication Manager, Session Manager and the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise to connect to the public Internet using a broadband connection. The enterprise site was configured to connect to the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service. This configuration shown in **Figure 1** was used to exercise the features and functionality listed in **Section 2.1**.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

To verify SIP trunking interoperability, the following features and functionality were covered during the interoperability compliance test:

- Incoming PSTN calls to various phone types. Phone types included H.323, SIP, digital, and analog telephones at the enterprise. All inbound PSTN calls were routed to the enterprise across the SIP trunk from the service provider.
- Outgoing PSTN calls from various phone types. Phone types included H.323, SIP, digital, and analog telephones at the enterprise. All outbound PSTN calls were routed from the enterprise across the SIP trunk to the service provider.
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from Avaya one-X® Communicator (soft client).

- Avaya one-X® Communicator supports two modes (Road Warrior and Telecommuter). Each supported mode was tested. Avaya one-X Communicator also supports two Voice over IP (VoIP) protocols: H.323 and SIP. Each supported protocol was tested.
- Various call types including: local, long distance, international, outbound toll-free, operator assisted calls and local directory assistance (411).
- Codecs G.729A, G.711MU and G.711A.
- DTMF transmission using RFC 2833.
- G.711 Faxing
- Caller ID presentation and Caller ID restriction.
- Voicemail navigation for inbound and outbound calls.
- User features such as hold and resume, transfer, and conference.
- Network Call Redirection using the SIP REFER method or a 302 response.
- Off-net call forwarding and mobility (extension to cellular).

Items not supported or not tested included the following:

- Inbound toll-free and emergency calls (911) are supported but were not tested as part of the compliance test.
- T.38 Fax not supported.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service was completed with successful results for all test cases with the exception of the observations/limitations described below.

- **Calling Party Number (PSTN transfers):** The calling party number displayed on the PSTN phone is not updated to reflect the true connected party on calls that are transferred to the PSTN. After the call transfer is complete, the calling party number displays the number of the transferring party and not the actual connected party.
- **Network Call Redirection:** When PAETEC's Enterprise Trunking feature is active and Communication Manager is programmed to redirect an inbound call to a PSTN number before answering the call in a vector, PAETEC will send an ACK to the "302 Moved Temporarily" SIP message from the enterprise but will not redirect the call to the new party in the Contact header of the 302 message. The inbound call initiator hears a recording from PAETEC in this failure scenario. A workaround is to use the REFER method to redirect the call by having Communication Manager answer the call first with an announcement. When PAETEC's Enterprise Trunking feature is NOT active, Network Call Redirection works as expected.
- **SendOnly SIP Parameter:** With the Network Call Redirection feature enabled, Communication Manager will use the SIP parameter *SendOnly* to signal any hold call conditions. The *SendOnly* SIP parameter is currently not supported by PAETEC Dynamic IP service and will respond with an inactive media when it receives *SendOnly* instead of responding with *RecvOnly*. As a result, the originating side does not hear anything until the re-INVITE comes in with *SendRecv*. The Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise is used to remove the *SendOnly* parameter to allow hold music to be received by PAETEC properly. See **Section 7.1.4**.

The Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service passed compliance testing.

2.3. Support

For technical support on the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service, contact PAETEC using the Customer Care links at www.paetec.com.

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates a sample Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution connected to the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service. This is the configuration used for compliance testing.

The Avaya components used to create the simulated customer site included:

- Communication Manager
- Session Manager
- System Manager
- Aura Messaging
- Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise
- Avaya G450 Media Gateway
- Avaya 9600-Series IP telephones (H.323 and SIP)
- Avaya 4600-Series IP telephones (H.323)
- Avaya 1600-Series IP telephones (H.323)
- Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323 and SIP)
- Avaya digital and analog telephones

Located at the edge of the enterprise is the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE). It has a public side that connects to the external network and a private side that connects to the enterprise network. All SIP and RTP traffic entering or leaving the enterprise flows through the Avaya SBCE. In this way, the Avaya SBCE can protect the enterprise against any SIP-based attacks. The Avaya SBCE provides network address translation at both the IP and SIP layers. For security reasons, any actual public IP addresses used in the configuration have been replaced with private IP addresses. Similarly, any references to real routable PSTN numbers have also been changed to numbers that cannot be routed by the PSTN.

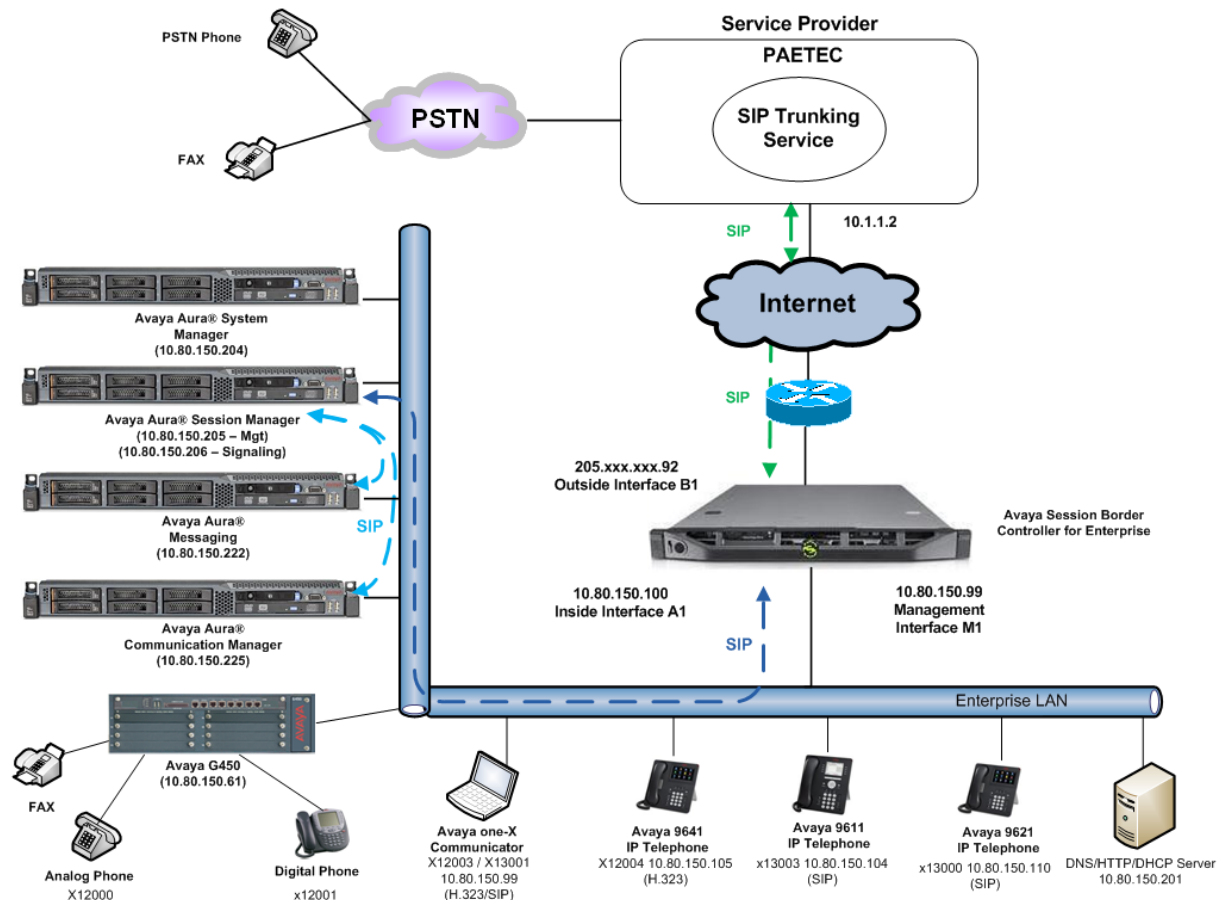


Figure 1: Avaya IP Telephony Network using the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service

A separate trunk was created between Communication Manager and Session Manager to carry the service provider traffic. This was done so that any trunk or codec setting required by the service provider could be applied only to this trunk and not affect other enterprise SIP traffic. In addition, this trunk carried both inbound and outbound traffic.

For inbound calls, the calls flow from the service provider to the Avaya SBCE then to Session Manager. Session Manager uses the configured dial patterns (or regular expressions) and routing policies to determine the recipient (in this case Communication Manager) and on which link to send the call. Once the call arrives at Communication Manager, further incoming call treatment, such as incoming digit translations and class of service restrictions may be performed.

Outbound calls to the PSTN are first processed by Communication Manager and may be subject to outbound features such as automatic route selection, digit manipulation and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selects the proper SIP trunk, the call is routed to Session Manager. Session Manager once again uses the configured dial patterns (or regular expressions) to determine the route to Avaya SBCE. From Avaya SBCE, the call is sent to the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service.

PAETEC allows all North American Numbering Plan (NANP) numbers to be dialed with either 10 digits or 11 digits (1 + 10).

4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Avaya IP Telephony Solution Components	
Component	Release
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	R016x.00.1.510.1-19303 (SP 5.01)
Avaya Aura® Messaging	R016x.00.1.510.1-115_0006 (SP 0)
Avaya Aura® System Manager	6.1.0.0.7345-6.1.5.502
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	6.1.5.0.615006
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	4.0.5.Q02
Avaya G450 Media Gateway	31.18.1
Avaya 1616 IP Telephone (H.323)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone Value Edition 1.301S
Avaya 9641 IP Telephone (H.323)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone Edition 6.0.3
Avaya 9621 IP Telephone (SIP)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone SIP Edition 6.0.3
Avaya 9611 IP Telephone (SIP)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone SIP Edition 6.0.3
Avaya 9608 IP Telephone (SIP)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone SIP Edition 6.0.3
Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323 and SIP)	6.1.2.06
Avaya 2420 Digital Telephone	n/a
Avaya 6210 Analog Telephone	n/a
PAETEC SIP Trunking Solution Components	
Component	Release
BroadSoft Platform	14sp9

Table 1: Equipment and Software Tested

The specific configuration above was used for the compatibility testing.

Note: This solution will be compatible with other Avaya Server and Media Gateway platforms running similar versions of Communication Manager and Session Manager.

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the procedure for configuring Communication Manager for the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service. A SIP trunk is established between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by signaling traffic to and from PAETEC. It is assumed the general installation of Communication Manager, Avaya G450 Media Gateway and Session Manager has been previously completed and is not discussed here.

The Communication Manager configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation.

Note: IP addresses and phone numbers shown throughout these Application Notes have been edited so that the actual IP addresses of the network elements and public PSTN numbers are not revealed.

5.1. Licensing and Capacity

Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command to verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** value on **Page 2** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise including any trunks to the service provider. The example shows that **12000** SIP trunk licenses are available and **275** are in use. The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to add additional capacity.

display system-parameters customer-options		Page 2 of 11
OPTIONAL FEATURES		
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	12000	0
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	18000	3
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	12000	0
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	18000	0
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	128	0
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	18000	0
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	18000	1
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	12000	275
Maximum Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	12000	0
Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	522	0
Maximum TN2501 VAL Boards:	10	0
Maximum Media Gateway VAL Sources:	250	1
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 80 VoIP Channels:	128	0
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 320 VoIP Channels:	128	0
Maximum Number of Expanded Meet-me Conference Ports:	300	0

5.2. System Features

Use the **change system-parameters features** command to set the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** field to **all** to allow incoming calls from the PSTN to be transferred to another PSTN endpoint. If for security reasons, incoming calls should not be allowed to transfer back to the PSTN then leave the field set to **none**.

```
change system-parameters features                               Page 1 of 19
      FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS
      Self Station Display Enabled? y
      Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all
      Automatic Callback with Called Party Queuing? n
      Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings): 3
      Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes): 10
      Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds): 20
      AAR/ARS Dial Tone Required? y
```

On **Page 9** verify that a text string has been defined to replace the Calling Party Number (CPN) for restricted or unavailable calls. This text string is entered in the two fields highlighted below. The compliance test used the value of **anonymous** for both types of calls.

```
display system-parameters features                             Page 9 of 19
      FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS

      CPN/ANI/ICLID PARAMETERS
      CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Restricted Calls: anonymous
      CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Unavailable Calls: anonymous

      DISPLAY TEXT
      Identity When Bridging: principal
      User Guidance Display? n
      Extension only label for Team button on 96xx H.323 terminals? n

      INTERNATIONAL CALL ROUTING PARAMETERS
      Local Country Code: 1
      International Access Code: 011

      ENBLOC DIALING PARAMETERS
      Enable Enbloc Dialing without ARS FAC? n

      CALLER ID ON CALL WAITING PARAMETERS
      Caller ID on Call Waiting Delay Timer (msec): 200
```

5.3. IP Node Names

Use the **change node-names ip** command to verify that node names have been previously defined for the IP addresses of Communication Manager (**procr**) and for Session Manager (**SM**). These node names will be needed for defining the service provider signaling group in **Section 5.7**.

change node-names ip		Page 1 of 2
IP NODE NAMES		
Name	IP Address	
SM	10.80.150.206	
default	0.0.0.0	
procr	10.80.150.225	
procr6	::	

5.4. Codecs

Use the **change ip-codec-set** command to define a list of codecs to use for calls between the enterprise and the service provider. For the compliance test, ip-codec-set 2 was used for this purpose. The Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service supports G.729A, G.711A and G.711MU. During compliance testing each of the supported codecs were tested independently by changing the order of preference to list the codec being tested as the first choice. The true order of preference is defined by the end customer. In the example below, **G.729A** and **G.711MU** was entered in the **Audio Codec** column of the table. Default values can be used for all other fields.

change ip-codec-set 2		Page 1 of 2
IP Codec Set		
Codec Set: 2		
Audio Codec	Silence Suppression	Frames Per Pkt Packet Size(ms)
1: G.729A	n	2 20
2: G.711MU	n	2 20
3:		

Since T.38 fax is not supported, set the **Fax Mode** to **off** on **Page 2**.

change ip-codec-set 2		Page 2 of 2
IP Codec Set		
Allow Direct-IP Multimedia? n		
	Mode	Redundancy
FAX	off	0
Modem	off	0
TDD/TTY	US	3

5.5. IP Interface for procr

The **add ip-interface procr** or **change ip-interface procr** command can be used to configure the Processor Ethernet (PE) parameters. The following screen shows the parameters used in the sample configuration. While the focus here is the use of the PE for SIP Trunk Signaling, observe that the Processor Ethernet will also be used for registrations from H.323 IP Telephones and H.248 gateways in the sample configuration.

change ip-interface procr		Page 1 of 2
IP INTERFACES		
Type: PROCr	Target socket load: 1700	
Enable Interface? y	Allow H.323 Endpoints? y	
Network Region: 1	Allow H.248 Gateways? y	
	Gatekeeper Priority: 5	
IPV4 PARAMETERS		
Node Name: procr	IP Address: 10.80.150.225	
Subnet Mask: /24		

5.6. IP Network Region

Create a separate IP network region for the service provider trunk. This allows for separate codec or quality of service settings to be used (if necessary) for calls between the enterprise and the service provider versus calls within the enterprise or elsewhere. For the compliance test, IP-network-region 2 was chosen for the service provider trunk. IP network region 1 is the default IP network region and encompasses the rest of the enterprise. Use the **change ip-network-region 2** command to configure region 2 with the following parameters:

- Set the **Location** field to match the enterprise location for this SIP trunk.
- Set the **Authoritative Domain** field to match the SIP domain of the enterprise. In this configuration, the domain name is **avayalab.com**. This name appears in the “From” header of SIP messages originating from this IP region.
- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Enable **IP-IP Direct Audio** (shuffling) to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya Media Gateway. To enable shuffling, set both **Intra-region** and **Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio** fields to **yes**. This is the default setting. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form.
- Set the **Codec Set** field to the IP codec set defined in **Section 5.4**.
- Default values can be used for all other fields.

```

change ip-network-region 2                                     Page 1 of 20
                                                              IP NETWORK REGION
Region: 2
Location: 1           Authoritative Domain: avayalab.com
Name: PAETEC SIP TRUNK
MEDIA PARAMETERS
  Codec Set: 2           Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
                        Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
                        IP Audio Hairpinning? n
  UDP Port Min: 2048
  UDP Port Max: 3329
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
  Call Control PHB Value: 46
  Audio PHB Value: 46
  Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
  Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
  Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
  Video 802.1p Priority: 5
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
  H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
  Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
  Keep-Alive Count: 5
  AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
  RSVP Enabled? n

```

On **Page 4**, define the IP codec set to be used for traffic between region 2 and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise). Enter the desired IP codec set in the **codec set** column of the row with destination region (**dst rgn**) 1. Default values may be used for all other fields. The example below shows the settings used for the compliance test. It indicates that codec set 2 will be used for calls between region 2 (the service provider region) and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise).

```

change ip-network-region 2                                     Page 4 of 20
Source Region: 2      Inter Network Region Connection Management
dst codec direct      WAN-BW-limits  Video      Intervening  Dyn  CAC
rgn  set  WAN  Units  Total Norm  Prio Shr Regions
1    2    y    NoLimit
2    2
3
4

```

5.7. Signaling Group

Use the **add signaling-group** command to create a signaling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by the service provider trunk. This signaling group is used for inbound and outbound calls between the service provider and the enterprise. For the compliance test, signaling group 1 was used for this purpose and was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Set the **IMS Enabled** field to **n**. This specifies Communication Manager will serve as an Evolution Server for Session Manager.

- Set the **Transport Method** to the recommended default value of **tls** (Transport Layer Security). Set the **Near-end Listen Port** and **Far-end Listen Port** to a valid unused port instead of the default well-known port value. (For TLS, the well-known port value is 5061). This is necessary so the SM can distinguish this trunk from the trunk used for other enterprise SIP traffic. For ease of troubleshooting, the compliance test was conducted with the **Transport Method** set to **tcp** and the **Near-end Listen Port** and **Far-end Listen Port** set to **5070**. (For TCP, the well-known port value is 5060).
- Set the **Peer Detection Enabled** field to **y**. The **Peer Server** field will initially be set to **Others** and cannot be changed via administration. The Peer Server field will automatically change to **SM** once Communication Manager detected a Session Manager peer.
- Set the **Near-end Node Name** to **procr**. This node name maps to the IP address of Communication Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Far-end Node Name** to **SM**. This node name maps to the IP address of Session Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Far-end Network Region** to the IP network region defined for the service provider in **Section 5.6**.
- Set the **Far-end Domain** to the domain of the enterprise.
- Set **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** to **y**. This field will enable media shuffling on the SIP trunk.
- Set the **DTMF over IP** field to **rtp-payload**. This value enables Communication Manager to send DTMF transmissions using RFC 2833.
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

add signaling-group 1		Page 1 of 1
SIGNALING GROUP		
Group Number: 1	Group Type: sip	
IMS Enabled? n	Transport Method: tcp	
Q-SIP? n		SIP Enabled LSP? n
IP Video? n		Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? y
Peer Detection Enabled? y	Peer Server: SM	
Near-end Node Name: procr	Far-end Node Name: SM	
Near-end Listen Port: 5070	Far-end Listen Port: 5070	
	Far-end Network Region: 2	
Far-end Domain: avayalab.com		
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate	Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n	
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload	RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n	
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3	Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y	
Enable Layer 3 Test? y	IP Audio Hairpinning? y	
	Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6	
Enable Layer 3 Test? n	Initial IP-IP Direct Media? n	
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n	Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6	

5.8. Trunk Group

Use the **add trunk-group** command to create a trunk group for the signaling group created in **Section 5.7**. For the compliance test, trunk group 1 was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Enter a descriptive name for the **Group Name**.
- Enter an available trunk access code (TAC) that is consistent with the existing dial plan in the **TAC** field.
- Set the **Service Type** field to **public-ntwrk**.
- Set **Member Assignment Method** to **auto**.
- Set the **Signaling Group** to the signaling group shown in the previous step.
- Set the **Number of Members** field to the number of trunk members in the SIP trunk group. This value determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by this trunk.
- Default values were used for all other fields.

```
add trunk-group 1                                     Page 1 of 21
                                     TRUNK GROUP
Group Number: 1                                     Group Type: sip          CDR Reports: y
  Group Name: SIP trunk to PAETEC                  COR: 1              TN: 1          TAC: *01
  Direction: two-way                               Outgoing Display? n
  Dial Access? n                                   Night Service:
Queue Length: 0
Service Type: public-ntwrk                        Auth Code? n
                                                Member Assignment Method: auto
                                                Signaling Group: 1
                                                Number of Members: 4
```

On **Page 2**, verify that the **Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval** is set to a value acceptable to the service provider. This value defines the interval that re-INVITEs must be sent to keep the active session alive. For the compliance test, the value of **600** seconds was used.

```
add trunk-group 1                                     Page 2 of 21
  Group Type: sip
TRUNK PARAMETERS
  Unicode Name: auto
                                     Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 5000
                                     SCCAN? n                Digital Loss Group: 18
                                     Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec): 600
Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y
```

On **Page 3**, set the **Numbering Format** field to **public**. This field specifies the format of the calling party number (CPN) sent to the far-end.

Set the **Replace Restricted Numbers** and **Replace Unavailable Numbers** fields to **y**. This will allow the CPN displayed on local endpoints to be replaced with the value set in **Section 5.2**, if the inbound call enabled CPN block. For outbound calls, these same settings request that CPN block be activated on the far-end destination if a local user requests CPN block on a particular call routed out this trunk. Set **Modify Tandem Calling Number** to **tandem-cpn-form**. Default values were used for all other fields.

```
add trunk-group 1                                     Page 3 of 21
TRUNK FEATURES
    ACA Assignment? n                                Measured: none
                                           Maintenance Tests? y

                                Numbering Format: public
                                           UI Treatment: service-provider

                                           Replace Restricted Numbers? y
                                           Replace Unavailable Numbers? y

                                Modify Tandem Calling Number: tandem-cpn-form

Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y
```

On **Page 4**, set the **Network Call Redirection** field to **y**. This allows inbound calls transferred back to the PSTN to use the SIP REFER method, see **Reference [18]**. Set the **Send Diversion Header** field to **y**. This field provides additional information to the network if the call has been re-directed. This is necessary to support call forwarding of inbound calls back to the PSTN and some Extension to Cellular (EC500) call scenarios. Set the **Support Request History** field to **n**. Set the **Telephone Event Payload Type** to **101**, the value preferred by PAETEC.

Note: PAETEC's Enterprise Trunking Feature does not require the use of the Diversion header on re-directed calls. When using PAETEC's Enterprise Trunking Feature, set the **Send Diversion Header** field to **n**.

```

add trunk-group 1                                     Page 4 of 21
                                PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                Mark Users as Phone? n
                                Prepend '+' to Calling Number? n
                                Send Transferring Party Information? n
                                Network Call Redirection? y
                                Send Diversion Header? y
                                Support Request History? n
                                Telephone Event Payload Type: 101

                                Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n
                                Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n
                                Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity

```

5.9. Inbound Routing

In general, the incoming call handling treatment for a trunk group can be used to manipulate the digits received for an incoming call if necessary. Since Session Manager is present, Session Manager can be used to perform digit conversion using an Adaptation, and digit manipulation via the Communication Manager incoming call handling table may not be necessary. If the DID number sent by PAETEC is unchanged by Session Manager, then the DID number can be mapped to an extension using the incoming call handling treatment of the receiving trunk group. Use the **change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group** command to create an entry for each DID. As an example, the following screen illustrates a conversion of DID number **7135553761** to extension **12001**.

```

change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 1           Page 1 of 30
                                INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT
                                Service/   Number   Number   Del Insert
                                Feature    Len      Digits
                                public-ntwrk 10 7135553761 10 12001
                                public-ntwrk 10 7135553762 10 12002
                                public-ntwrk 10 7135553763 10 12003
                                public-ntwrk 10 7135553764 10 12004
                                public-ntwrk

```

5.10. Calling Party Information

The calling party number is sent in the SIP “From”, “Contact” and “PAI” headers. Since public numbering was selected to define the format of this number (**Section 5.8**), use the **change public-unknown-numbering** command to create an entry for each extension which has a DID assigned. The DID number will be one assigned by the SIP service provider. It is used to authenticate the caller.

In the sample configuration, four DID numbers were assigned for testing. These four numbers were assigned to the four extensions **12001**, **12002**, **12003** and **12004**. Thus, these same 10-digit numbers were used in the outbound calling party information on the service provider trunk when calls were originated from these four extensions.

change public-unknown-numbering 1					Page 1 of 2
NUMBERING - PUBLIC/UNKNOWN FORMAT					
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	Total	
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	CPN	
				Len	
5	1			5	Total Administered: 13
5	2			5	Maximum Entries: 9999
5	3			5	Note: If an entry applies to a SIP connection to Avaya Aura(tm) Session Manager, the resulting number must be a complete E.164 number.
5	4			5	
5	5			5	
5	6			5	
5	7			5	
5	8			5	
5	12001	1	7135553761	10	
5	12002	1	7135553762	10	
5	12003	1	7135553763	10	
5	12004	1	7135553764	10	

Use the **change tandem-calling-party-num** command, to define the calling party number to send to the PSTN for tandem calls from SIP users.

In the example shown below, all calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 13 and routed to trunk group 1 will result in a 10-digit calling number. For **Number Format**, use an applicable format, in this case **pub-unk**.

change tandem-calling-party-num						Page 1 of 8
CALLING PARTY NUMBER CONVERSION FOR TANDEM CALLS						
CPN	Trk				Number	
Len Prefix	Grp(s)	Delete	Insert		Format	
5 13	1	5	7135553761		pub-unk	

5.11. Outbound Routing

In these Application Notes, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature is used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to the service provider. In the sample configuration, the single digit 9 is used as the ARS access code. Enterprise callers will dial 9 to reach an outside line. This common configuration is illustrated below. Use the **change dialplan analysis** command to define a dialed string beginning with **9** of length **1** as a feature access code (**fac**).

change dialplan analysis			Page 1 of 12					
			DIAL PLAN ANALYSIS TABLE					
			Location: all			Percent Full: 2		
Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type	Dialed String	Total Length	Call Type
0	1	attd						
1	5	ext						
2	5	ext						
3	5	ext						
4	5	ext						
5	5	ext						
6	5	ext						
7	5	ext						
8	5	ext						
9	1	fac						
*	3	dac						
#	3	dac						

Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure **9** as the **Auto Route Selection (ARS) – Access Code 1**.

change feature-access-codes			Page 1 of 10					
			FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)					
Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code: *10								
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code: *12								
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code: *13								
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code: *14								
Announcement Access Code: *19								
Answer Back Access Code:								
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: *00								
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 9			Access Code 2:					
Automatic Callback Activation: *33			Deactivation: #33					
Call Forwarding Activation Busy/DA: *30 All: *31			Deactivation: #30					
Call Forwarding Enhanced Status: Act:			Deactivation:					

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialed digits following the first digit 9.

- **Dialed String:** enter the leading digits (e.g., **1303**) necessary to uniquely select the desired route pattern.
- **Total Min:** enter the minimum number of digits (e.g., **11**) expected for this PSTN number.
- **Total Max:** enter the maximum number of digits (e.g., **11**) expected for this PSTN number.
- **Route Pattern:** enter the route pattern number (e.g., **1**) to be used. The route pattern (to be defined next) will specify the trunk group(s) to be used for calls matching the dialed number.
- **Call Type:** enter **fnpa**, the call type for North American 1+10 digit calls. For local 7 or 10 digit calls enter **hnpa**. For 411 and 911 calls use **svcl** and **emer** respectively. The call type tells Communication Manager what kind of call is made to help decide how to handle the dialed string and whether or not to include a preceding 1. For more information and a complete list of Communication Manager call types, see **Reference [3]** and **[4]**.

The example below shows a subset of the dialed strings tested as part of the compliance test. See **Section 2.1** for the complete list of call types tested. All dialed strings are mapped to route pattern 1 which contains the SIP trunk to the service provider (as defined next).

change ars analysis 1							Page 1 of 2
ARS DIGIT ANALYSIS TABLE							
Location: all							Percent Full: 0
Dialed String	Total Min	Total Max	Route Pattern	Call Type	Node Num	ANI Req'd	
1303	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1502	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1720	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1800	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1866	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1877	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1888	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
1908	11	11	1	fnpa		n	
2	10	10	1	hnpa		n	
3	10	10	1	hnpa		n	
4	10	10	1	hnpa		n	
411	3	3	1	svcl		n	
5	10	10	1	hnpa		n	
555	7	7	deny	hnpa		n	
6	10	10	1	hnpa		n	

The route pattern defines which trunk group will be used for the call and performs any necessary digit manipulation. Use the **change route-pattern** command to configure the parameters for the service provider trunk route pattern in the following manner. The example below shows the values used for route pattern 1 during the compliance test.

- **Pattern Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **Grp No:** Enter the outbound trunk group for the SIP service provider. For the compliance test, trunk group **1** was used.
- **FRL:** Set the Facility Restriction Level (**FRL**) field to a level that allows access to this trunk for all users that require it. The value of **0** is the least restrictive level.
- **Pfx Mrk: 1** The prefix mark (**Pfx Mrk**) of **1** will prefix any FNPA 10-digit number with a 1 and leave numbers of any other length unchanged. This will ensure 1 + 10 digits are sent to the service provider for long distance North American Numbering Plan (NANP) numbers. All HNPA 10 digit numbers are left unchanged.

change route-pattern 1													Page 1 of 3				
Pattern Number: 1													Pattern Name: PAETEC SIP TRK				
SCCAN? n													Secure SIP? n				
Grp	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Hop	Toll	No.	Inserted						DCS/	IXC			
No			Mrk	Lmt	List	Del	Digits						QSIG				
													Intw				
1:	1	0	1										n	user			
2:													n	user			
3:													n	user			
4:													n	user			
5:													n	user			
6:													n	user			
				BCC	VALUE	TSC	CA-TSC					ITC	BCIE	Service/Feature	PARM	No. Numbering	LAR
				0	1	2	M	4	W					Request			
													Dgts Format				
													Subaddress				
1:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n						rest		none		
2:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n						rest		none		
3:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n						rest		none		
4:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n						rest		none		
5:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n						rest		none		
6:	y	y	y	y	y	n	n						rest		none		

Use the **change ars digit-conversion** command to manipulate the routing of dialed digits that match the DIDs to prevent these calls from going out the PSTN and using unnecessary SIP trunk resources. The example below shows the DID numbers assigned by PAETEC being converted to 5 digit extensions.

change ars digit-conversion 0					Page 1 of 2			
ARS DIGIT CONVERSION TABLE					Percent Full: 0			
Location: all								
Matching Pattern	Min	Max	Del	Replacement String	Net	Conv	ANI	Req
7135553761	10	10	10	12001	ext	y	n	
7135553762	10	10	10	12002	ext	y	n	
7135553763	10	10	10	12003	ext	y	n	
7135553764	10	10	10	12004	ext	y	n	
							n	
							n	
							n	
							n	
							n	
							n	
							n	
							n	

5.12. Saving Communication Manager Configuration Changes

The command **save translation all** can be used to save the configuration.

save translation all	
SAVE TRANSLATION	
Command Completion Status	Error Code
Success	0

6. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

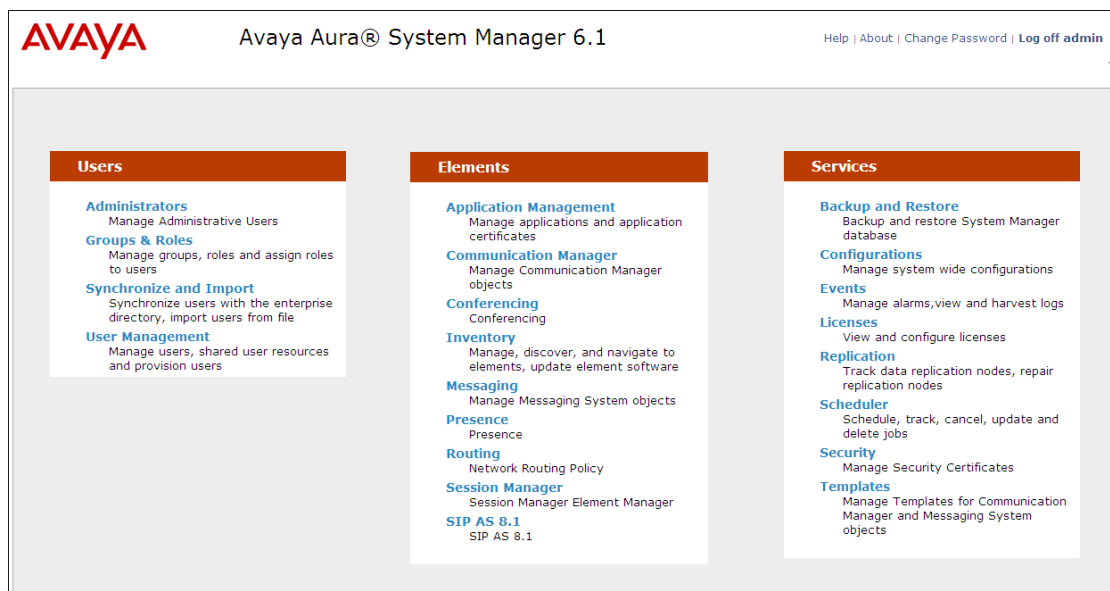
This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include adding the following items:

- SIP domain
- Logical/physical Location that can be occupied by SIP Entities
- SIP Entities corresponding to Communication Manager, Avaya SBCE and Session Manager
- Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities
- Routing Policies, which control call routing between the SIP Entities
- Dial Patterns, which govern to which SIP Entity a call is routed
- Session Manager Instance, corresponding to the Session Manager server to be administered in System Manager.

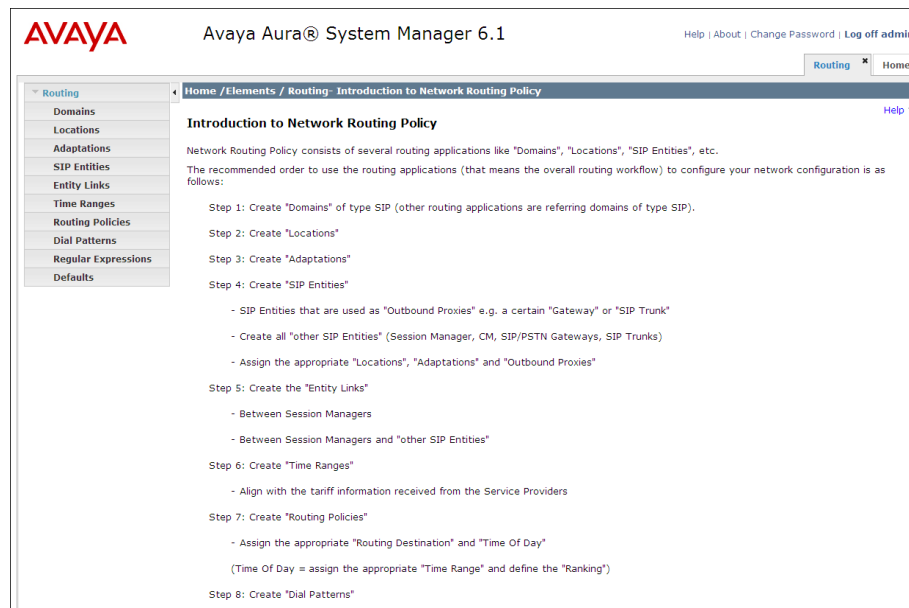
It may not be necessary to create all the items above when creating a connection to the service provider since some of these items would have already been defined as part of the initial Session Manager installation. This includes items such as certain SIP domains, locations, SIP entities, and Session Manager itself. However, each item should be reviewed to verify the configuration.

6.1. Avaya Aura® System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL `https://<ip-address>/SMGR`, where `<ip-address>` is the IP address of System Manager. Log in with the appropriate credentials and click on **Log On** (not shown). The screen shown below is then displayed.



Most of the configuration items are performed in the Routing Element. Click on **Routing** in the Elements column shown above to bring up the **Introduction to Network Routing Policy** screen.



6.2. Specify SIP Domain

Create a SIP domain for each domain for which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. For the compliance test, this includes the enterprise domain (**avayalab.com**). Navigate to **Routing → Domains** and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears, fill in the following:

- **Name:** Enter the domain name.
- **Type:** Select **sip** from the pull-down menu.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

Click **Commit**. The screen below shows the entry for the **avayalab.com** domain.

Home / Elements / Routing / Domains- Domain Management

Domain Management
[Help ?](#)

1 Item | [Refresh](#)
[Filter: Enable](#)

Name	Type	Default	Notes
* <input type="text" value="avayalab.com"/>	<input type="text" value="sip"/> ▼	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>

6.3. Add Location

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management and call admission control. To add a location, navigate to **Routing →Locations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown).

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name for the location.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

The **Location Pattern** was not populated. The Location Pattern is used to identify call routing based on IP address. Session Manager matches the IP address against the patterns defined in this section. If a call is from a SIP Entity that does not match the IP address pattern then Session Manager uses the location administered for the SIP Entity. In this sample configuration Locations are added to SIP Entities (**Section 6.4**), so it was not necessary to add a pattern.

The screen below shows the addition of **Location_150_SM**, this location will be used for Session Manager. Click **Commit** to save.

Home / Elements / Routing / Locations - Location Details
[Help ?](#)

Location Details
Commit Cancel

Call Admission Control has been set to ignore SDP. All calls will be counted using the Default Audio Bandwidth.
 See Session Manager -> Session Manager Administration -> Global Setting

General

* **Name:**

Notes:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units:

Total Bandwidth:

Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters

* **Default Audio Bandwidth:**

Location Pattern

Add Remove

0 Items | Refresh
Filter: Enable

	IP Address Pattern	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>		

Note: Call bandwidth management parameters should be set per customer requirement.

Repeat the preceding procedure to create a separate Location for Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE. Displayed below is the screen for **Location_150_CM** used for Communication Manager.

[Home](#) / [Elements](#) / [Routing](#) / [Locations - Location Details](#)

[Help ?](#)

Location Details

Commit

Cancel

Call Admission Control has been set to ignore SDP. All calls will be counted using the Default Audio Bandwidth.
See [Session Manager -> Session Manager Administration -> Global Setting](#)

General

* Name:

Location_150_CM

Notes:

Communication Manager

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units:

Kbit/sec

Total Bandwidth:

Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters

* Default Audio Bandwidth:

80

Kbit/sec

Location Pattern

Add

Remove

0 Items | [Refresh](#)

Filter: [Enable](#)

	IP Address Pattern	Notes
--	--------------------	-------

* Input Required

Commit

Cancel

Below is the screen for **ASBCE-LOC150** used for Avaya SBCE.

[Home](#) / [Elements](#) / [Routing](#) / [Locations](#) - Location Details [Help ?](#)

Location Details [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

Call Admission Control has been set to ignore SDP. All calls will be counted using the Default Audio Bandwidth.
See Session Manager -> Session Manager Administration -> Global Setting

General

* **Name:**

Notes:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units:

Total Bandwidth:

Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters

* **Default Audio Bandwidth:**

Location Pattern

[Add](#) [Remove](#)

0 Items | [Refresh](#) [Filter: Enable](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	IP Address Pattern	Notes
--------------------------	--------------------	-------

* **Input Required** [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

6.4. Add SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system connected to it which includes Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE. Navigate to **Routing → SIP Entities** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown).

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **FQDN or IP Address:** Enter the FQDN or IP address of the SIP Entity that is used for SIP signaling.
- **Type:** Enter **Session Manager** for Session Manager, **CM** for Communication Manager and **SIP Trunk** for Avaya SBCE.
- **Adaptation:** This field is only present if **Type** is not set to **Session Manager**. If applicable, select the **Adaptation Name** that will be applied to this entity.
- **Location:** Select one of the locations defined previously.
- **Time Zone:** Select the time zone for the location above.

The following screen shows the addition of Session Manager. The IP address of the Session Manager signaling interface is entered for **FQDN or IP Address**.

Home / Elements / Routing / SIP Entities - SIP Entity Details

SIP Entity Details [Help ?](#)

General

* Name:

* FQDN or IP Address:

Type:

Notes:

Location:

Outbound Proxy:

Time Zone:

Credential name:

SIP Link Monitoring

SIP Link Monitoring:

To define the ports used by Session Manager, scroll down to the **Port** section of the **SIP Entity Details** screen. This section is only present for **Session Manager** SIP entities. This section defines a default set of ports that Session Manager will use to listen for SIP requests, typically from registered SIP endpoints. Session Manager can also listen on additional ports defined elsewhere such as the ports specified in the SIP Entity Link definition in **Section 6.5**.

In the **Port** section, click **Add** and enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager can listen for SIP requests.
- **Protocol:** Transport protocol to be used to send SIP requests.
- **Default Domain:** The domain used for the enterprise.

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

For the compliance test, four **Port** entries were added.

Port

Add
Remove

4 Items | Refresh

Filter: Enable

<input type="checkbox"/>	Port	Protocol	Default Domain	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	5060	UDP	avayalab.com	
<input type="checkbox"/>	5060	TCP	avayalab.com	
<input type="checkbox"/>	5061	TLS	avayalab.com	
<input type="checkbox"/>	5070	TCP	avayalab.com	

Select : All, None

* Input Required

Commit
Cancel

The following screen shows the addition of Communication Manager. In order for Session Manager to send SIP service provider traffic on a separate entity link to Communication Manager, a new SIP entity is created separate from the one created at Session Manager installation for use with all other SIP traffic. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address defined in **Section 5.3** of the procr interface on Communication Manager.

[Home](#) / [Elements](#) / [Routing](#) / [SIP Entities](#) - SIP Entity Details [Help ?](#)

SIP Entity Details

CommitCancel

General

* Name:

CM601-TG1-Loc150

* FQDN or IP Address:

10.80.150.225

Type:

CM

Notes:

CM Trunk Group 1 for SP Trunks

Adaptation:

Location:

Location_150_CM

Time Zone:

America/Denver

Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:

☐

* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):

4

Credential name:

Call Detail Recording:

none

SIP Link Monitoring

SIP Link Monitoring:

Use Session Manager Configuration

The following screen shows the addition of **ASBCE-150** SIP Entity. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of its private network interface (see **Figure 1**). The Location is set to the one defined for Avaya SBCE in **Section 6.3**. **Link Monitoring Enabled** was selected for **SIP Link Monitoring** using the specific time settings for **Proactive Monitoring Interval (in seconds)** and **Reactive Monitoring Interval (in seconds)** for the compliance test. These time settings should be adjusted or left at their default values per customer needs and requirements.

The screenshot displays the 'SIP Entity Details' configuration page for 'ASBCE-150'. The breadcrumb trail at the top reads 'Home / Elements / Routing / SIP Entities - SIP Entity Details'. In the top right corner, there is a 'Help ?' link and 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons. The page is divided into two main sections: 'General' and 'SIP Link Monitoring'.

Under the 'General' section, the following fields are visible:

- Name:** ASBCE-150
- * FQDN or IP Address:** 10.80.150.100
- Type:** SIP Trunk (dropdown menu)
- Notes:** Avaya SBC-E Location 150
- Adaptation:** (empty dropdown menu)
- Location:** ASBCE-LOC150 (dropdown menu)
- Time Zone:** America/Denver (dropdown menu)
- Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:** (unchecked checkbox)
- * SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):** 4
- Credential name:** (empty text field)
- Call Detail Recording:** egress (dropdown menu)

Under the 'SIP Link Monitoring' section, the following field is visible:

- SIP Link Monitoring:** Use Session Manager Configuration (dropdown menu)

6.5. Add Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described as an Entity Link. Two Entity Links were created; one to Communication Manager for use only by service provider traffic and one to Avaya SBCE. To add an Entity Link, navigate to **Routing → Entity Links** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **SIP Entity 1:** Select the SIP Entity for Session Manager.
- **Protocol:** Select the transport protocol used for this link.
- **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager will receive SIP requests from the far-end. For Communication Manager, this must match the **Far-end Listen Port** defined on the Communication Manager signaling group in **Section 5.7**.
- **SIP Entity 2:** Select the name of the other system. For Communication Manager, select the Communication Manager SIP Entity defined in **Section 6.4**.
- **Port:** Port number on which the other system receives SIP requests from the Session Manager. For Communication Manager, this must match the **Near-end Listen Port** defined on the Communication Manager signaling group in **Section 5.7**.
- **Trusted:** Check this box. **Note:** If this box is not checked, calls from the associated SIP Entity specified in **Section 6.4** will be denied.

Click **Commit** to save. The following screens illustrate the Entity Links to Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE. It should be noted that in a customer environment the Entity Link to Communication Manager would normally use TLS. For the compliance test, TCP was used to aid in troubleshooting since the signaling traffic would not be encrypted.

Entity Link to Communication Manager:

Home / Elements / Routing / Entity Links - Entity Links [Help ?](#)

Entity Links [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

1 Item | [Refresh](#) [Filter: Enable](#)

Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	Connection Policy	Notes
* ASM_CM601-TG1-Lo	* ASM	TCP	* 5070	* CM601-TG1-Loc150	* 5070	Trusted	

* Input Required [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

Entity Link to Avaya SBCE:

Home / Elements / Routing / Entity Links - Entity Links

Entity Links [Help ?](#)

1 Item | [Refresh](#) Filter: [Enable](#)

Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	Connection Policy
* ASM_ASBCE-150_50	* ASM	TCP	* 5060	* ASBCE-150	* 5060	Trusted

* Input Required

6.6. Add Routing Policies

Routing policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in **Section 6.4**. Two routing policies must be added; one for Communication Manager and one for Avaya SBCE. To add a routing policy, navigate to **Routing → Routing Policies** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). The screen below is displayed. Fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, click **Select**. The **SIP Entity List** page opens (not shown). Select the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies and click **Select** (not shown). The selected SIP Entity displays on the **Routing Policy Details** page as shown below. Use default values for remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

The following screens show the Routing Policies for Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE.

Home / Elements / Routing / Routing Policies - Routing Policy Details [Help ?](#)

Routing Policy Details [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

General

* Name:

Disabled: ☐

Notes:

SIP Entity as Destination

[Select](#)

Name	FQDN or IP Address	Type	Notes
CM601-TG1-Loc150	10.80.150.225	CM	CM Trunk Group 1 for SP Trunks

Home / Elements / Routing / Routing Policies - Routing Policy Details [Help ?](#)

Routing Policy Details [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

General

* Name:

Disabled: ☐

Notes:

SIP Entity as Destination

[Select](#)

Name	FQDN or IP Address	Type	Notes
ASBCE-150	10.80.150.100	SIP Trunk	Avaya SBC-E Location 150

6.7. Add Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns are needed to route calls through Session Manager. For the compliance test, dial patterns were needed to route calls from Communication Manager to PAETEC and vice versa. Dial Patterns define which route policy will be selected for a particular call based on the dialed digits, destination domain and originating location. To add a dial pattern, navigate to **Routing → Dial Patterns** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following, as shown in the screens below:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Pattern:** Enter a dial string that will be matched against the Request-URI of the call.
- **Min:** Enter a minimum length used in the match criteria.
- **Max:** Enter a maximum length used in the match criteria.
- **SIP Domain:** Enter the destination domain used in the match criteria.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**. From the **Originating Locations and Routing Policy List** that appears (not shown), select the appropriate originating location for use in the match criteria. Lastly, select the routing policy from the list that will be used to route all calls that match the specified criteria. Click **Select**.

Default values can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

Two examples of the dial patterns used for the compliance test are shown below. The first example shows that **11** digit dialed numbers that begin with **1** originating from **Location_150_CM** uses route policy **To-ASBCE-LOC150**.

Home / Elements / Routing / Dial Patterns - Dial Pattern Details
[Help ?](#)

Dial Pattern Details
[Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

General

* **Pattern:**

* **Min:**

* **Max:**

Emergency Call: ☐

SIP Domain:

Notes:

Originating Locations and Routing Policies

[Add](#) [Remove](#)

2 Items | [Refresh](#)
Filter: [Enable](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Originating Location Name 1 ▲	Originating Location Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank 2 ▲	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	Location_140_CM	Subnet 140	To VZ_Acme	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	VZ_Acme	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Location_150_CM	Communication Manager	To-ASBCE-LOC150	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	ASBCE-150	To Avaya SBCE Location 150

Select : All, None

The second example shows that a **10** digit number **7135551234** to domain **avayalab.com** and originating from **ASBCE-LOC150** uses route policy **To-CM601-TG1-LOC150**. This is a DID number assigned to the enterprise from PAETEC.

Home / Elements / Routing / Dial Patterns - Dial Pattern Details
[Help ?](#)

Dial Pattern Details
[Commit](#) [Cancel](#)

General

* Pattern:

* Min:

* Max:

Emergency Call: ☐

SIP Domain:

Notes:

Originating Locations and Routing Policies

[Add](#) [Remove](#)

1 Item | [Refresh](#) Filter: [Enable](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Originating Location Name 1 ▲	Originating Location Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank 2 ▲	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	ASBCE-LOC150	Avaya SBC-E Location 150	To-CM601-TG1-LOC150	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	CM601-TG1-Loc150	Trunk Group 1 for SIP SP

Select : All, None

The complete list of dial patterns defined for the compliance test is shown below.

Home / Elements / Routing / Dial Patterns - Dial Patterns						
Dial Patterns Help ?						
Edit New Duplicate Delete More Actions						
8 Items Refresh Filter: Enable						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pattern	Min	Max	Emergency Call	SIP Domain	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	0	1	36	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	0+ OUTBOUND
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	11	11	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	1+ OUTBOUND
<input type="checkbox"/>	303	10	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	
<input type="checkbox"/>	411	3	3	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	OUTBOUND 411
<input type="checkbox"/>	7135553761	10	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	DID to x12001
<input type="checkbox"/>	7135553762	10	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	DID to x12002
<input type="checkbox"/>	7135553763	10	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	DID to x12003
<input type="checkbox"/>	7135553764	10	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	avayalab.com	DID to x12004
Select : All , None						

6.8. Verify Avaya Aura® Session Manager Instance

The creation of a Session Manager Instance provides the linkage between System Manager and Session Manager. This was most likely done as part of the initial Session Manager installation. To add a Session Manager, navigate to **Elements → Session Manager → Session Manager Administration** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). If the Session Manager instance already exists, click **View** (not shown) to view the configuration. Enter/verify the data as described below and shown in the screen below:

In the **General** section, enter the following values:

- **SIP Entity Name:** Select the SIP Entity created for Session Manager.
- **Description:** Add a brief description (optional).
- **Management Access Point Host Name/IP:** Enter the IP address of the Session Manager management interface.

The screen below shows the Session Manager values used for the compliance test.

Home / Elements / Session Manager / Session Manager Administration - Session Manager Administration [Help ?](#)

View Session Manager [Return](#)

[General](#) | [Security Module](#) | [NIC Bonding](#) | [Monitoring](#) | [CDR](#) | [Personal Profile Manager \(PPM\)](#) - [Connection Settings](#) | [Event Server](#) | [Expand All](#) | [Collapse All](#)

General ▼

SIP Entity Name

Description

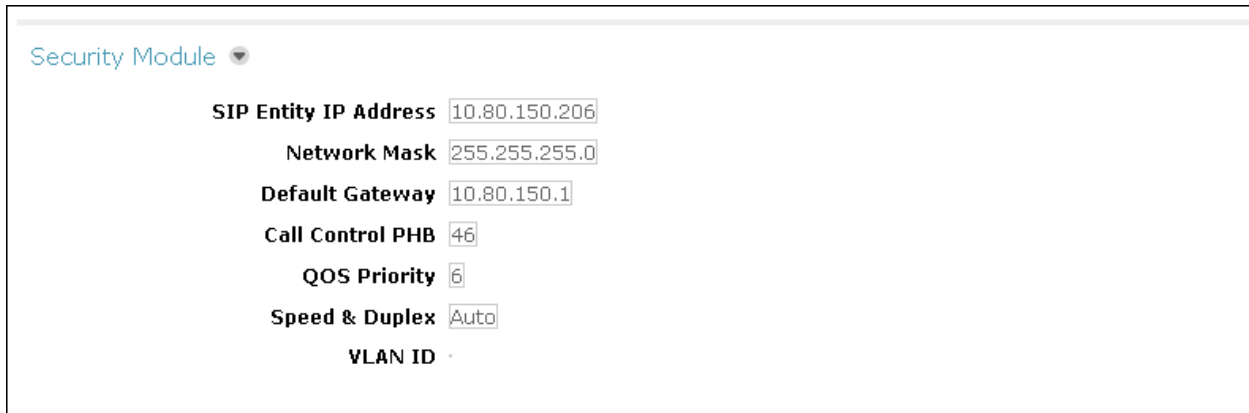
Management Access Point Host Name/IP

Direct Routing to Endpoints

In the **Security Module** section, enter the following values:

- **SIP Entity IP Address:** Should be filled in automatically based on the SIP Entity Name. Otherwise, enter IP address of Session Manager signaling interface.
- **Network Mask:** Enter the network mask corresponding to the IP address of Session Manager.
- **Default Gateway:** Enter the IP address of the default gateway for Session Manager.

Use default values for the remaining fields. Click **Save** (not shown) to add this Session Manager. The screen below shows the remaining Session Manager values used for the compliance test.



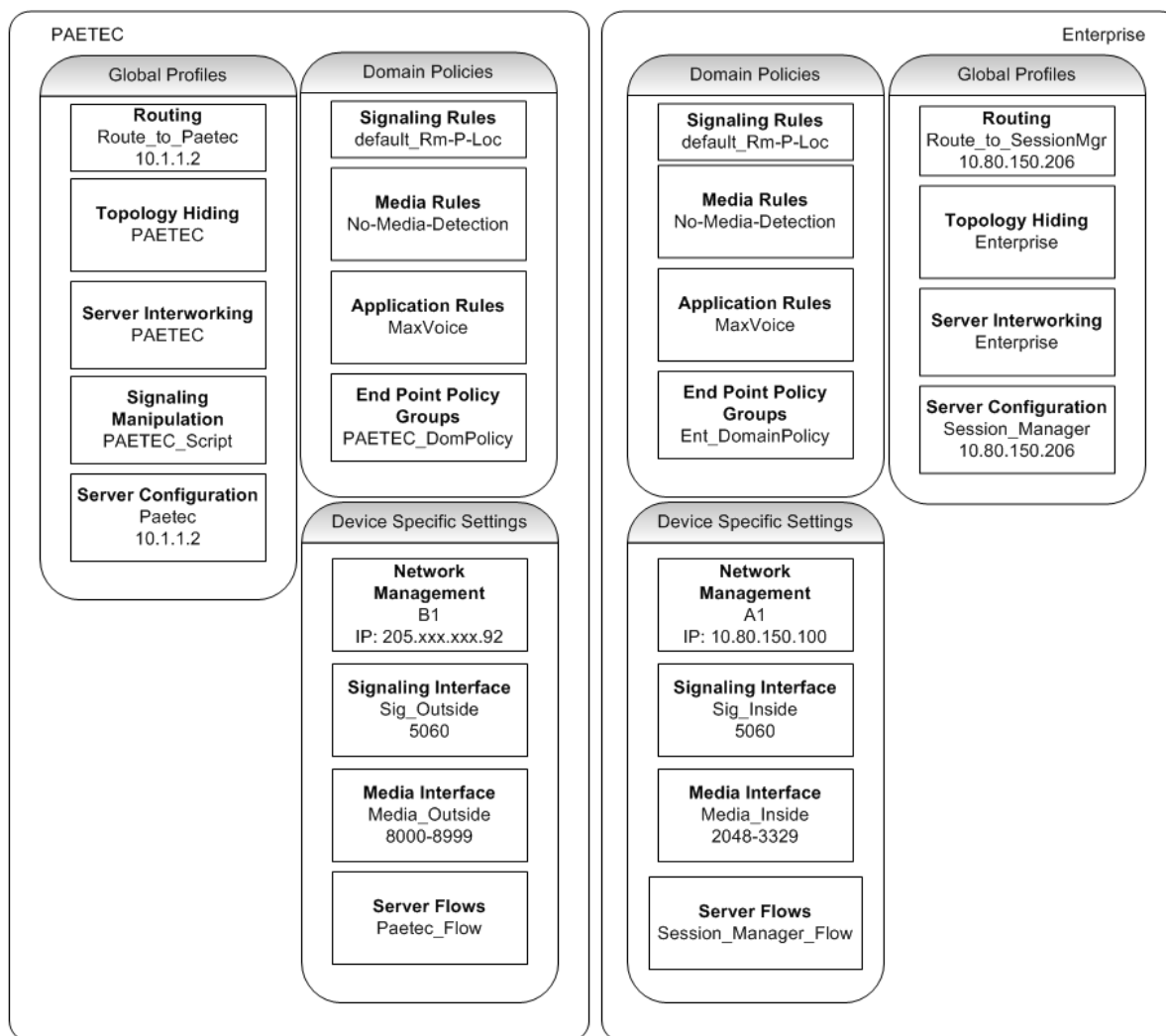
The screenshot displays the 'Security Module' configuration page. It features a list of configuration fields with their respective values:

Field	Value
SIP Entity IP Address	10.80.150.206
Network Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.80.150.1
Call Control PHB	46
QOS Priority	6
Speed & Duplex	Auto
VLAN ID	

7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

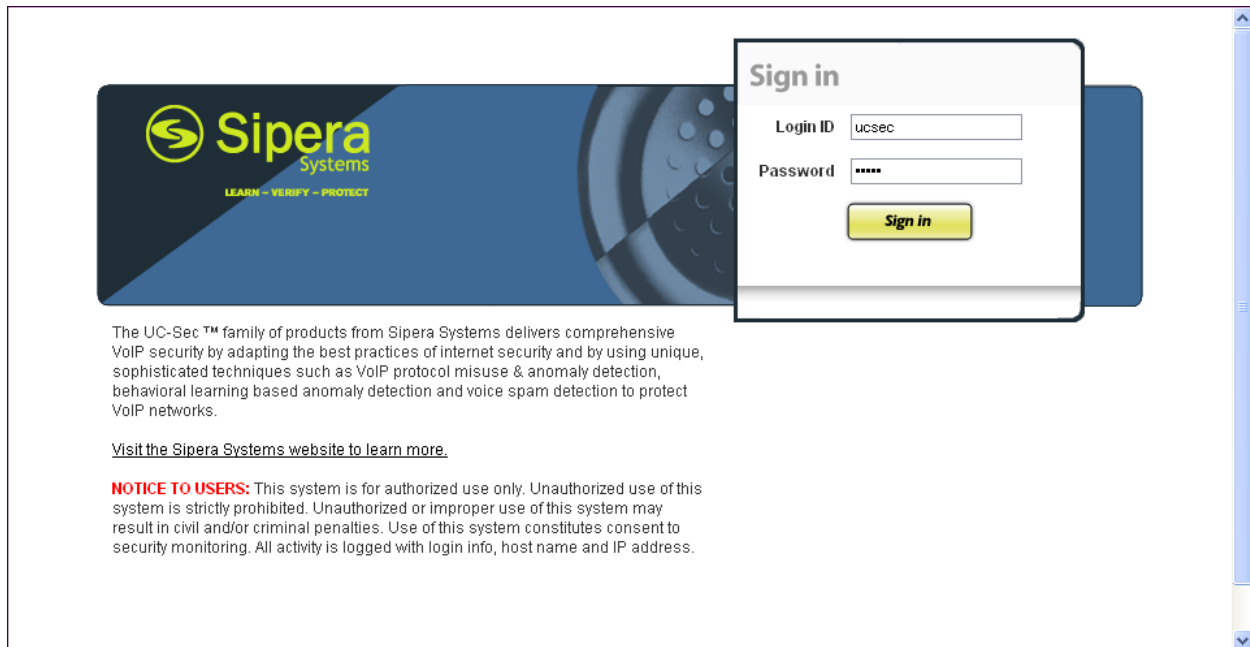
This section covers the configuration of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE). It is assumed that the software has already been installed. For additional information on these configuration tasks, see **Reference** [15] and [16].

A pictorial view of this configuration is shown below. It shows the components needed for the compliance test. Each of these components is defined in the Avaya SBCE web configuration as described in the following sections.



Use a WEB browser to access the UC-Sec web interface, enter `https://<ip-addr>/ucsec` in the address field of the web browser, where `<ip-addr>` is the management LAN IP address of UC-Sec.

Log in with the appropriate credentials. Click **Sign In**.

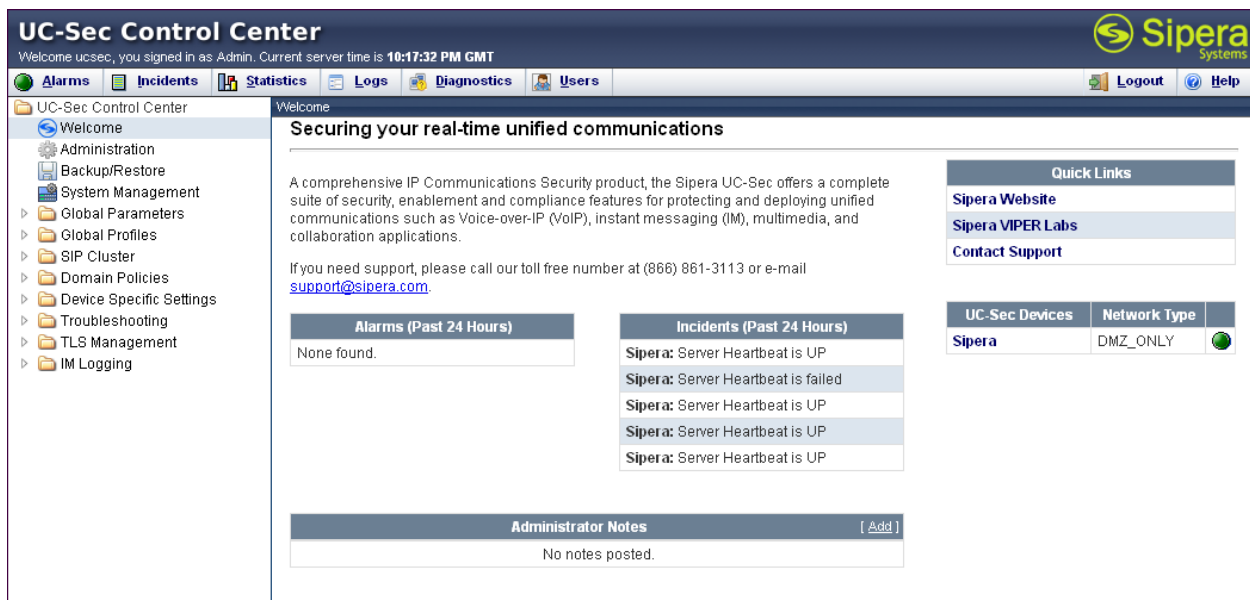


The UC-Sec™ family of products from Sipera Systems delivers comprehensive VoIP security by adapting the best practices of internet security and by using unique, sophisticated techniques such as VoIP protocol misuse & anomaly detection, behavioral learning based anomaly detection and voice spam detection to protect VoIP networks.

[Visit the Sipera Systems website to learn more.](#)

NOTICE TO USERS: This system is for authorized use only. Unauthorized use of this system is strictly prohibited. Unauthorized or improper use of this system may result in civil and/or criminal penalties. Use of this system constitutes consent to security monitoring. All activity is logged with login info, host name and IP address.

The main page of the UC-Sec Control Center will appear.



UC-Sec Control Center
Welcome ucsec, you signed in as Admin. Current server time is 10:17:32 PM GMT

Navigation: Alarms, Incidents, Statistics, Logs, Diagnostics, Users, Logout, Help

Left Sidebar: UC-Sec Control Center, Welcome, Administration, Backup/Restore, System Management, Global Parameters, Global Profiles, SIP Cluster, Domain Policies, Device Specific Settings, Troubleshooting, TLS Management, IM Logging

Welcome

Securing your real-time unified communications

A comprehensive IP Communications Security product, the Sipera UC-Sec offers a complete suite of security, enablement and compliance features for protecting and deploying unified communications such as Voice-over-IP (VoIP), instant messaging (IM), multimedia, and collaboration applications.

If you need support, please call our toll free number at (866) 861-3113 or e-mail support@sipera.com.

Alarms (Past 24 Hours)
None found.

Incidents (Past 24 Hours)

Sipera: Server Heartbeat is UP
Sipera: Server Heartbeat is failed
Sipera: Server Heartbeat is UP
Sipera: Server Heartbeat is UP
Sipera: Server Heartbeat is UP

Administrator Notes [Add]
No notes posted.

Quick Links

- Sipera Website
- Sipera VIPER Labs
- Contact Support

UC-Sec Devices

UC-Sec Devices	Network Type
Sipera	DMZ_ONLY

[illegible]

System Information: Sipera ✕																			
Network Configuration																			
General Settings <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Appliance Name</td> <td>Sipera</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Box Type</td> <td>SIP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deployment Mode</td> <td>Proxy</td> </tr> </table>			Appliance Name	Sipera	Box Type	SIP	Deployment Mode	Proxy	Device Settings <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">HA Mode</td> <td>NO</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Secure Channel Mode</td> <td>NONE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Two Bypass Mode</td> <td>NO</td> </tr> </table>		HA Mode	NO	Secure Channel Mode	NONE	Two Bypass Mode	NO			
Appliance Name	Sipera																		
Box Type	SIP																		
Deployment Mode	Proxy																		
HA Mode	NO																		
Secure Channel Mode	NONE																		
Two Bypass Mode	NO																		
Network Settings <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 20%;">IP</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Public IP</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Netmask</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Gateway</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Interface</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10.80.150.100</td> <td>10.80.150.100</td> <td>255.255.255.0</td> <td>10.80.150.1</td> <td>A1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>205.160.142.92</td> <td>205.160.142.92</td> <td>255.255.255.128</td> <td>205.160.142.1</td> <td>B1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					IP	Public IP	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	10.80.150.100	10.80.150.100	255.255.255.0	10.80.150.1	A1	205.160.142.92	205.160.142.92	255.255.255.128	205.160.142.1	B1
IP	Public IP	Netmask	Gateway	Interface															
10.80.150.100	10.80.150.100	255.255.255.0	10.80.150.1	A1															
205.160.142.92	205.160.142.92	255.255.255.128	205.160.142.1	B1															
DNS Configuration <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Primary DNS</td> <td>10.80.150.201</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Secondary DNS</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DNS Location</td> <td>DMZ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DNS Client IP</td> <td>10.80.150.100</td> </tr> </table>			Primary DNS	10.80.150.201	Secondary DNS		DNS Location	DMZ	DNS Client IP	10.80.150.100	Management IP(s) <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">IP</td> <td>10.80.150.99</td> </tr> </table>		IP	10.80.150.99					
Primary DNS	10.80.150.201																		
Secondary DNS																			
DNS Location	DMZ																		
DNS Client IP	10.80.150.100																		
IP	10.80.150.99																		

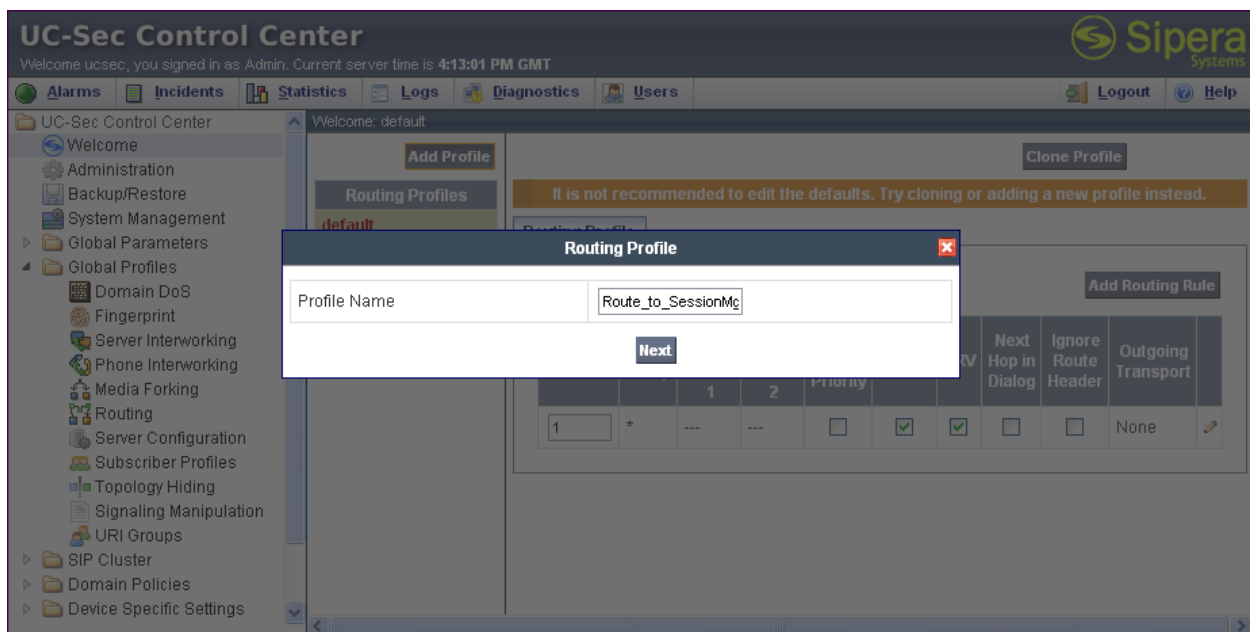
7.1. Global Profiles

Global Profiles allows for configuration of parameters across all UC-Sec appliances.

7.1.1. Routing Profile

Routing profiles define a specific set of packet routing criteria that are used in conjunction with other types of domain policies to identify a particular call flow and thereby ascertain which security features will be applied to those packets. Parameters defined by Routing Profiles include packet transport settings, name server addresses and resolution methods, next hop routing information, and packet transport types.

Create a Routing Profile for Session Manager and PAETEC SIP Trunk. To add a routing profile, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Global Profiles → Routing** and select **Add Profile**. Enter a **Profile Name** and click **Next** to continue.



In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **URI Group:** Select “*” from the drop down box.
- **Next Hop Server 1:** Enter the Domain Name or IP address of the Primary Next Hop server.
- **Next Hop Server 2:** (Optional) Enter the Domain Name or IP address of the secondary Next Hop server.
- **Routing Priority Based on Next Hop Server:** Checked.
- **Use Next Hop for In-Dialog Messages:** Select only if there is no secondary Next Hop server.
- **Outgoing Transport:** Choose the protocol used for transporting outgoing signaling packets.

Click **Finish** (not shown).

The following screen shows the Routing Profile to Session Manager. The **Next Hop Server 1** IP address must match the IP address of the Session Manager Security Module in **Section 6.8**. The Outgoing Transport and port number must match the Avaya SBCE Entity Link created on Session Manager in **Section 6.5**.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center web interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation tree with categories like Administration, System Management, Global Parameters, Global Profiles, Routing, and SIP Cluster. The main content area is titled 'Global Profiles > Routing: Route_to_SessionMgr'. It features a table of Routing Profiles with columns: Priority, URI Group, Next Hop Server 1, Next Hop Server 2, Next Hop Priority, NAPTR, SRV, Next Hop in Dialog, Ignore Route Header, and Outgoing Transport. A single profile is listed with Priority 1, URI Group *, Next Hop Server 1 10.80.150.206:5060, and Outgoing Transport TCP. Buttons for 'Add Profile', 'Rename Profile', 'Clone Profile', 'Delete Profile', and 'Add Routing Rule' are visible.

Priority	URI Group	Next Hop Server 1	Next Hop Server 2	Next Hop Priority	NAPTR	SRV	Next Hop in Dialog	Ignore Route Header	Outgoing Transport
1	*	10.80.150.206:5060	---	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	TCP

The following screen shows the Routing Profile to PAETEC. In the **Next Hop Server 1** field enter the IP address and port number that PAETEC uses to listen for SIP traffic.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar contains a tree view with categories like Administration, System Management, Global Profiles, and SIP Cluster. The 'Global Profiles' category is expanded, showing 'Routing' as the selected profile. The main area displays the 'Routing Profile' configuration for 'Route_to_Paetec'. It includes buttons for 'Add Profile', 'Rename Profile', 'Clone Profile', and 'Delete Profile'. A yellow banner prompts the user to 'Click here to add a description.' Below this is a table for 'Routing Rule' with columns: Priority, URI Group, Next Hop Server 1, Next Hop Server 2, Next Hop Priority, NAPTR, SRV, Next Hop in Dialog, Ignore Route Header, and Outgoing Transport. The table contains one rule with Priority 1, URI Group *, Next Hop Server 1 10.1.1.2:5060, and Outgoing Transport UDP.

Priority	URI Group	Next Hop Server 1	Next Hop Server 2	Next Hop Priority	NAPTR	SRV	Next Hop in Dialog	Ignore Route Header	Outgoing Transport
1	*	10.1.1.2:5060	---	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	UDP

7.1.2. Topology Hiding Profile

The Topology Hiding profile manages how various source, destination and routing information in SIP and SDP message headers are substituted or changed to maintain the integrity of the network. It hides the topology of the enterprise network from external networks.

Create a Topology Hiding Profile for the enterprise and PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk. In the sample configuration, the **Enterprise** and **PAETEC** profiles were cloned from the default profile. To clone a default profile, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center** → **Global Profiles** → **Topology Hiding**. Select the **default** profile and click on **Clone Profile** as shown below.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar is the same as the previous screenshot, but the 'Topology Hiding' profile is selected under 'Global Profiles'. The main area displays the 'Topology Hiding' configuration for the 'default' profile. It includes buttons for 'Add Profile' and 'Clone Profile' (which is circled in orange). A yellow banner states: 'It is not recommended to edit the defaults. Try cloning or adding a new profile instead.' Below this is a table for 'Topology Hiding' with columns: Header, Criteria, Replace Action, and Overwrite Value. The table contains six rows for different headers: Record-Route, To, Request-Line, From, Via, and SDP, all with 'IP/Domain' as the criteria and 'Auto' as the replace action. An 'Edit' button is at the bottom right.

Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value
Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto	---
To	IP/Domain	Auto	---
Request-Line	IP/Domain	Auto	---
From	IP/Domain	Auto	---
Via	IP/Domain	Auto	---
SDP	IP/Domain	Auto	---

Enter a descriptive name for the new profile and click **Finish**.

Clone Profile

Profile Name

default

Clone Name

Enterprise

Finish

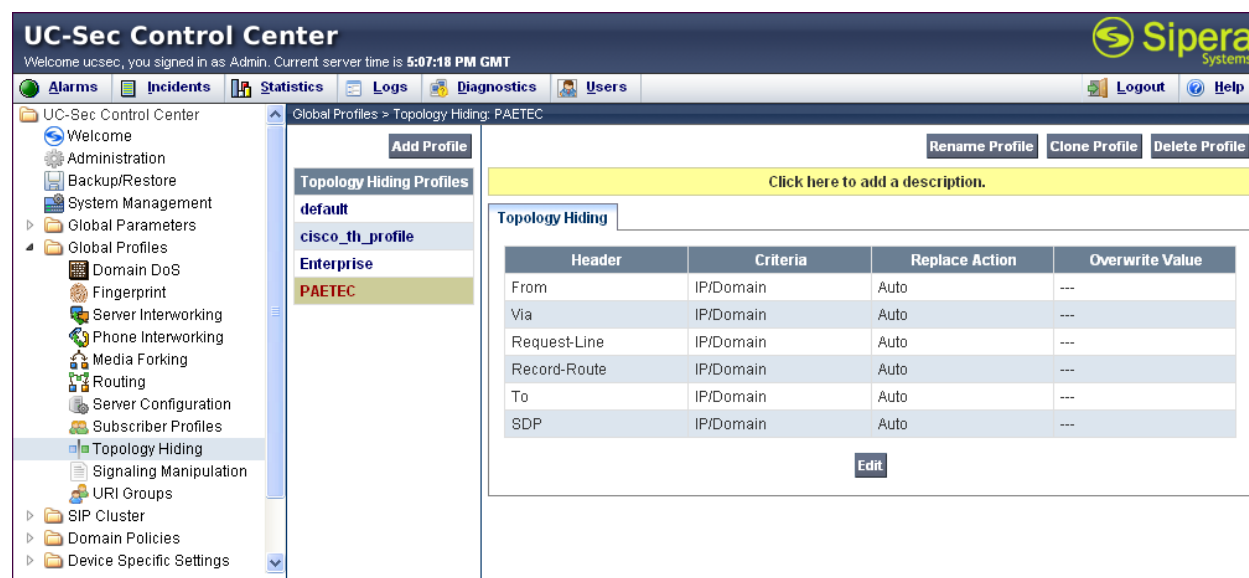
Edit the **Enterprise** profile to overwrite the **To**, **Request-Line** and **From** headers shown below to the enterprise domain. The **Overwrite Value** should match the Domain set in Session Manager (**Section 6.2**) and the Communication Manager signaling group Far-end Domain (**Section 5.7**). Click **Finish** to save the changes.

Edit Topology Hiding Profile

Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value	
Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto		✗
To	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avayalab.com	✗
Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avayalab.com	✗
From	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avayalab.com	✗
Via	IP/Domain	Auto		✗
SDP	IP/Domain	Auto		✗

Finish

It is not necessary to modify the **PAETEC** profile from the default values. The following screen shows the Topology Hiding Policy created for PAETEC.



When creating or editing Topology Hiding Profiles, there are six types of headers available for selection in the Header drop-down list to choose from. In addition to the six headers, there are additional headers not listed that are affected when either of two types of listed headers (e.g., **To Header** and **From Header**) are selected in the **Header** drop-down list. **Table 2** lists the six headers along with all of the other affected headers in three header categories (e.g., **Source Headers**, **Destination Headers**, and **SDP Headers**).

Topology Hiding Headers	
Main Header Names	Header(s) Affected by Main Header
Source Headers	
Record-Route	
From	(1) Referred-By (2) P-Asserted Identity
Via	
Destination Headers	
To	(1) ReferTo
Request-Line	
SDP Headers	
Origin Header	

Table 2: Topology Hiding Headers

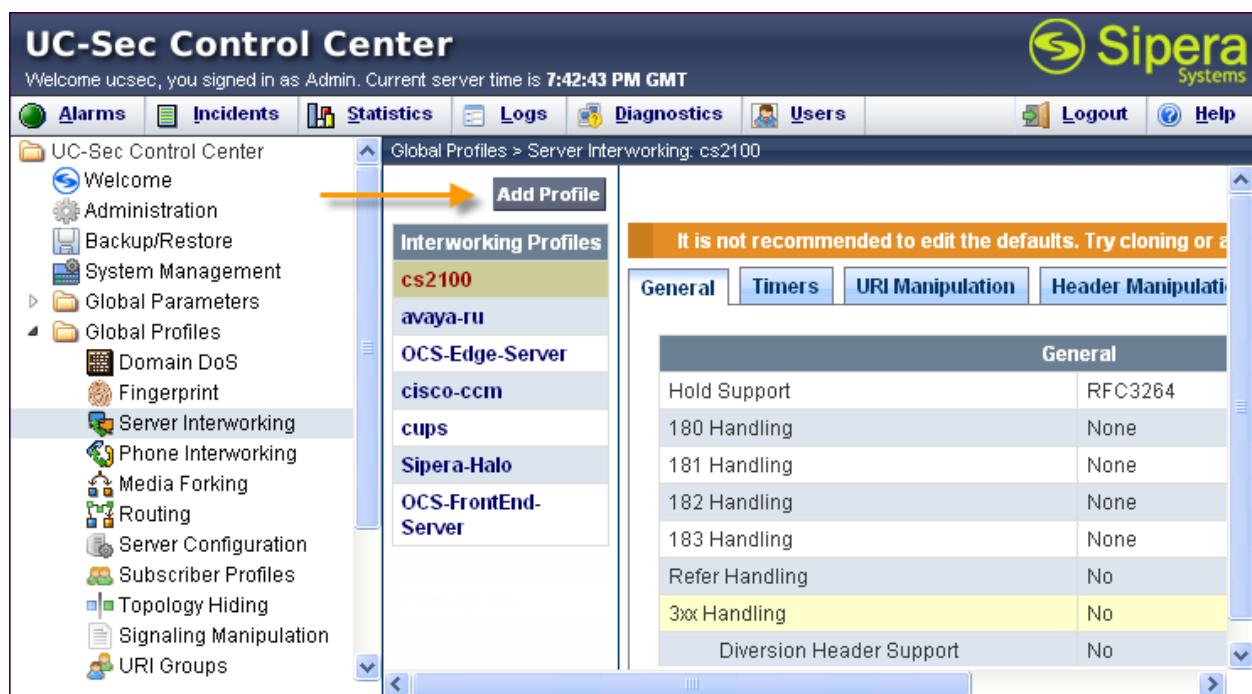
7.1.3. Server Interworking Profile

The Server Interworking profile configures and manages various SIP call server-specific parameters such as TCP and UDP port assignments, heartbeat signaling parameters (for HA deployments), DoS security statistics, and trusted domains. Interworking Profile features are configured based on different Trunk Servers. There are default profiles available that may be used as is, or modified, or new profiles can be configured as described below.

In the sample configuration, separate Server Interworking Profiles were created for **Enterprise** and **PAETEC**.

7.1.3.1 Server Interworking Profile – Enterprise

To create a new Server Interworking Profile for the enterprise, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Global Profiles → Server Interworking** and click on **Add Profile** as shown below.



Enter a descriptive name for the new profile and click **Next** to continue.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'Interworking Profile'. It contains a text input field labeled 'Profile Name' with the value 'Enterprise' entered. Below the input field is a 'Next' button.

In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Hold Support:** Select **RFC3264**.
- **T.38 Support:** Checked.

Click **Next** to continue.

Editing Profile: Enterprise	
General	
Hold Support	<input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> RFC2543 - c=0.0.0.0 <input checked="" type="radio"/> RFC3264 - a=sendonly
180 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
181 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
182 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
183 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
Refer Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
3xx Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Header Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
Delayed SDP Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
T.38 Support	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
URI Scheme	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SIP <input type="radio"/> TEL <input type="radio"/> ANY
Via Header Format	<input checked="" type="radio"/> RFC3261 <input type="radio"/> RFC2543
Next	

Default values can be used for the next two windows that appear. Click **Next** to continue.

Interworking Profile

Privacy

Privacy Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Name	<input type="text"/>
P-Asserted-Identity	<input type="checkbox"/>
P-Preferred-Identity	<input type="checkbox"/>
Privacy Header	<input type="text"/>

DTMF

DTMF Support	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SIP NOTIFY <input type="radio"/> SIP INFO
--------------	---

Back

Next

Interworking Profile

Configuration is not required. All fields are optional.

SIP Timers

Min-SE	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [90 - 86400]
Init Timer	<input type="text"/>	milliseconds, [50 - 1000]
Max Timer	<input type="text"/>	milliseconds, [200 - 8000]
Trans Expire	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [1 - 64]
Invite Expire	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [180 - 300]

Transport Timers

TCP Connection Inactive Timer	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [600 - 3600]
-------------------------------	----------------------	-----------------------

Back

Next

On the **Advanced Settings** window uncheck the following default settings:

- **Topology Hiding: Change Call-ID**
- **Change Max Forwards**
- **Has Remote SBC**

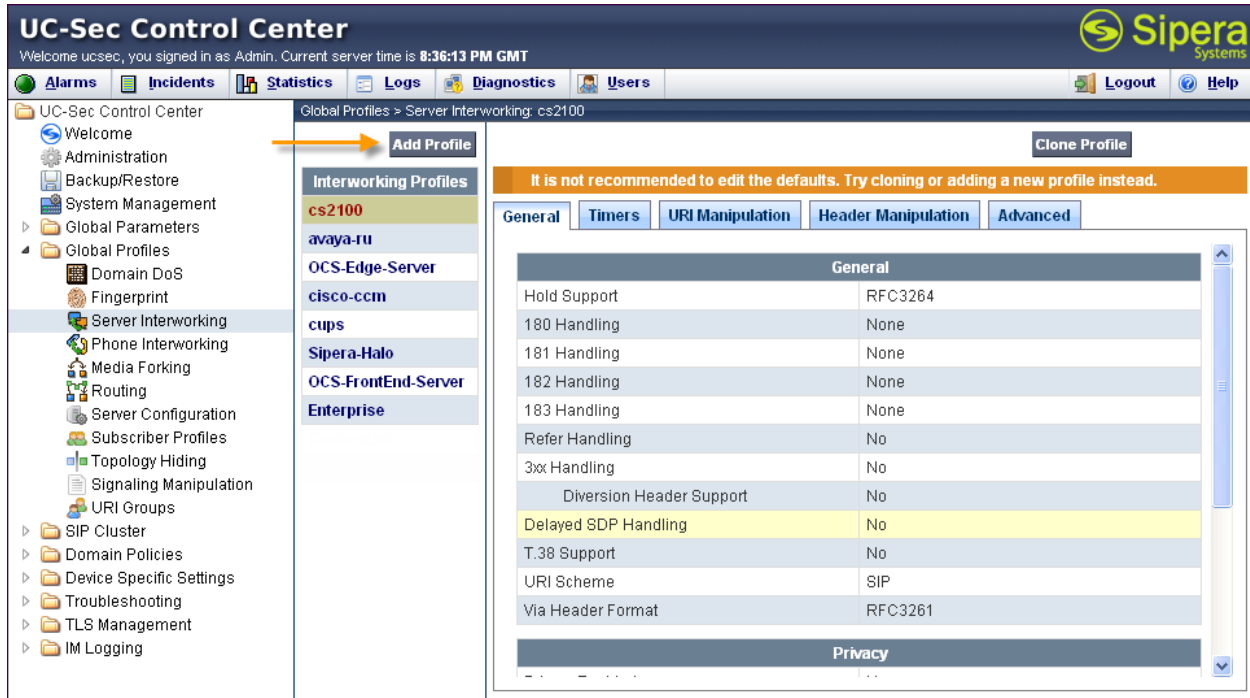
Click **Finish** to save changes.

Advanced Settings	
Record Routes	<input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Single Side <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both Sides
Topology Hiding: Change Call-ID	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Call-Info NAT	<input type="checkbox"/>
Change Max Forwards	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Include End Point IP for Context Lookup	<input type="checkbox"/>
OCS Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
AVAYA Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
NORTEL Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
SLiC Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Manipulation	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Header URI	<input type="text"/>
Metaswitch Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reset on Talk Spurt	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reset SRTP Context on Session Refresh	<input type="checkbox"/>
Has Remote SBC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Route Response on Via Port	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cisco Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>

Back **Finish**

7.1.3.2 Server Interworking Profile – PAETEC

To create a new Server Interworking Profile for PAETEC, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center** → **Global Profiles** → **Server Interworking** and click on **Add Profile** as shown below.



Enter a descriptive name for the new profile and click **Next** to continue.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'Interworking Profile'. It contains a 'Profile Name' label and a text input field with the value 'PAETEC'. Below the input field is a 'Next' button.

In the new window that appears, keep the default **Hold Support** value of **None**. PAETEC does not support RFC3264 that Communication Manager sends for hold support. Even though **Hold Support** is set to **None**, it is necessary to create a Signaling Manipulation (**Section 7.1.4**) to remove the *sendonly* media attribute sent by Communication Manager.

Click **Next** to continue.

Interworking Profile

General	
Hold Support	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> RFC2543 - c=0.0.0.0 <input type="radio"/> RFC3264 - a=sendonly
180 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
181 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
182 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
183 Handling	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SDP <input type="radio"/> No SDP
Refer Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
3xx Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Header Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
Delayed SDP Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>
T.38 Support	<input type="checkbox"/>
URI Scheme	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SIP <input type="radio"/> TEL <input type="radio"/> ANY
Via Header Format	<input checked="" type="radio"/> RFC3261 <input type="radio"/> RFC2543

Back

Next

Default values can be used for the next two windows that appear. Click **Next** to continue.

Interworking Profile

Privacy

Privacy Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Name	<input type="text"/>
P-Asserted-Identity	<input type="checkbox"/>
P-Preferred-Identity	<input type="checkbox"/>
Privacy Header	<input type="text"/>

DTMF

DTMF Support	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> SIP NOTIFY <input type="radio"/> SIP INFO
--------------	---

Back

Next

Interworking Profile

Configuration is not required. All fields are optional.

SIP Timers

Min-SE	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [90 - 86400]
Init Timer	<input type="text"/>	milliseconds, [50 - 1000]
Max Timer	<input type="text"/>	milliseconds, [200 - 8000]
Trans Expire	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [1 - 64]
Invite Expire	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [180 - 300]

Transport Timers

TCP Connection Inactive Timer	<input type="text"/>	seconds, [600 - 3600]
-------------------------------	----------------------	-----------------------

Back

Next

On the **Advanced Settings** window the default values can be used. Click **Finish** to save changes.

Interworking Profile

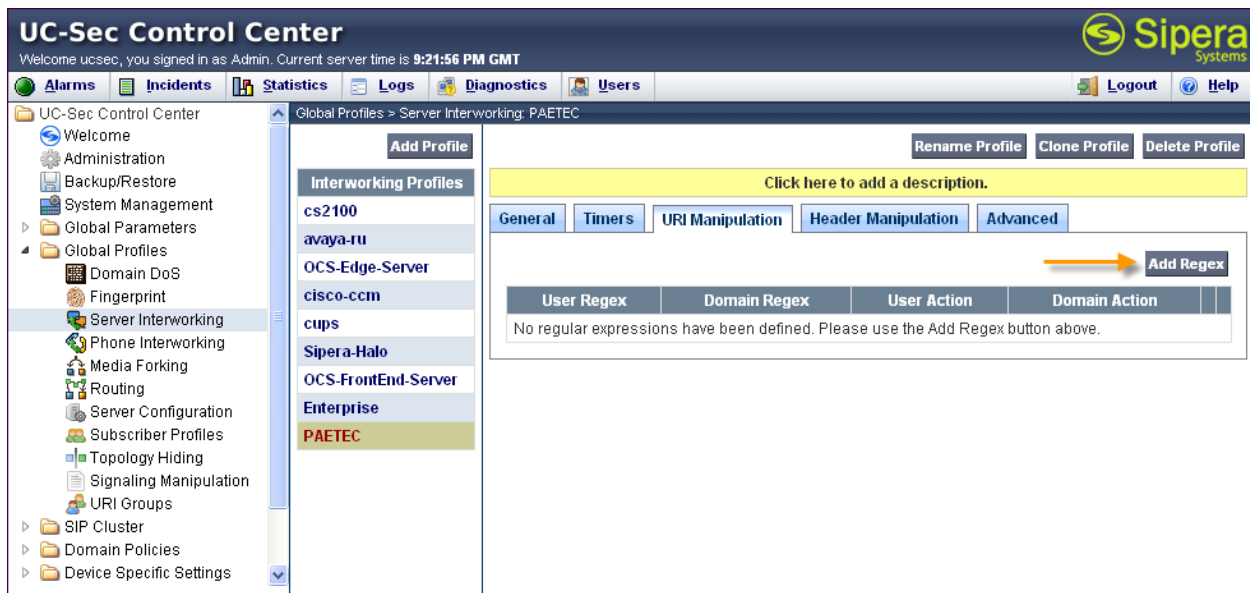
Advanced Settings

Record Routes	<div><div><input type="radio"/> None</div><div><input type="radio"/> Single Side</div><div><input checked="" type="radio"/> Both Sides</div></div>
Topology Hiding: Change Call-ID	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Call-Info NAT	<input type="checkbox"/>
Change Max Forwards	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Include End Point IP for Context Lookup	<input type="checkbox"/>
OCS Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
AVAYA Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
NORTEL Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
SLIC Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Manipulation	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diversion Header URI	<input type="text"/>
Metaswitch Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reset on Talk Spurt	<input type="checkbox"/>
Reset SRTP Context on Session Refresh	<input type="checkbox"/>
Has Remote SBC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Route Response on Via Port	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cisco Extensions	<input type="checkbox"/>

Back

Finish

Create a URI Manipulation to remove the plus sign (+) Communication Manager places in the FROM, CONTACT, and P-Asserted Identity headers. Within the **PAETEC** Profile, select the **URI Manipulation** tab and click **Add Regex** as shown below.



The following screen is presented. In the **User Regex** field, enter a regular expression to match. In the sample configuration `\+.*` was entered. In this expression the backslash is used to escape the special meaning of “+” in a regular expression. The expression “.*” will match anything after the plus sign.

In the **User Action** field, select **Remove prefix [Value]** from the drop-down box. In the **User Values** field enter `+`. Click **Finish** to save the configuration.

Add Regex

URI Manipulation

Invalid or incorrectly entered regular expressions may cause unexpected results.
Ex: `[0-9]{3,5}\\.user, (simple|advanced)\\.user[A-Z]{3}`

When a URI `[user@domain]` matches the following:

User Regex

(Blank is wildcard)

Domain Regex

(Blank is wildcard)

Do this with the user section:

User Action

Remove prefix [Value]

▼

User Values

Do this with the domain section:

Domain Action

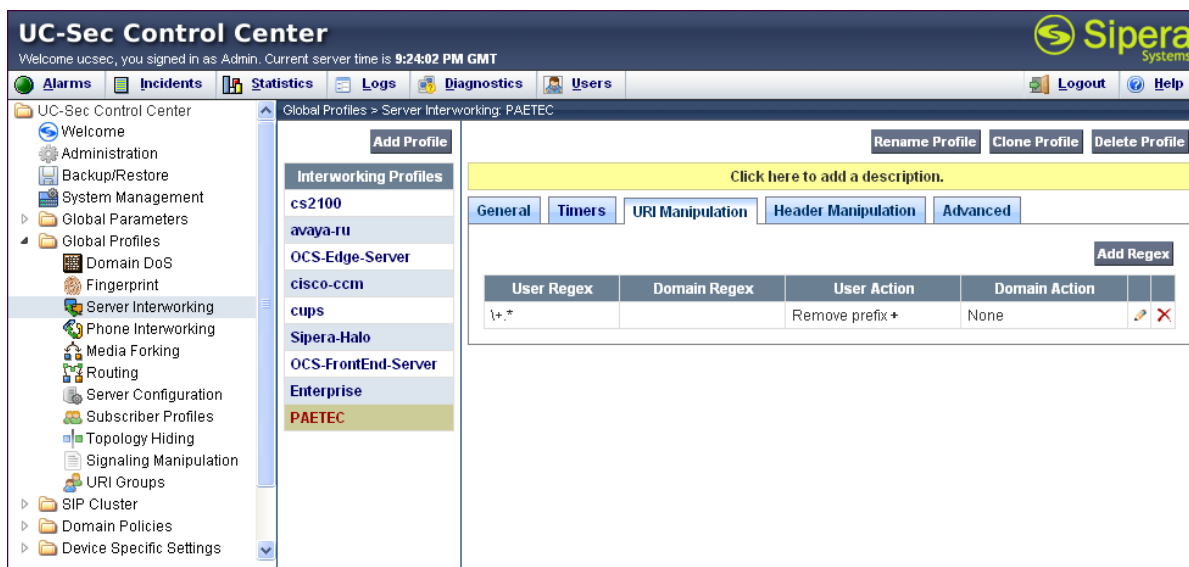
None

▼

Domain Values

Finish

The following screen shows the completed URI Manipulation for PAETEC.



7.1.4. Signaling Manipulation

The Signaling Manipulation feature allows the ability to add, change and delete any of the headers in a SIP message. This feature will add the ability to configure such manipulation in a highly flexible manner using a proprietary scripting language called SigMa.

The SigMa scripting language is designed to express any of the SIP header manipulation operations to be done by the Avaya SBCE. Using this language, a script can be written and tied to a given flow through the EMS GUI. The Avaya SBCE appliance then interprets this script at the given entry point or “hook point”.

These Application Notes will not discuss the full feature of the Signaling Manipulation but will show an example of a script created during compliance testing to aid in topology hiding and to remove the plus sign (+) added by Communication Manager in SIP response messages. Although an URI Manipulation was created in the Interworking Profiles for PAETEC to remove the plus sign shown above, the plus sign was not removed from response messages. This did not affect interoperability with PAETEC; however, a script was added to remove the plus sign to keep the response SIP messages consistent with requests. Also, the script was used to remove the *sendonly* media attribute sent by Communication Manager when a call is placed on hold. The PAETEC Dynamic SIP Trunk Service will stop receiving RTP packets when the *sendonly* media attribute is received resulting in no music or message being heard when a call is placed on hold. The *sendrecv* media attribute is assumed as the default for the session when no other attribute is sent. So rather than replacing *sendonly* with *sendrecv*, the *sendonly* media attribute was simply removed.

To create a new Signaling Manipulation, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Global Profiles → Signaling Manipulation** and click on **Add Script** (not shown). A new blank SigMa Editor window will pop up. For more information on Signaling Manipulation see **Reference [16]**.

The following sample script is written in two sections. Each section begins with a comment describing what will take place in that portion of the script. The first section will act on the response of an inbound call from PAETEC (e.g., 180 Ringing and 200 OK) while the second acts on the request of an outbound call to PAETEC (e.g., re-INVITE messages from Communication Manager for audio shuffling). The script is further broken down as follows:

- **within session “All”** Transformations applied to all SIP sessions.
- **act on response** Actions to be taken to the response of an INVITE (e.g., 180 Ringing and 200 OK).
- **%DIRECTION=“OUTBOUND”** Applied to a messages leaving the Avaya SBCE.
- **%ENTRY_POINT=“POST_ROUTING”** The “hook point” to apply the script after the SIP message has routed through Avaya SBCE.
- **%HEADERS[“Contact”][1]** Used to retrieve an entire header. The first dimension denotes which header while the second dimension denotes the 1st instance of the header in a message.
- **.regex_replace(“\+”,“”);** An action to replace a given match with the provide string (e.g., find “+” and replace it with nothing).

The Contact and P-Asserted Identity (PAI) headers will be modified by replacing the plus sign (+) with nothing. The PAI header will be further modified by replacing the domain “avayalab.com” with the external IP address of Avaya SBCE and the SIP port of 5060 in both the response and request sessions. The SDP portion of the SIP message will be modified by removing the *sendonly* attribute if it is present.

```

1 // Remove Plus Sign and Topology Hiding of PAI header within 180 Ringing response
2
3 within session "ALL"
4 {
5   act on response where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
6   {
7     %HEADERS["Contact"][1].regex_replace("\+", "");
8     %HEADERS["p-asserted-identity"][1].regex_replace("\+", "");
9     %HEADERS["p-asserted-identity"][1].regex_replace("avayalab\.com", "205.xxx.xxx.92:5060");
10  }
11 }
12
13 // Topology Hiding of PAI header for subsequent re-INVITES and Remove "sendonly" Media Attribute if present.
14
15 within session "ALL"
16 {
17   act on request where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
18   {
19     %HEADERS["p-asserted-identity"][1].regex_replace("avayalab\.com", "205.xxx.xxx.92:5060");
20     if(%SDP[1]["s"]["m"][1].ATTRIBUTES["sendonly"][1]=="") then
21     {
22       remove(%SDP[1]["s"]["m"][1].ATTRIBUTES["sendonly"][1]);
23     }
24   }
25 }
26
27

```

The following screen shows the finished Signaling Manipulation Script **PAETEC_Script**.

The screenshot displays the UC-Sec Control Center web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Alarms, Incidents, Statistics, Logs, Diagnostics, and Users. The left sidebar shows a tree view of system components, with 'Signaling Manipulation' selected. The main content area is titled 'Global Profiles > Signaling Manipulation: PAETEC_Script'. It features a list of scripts on the left, including 'SP_1_Script', 'example', and 'PAETEC_Script'. The right pane shows the configuration for 'PAETEC_Script', which includes a description field and a large text area containing the following script code:

```
// Remove Plus Sign and Topology Hiding of PAI header within 180 Ringing response

within session "ALL"
{
  act on response where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
  {
    %HEADERS["Contact"][1].regex_replace("\+", "");
    %HEADERS["p-asserted-identity"][1].regex_replace("\+", "");
    %HEADERS["p-asserted-identity"][1].regex_replace("avaya\.", "205.xxx.xxx.92:5060");
  }
}

// Topology Hiding of PAI header for subsequent re-INVITES and Remove "sendonly" Media Attribute if present.

within session "ALL"
{
  act on request where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
  {
    %HEADERS["p-asserted-identity"][1].regex_replace("avaya\.", "205.xxx.xxx.92:5060");
    if(%SDP[1]["s"][%m][1].ATTRIBUTES["sendonly"][1]="" then
    {
      remove(%SDP[1]["s"][%m][1].ATTRIBUTES["sendonly"][1]);
    }
  }
}
```

An 'Edit' button is located at the bottom right of the script text area.

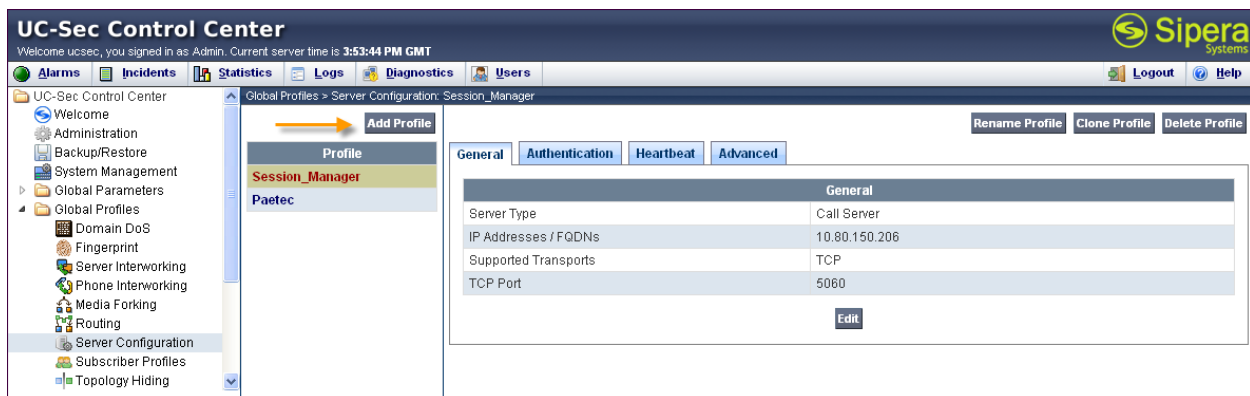
7.1.5. Server Configuration

The **Server Configuration** screen contains four tabs: **General**, **Authentication**, **Heartbeat**, and **Advanced**. Together, these tabs configure and manage various SIP call server-specific parameters such as TCP and UDP port assignments, heartbeat signaling parameters, DoS security statistics, and trusted domains.

In the sample configuration, separate Server Configurations were created for **Session_Manager** and **PAETEC**.

7.1.5.1 Server Configuration – Session_Manager

To add a Server Configuration Profile for Session Manager navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center** → **Global Profiles** → **Server Configuration** and click on **Add Profile** as shown below.



Enter a descriptive name for the new profile and click **Next**.

The dialog box titled 'Add Server Configuration Profile' has a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains a 'Profile Name' label and a text input field with the value 'Session_Manager'. Below the input field is a 'Next' button.

In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Server Type:** Select **Call Server** from the drop-down box.
- **IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs:** Enter the IP address of the Session Manager signaling interface. This should match the IP address of the Session Manager Security Module in **Section 6.8**.
- **Supported Transports:** Select the transport protocol used to create the Avaya SBCE Entity Link on Session Manager in **Section 6.5**.
- **TCP Port:** Port number on which to send SIP requests to Session Manager. This should match the port number used in the Avaya SBCE Entity Link on Session Manager in **Section 6.5**.

Click **Next** to continue.

Add Server Configuration Profile - General	
Server Type	Call Server
IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs Comma seperated list	10.80.150.206
Supported Transports	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TCP <input type="checkbox"/> UDP <input type="checkbox"/> TLS
TCP Port	5060
UDP Port	
TLS Port	
<div>Back Next</div>	

Verify **Enable Authentication** is unchecked as Session Manager does not require authentication. Click **Next** to continue.

Add Server Configuration Profile - Authentication	
Enable Authentication	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Name	<input type="text"/>
Realm	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>

Back Next

In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Enabled Heartbeat:** Checked.
- **Method:** Select **OPTIONS** from the drop-down box.
- **Frequency:** Choose the desired frequency in seconds the Avaya SBCE will send SIP OPTIONS. For compliance testing **60** seconds was chosen.
- **From URI:** Enter an URI to be sent in the FROM header for SIP OPTIONS.
- **TO URI:** Enter an URI to be sent in the TO header for SIP OPTIONS.

Click **Next** to continue.

Add Server Configuration Profile - Heartbeat	
Enable Heartbeat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Method	OPTIONS
Frequency	60 seconds
From URI	PING@avayalab.com
To URI	PING@avayalab.com
TCP Probe	<input type="checkbox"/>
TCP Probe Frequency	seconds

Back Next

In the new window that appears, select the **Interworking Profile** created for the enterprise in **Section 7.1.3.1**. Use default values for all remaining fields. Click **Finish** to save the configuration.

Add Server Configuration Profile - Advanced	
Enable DoS Protection	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Grooming	<input type="checkbox"/>
Interworking Profile	Enterprise
Signaling Manipulation Script	None
TCP Connection Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SUBID <input type="radio"/> PORTID <input type="radio"/> MAPPING
<div>Back Finish</div>	

7.1.5.2 Server Configuration - PAETEC

To add a Server Configuration Profile for Session Manager navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center** → **Global Profiles** → **Server Configuration** and click on **Add Profile** (not shown). Enter a descriptive name for the new profile and click **Next**.

Add Server Configuration Profile	
Profile Name	Paetec
<div>Next</div>	

In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Server Type:** Select **Trunk Server** from the drop-down box.
- **IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs:** Enter the IP address(es) of the SIP proxy(ies) of the service provider. In the case of the compliance test, this is the PAETEC SIP Trunk IP address. This will associate the inbound SIP messages from PAETEC to this Sever Configuration.
- **Supported Transports:** Select the transport protocol to be used for SIP traffic between Avaya SBCE and PAETEC.
- **TCP Port:** Enter the port number that PAETEC uses to send SIP traffic.

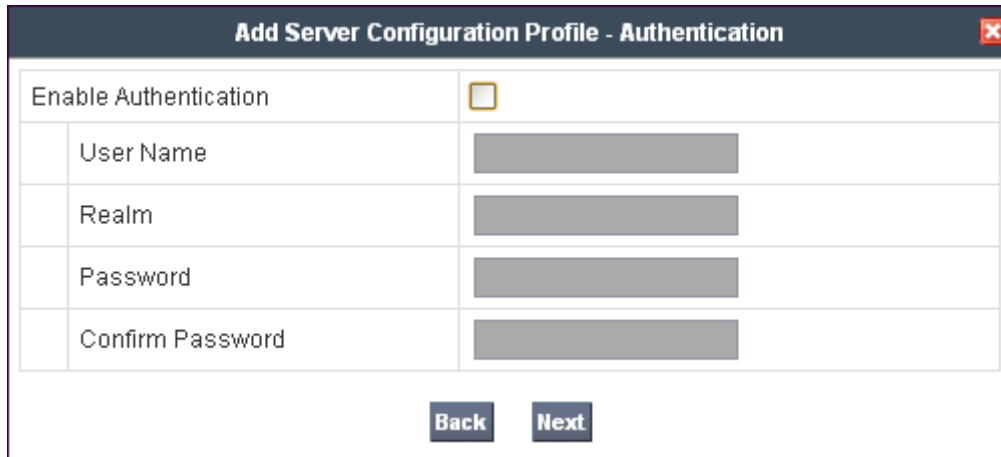
Click **Next** to continue.

Add Server Configuration Profile - General

Server Type	Trunk Server
IP Addresses / Supported FQDNs Comma seperated list	10.1.1.2
Supported Transports	<input type="checkbox"/> TCP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UDP <input type="checkbox"/> TLS
TCP Port	
UDP Port	5060
TLS Port	

Back **Next**

Verify **Enable Authentication** is unchecked as PAETEC does not require authentication. Click **Next** to continue.



Add Server Configuration Profile - Authentication	
Enable Authentication	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Name	<input type="text"/>
Realm	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>

Back **Next**

In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Enabled Heartbeat:** Checked.
- **Method:** Select **OPTIONS** from the drop-down box.
- **Frequency:** Choose the desired frequency in seconds the Avaya SBCE will send SIP OPTIONS. For compliance testing **120** seconds was chosen.
- **From URI:** Enter an URI to be sent in the FROM header for SIP OPTIONS.
- **TO URI:** Enter an URI to be sent in the TO header for SIP OPTIONS.

Click **Next** to continue.

The SIP OPTIONS are sent to the SIP proxy(ies) entered in the **IP Addresses /Supported FQDNs** in the **Server Configuration Profile**. The URI of PING@paetec.com was used in the sample configuration to better identify the SIP OPTIONS in the call traces. PAETEC does not look at the From and To headers when replying to SIP OPTIONS so any URI can be used as long as it is in the proper format (USER@DOMAIN).

Add Server Configuration Profile - Heartbeat	
Enable Heartbeat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Method	OPTIONS ▼
Frequency	120 seconds
From URI	PING@paetec.com
To URI	PING@paetec.com
TCP Probe	<input type="checkbox"/>
TCP Probe Frequency	seconds
<div>Back Next</div>	

In the new window that appears, select the **Interworking Profile** created for PAETEC in **Section 7.1.3.2**. Select the **Signaling Manipulation Script** created in **Section 7.1.4**. Use default values for all remaining fields. Click **Finish** to save the configuration.

Add Server Configuration Profile - Advanced	
Enable DoS Protection	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Grooming	<input type="checkbox"/>
Interworking Profile	PAETEC ▼
Signaling Manipulation Script	PAETEC_Script ▼
UDP Connection Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SUBID <input type="radio"/> PORTID <input type="radio"/> MAPPING
<div>Back Finish</div>	

7.2. Domain Policies

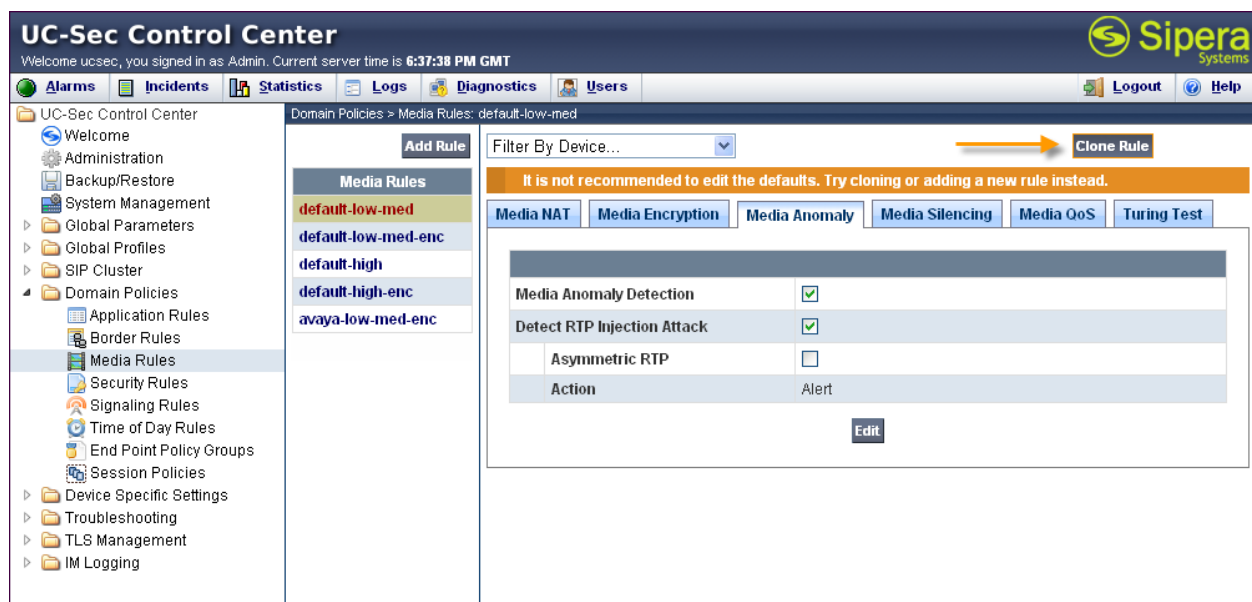
The Domain Policies feature configures, applies, and manages various rule sets (policies) to control unified communications based upon various criteria of communication sessions originating from or terminating in the enterprise. These criteria can be used to trigger policies which, in turn, activate various security features of the UC-Sec security device to aggregate, monitor, control, and normalize call flows. There are default policies available to use, or a custom domain policy can be created.

7.2.1. Media Rules

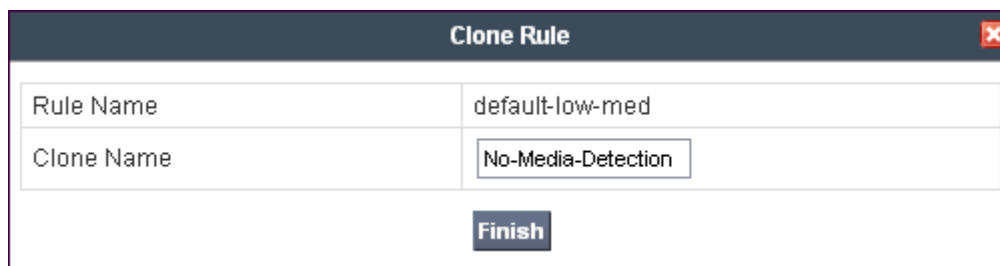
Media Rules define RTP media packet parameters such as prioritizing encryption techniques and packet encryption techniques. Together these media-related parameters define a strict profile that is associated with other SIP-specific policies to determine how media packets matching these criteria will be handled by the UC-Sec security product.

Create a custom Media Rule to set the Quality of Service and Media Anomaly Detection. The sample configuration shows a custom Media Rule **No-Media-Detection** created for the enterprise and PAETEC.

To create a custom Media Rule, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Domain Policies → Media Rules**. With **default-low-med** selected, click **Clone Rule** as shown below.



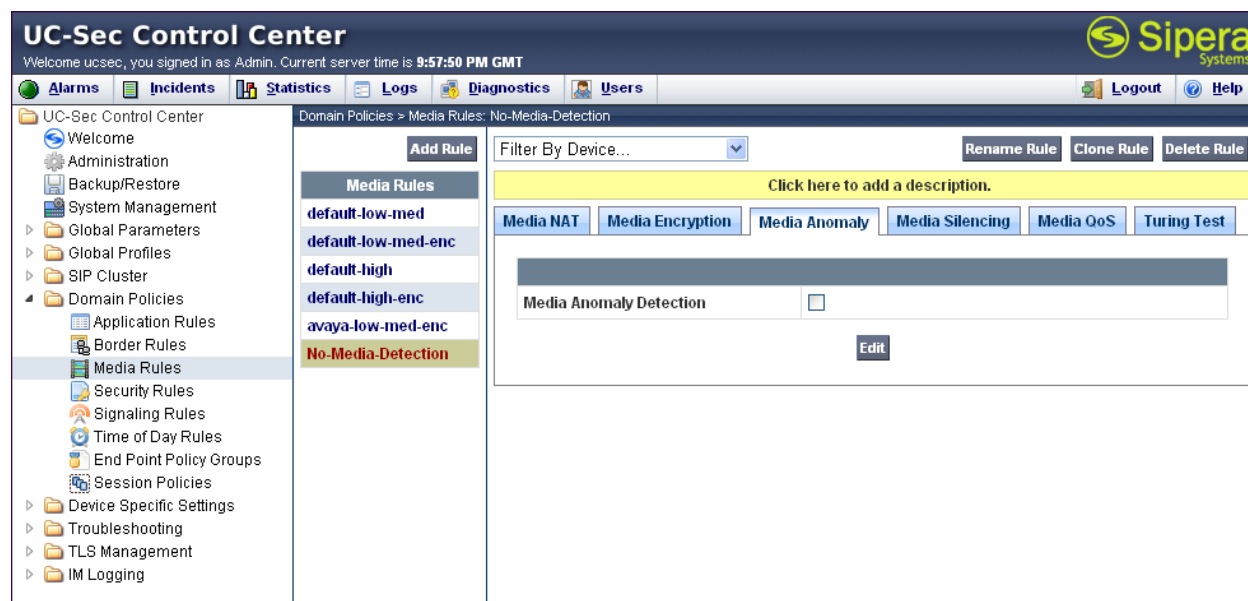
Enter a descriptive name for the new rule and click **Finish**.



A dialog box titled "Clone Rule" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two input fields: "Rule Name" with the value "default-low-med" and "Clone Name" with the value "No-Media-Detection". Below the fields is a "Finish" button.

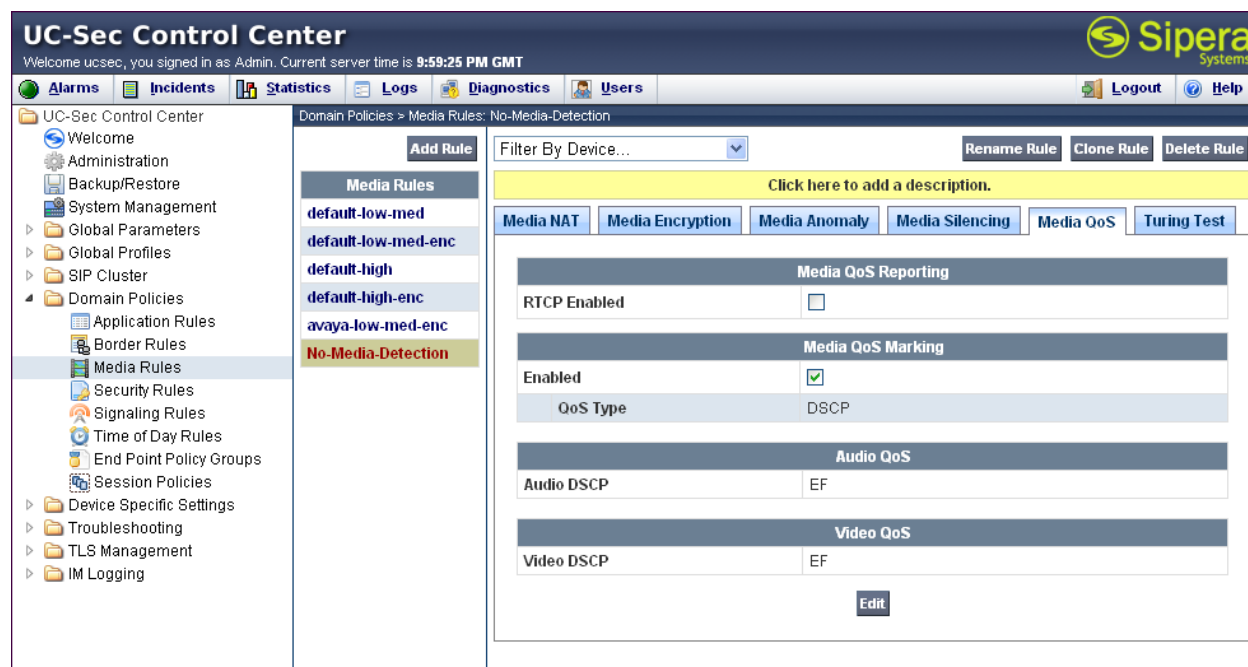
When the RTP packets of a call are shuffled from Communication Manager to an IP Phone, Avaya SBCE will interpret this as an anomaly and an alert will be created in the Incidents Log. Disabling **Media Anomaly Detection** prevents the **RTP Injection Attack** alerts from being created during an audio shuffle. To modify the rule, select the **Media Anomaly** tab and click **Edit**. Uncheck **Media Anomaly Detection** and click **Finish** (not shown).

The following screen shows the **No-Media-Detection** rule with **Media Anomaly Detection** disabled.



The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The top header includes the title "UC-Sec Control Center", a welcome message, the current server time (9:57:50 PM GMT), and the Siper Systems logo. Below the header is a navigation bar with tabs for Alarms, Incidents, Statistics, Logs, Diagnostics, and Users. A left sidebar contains a tree view of the system's configuration hierarchy, with "Media Rules" selected under "Domain Policies". The main content area displays the "No-Media-Detection" rule. It includes a list of media rules on the left, a "Filter By Device..." dropdown, and buttons for "Add Rule", "Rename Rule", "Clone Rule", and "Delete Rule". A yellow banner prompts the user to "Click here to add a description.". Below this, there are tabs for "Media NAT", "Media Encryption", "Media Anomaly", "Media Silencing", "Media QoS", and "Turing Test". The "Media Anomaly" tab is active, showing a checkbox for "Media Anomaly Detection" which is currently unchecked, and an "Edit" button.

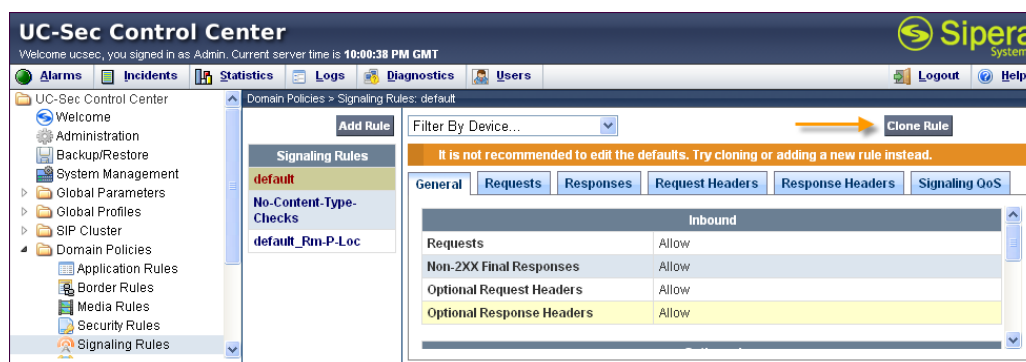
On the **Media QoS** tab select the proper Quality of Service (QoS). Avaya SBCE can be configured to mark the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) in the IP Header with specific values to support Quality of Services policies for the media. The following screen shows the QoS values used for compliance testing.



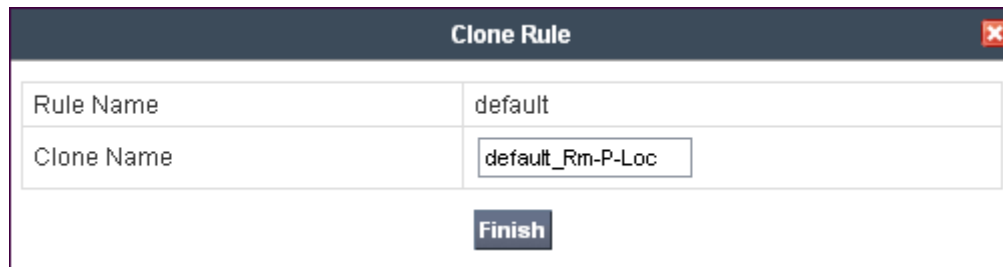
7.2.2. Signaling Rules

Signaling Rules define the action to be taken (Allow, Block, Block with Response, etc.) for each type of SIP-specific signaling request and response message. When SIP signaling packets are received by the UC-Sec, they are parsed and “pattern-matched” against the particular signaling criteria defined by these rules. Packets matching the criteria defined by the Signaling Rules are tagged for further policy matching.

Clone and modify the default signaling rule to strip the P-Location and Alert Info headers from the SIP message before it is sent to PAETEC. To clone a signaling rule, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Domain Policies → Signaling Rules**. With the **default** rule chosen, click on **Clone Rule** as shown below.



Enter a descriptive name for the new rule and click **Finish**.

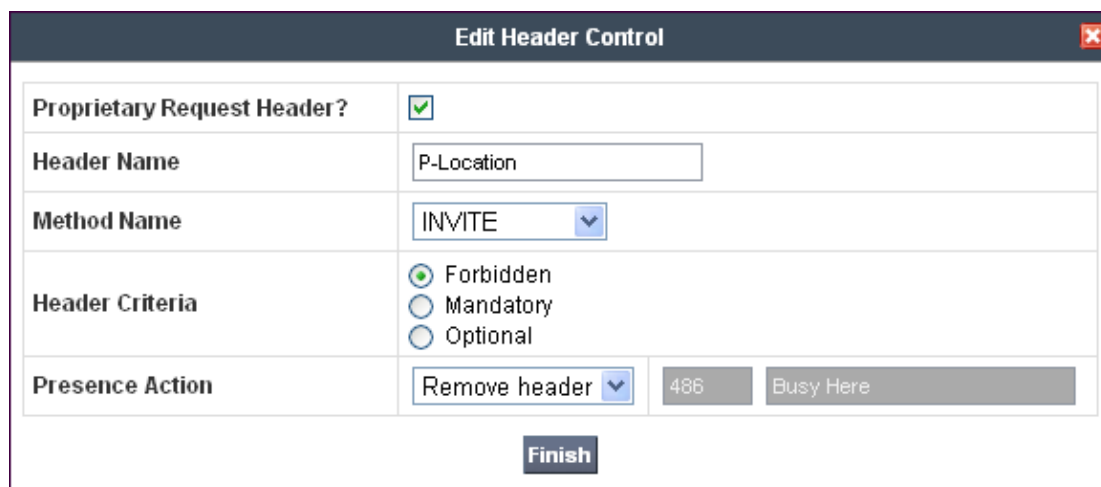


The 'Clone Rule' dialog box has a title bar with a close button. It contains two input fields: 'Rule Name' with the value 'default' and 'Clone Name' with the value 'default_Rm-P-Loc'. A 'Finish' button is located at the bottom center.

Select the **Request Headers** tab and click **Add In Header Control** (not shown). In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Proprietary Request Header?:** Checked.
- **Header Name:** Enter **P-Location**.
- **Method Name:** Select **INVITE** from the drop-down box.
- **Header Criteria:** Select **Forbidden**.
- **Presence Action:** Select **Remove header** from the drop-down box.

Click **Finish** to save the configuration



The 'Edit Header Control' dialog box has a title bar with a close button. It contains several fields: 'Proprietary Request Header?' with a checked checkbox, 'Header Name' with the value 'P-Location', 'Method Name' with a dropdown menu showing 'INVITE', 'Header Criteria' with radio buttons for 'Forbidden' (selected), 'Mandatory', and 'Optional', and 'Presence Action' with a dropdown menu showing 'Remove header'. There are also two buttons labeled '486' and 'Busy Here'. A 'Finish' button is at the bottom center.

Create an **Add In Header Control** for the P-Location header in the **Response Headers** tab as well. Repeat these steps for the Alert-Info and any other headers wished to be removed. The following screens show the **default_Rm-P-Loc** rule used in the sample configuration with the **P-Location** and **Alert-Info** headers configured to be removed.

UC-Sec Control Center
Welcome ucsec, you signed in as Admin. Current server time is 7:13:51 PM GMT

Alarms Incidents Statistics Logs Diagnostics Users Logout Help

UC-Sec Control Center

Domain Policies > Signaling Rules: default_Rm-P-Loc

Add Rule

Filter By Device...

Rename Rule Clone Rule Delete Rule

Click here to add a description.

General Requests Responses Request Headers Response Headers Signaling QoS

Add in Header Control Add Out Header Control

Row	Header Name	Method Name	Header Criteria	Action	Proprietary	Direction		
1	Alert-Info	INVITE	Forbidden	Remove Header	No	IN		
2	P-Location	INVITE	Forbidden	Remove Header	Yes	IN		

UC-Sec Control Center
Welcome ucsec, you signed in as Admin. Current server time is 7:14:23 PM GMT

Alarms Incidents Statistics Logs Diagnostics Users Logout Help

UC-Sec Control Center

Domain Policies > Signaling Rules: default_Rm-P-Loc

Add Rule

Filter By Device...

Rename Rule Clone Rule Delete Rule

Click here to add a description.

General Requests Responses Request Headers Response Headers Signaling QoS

Add in Header Control Add Out Header Control

Row	Header Name	Response Code	Method Name	Header Criteria	Action	Proprietary	Direction		
1	P-Location	200	INVITE	Forbidden	Remove Header	Yes	IN		

On the **Signaling QoS** tab, select the proper Quality of Service (QoS). Avaya SBCE can be configured to mark the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) in the IP Header with specific values to support Quality of Services policies for signaling. The following screen shows the QoS values used for compliance testing.

The screenshot displays the UC-Sec Control Center web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Alarms, Incidents, Statistics, Logs, Diagnostics, and Users, along with Logout and Help links. The left sidebar shows a tree view of the system configuration, with 'Domain Policies' expanded and 'Signaling Rules' selected. The main content area shows the configuration for the 'default_Rm-P-Loc' rule. The 'Signaling QoS' tab is active, displaying a table with the following configuration:

Click here to add a description.	
Signaling QoS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
QoS Type	DSCP
DSCP	EF

An 'Edit' button is located below the table.

7.2.3. Application Rules

Application Rules define which types of SIP-based Unified Communications (UC) applications the UC-Sec security device will protect: voice, video, and/or Instant Messaging (IM). In addition, you can determine the maximum number of concurrent voice and video sessions the network will process in order to prevent resource exhaustion.

Create an Application Rule to set the number of concurrent voice traffic. The sample configuration cloned and modified the default application rule to increase the number of **Maximum Concurrent Session** and **Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint**. To clone an application rule, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Domain Policies → Application Rules**. With the **default** rule chosen, click on **Clone Rule** as shown below.

UC-Sec Control Center

Welcome ucsec, you signed in as Admin. Current server time is 7:52:18 PM GMT

Alarms Incidents Statistics Logs Diagnostics Users Logout Help

UC-Sec Control Center

- Welcome
- Administration
- Backup/Restore
- System Management
- Global Parameters
- Global Profiles
- SIP Cluster
- Domain Policies
 - Application Rules
 - Border Rules
 - Media Rules
 - Security Rules
 - Signaling Rules
 - Time of Day Rules
 - End Point Policy Groups
 - Session Policies
- Device Specific Settings
- Troubleshooting
- TLS Management
- IM Logging

Domain Policies > Application Rules: default

Add Rule Filter By Device... Clone Rule

It is not recommended to edit the defaults. Try cloning or adding a new rule instead.

Application Rule

Application Type	In	Out	Maximum Concurrent Sessions	Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint
Voice	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	200	10
Video	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
IM	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Miscellaneous

CDR Support	None		
IM Logging	No		
RTCP Keep-Alive	No		

Edit

Enter a descriptive name for the new rule and click **Finish**.

Clone Rule

Rule Name default

Clone Name MaxVoice

Finish

Modify the rule by clicking the **Edit** button. Set the **Maximum Concurrent Sessions** and **Maximum Session Per Endpoint** for the **Voice** application to a value high enough for the amount of traffic the network is able process. Keep in mind Avaya SBCE takes 30 seconds for sessions to be cleared after disconnect. The following screen shows the modified Application Rule with the **Maximum Concurrent Sessions** and **Maximum Session Per Endpoint** set to **2000**. In the sample configuration, Communication Manager was programmed to control the concurrent sessions by setting the number of members in the trunk group (**Section 5.8**) to the allotted amount. Therefore, the values in the Application Rule **MaxVoice** were set high enough to be considered non-blocking.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar lists various configuration areas, with 'Domain Policies' expanded and 'Application Rules' selected. The main panel shows the 'Application Rules' configuration for 'MaxVoice'. It includes a table for 'Application Type' with columns for 'In', 'Out', 'Maximum Concurrent Sessions', and 'Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint'. The 'Voice' application is configured with 'Maximum Concurrent Sessions' and 'Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint' both set to 2000. There is also a 'Miscellaneous' section with options for 'CDR Support', 'IM Logging', and 'RTCP Keep-Alive'.

Application Type	In	Out	Maximum Concurrent Sessions	Maximum Sessions Per Endpoint
Voice	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2000	2000
Video	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
IM	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Miscellaneous			
CDR Support	None		
IM Logging	No		
RTCP Keep-Alive	No		

7.2.4. Endpoint Policy Group

The rules created within the Domain Policy section are assigned to an Endpoint Policy Group. The Endpoint Policy Group is then applied to a Server Flow in **Section 7.3.4**. Create a separate Endpoint Policy Group for the enterprise and the PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service.

To create a new policy group, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Domain Policies → Endpoint Policy Groups** and click on **Add Group** as shown below.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar lists various configuration areas, with 'Domain Policies' expanded and 'Endpoint Policy Groups' selected. The main panel shows the 'Endpoint Policy Groups' configuration. It includes a table for 'Policy Groups' with columns for 'Order', 'Application', 'Border', 'Media', 'Security', 'Signaling', and 'Time of Day'. The 'default-low' policy group is highlighted. There is also a 'View Summary' button and an 'Add Policy Set' button.

Order	Application	Border	Media	Security	Signaling	Time of Day
1	default	default	default-low-med	default-low	default	default

The following screen shows **Ent_DomainPolicy** created for the enterprise. Set the **Application**, **Media** and **Signaling** rules to the ones previously created. Set the **Border** and **Time of Day** rules to **default** and set the **Security** rule to **default-low**.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar lists various configuration categories, with 'Domain Policies' expanded. The main panel displays the 'End Point Policy Groups' for 'Ent_DomainPolicy'. A table lists the policy groups, with 'Ent_DomainPolicy' selected. Below the table, a 'Policy Group' configuration section shows a table with columns: Order, Application, Border, Media, Security, Signaling, Time of Day, and a column for actions (edit and delete icons). The table contains one row with the following values:

Order	Application	Border	Media	Security	Signaling	Time of Day	
1	MaxVoice	default	No-Media-Detection	default-low	default_Rm-P-Loc	default	

The following screen shows **PAETEC_DomPolicy** created for PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service. Set the **Application**, **Media** and **Signaling** rules to the ones previously created. Set the **Border**, **Signaling**, and **Time of Day** rules to **default** and set the **Security** rule to **default-high**.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar lists various configuration categories, with 'Domain Policies' expanded. The main panel displays the 'End Point Policy Groups' for 'PAETEC_DomPolicy'. A table lists the policy groups, with 'PAETEC_DomPolicy' selected. Below the table, a 'Policy Group' configuration section shows a table with columns: Order, Application, Border, Media, Security, Signaling, Time of Day, and a column for actions (edit and delete icons). The table contains one row with the following values:

Order	Application	Border	Media	Security	Signaling	Time of Day	
1	MaxVoice	default	No-Media-Detection	default-high	default_Rm-P-Loc	default	

7.3. Device Specific Settings

The Device Specific Settings feature allows aggregate system information to be viewed, and various device-specific parameters to be managed to determine how a particular device will function when deployed in the network. Specifically, it gives the ability to define and administer various device-specific protection features such as Message Sequence Analysis (MSA) functionality and protocol scrubber rules, end-point and session call flows, as well as the ability to manage system logs and control security features.

7.3.1. Network Management

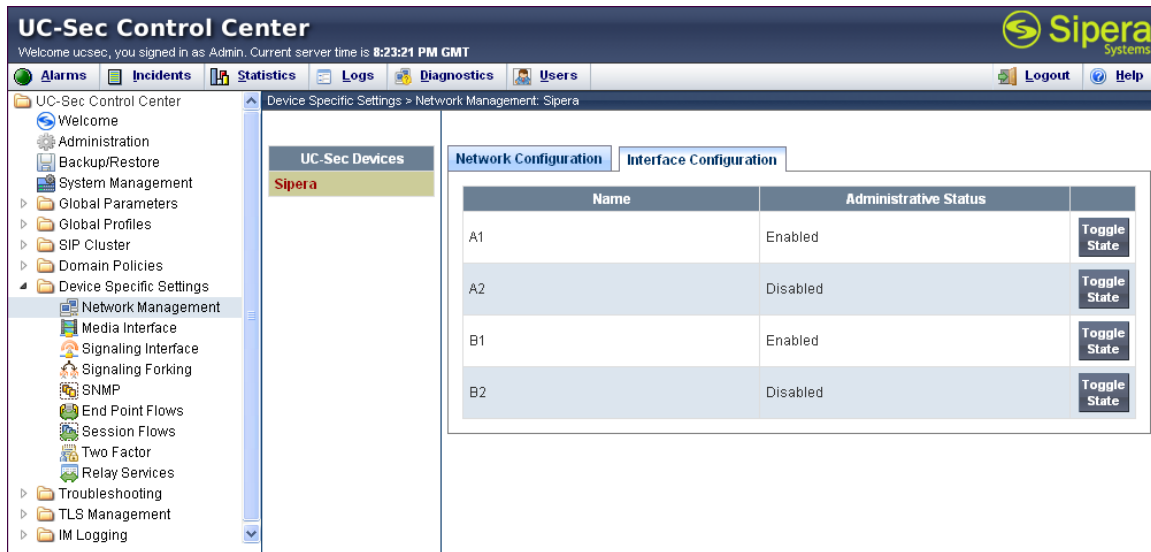
The Network Management screen is where the network interface settings are configured and enabled. During the installation process of Avaya SBCE, certain network-specific information is defined such as device IP address(es), public IP address(es), netmask, gateway, etc. to interface the device to the network. It is this information that populates the various Network Management tab displays, which can be edited as needed to optimize device performance and network efficiency.

Navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Device Specific Settings → Network Management** and verify the IP addresses assigned to the interfaces and that the interfaces are enabled. The following screen shows the private interface is assigned to **A1** and the external interface is assigned to **B1**.

The screenshot displays the UC-Sec Control Center interface. The left sidebar shows the navigation tree with 'Device Specific Settings' expanded, and 'Network Management' selected. The main content area is titled 'Device Specific Settings > Network Management: Sipera'. It features two tabs: 'Network Configuration' (active) and 'Interface Configuration'. A warning message states: 'Modifications or deletions of an IP address or its associated data require an application restart before taking effect. Application restarts can be issued from System Management.' Below this, there are input fields for 'A1 Netmask' (255.255.255.0), 'A2 Netmask', 'B1 Netmask' (255.255.255.128), and 'B2 Netmask'. An 'Add IP' button is present, along with a yellow warning box: 'Changes will not take effect until the interface is updated.' and buttons for 'Save Changes' and 'Clear Changes'. A table lists the configured IP addresses:

IP Address	Public IP	Gateway	Interface	
10.80.150.100		10.80.150.1	A1	✗
205.xxx.xxx.92		205.xxx.xxx.1	B1	✗

Enable the interfaces used to connect to the inside and outside networks on the **Interface Configuration** tab. The following screen shows interface **A1** and **B1** are **Enabled**. To enable an interface click it's **Toggle State** button.



7.3.2. Signaling Interface

The Signaling Interface screen is where the SIP signaling ports are defined. Avaya SBCE will listen for SIP requests on the defined ports. Create a Signaling Interface for both the inside and outside IP interfaces.

To create a new Signaling Interface, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Device Specific Settings → Signaling Interface** and click **Add Signaling Interface**.

The following screen shows the signaling interfaces created in the sample configuration with TCP and UDP ports 5060 used for the inside and outside IP interfaces.

The screenshot shows the UC-Sec Control Center web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Alarms, Incidents, Statistics, Logs, Diagnostics, and Users. The left sidebar shows a tree view of the configuration hierarchy, with 'Device Specific Settings' expanded and 'Signaling Interface' selected. The main content area displays the 'Signaling Interface' configuration for the 'Sipera' device. It includes a table with two entries: 'Sig_Inside' and 'Sig_Outside'. The table has columns for Name, Signaling IP, TCP Port, UDP Port, TLS Port, and TLS Profile. The 'Sig_Inside' entry has a Signaling IP of 10.80.150.100 and ports 5060 for both TCP and UDP. The 'Sig_Outside' entry has a Signaling IP of 205.160.92 and ports 5060 for both TCP and UDP. Both entries have 'None' for the TLS Profile. There are edit and delete icons for each entry.

Name	Signaling IP	TCP Port	UDP Port	TLS Port	TLS Profile
Sig_Inside	10.80.150.100	5060	5060	---	None
Sig_Outside	205.160.92	5060	5060	---	None

7.3.3. Media Interface

The Media Interface screen is where the SIP media ports are defined. Avaya SBCE will listen for SIP media on the defined ports. Create a SIP Media Interface for both the inside and outside IP interfaces. The inside port range needs to match the **UDP Port Min** and **UDP Port Max** fields in the Communication Manager IP network Region created in **Section 5.6**. The outside port range should match the RTP port range provided by PAETEC.

To create a new Media Interface, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center → Device Specific Settings → Media Interface** and click **Add Media Interface**.

The following screen shows the media interfaces created in the sample configuration for the inside and outside IP interfaces. After the media interfaces are created, an application restart is necessary before the changes will take effect.

UC-Sec Control Center
 Welcome ucsec, you signed in as Admin. Current server time is 8:49:41 PM GMT

Alarms Incidents Statistics Logs Diagnostics Users Logout Help

UC-Sec Control Center

- Welcome
- Administration
- Backup/Restore
- System Management
- Global Parameters
- Global Profiles
- SIP Cluster
- Domain Policies
- Device Specific Settings
 - Network Management
 - Media Interface**
 - Signaling Interface
 - Signaling Forking
 - SNMP
 - End Point Flows
 - Session Flows
 - Two Factor
 - Relay Services
- Troubleshooting
- TLS Management
- IM Logging

Device Specific Settings > Media Interface: Sipera

UC-Sec Devices
Sipera

Media Interface

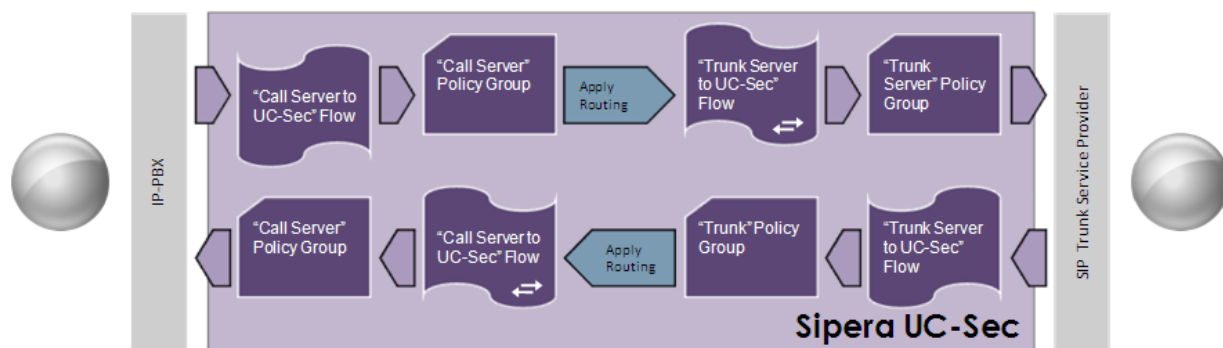
Modifying or deleting an existing media interface will require an application restart before taking effect. Application restarts can be issued from System Management.

Add Media Interface

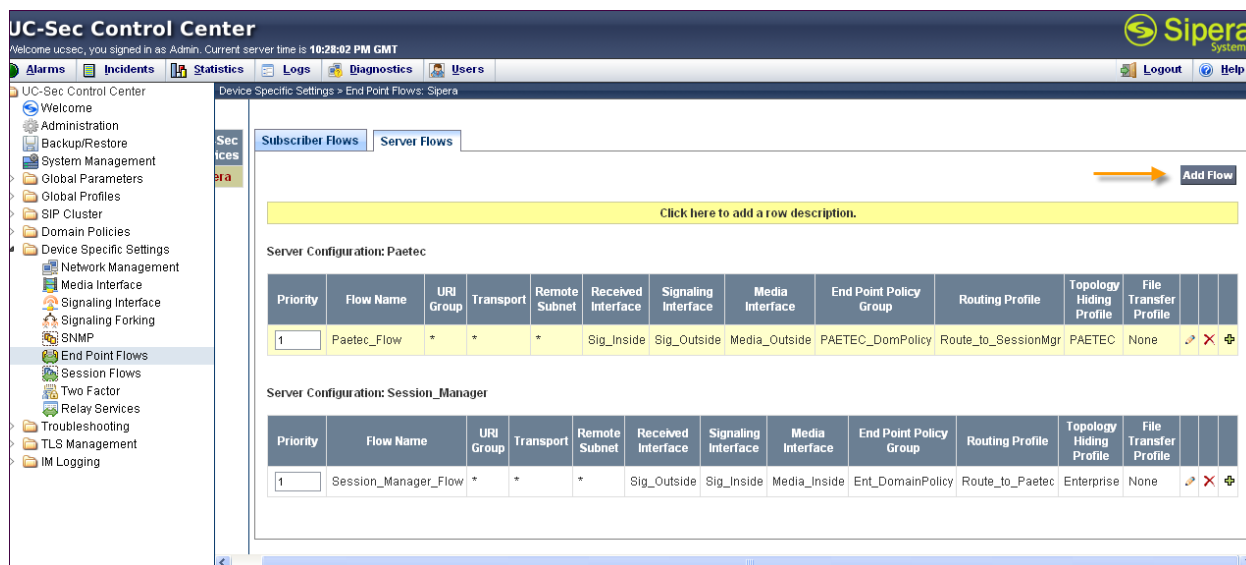
Name	Media IP	Port Range		
Media_Inside	10.80.150.100	2048 - 3329		
Media_Outside	205. .92	8000 - 8999		

7.3.4. End Point Flows - Server Flow

When a packet is received by UC-Sec, the content of the packet (IP addresses, URIs, etc.) is used to determine which flow it matches. Once the flow is determined, the flow points to a policy which contains several rules concerning processing, privileges, authentication, routing, etc. Once routing is applied and the destination endpoint is determined, the policies for this destination endpoint are applied. The context is maintained, so as to be applied to future packets in the same flow. The following screen illustrates the flow through Avaya SBCE to secure a SIP Trunk call.



Create a Server Flow for Session Manager and the PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service. To create a Server Flow, navigate to **UC-Sec Control Center** → **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**. Select the **Server Flows** tab and click **Add Flow** as shown below.



In the new window that appears, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- **Flow Name:** Enter a descriptive name.
- **Server Configuration:** Select a Server Configuration created in **Section 7.1.5** to assign to the Flow.
- **Received Interface:** Select the Signaling Interface the Server Configuration is allowed to receive SIP messages from.
- **Signaling Interface:** Select the Signaling Interface used to communicate with the Server Configuration.
- **Media Interface:** Select the Media Interface used to communicate with the Server Configuration.
- **End Point Policy Group:** Select the policy assigned to the Server Configuration.
- **Routing Profile:** Select the profile the Server Configuration will use to route SIP messages to.
- **Topology Hiding Profile:** Select the profile to apply toward the Server Configuration.

Click **Finish** to save and exit.

The following screen shows the Sever Flow for PAETEC:

Edit Flow: Paetec_Flow

Criteria	
Flow Name	Paetec_Flow
Server Configuration	Paetec
URI Group	*
Transport	*
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Sig_Inside
Signaling Interface	Sig_Outside
Media Interface	Media_Outside
End Point Policy Group	PAETEC_DomPolicy
Routing Profile	Route_to_SessionMgr
Topology Hiding Profile	PAETEC
File Transfer Profile	None

Finish

The following screen shows the Sever Flow for Session Manager:

Edit Flow: Session_Manager_Flow

Criteria	
Flow Name	Session_Manager_Flow
Server Configuration	Session_Manager
URI Group	*
Transport	*
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Sig_Outside
Signaling Interface	Sig_Inside
Media Interface	Media_Inside
End Point Policy Group	Enterprise_DomPolicy
Routing Profile	Route_to_CenturyLink
Topology Hiding Profile	Enterprise
File Transfer Profile	None

Finish

8. Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service Configuration

To use the Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service, a customer must request the service from PAETEC using their sales processes. This process can be initiated by contacting PAETEC via the corporate web site at www.paetec.com and requesting information via the online sales links or telephone numbers.

9. Verification and Troubleshooting

This section provides verification steps that may be performed in the field to verify that the solution is configured properly. This section also provides a list of useful troubleshooting commands that can be used to troubleshoot the solution.

9.1. Verification

The following steps may be used to verify the configuration:

1. Verify the call routing administration on Session Manager by logging in to System Manager and executing the Call Routing Test. Expand **Elements** → **Session Manager** → **System Tools** → **Call Routing Test**. Populate the field for the call parameters of interest. For example, the following screen shows an example call routing test for an outbound call to PSTN via PAETEC. Under **Routing Decisions**, observe the call will route via the Avaya SBCE SIP Entity to PAETEC. Scroll down to inspect the details of the **Routing Decision Process** if desired (not shown).

The screenshot displays the 'Call Routing Test' web application. At the top is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home / Elements / Session Manager / System Tools / Call Routing Test - Call Routing Test'. A 'Help ?' link is in the top right. The main heading is 'Call Routing Test'. Below it, a descriptive text states: 'This page allows you to test SIP routing algorithms on Session Manager instances. Enter information about a SIP INVITE to learn how it will be routed based on current administration.' The 'SIP INVITE Parameters' section contains several input fields: 'Called Party URI' (sip:13035551997@avayalab.com), 'Calling Party URI' (sip:7135551234@avayalab.com), 'Calling Party Address' (10.80.150.225), 'Session Manager Listen Port' (5070), 'Day Of Week' (Friday), 'Time (UTC)' (22:02), 'Transport Protocol' (TCP), and 'Called Session Manager Instance' (ASM). An 'Execute Test' button is located at the bottom right of this section. The 'Routing Decisions' section at the bottom shows a single route: 'Route < sip:13035551997@avayalab.com > to SIP Entity AA-SBC01 (10.80.150.253). Terminating Location is AA-SBC_150.'

2. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active for more than 35 seconds. This time period is included to verify that proper routing of the SIP messaging has satisfied SIP protocol timers.
3. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active for more than 35 seconds.

4. Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
5. Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.

Use the SAT interface on Communication Manager to verify status of SIP trunks. Specifically use the **status trunk n** command to verify the active call has ended. Where **n** is the trunk group number used for PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service defined in **Section 5.8**.

Below is an example of an active call.

status trunk 1				
TRUNK GROUP STATUS				
Member	Port	Service State	Mtce Connected Ports Busy	
0001/001	T00001	in-service/active	no	S00000
0001/002	T00002	in-service/idle	no	
0001/003	T00003	in-service/idle	no	
0001/004	T00004	in-service/idle	no	

Verify the port returns to **in-service/idle** after the call has ended.

status trunk 1				
TRUNK GROUP STATUS				
Member	Port	Service State	Mtce Connected Ports Busy	
0001/001	T00001	in-service/idle	no	
0001/002	T00002	in-service/idle	no	
0001/003	T00003	in-service/idle	no	
0001/004	T00004	in-service/idle	no	

9.2. Troubleshooting

1. Communication Manager:
 - **list trace station** <extension number> - Traces calls to and from a specific station.
 - **list trace tac** <trunk access code number> - Trace calls over a specific trunk group.
 - **status station** <extension number> - Displays signaling and media information for an active call on a specific station.
 - **status trunk** <trunk access code number> - Displays trunk group information.
2. Session Manager:
 - **traceSM -x -uni** - Session Manager command line tool for traffic analysis. Login to the Session Manager management interface to run this command.
3. Avaya SBCE:
 - **Incidences** - Displays alerts captured by the UC-Sec appliance.

Incident Viewer

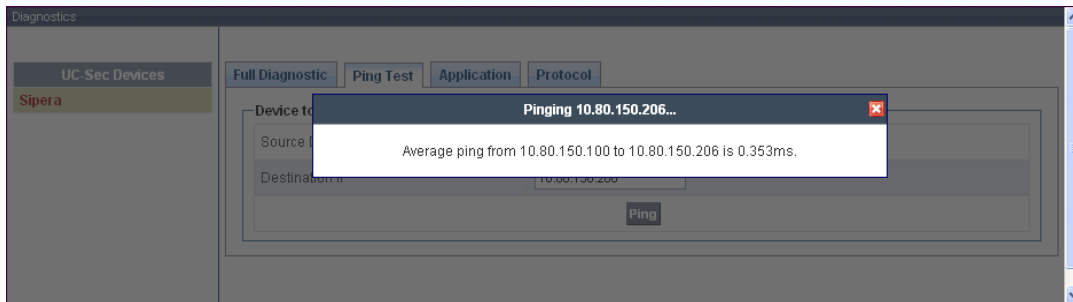
Device: All Category: All Clear Filters Refresh Show Chart Generate Report

Displaying results 1 to 15 out of 102.

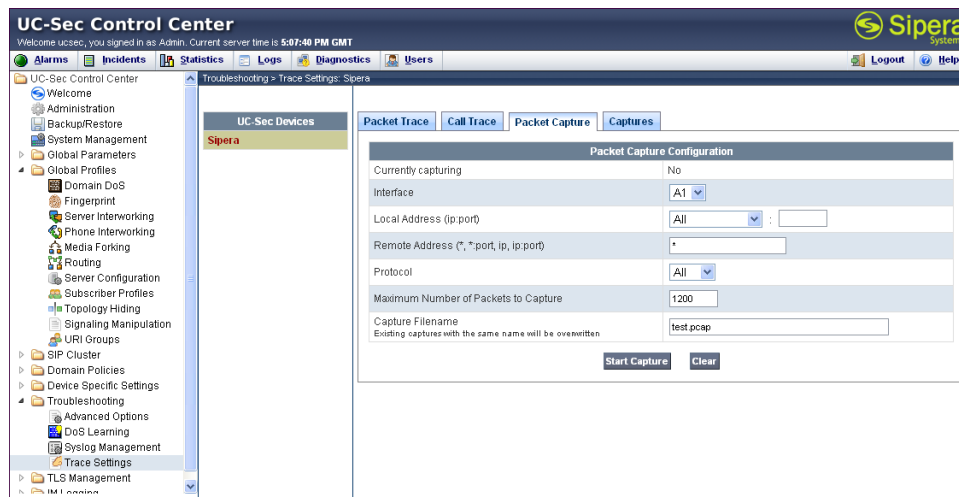
Incident Type	Incident ID	Date	Time	Category	Device	Cause
Message Dropped	662168149391824	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168147389246	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168146388212	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168145887753	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168145636658	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168142392101	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168140391726	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168138390782	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168136390456	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168134389013	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168132388591	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168131388258	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168130886109	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Message Dropped	662168130635815	12/19/11	11:11 PM	Policy	Sipera	No Server Flow Matched for Incoming Message
Server Heartbeat	662165350683634	12/19/11	9:38 PM	Policy	Sipera	Server Heartbeat is UP

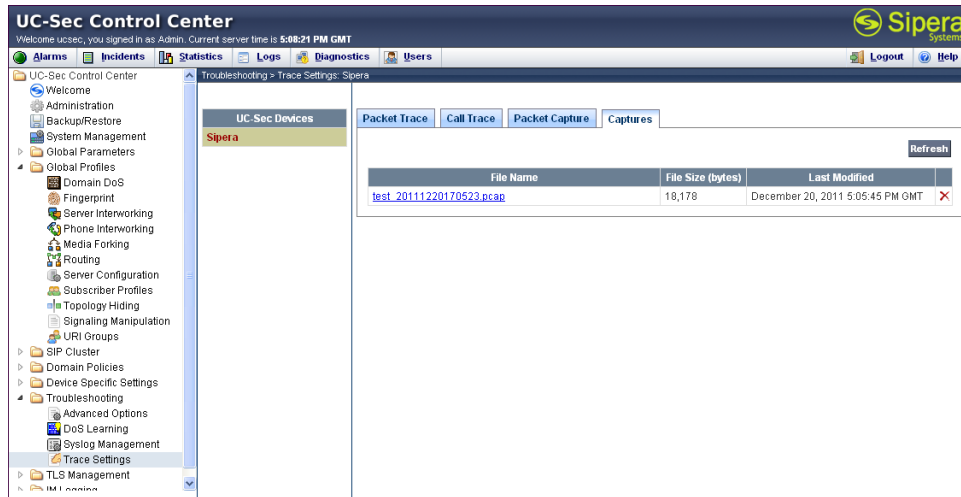
<< < 1 2 3 4 5 > >>

- **Diagnostics** - Allows for PING tests and displays application and protocol use.

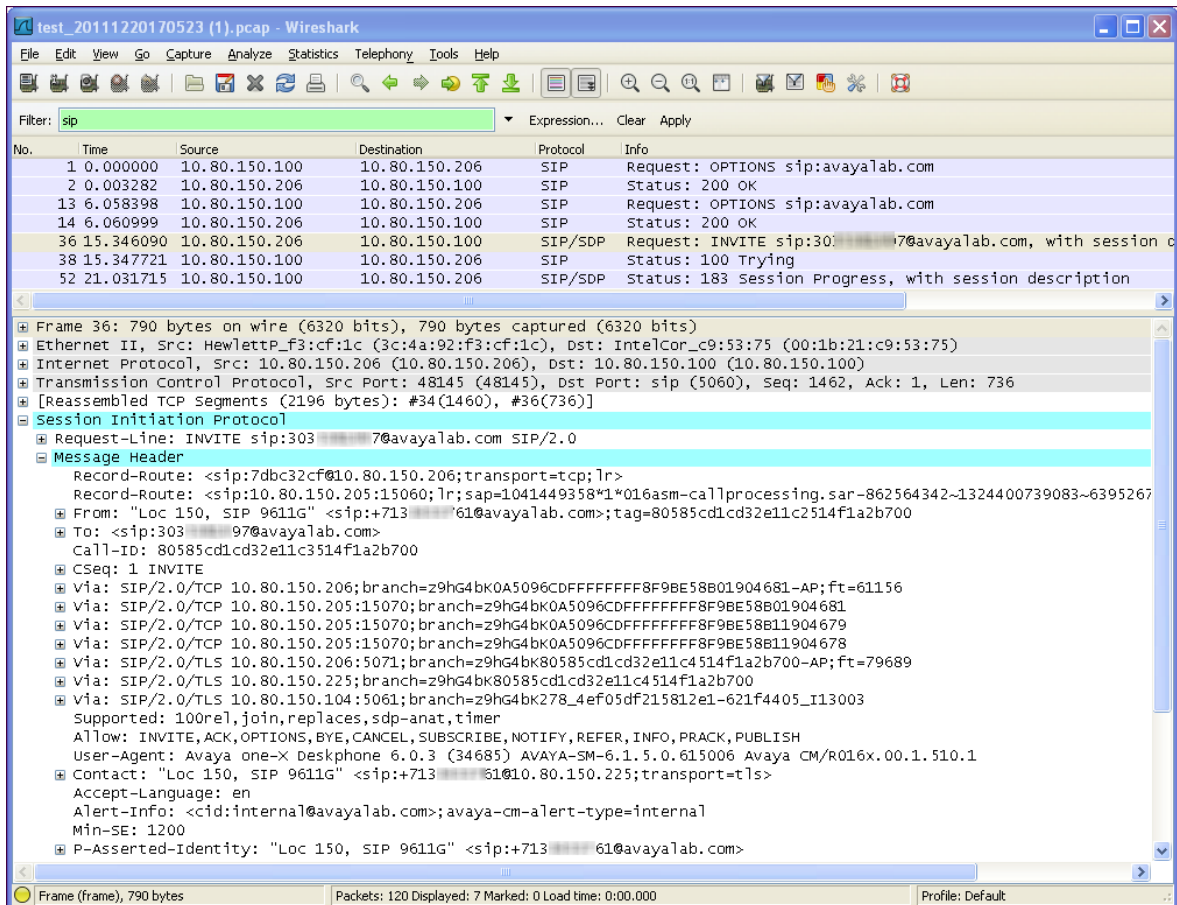


- **Troubleshooting → Trace Settings** - Configure and display call traces and packet captures for the UC-Sec appliance.





The packet capture file can be downloaded and viewed using a Network Protocol Analyzer:



10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration necessary to connect Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Avaya Aura® Session Manager, and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server to the PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service. The PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service is a SIP-based Voice over IP solution for customers ranging from small businesses to large enterprises. The PAETEC Dynamic IP SIP Trunk Service provides businesses a flexible, cost-saving alternative to traditional hardwired telephony trunks.

11. References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes. Additional Avaya product documentation is available at <http://support.avaya.com>. Sipera product documentation is available at <http://www.sipera.com>.

- [1] *Installing and Configuring Avaya Aura® System Platform, Release 6.0.3*, February 2011.
- [2] *Administering Avaya Aura® System Platform, Release 6.0.3*, February 2011.
- [3] *Administering Avaya Aura® Communication Manager*, June 2010, Document Number 03-300509.
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- [8] *Avaya 1600 Series IP Deskphones Administrator Guide Release 1.3.x*, April 2010, Document Number 16-601443.
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- [12] *Administering Avaya one-X Communicator*, July 2011
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- [14] *Feature Description and Implementation for Avaya Communication Manager, Issue 5*, Document Number 555-245-205
- [15] *UC-Sec Install Guide (102-5224-400v1.01)*
- [16] *UC-Sec Administration Guide (010-5423-400v1.06)*
- [17] *RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol*, <http://www.ietf.org/>
- [18] *RFC 3515, The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Refer Method*, <http://www.ietf.org/>
- [19] *RFC 2833 RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals*, <http://www.ietf.org/>
- [20] *RFC 4244, An Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Request History Information*, <http://www.ietf.org/>

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