

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3 as an Evolution Server, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2 to support Netia SIP Trunk Service - Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps used to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between the Netia SIP Trunk Service and an Avaya SIP enabled Enterprise Solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager as an Evolution Server. Netia is a member of the DevConnect Service Provider program.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps used to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between the Netia SIP Trunk Service and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2 (Avaya SBCE), Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3 and Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Evolution Server R6.3. Customers using this Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution with Netia SIP Trunk are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a dedicated Internet connection and the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise customer.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to configure a simulated enterprise site using an Avaya SIP telephony solution consisting of Communication Manager, Session Manager and Avaya SBCE. The enterprise site was configured to use the SIP Trunking service provided by Netia.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

The interoperability test included the following:

- Incoming calls to the enterprise site from PSTN phones using the SIP Trunk provided by Netia, calls made to SIP and H.323 telephones at the enterprise.
- Outgoing calls from the enterprise site completed via Netia SIP Trunk to PSTN destinations, calls made from SIP and H.323 telephones.
- Calls using the G.729, G.711A and G.711MU codecs.
- Fax calls to/from a group 3 fax machine to a PSTN connected fax machine using T.38.
- DTMF transmission using RFC 2833 with successful Voice Mail/Vector navigation for inbound and outbound calls.
- User features such as hold and resume, transfer, conference, call forwarding, etc.
- Caller ID Presentation and Caller ID Restriction.
- Direct IP-to-IP media (also known as "shuffling") with SIP and H.323 telephones.
- Secure transport of media within the enterprise using SRTP and transport of signalling using TLS.
- Call coverage and call forwarding for endpoints at the enterprise site.
- Transmission and response of SIP OPTIONS messages sent by Netia SIP Trunk requiring Avaya response and sent by Avaya requiring Netia response.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the sample configuration was completed with successful results for Netia SIP Trunk Service with the following observations:

- Calls were coming in originally with a Max Forwards value of 9. While this was fine for H.323 phones, it didn't work for SIP phones. Netia increased the value to 20 which solved the problem.
- When there was no matching codec on an incoming call, the CM sent a "488 Not Acceptable Here". The network re-attempted the call a number of times and there was a delay of a few seconds before a tone was heard by the caller.
- When there was no matching codec on an outgoing call, the network sent a "487 Request Terminated" after 32 seconds. During that time no tone was heard by the caller.
- Inbound Toll-Free calls were not tested as no Toll-Free access was available for test.
- Emergency Services access was not tested as no test call was booked with the emergency Services Operator.
- No Privacy header was received on incoming calls where the calling party number was restricted. The enterprise equipment displayed the user portion of the From header which was "anonymous" and an acceptable indicator under these conditions.
- Outbound T.38 fax calls were unreliable with only 6 pages of a 10 page document sent. This is a common problem in the test network that uses multiple SIP to TDM hops and is not considered to be a serious issue.
- EC 500 Confirmed Answer did not function correctly as the call was not answered on the mobile even when keys were pressed. This function is not considered to be critical
- One-X Communicator ceased to function correctly when connected via SIP and the "Other Phone Mode" tests were not completed. Fault report ONEXC-8777 has been raised to deal with this issue. All calls were successful when One-X Communicator was connected using H.323.
- Media was lost on calls that exceeded 30 minutes in duration. An Avaya SBCE fault was identified and JIRA ticket AURORA-1733 raised, a GA build that includes a fix for this issue is expected by the end of December 2013.

2.3. Support

For technical support on Netia products please contact with Netia helpline 48801802803 or by email to biznes@netia.pl.

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates the test configuration. The test configuration shows an Enterprise site connected to Netia SIP Trunk. Located at the Enterprise site is an Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Session Manager and Communication Manager. Endpoints are Avaya 96x0 series and Avaya 96x1 series IP telephones (with SIP and H.323 firmware), Avaya 46xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya 16xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya 16xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya 16xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya analogue telephones and an analogue fax machine. Also included in the test configuration was an Avaya one-X® Communicator soft phone and Flare for Windows running on a laptop PC. Within the enterprise, TLS was used for secure signalling transport and SRTP for media.

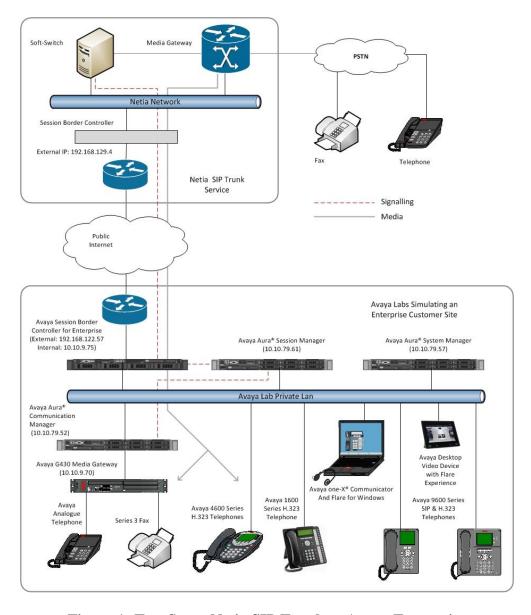


Figure 1: Test Setup Netia SIP Trunk to Avaya Enterprise

4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Equipment/Software	Release/Version
Avaya	
Dell PowerEdge R620 running Session	SM-6.3.2.0.632023-e50-00
Manager on VM Version 8	
Dell PowerEdge R620 running System	SMGR-6.3.0.8.5682-e50-64 (Build 5682)
Manager on VM Version 8	
Dell PowerEdge R620 running	R016x.03.0.124.0
Communication Manager on VM Version 8	
Avaya Session Border Controller Advanced	6.2.0.Q48
for Enterprise Server	
Avaya 1616 Phone (H.323)	1.302
Avaya 4621 Phone (H.323)	2.902
Avaya 96x0 Phone (H.323)	3.200
Avaya A175 Desktop Video Device (SIP)	Flare Experience Release 1.1.2
Avaya 9630 Phone (SIP)	R2.6 SP9
Avaya 9608 Phone (SIP)	R6.2 SP1
Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323) on	6.1.8.06-SP8-40314
Lenovo T510 Laptop PC	
Analogue Handset	NA
Analogue Fax	NA
Netia	
Acme Packet Net-Net 4500 SBC	SCX6.2.0 MR-10 GA (Build 1030)
Broadworks Platform	Release 14.0, Service Pack 9
TSS TelephonySoftSwitch	4.0 version 9.0, patch 7.1

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the steps for configuring Communication Manager for SIP Trunking. SIP trunks are established between Communication Manager and Session Manager. These SIP trunks will carry SIP signalling associated with the Netia SIP Trunk. For incoming calls, the Session Manager receives SIP messages from the Avaya SBC for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) and directs the incoming SIP messages to Communication Manager. Once the message arrives at Communication Manager further incoming call treatment, such as incoming digit translations and class of service restrictions may be performed. All outgoing calls to the PSTN are processed within Communication Manager and may be first subject to outbound features such as automatic route selection, digit manipulation and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selects a SIP trunk, the SIP signalling is routed to the Session Manager. The Session Manager directs the outbound SIP messages to the Avaya SBCE at the enterprise site that then sends the SIP messages to the Netia network. Communication Manager Configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation. The general installation of the Servers and Avaya G430 Media Gateway is presumed to have been previously completed and is not discussed here.

5.1. Confirm System Features

The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to add additional capacity. Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command and on **Page 2**, verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** supported by the system is sufficient for the combination of trunks to the Netia SIP Trunk network, and any other SIP trunks used.

display system-parameters customer-options		Page	2	of	11	
OPTIONAL FEATURES						
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED				
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	12000	0				
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	18000	3				
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	12000	0				
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	18000	0				
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	414	0				
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0				
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	41000	0				
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	18000	0				
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	24000	10				
Maximum Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	24000	0				
Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	522	0				
Maximum TN2501 VAL Boards:	128	0				
Maximum Media Gateway VAL Sources:	250	1				
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 80 VoIP Channels:	128	0				
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 320 VoIP Channels:	128	0				
Maximum Number of Expanded Meet-me Conference Ports:	300	0				

On **Page 4**, verify that **IP Trunks** field is set to **y**.

```
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                      4 of 11
                                                               Page
                               OPTIONAL FEATURES
   Emergency Access to Attendant? y
                                                                IP Stations? y
          Enable 'dadmin' Login? y
                                                          ISDN Feature Plus? n
          Enhanced Conferencing? y
                                        ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection? y
                 Enhanced EC500? y
   Enterprise Survivable Server? n
                                                            ISDN-BRI Trunks? y
      Enterprise Wide Licensing? n
                                                                   ISDN-PRI? y
                                                 Local Survivable Processor? n
             ESS Administration? y
         Extended Cvg/Fwd Admin? y
                                                       Malicious Call Trace? y
    External Device Alarm Admin? y
                                                   Media Encryption Over IP? y
 Five Port Networks Max Per MCC? n
                                     Mode Code for Centralized Voice Mail? n
               Flexible Billing? n
   Forced Entry of Account Codes? y
                                                   Multifrequency Signaling? y
                                          Multimedia Call Handling (Basic)? y
     Global Call Classification? y
                                        Multimedia Call Handling (Enhanced)? y
           Hospitality (Basic)? y
 Hospitality (G3V3 Enhancements)? y
                                                 Multimedia IP SIP Trunking? y
                      IP Trunks? y
          IP Attendant Consoles? y
```

5.2. Administer IP Node Names

The node names defined here will be used in other configuration screens to define a SIP signalling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager. In the IP Node Names form, assign the node Name and IP Address for the Session Manager. In this case, SMVM1 and 10.10.79.61 are the Name and IP Address for the Session Manager SIP interface. Also note the procr name as this is the processor interface that Communication Manager will use as the SIP signalling interface to Session Manager.

display node-na	ames ip	
		IP NODE NAMES
Name	IP Address	
SMVM1	10.10.79.61	
default	0.0.0.0	
procr	10.10.79.52	
procr6	::	

5.3. Administer IP Network Region

Use the **change ip-network-region 1** command to set the following values:

- The **Authoritative Domain** field is configured to match the domain name configured on Session Manager. In this configuration, the domain name is **avaya.com**.
- By default, **IP-IP Direct Audio** (both **Intra** and **Inter-Region**) is enabled (**yes**) to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between endpoints without using gateway VoIP resources. When a PSTN call is shuffled, the media stream is established directly between the enterprise end-point and the internal media interface of the Avaya SBCE.
- The Codec Set is set to the number of the IP codec set to be used for calls within the IP network region. In this case, codec set 1 is used.
- The rest of the fields can be left at default values.

```
1 of 20
change ip-network-region 1
                                                             Page
                             IP NETWORK REGION
 Region: 1
              Authoritative Domain: avaya.com
Location: 1
   Name: default Stub Network Region: n
MEDIA PARAMETERS
                             Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
     Codec Set: 1
                             Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
  UDP Port Min: 2048
                                        IP Audio Hairpinning? n
  UDP Port Max: 3329
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
Call Control PHB Value: 46
       Audio PHB Value: 46
       Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
       Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
       Video 802.1p Priority: 5
                                  AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
                                                      RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
           Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

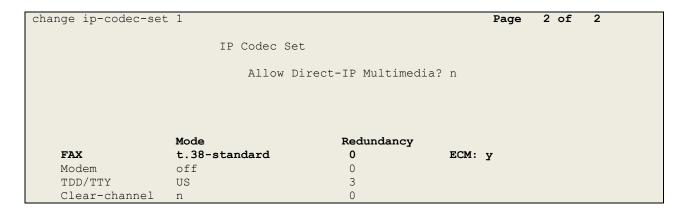
5.4. Administer IP Codec Set

Open the IP Codec Set form for the codec set specified in the IP Network Region form in Section 5.3 by typing change ip-codec set 1. Enter the list of audio codec's eligible to be used in order of preference. For the interoperability test the codecs supported by Netia were configured, namely G.729A, G.711A and G.711MU. If SRTP is to be used for media within the enterprise, select the encryption. For the interoperability test, 1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80 was selected.

```
change ip-codec-set 1
                                                               1 of
                                                         Page
                       IP Codec Set
   Codec Set: 1
  Audio
Codec
             Silence
                        Frames Packet
             Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)
1: G.729A
2: G.711A
3: G.711MU
              n 2
                                   20
                           2
                  n
                                   20
                 n
n
                          2
                                   20
5:
6:
7:
   Media Encryption
1: 1-srtp-aescm128-hmac80
2:
```

Netia SIP Trunk supports T.38 for transmission of fax. Navigate to **Page 2** and define T.38 fax as follows:

- Set the FAX Mode to t.38-standard
- Leave ECM at default value of y



Note: Redundancy can be used to send multiple copies of T.38 packets which can help the successful transmission of fax over networks where packets are being dropped. This was not experienced in the test environment and **Redundancy** was left at the default value of **0**.

5.5. Administer SIP Signaling Groups

This signalling group (and trunk group) will be used for inbound and outbound PSTN calls to the Netia SIP Trunk network. During test, this was configured to use TLS and port 5061 to represent the security requirements for signalling that may be in place at the customer's site. Configure the **Signaling Group** using the **add signaling-group x** command as follows:

- Set Group Type to sip.
- Set Transport Method to tls.
- Set **Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP?** to **n** as SRTP and TLS are only used within the enterprise and are not to be used end to end.
- Set **Peer Detection Enabled** to **y** allowing the Communication Manager to automatically detect if the peer server is a Session Manager.
- Set Near-end Node Name to the processor interface (node name procr as defined in the IP Node Names form shown in Section 5.2).
- Set **Far-end Node Name** to the Session Manager (node name **SMVM1** as defined in the **IP Node Names** form shown in **Section 5.2**).
- Set Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port to 5061 (Commonly used TLS port value).
- Set **Far-end Network Region** to the IP Network Region configured in **Section 5.3** (logically establishes the far-end for calls using this signalling group as network region 1).
- Leave **Far-end Domain** blank (allows the CM to accept calls from any SIP domain on the associated trunk).
- Set Direct IP-IP Audio Connections to v.
- Leave **DTMF over IP** at default value of **rtp-payload** (Enables **RFC2833** for DTMF transmission from the Communication Manager).

The default values for the other fields may be used.

```
add signaling-group 1
                                                               Page 1 of
                                SIGNALING GROUP
Group Number: 1
 IMS Enabled? n
                            Group Type: sip
                       Transport Method: tls
       O-SIP? n
    IP Video? n
                                                  Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? n
 Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Server: SM
 Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? n
  Near-end Node Name: procr
                                             Far-end Node Name: SMVM1
Near-end Listen Port: 5061
                                          Far-end Listen Port: 5061
                                       Far-end Network Region: 1
Far-end Domain:
                                            Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate
                                                    RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n
        DTMF over IP: rtp-payload
                                             Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3
                                                      IP Audio Hairpinning? n
        Enable Layer 3 Test? y
                                                Initial IP-IP Direct Media? n
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n
                                                Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6
```

5.6. Administer SIP Trunk Group

A trunk group is associated with the signaling group described in **Section 5.5**. Configure the trunk group using the **add trunk-group x** command, where x is an available trunk group. On **Page 1** of this form:

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Choose a descriptive **Group Name**.
- Specify a trunk access code (TAC) consistent with the dial plan.
- The **Direction** is set to **two-way** to allow incoming and outgoing calls.
- Set the **Service Type** field to **public-netwrk**.
- Specify the signalling group associated with this trunk group in the **Signaling Group** field as previously configured in **Section 5.5**.
- Specify the **Number of Members** supported by this SIP trunk group.

```
add trunk-group 1

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 1

Group Type: sip

CDR Reports: y

COR: 1

TRUNK GROUP

COR: 1

TRUNK GROUP

Outgoing Display? n

Dial Access? n

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: public-ntwrk

Member Assignment Method: auto

Signaling Group: 1

Number of Members: 10
```

On **Page 2** of the trunk-group form, the Preferred **Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec)** field should be set to a value mutually agreed with Netia to prevent unnecessary SIP messages during call setup.

```
add trunk-group 1
Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 10000

SCCAN? n
Digital Loss Group: 18
Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec): 900

Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y
```

On **Page 3**, set the **Numbering Format** field to **private**. This allows delivery of CLI in formats other than E.164 with leading "+". In test, CLI was sent as the national number with no leading zeros. This format was successfully verified in the network.

```
add trunk-group 1
TRUNK FEATURES

ACA Assignment? n

Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Numbering Format: private

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? n
Replace Unavailable Numbers? n
```

On **Page 4** of this form:

- Set **Support Request History** to **n** as the required information for forwarded and calls will be sent in the **Diversion Header**.
- Set **Send Diversion Header** to **y** as this header is used in the Avaya SBCE to insert the DDI number of the extension into the From field for verification in the network.
- Set the **Telephone Event Payload Type** to **98** to match the value preferred by Netia (this Payload Type is not applied to calls from SIP end-points).
- Set the **Identity for Calling Party Display** to **From** to ensure that where CLI for incoming calls is withheld, it is not displayed on the Communication Manager extension.

```
add trunk-group 1
                                                                       4 of 21
                                                                Page
                              PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                       Mark Users as Phone? n
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n
                       Send Transferring Party Information? n
                                  Network Call Redirection? n
                                     Send Diversion Header? y
                                   Support Request History? n
                              Telephone Event Payload Type: 98
                       Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n
                  Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n
                        Identity for Calling Party Display: From
            Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n
                 Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n
                                             Enable Q-SIP? n
```

5.7. Administer Calling Party Number Information

Use the **change private-unknown-numbering** command to configure Communication Manager to send the calling party number in the format required. In test, calling party number was sent as the national number with no leading zeros as the format expected in the network for calling party number verification. This calling party number is sent in the SIP From, Contact and PAI headers as well as the Diversion header for forwarded calls. The number is displayed on displayequipped PSTN telephones with any reformatting performed in the network.

chai	nge private-numb	bering 0				Page 1	of	2
		NUI	MBERING - PRIVATE	FORMAT	1			
Ext	Ext	Trk	Private	Total				
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len				
4	2000	1	2235nnnn1	9	Total Admin	nistered:	: 8	
4	2208	1	2235nnnn4	9	Maximum	Entries:	540	
4	2316	1	2235nnnn6	9				
4	2346	1	2235nnnn3	9				
4	2396	1	2235nnnn2	9				
4	2402	1	2235nnnn7	9				
4	2460	1	2235nnnn8	9				
4	2611	1	2235nnnn5	9				

Note: The private numbers in the above screenshot have been modified for security.

5.8. Administer Route Selection for Outbound Calls

In the test environment, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature was used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to Netia SIP Trunk. The single digit **9** was used as the ARS access code providing a facility for telephone users to dial 9 to reach an outside line. Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure a digit as the **Auto Route Selection (ARS)** - **Access Code 1**.

```
change feature-access-codes

FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)

Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:
Announcement Access Code:
Announcement Access Code:
Answer Back Access Code:
Attendant Access Code:
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: 7
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 9

Access Code 2:
```

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialled digits following the first digit 9. A small sample of dial patterns are shown here as an example. Further administration of ARS is beyond the scope of this document. The example entries shown will match outgoing calls to numbers beginning 0. Note that exact maximum number lengths should be used where possible to reduce post-dial delay. Calls are sent to **Route Pattern 1**.

change ars analysis 0	ARS D	DIGIT ANALY: Location:		Œ	Page 1 of 2 Percent Full: 0
Dialed String 0 00 0035391 118	Total Min Max 11 14 13 15 13 13 3 6 8 9	Route 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Call Type pubu pubu pubu pubu pubu	Node Num	ANI Reqd n n n n

Use the **change route-pattern x** command, where **x** is an available route pattern, to add the SIP trunk group to the route pattern that ARS selects. In this configuration, route pattern **1** is used to route calls to trunk group **1**. **Numbering Format** is applied to CLI and is used to set TDM signalling parameters such as type of number and numbering plan indicator. This doesn't have the same significance in SIP calls and during testing it was set to **unk-unk**.

char	ige :	rout	e-pa	tter	n 1]	Page	1 0:	f 3	
					Patt	tern 1	Numbei	r: 1		Pattern	Name	:					
							SCCAN	1? n		Secure SI	IP? r	ì					
	Grp	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Нор	Toll	No.	Inser	rted						DCS	/ IXC	
	No			Mrk	Lmt	List	Del	Digit	s						QSI	G	
							Dgts								Int	N	
1:	1	0													n	user	•
2:															n	user	,
3:															n	user	•
4:															n	user	•
5:															n	user	,
6:															n	user	•
										. ,							
		C VA		TSC			ITC	BCIE	Ser	vice/Feat	ture	PARM			_	LAR	
	0 1	2 M	4 W		Requ	ıest							Dgts		nat		
												Suk	addr				
1:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	5						unk-	unk	none	
2:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								none	
3:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								none	
4:	У У	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								none	
5:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								none	
6:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								none	

5.9. Administer Incoming Digit Translation

This step configures the settings necessary to map incoming DDI calls to the Communication Manager extensions. The incoming digits sent in the INVITE message from Netia can be manipulated as necessary to route calls to the desired extension. During test, the incoming DDI numbers were changed in the Session Manager to the Communication Manager Extension number using an adaptation. When done this way, there is no requirement for any incoming digit translation in the Communication Manager. If incoming digit translation is required, use the **change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group x** command where **x** is the Trunk Group defined in **Section 5.6**.

```
change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 1 Page 1 of 30
INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT
Service/ Number Del Insert
Feature Len Digits
```

Note: One reason for configuring the enterprise in this way is to ensure that the message waiting indicator is successfully sent to SIP extensions when a voice mail message is available and unread.

5.10. EC500 Configuration

When EC500 is enabled on a Communication Manager station, a call to that station will generate a new outbound call from Communication Manager to the configured EC500 destination, typically a mobile phone. The following screen shows an example EC500 configuration for the user with station extension 2396. Use the command **change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping x** where **x** is the Communication Manager station.

- The **Station Extension** field will automatically populate with station extension.
- For **Application** enter **EC500**.
- Enter a **Dial Prefix** (e.g., 9) if required by the routing configuration.
- For the **Phone Number** enter the phone that will also be called (e.g. **0035389434nnnn**).
- Set the **Trunk Selection** to **1** so that Trunk Group 1 will be used for routing.
- Set the **Config Set** to **1**.

change off-pb	ox-telephone s STATIONS		oing 2396 PBX TELEPHONE INT	'EGRATION	Page 1	of 3
Station Extension	Application	Dial CC Prefix	Phone Number	Trunk Selection	Config Set	Dual Mode
2396	EC500	-	0035389434nnnn	1	1	

Note: The phone number shown is for a mobile phone used for testing at Avaya Labs and is in international format with international dialling prefix 00. To use facilities for calls coming in from EC500 mobile phones, the number received in Communication Manager must exactly match the number specified in the above table.

Save the Communication Manager configuration by entering save translation.

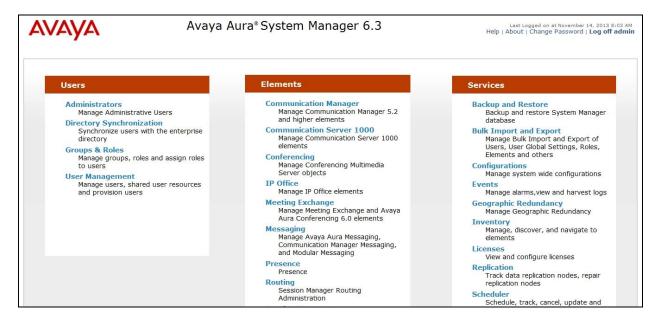
6. Configuring Avaya Aura® Session Manager

This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The Session Manager is configured by opening a web browser to the System Manager. The procedures include the following areas:

- Log in to Avaya Aura® System Manager
- Administer SIP domain
- Administer Locations
- Administer Adaptations
- Administer SIP Entities
- Administer Entity Links
- Administer Routing Policies
- Administer Dial Patterns
- Administer Application for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager
- Administer Application Sequence for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager
- Administer SIP Extensions

6.1. Log in to Avaya Aura® System Manager

Access the System Manager using a web browser and entering http://<FQDN >/SMGR, where <FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of System Manager. Log in using appropriate credentials (not shown) and the **Home** tab will be presented with menu options shown below.



6.2. Administer SIP Domain

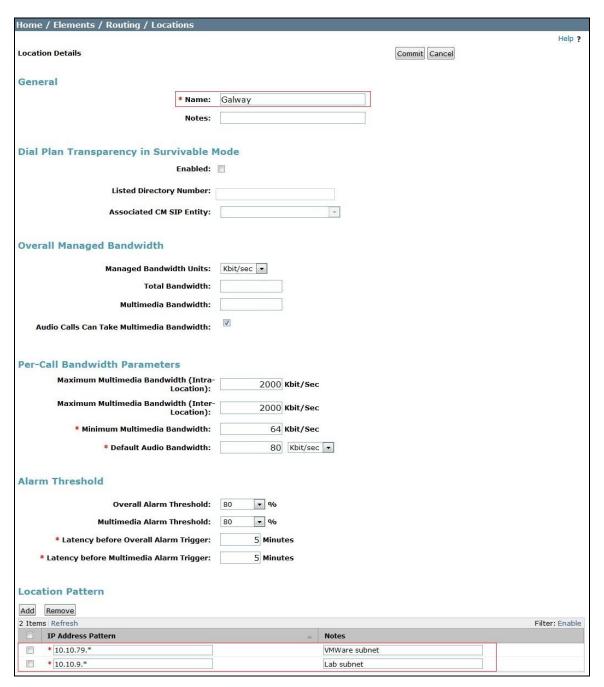
To add the SIP domain that will be used with Session Manager, select **Routing** from the **Home** tab menu and in the resulting tab select **Domains** from left hand menu. Click the **New** button to create a new SIP domain entry. In the **Name** field enter the domain name of the enterprise site or a name agreed with Netia; this will be the same as specified in the Authoritative Domain specified in the IP Network Region on Communication Manager. Refer to **Section 5.3** for details. In test, **avaya.com** was used. Optionally, a description for the domain can be entered in the Notes field (not shown). Click **Commit** to save changes.



Note: If the existing domain name used in the enterprise equipment does not match that used in the network, a Session Manager adaptation can be used to change it (see **Section 6.4**).

6.3. Administer Locations

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for the purposes of bandwidth management. One location is added to the sample configuration for all of the enterprise SIP entities. On the **Routing** tab select **Locations** from the left hand menu (not shown). Under **General**, in the **Name** field, enter an informative name for the location. Scroll to the bottom of the page and under **Location Pattern**, click **Add**, then enter an **IP Address Pattern** in the resulting new row, * is used to specify any number of allowed characters at the end of the string. Below is the location configuration used for the test enterprise.

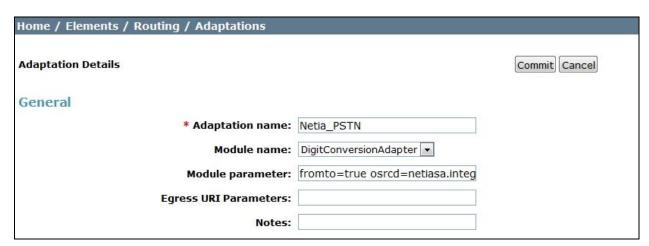


6.4. Administer Adaptations

Calls from Netia are received at the enterprise in national format with no leading "0" on the Request URI. An Adaptation specific to Netia is used to convert the called number to an extension number as defined in the Communication Manager before onward routing to Communication Manager SIP Entity and removes the requirement for incoming digit manipulation on Communication Manager. The adaptation is also used to modify the domain name between that used in the enterprise equipment and that used in the network.

On the **Routing** tab select **Adaptations** from the left-hand menu. Click on **New** (not shown).

- In the **Adaptation name** field, enter a descriptive title for the adaptation.
- In the **Module name** enter **DigitConversionAdapter**. This is used for simple digit conversion adaptations.
- In the **Module parameter** field, enter **fromto** with a value of **true**. This will apply the adaptation to the From and To headers as well as the Request URI. Enter **iodstd** with a value of the domain name of the enterprise, in this case **avaya.com**. This applies to incoming calls only and will change the domain name in the URI of Request-Line header. Enter **osrcd** with a value of the domain name of the network, in this case **netiasa.integralnet.pl**. This applies to outgoing calls only and will change the domain name in the URI of the origination headers, in particular the From and P-Asserted-Identity headers.

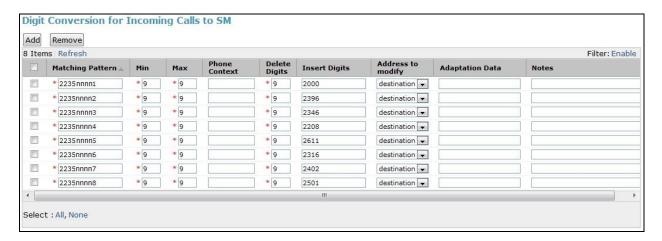


Note: The full entry in the Module parameter field above is **fromto=true osrcd=netiasa.integralnet.pl iodstd=avaya.com**

Scroll down and in the section **Digit Conversion for Incoming Calls to SM**, click on **Add**. An additional row will appear (not shown). This allows information to be entered for the manipulation of numbers coming from the network. This is where the called party number is translated from national format to the extension number for termination of calls on Communication Manager.

The screenshot below shows a translation for each called party number. This is not normally necessary where the extension number forms part of the national number. When this is the case, a simple prefix is required.

- Under **Matching Pattern** enter the DDI number as received from the network.
- Under **Min** and **Max** enter the Minimum and Maximum digits of the incoming DDI number.
- Under **Delete Digits** enter the number of digits to delete to leave only the extension number remaining, during test all had to be deleted as the extension number did not form part of the national number.
- Under **Insert Digits** enter digits to be inserted. During test, this was the full extension number. If the extension number forms part of the DDI number, there will be no entry required here.
- Under **Address to Modify** choose **destination** from the drop down box to apply this rule to the To and Request-Line headers only.



Note: In the above screenshots the DDI numbers are partially obscured.

6.5. Administer SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for each SIP-based telephony system supported by a SIP connection to the Session Manager. To add a SIP Entity, select **SIP Entities** on the left panel menu, and then click on the **New** button (not shown). The following will need to be entered for each SIP Entity. Under **General**:

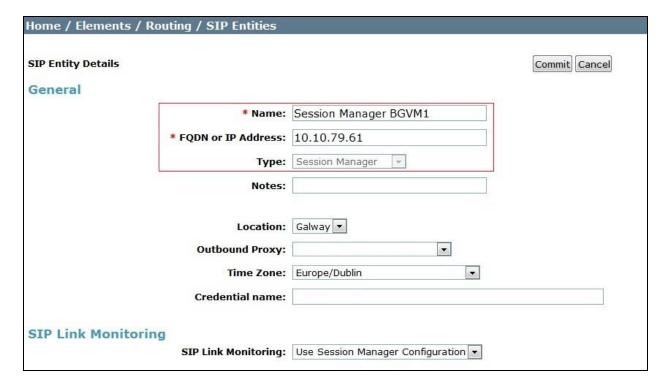
- In the **Name** field enter an informative name.
- In the **FQDN or IP Address** field enter the IP address of the Session Manager or the signalling interface on the connecting system.
- In the **Type** field use **Session Manager** for a Session Manager SIP entity, **CM** for a Communication Manager SIP entity and **SIP Trunk** for the Avaya SBCE SIP entity.
- In the **Adaptation** field (not available for the Session Manager SIP Entity), select the appropriate Adaptation from the drop down menu.
- In the **Location** field select the appropriate location from the drop down menu.
- In the **Time Zone** field enter the time zone for the SIP Entity.

In this configuration there are three SIP Entities:

- Avaya Aura® Session Manager SIP Entity.
- Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity.
- Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) SIP Entity.

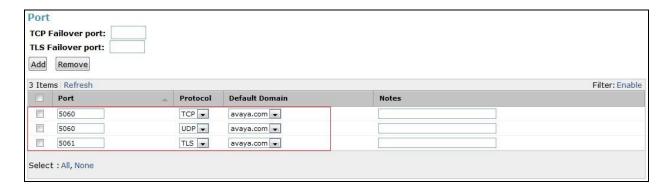
6.5.1. Avaya Aura® Session Manager SIP Entity

The following screens show the SIP entity for Session Manager. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Session Manager SIP signalling interface.



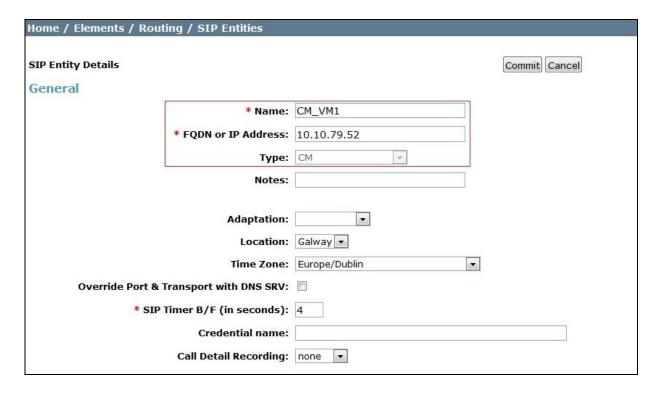
The Session Manager must be configured with the port numbers on the protocols that will be used by the other SIP entities. To configure these scroll to the bottom of the page and under **Port**, click **Add**, then edit the fields in the resulting new row.

- In the **Port** field enter the port number on which the system listens for SIP requests.
- In the **Protocol** field enter the transport protocol to be used for SIP requests.
- In the **Default Domain** field, from the drop down menu select the domain added in **Section 6.2** as the default domain.



6.5.2. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity

The following screen shows the SIP entity for Communication Manager which is configured as an Evolution Server. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the interface on Communication Manager that will be providing SIP signalling. Set the **Location** to that defined in **Section 6.3**.

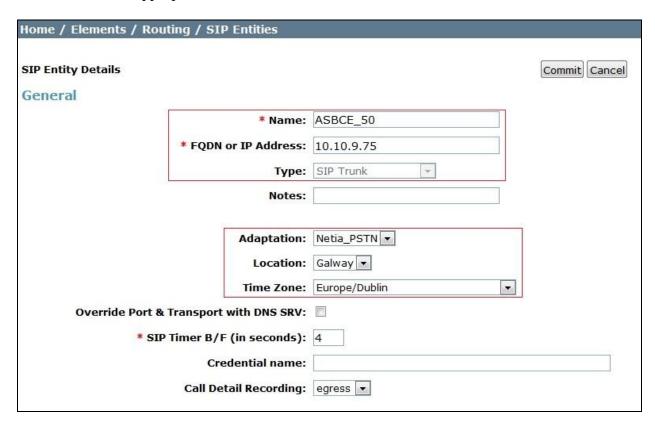


Other parameters can be set for the SIP Entity as shown in the following screenshot, but for test, these were left at default values.



6.5.3. Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

The following screen shows the SIP Entity for the Avaya SBCE. The **FQDN** or **IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Avaya SBCE private network interface (see **Figure 1**). Set the **Adaptation** to that defined in **Section 6.4**, the **Location** to that defined in **Section 6.3** and the **Time Zone** to the appropriate time zone.

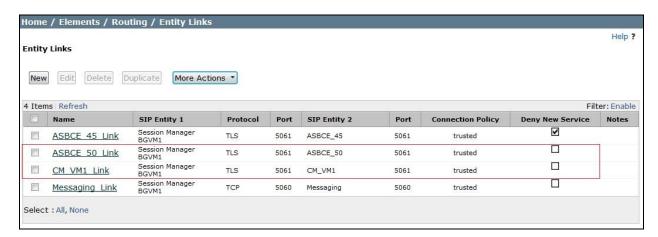


6.6. Administer Entity Links

A SIP trunk between a Session Manager and another system is described by an Entity Link. To add an Entity Link, select **Entity Links** on the left panel menu and click on the **New** button (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed.

- In the **Name** field enter an informative name.
- In the **SIP Entity 1** field select **Session Manager**.
- In the **Port** field enter the port number to which the other system sends its SIP requests.
- In the **SIP Entity 2** field enter the other SIP Entity for this link, created in **Section 6.5**.
- In the **Port** field enter the port number to which the other system expects to receive SIP requests.
- Select the **Trusted** tick box to make the other system trusted.
- In the **Protocol** field enter the transport protocol to be used to send SIP requests.

Click **Commit** to save changes. The following screen shows the Entity Links used in this configuration.



Note: The **Messaging_Link** Entity Link is used for the Avaya Aura ® Messaging system and is not described in this document.

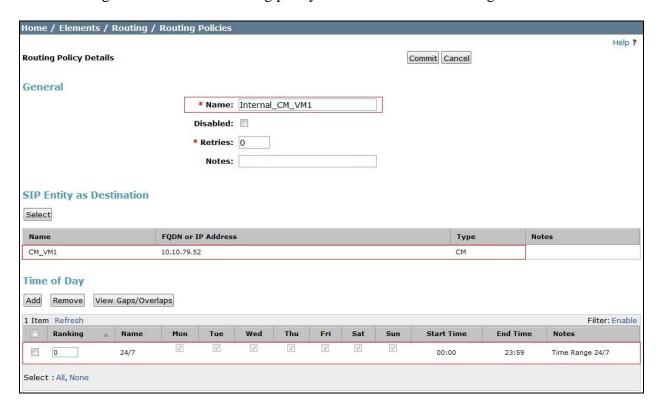
6.7. Administer Routing Policies

Routing policies must be created to direct how calls will be routed to a system. To add a routing policy, select **Routing Policies** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown).

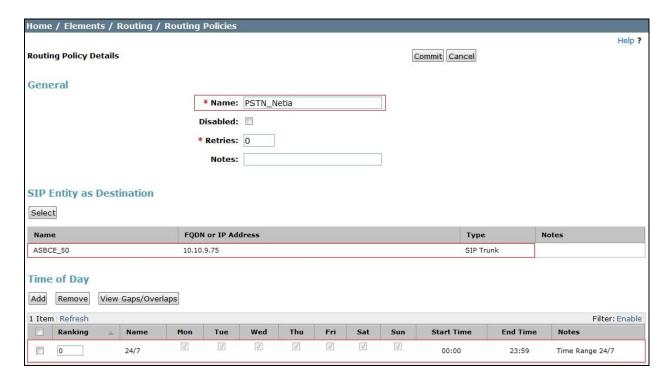
Under General:

- Enter an informative name in the **Name** field
- Under **SIP Entity as Destination**, click **Select**, and then select the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies
- Under **Time of Day**, click **Add**, and then select the time range

The following screen shows the routing policy for Communication Manager.



The following screen shows the Routing Policy for the Avaya SBCE interface that will be routed to the PSTN via the Netia SIP Trunk.



6.8. Administer Dial Patterns

A dial pattern must be defined to direct calls to the appropriate telephony system. To configure a dial pattern select **Dial Patterns** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown).

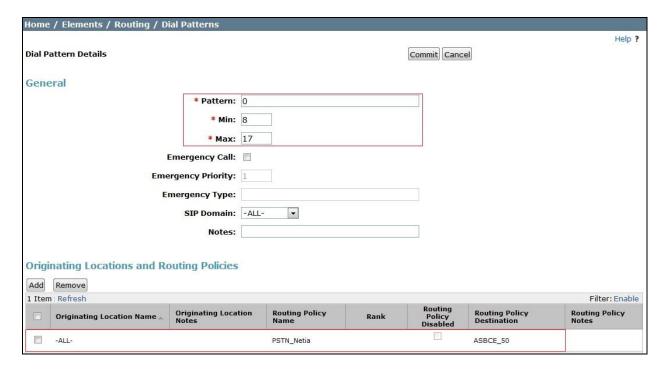
Under General:

- In the **Pattern** field enter a dialled number or prefix to be matched.
- In the **Min** field enter the minimum length of the dialled number.
- In the **Max** field enter the maximum length of the dialled number.
- In the **SIP Domain** field select **ALL** or alternatively one of those configured in **Section 6.2**.

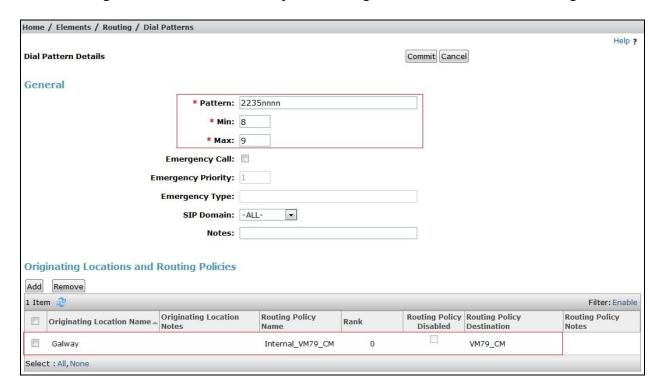
Under Originating Locations and Routing Policies:

- Click **Add**, in the resulting screen (not shown).
- Under Originating Location, select the location defined in Section 6.3 or ALL.
- Under **Routing Policies** select one of the routing policies defined in **Section 6.7**.
- Click **Select** button to save.

The following screen shows an example dial pattern configured for the Avaya SBCE which will route the calls out to the PSTN via the Netia SIP Trunk.



The following screen shows the test dial pattern configured for Communication Manager.



Note: The above configuration is used where analysis of the incoming DDI number is required. If the Adaptation described in **Section 6.4** is used, this isn't necessary as the number is converted to an extension number. In this case, a dial pattern is required to route extension numbers. In test, the dial pattern is defined with a **Pattern** of **2** and a **Min** and **Max** value of **4**.

In the above screenshot, the least significant four digits of the pattern to be matched have been obscured.

6.9. Administer Application for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

From the **Home** tab select **Session Manager** from the menu. In the resulting tab from the left panel menu select **Application Configuration** \rightarrow **Applications** and click **New** (not shown).

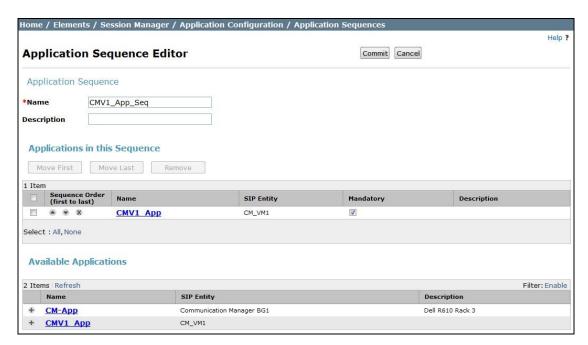
- In the **Name** field enter a name for the application.
- In the **SIP Entity** field select the SIP entity for the Communication Manager.
- In the **CM System for SIP Entity** field select the SIP entity for the Communication Manager and select **Commit** to save the configuration.



6.10. Administer Application Sequence for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

From the left panel navigate to **Session Manager** → **Application Configuration** → **Application Sequences** and click on **New** (not shown).

- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name.
- Under **Available Applications**, click the + sign in front of the appropriate application instance. When the screen refreshes the application should be displayed under the **Applications in this Sequence** heading. Select **Commit**.

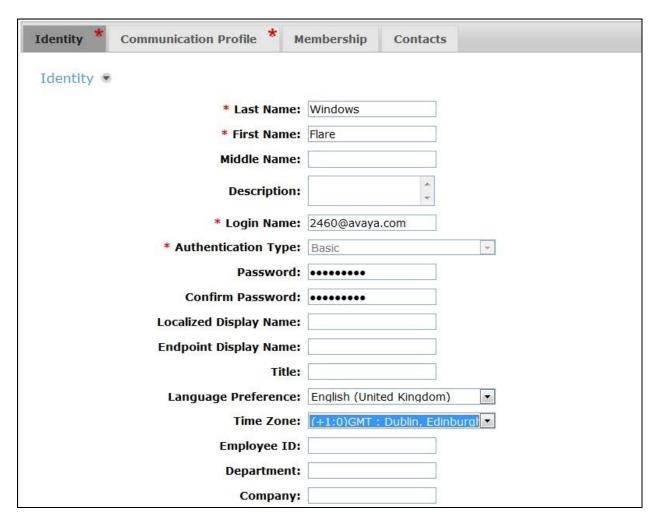


6.11. Administer SIP Extensions

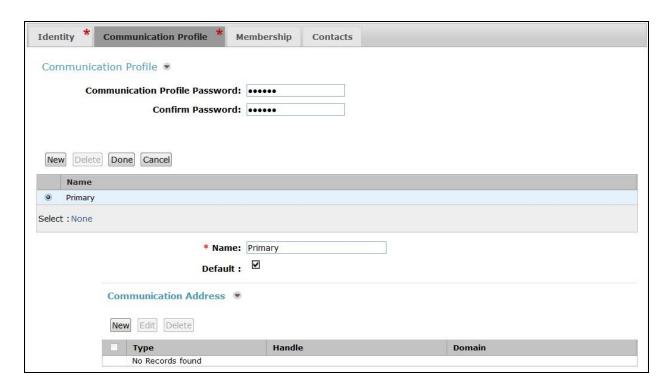
SIP extensions are registered with the Session Manager and use Communication Manager for their feature and configuration settings. From the **Home** tab select **User Management** from the menu. Then select **Manage Users** and click **New** (not shown).

On the **Identity** tab:

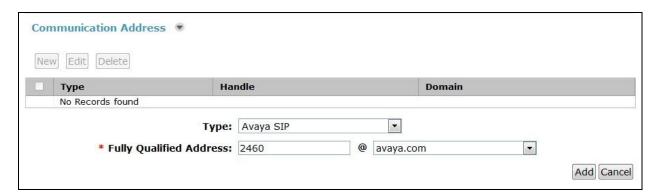
- Enter the user's name in the **Last Name** and **First Name** fields.
- In the **Login Name** field enter a unique system login name in the form of user@domain e.g. **2460@avaya.com** which is used to create the user's primary handle.
- The **Authentication Type** should be **Basic**.
- In the **Password/Confirm Password** fields enter an alphanumeric password.
- Set the **Language Preference** and **Time Zone** as required.



On the Communication Profile tab, enter a numeric Communication Profile Password and confirm it.

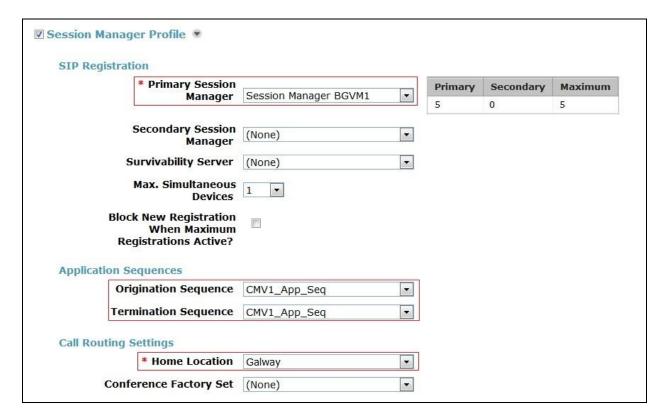


Expand the Communication Address section and click New. For the Type field select Avaya SIP from the drop-down menu. In the Fully Qualified Address field, enter an extension number and select the relevant domain from the drop-down menu. Click the Add button.



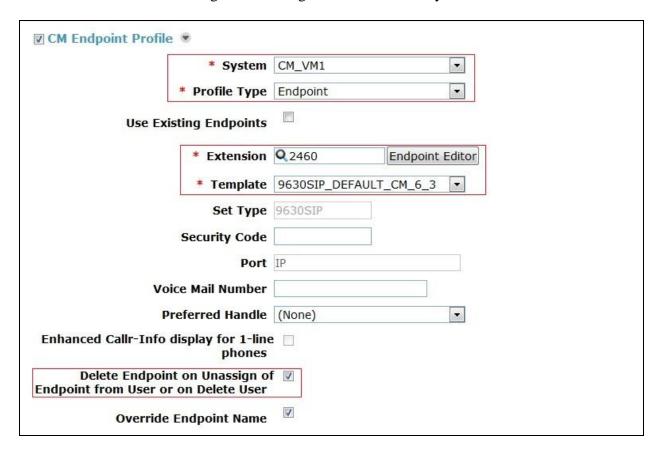
Expand the **Session Manager Profile** section.

- Make sure the **Session Manager Profile** check box is checked.
- Select the appropriate Session Manager instance from the drop-down menu in the **Primary Session Manager** field.
- Select the appropriate application sequence from the drop-down menu in the **Origination Sequence** field configured in **Section 6.10**.
- Select the appropriate application sequence from the drop-down menu in the **Termination Sequence** field configured in **Section 6.10**.
- Select the appropriate location from the drop-down menu in the **Home Location** field.



Expand the **Endpoint Profile** section.

- Select the Communication Manager SIP Entity from the **System** drop-down menu.
- Select **Endpoint** from the drop-down menu for **Profile Type**.
- Enter the extension in the **Extension** field.
- Select the desired template from the **Template** drop-down menu.
- In the **Port** field **IP** is automatically inserted.
- Select the **Delete Endpoint on Unassign of Endpoint from User or on Delete User** check box.
- Select **Commit** (Not Shown) to save changes and the System Manager will add the Communication Manager user configuration automatically.



7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

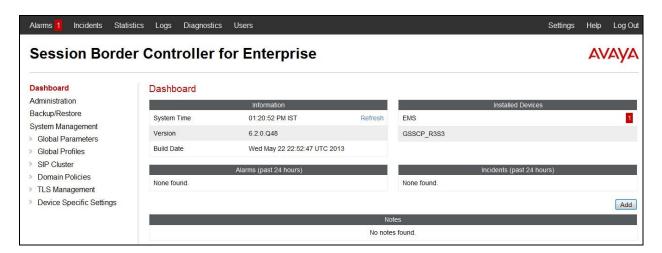
This section describes the configuration of the Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE). The Avaya SBCE provides security and manipulation of signalling to provide an interface to the Service Provider's SIP Trunk that is standard where possible and adapted to the Service Provider's SIP implementation where necessary.

7.1. Access Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Access the Session Border Controller using a web browser by entering the URL https://<ip-address>, where <ip-address> is the private IP address configured at installation. A log in screen is presented. Log in using username ucsec and the appropriate password.



Once logged in, a dashboard is presented with a menu on the left-hand side. The menu is used as a starting point for all configuration of the Avaya SBCE.

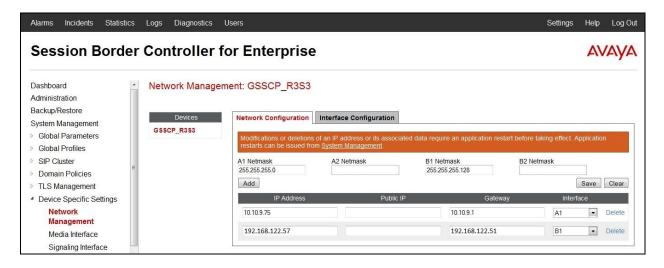


7.2. Define Network Information

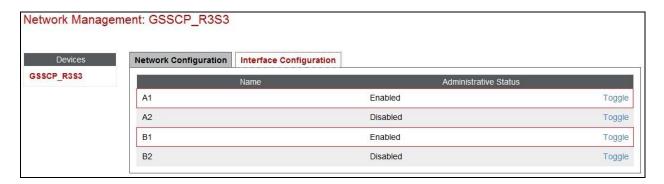
Network information is required on the Avaya SBCE to allocate IP addresses and masks to the interfaces. Note that only the A1 and B1 interfaces are used, typically the A1 interface is used for the internal side and B1 is used for external. Each side of the Avaya SBCE can have only one interface assigned.

To define the network information, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Network Management** in the main menu on the left hand side and click on **Add**. Enter details in the blank box that appears at the end of the list.

- Define the internal IP address with screening mask and assign to interface A1.
- Select **Save** to save the information.
- Click on **Add**.
- Define the external IP address with screening mask and assign to interface **B1**.
- Select **Save** to save the information.
- Click on **System Management** in the main menu.
- Select **Restart Application** indicated by an icon in the status bar (not shown).



Select the **Interface Configuration** tab and click on **Toggle State** to enable the interfaces.



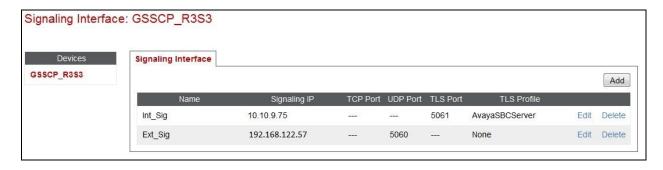
7.3. Define Interfaces

When the IP addresses and masks are assigned to the interfaces, these are then configured as signalling and media interfaces. Testing was carried out with TLS used for transport of signalling between the Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE. This document shows the configuration for TLS, if another transport protocol is required, substitute it where TLS is specified.

7.3.1. Signalling Interfaces

To define the signalling interfaces on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Signaling Interface** (not shown) in the main menu on the left hand side. Details of transport protocol and ports for the internal and external SIP signalling are entered here.

- Select **Add** and enter details of the internal signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown).
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the internal signalling interface.
- For **Signaling IP**, select an **internal** signalling interface IP address defined in **Section 7.2**.
- Select **TLS** port number, **5061** is used for the Session Manager.
- When the TLS port number is defined, an additional field (not shown) becomes available for TLS Profile, select the predefined Avaya profile AvayaSBCServer.
- Select **Add** and enter details of the external signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown).
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the external signalling interface.
- For **Signaling IP**, select an **external** signalling interface IP address defined in **Section 7.2**.
- Select **UDP** port number, **5060** is used for the Netia SIP Trunk.



7.3.2. Media Interfaces

To define the media interfaces on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Media Interface** in the main menu on the left hand side. Details of the RTP and SRTP port ranges for the internal and external media streams are entered here. The IP addresses for media can be the same as those used for signalling.

- Select **Add** and enter details of the internal media interface in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the internal media interface.
- For **Media IP**, select an **internal** media interface IP address defined in **Section 7.2**.
- Select **RTP port** ranges for the media path with the enterprise end-points.
- Select **Add** and enter details of the external media interface in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the external media interface.
- For **Media IP**, select an **external** media interface IP address defined in **Section 7.2**.
- Select **RTP port** ranges for the media path with Netia SIP Trunk.



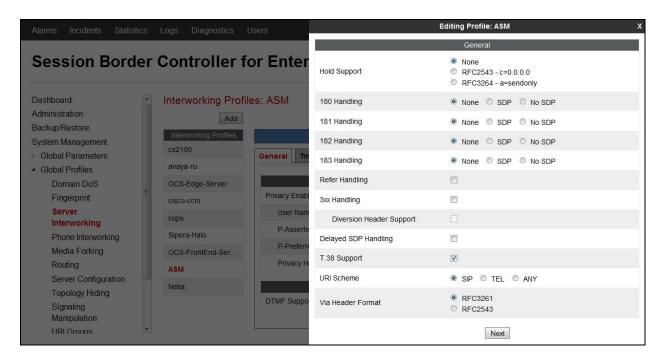
Note: During test the port ranges for the internal and external media interfaces were left at default values.

7.4. Define Server Interworking

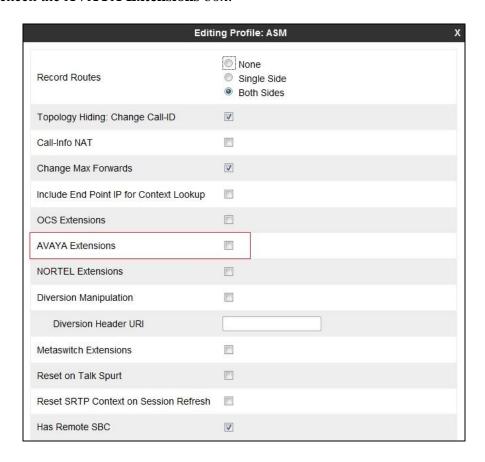
Server interworking is defined for each server connected to the Avaya SBCE. In this case, Netia SIP Trunk is connected as the Trunk Server and the Session Manager is connected as the Call Server. Configuration of interworking includes Hold support, T.38 fax support and SIP extensions.

To define server interworking on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Server Interworking** in the main menu on the left hand side. To define Server Interworking for the Session Manager, highlight the **avaya-ru** profile which is a factory setting appropriate for Avaya equipment and select **Clone Profile**. A pop-up menu is generated headed **Clone Profile** (not shown).

- In the Clone Name field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager and click Finish in test ASM was used.
- In the **General** tab (not shown) Select **Edit** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- Check the **T.38** box then click **Next** and **Finish** (not shown).



- In the **Advanced** tab (not shown) Select **Edit** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- Uncheck the **AVAYA Extensions** box.



To define Server Interworking for Netia SIP Trunk, highlight the previously defined profile for the Session Manager and select **Clone Profile**. A pop-up menu is generated headed **Clone Profile** (not shown).

- In the Clone Name field enter a descriptive name for server interworking profile for Netia SIP Trunk and click Finish in test Netia was used
- Select **Edit** and enter details in the pop-up menu
- Check the **T.38** box
- Select **Next** three times and **Finish**

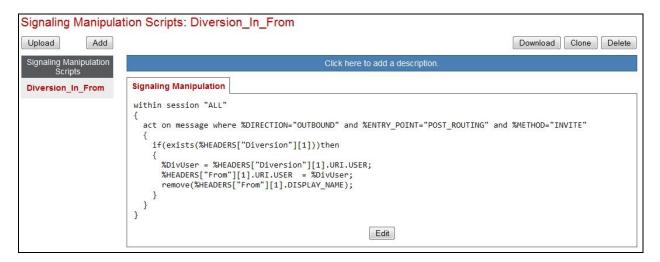
7.5. Define Signalling Manipulation

Signalling manipulation is required in some cases to ensure effective interworking. In the case of Netia, an issue existed where forwarded calls were not completing as the number in the From header was the original calling party number as opposed to the diverting number. As outgoing calls are verified in the network based on the number in the From field, verification was failing. The solution was to include the Diversion header in the INVITE for leg 2 and to use signalling manipulation to copy the number into the From header.

To define the signalling manipulation to copy the number in the Diversion header into the From header in the INVITE messages for leg 2, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Signaling Manipulation** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add Script** and enter a title and the script in the script editor. The title in the example is Diversion_In_From. The script text is as follows:

```
within session "ALL"
{
   act on message where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING" and
%METHOD="INVITE"
   {
      if(exists(%HEADERS["Diversion"][1]))then
      {
         %DivUser = %HEADERS["Diversion"][1].URI.USER;
      %HEADERS["From"][1].URI.USER = %DivUser;
      remove(%HEADERS["From"][1].DISPLAY_NAME);
    }
}
```

Once entered and saved, the script appears as shown in the following screenshot:

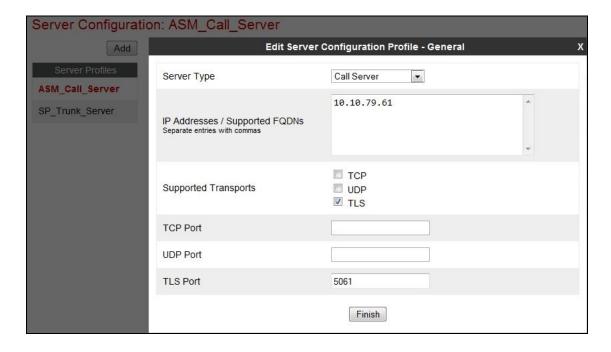


Note: This will only take effect when selected in the **Signalling Manipulation Script** drop down menu in the advanced Trunk Server settings. The Trunk server is defined in **Section 7.6** and is named **SP_Trunk_Server**.

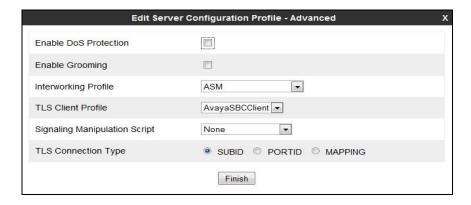
7.6. Define Servers

A server definition is required for each server connected to the Avaya SBCE. In this case, Netia SIP Trunk is connected as the Trunk Server and the Session Manager is connected as the Call Server. To define the Session Manager, navigate to **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Server Configuration** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the pop-up menu.

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager and click **Next** (not shown).
- In the Server Type drop down menu, select Call Server.
- In the **IP Addresses** / **Supported FQDNs** box, type the Session Manager SIP interface address which is the same as that defined on the Communication Manager in **Section 5.2**.
- If TLS is to be used for the signalling transport between the Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE, check **TLS** in **Supported Transports**.
- Define the **TLS** port for SIP signalling, **5061** is used for the Session Manager and click **Finish**.

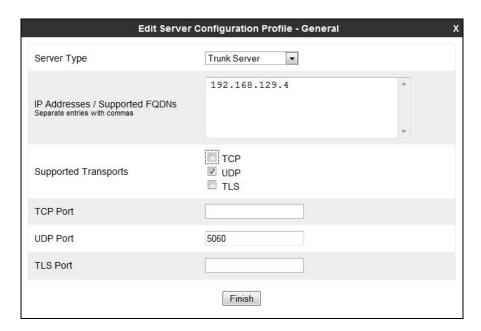


- Select the **Advanced** tab (not shown).
- In the **Interworking Profile** drop down menu, select the **Interworking Profile** for the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.4**.
- If TLS is to be used between the Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE, select the **AvayaSBCClient** predefined Avaya TLS client in the **TLS Client Profile drop** down menu.
- Click Finish.

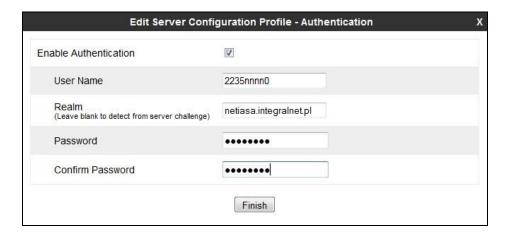


To define Netia SIP Trunk as a Trunk Server, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Server Configuration** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the pop-up menu.

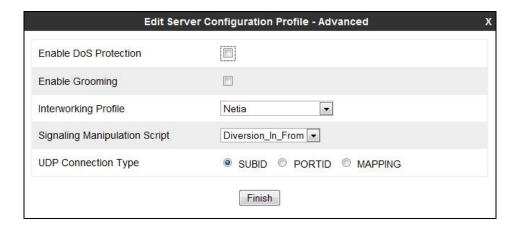
- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for Netia SIP Trunk and click **Next** (not shown)
- In the **Server Type** drop down menu, select **Trunk Server**
- In the **IP** Addresses / Supported FQDNs box, type the IP address of Netia SIP Trunk
- Check **UDP** in **Supported Transports**
- Define the **UDP** port for SIP signaling, **5060** is used for UPC



- Click **Next** and check the **Enable Authentication** box (not shown).
- Define the Authentication parameters as provided by Netia.



- Click **Next** again then select the **Interworking Profile** for the Netia SIP Trunk defined in **Section 7.4** from the drop down menu.
- If required, select the **Signaling Manipulation Script** defined in **Section 7.5**.

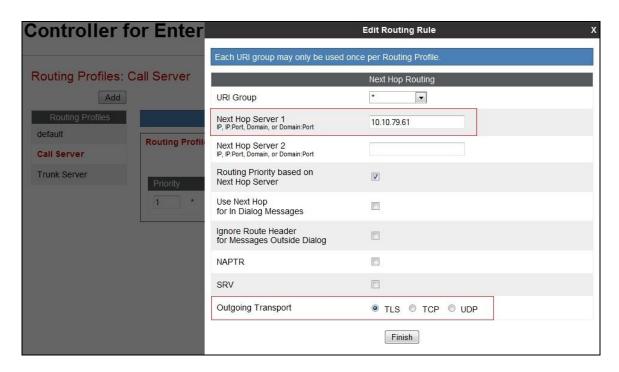


Note: See Section 7.5 for the Signalling Manipulation Script.

7.7. Define Routing

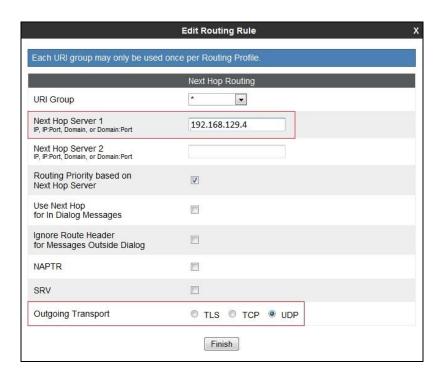
Routing information is required for routing to the Session Manager on the internal side and Netia SIP Trunk on the external side. The IP addresses and ports defined here will be used as the destination addresses for signalling. If no port is specified in the **Next Hop IP Address**, default 5060 is used for TCP and UDP, and 5061 for TLS. To define routing to the Session Manager, navigate to **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Routing** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Routing Profile** pop-up menu.

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager, in this case **Call Server**, and click **Next**.
- Enter the Session Manager SIP interface address and port in the **Next Hop Server 1** field.
- Select **TLS** for the **Outgoing Transport**.
- Click Finish.



To define routing to Netia SIP Trunk, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Routing** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Routing Profile** pop-up menu.

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for Netia SIP Trunk, in this case a generic name of **Trunk Server** was used, and click **Next**.
- Enter the Netia SIP Trunk IP address and port in the **Next Hop Server 1** field.
- Select **UDP** for the **Outgoing Transport**.
- Click Finish.

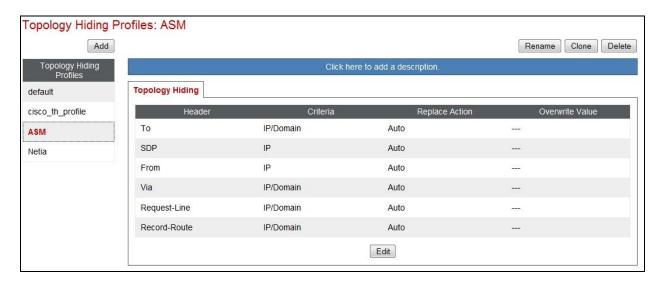


7.8. Topology Hiding

Topology hiding is used to hide local information such as private IP addresses and local domain names. The local information can be overwritten with a domain name or IP addresses. The default **Replace Action** is **Auto**, this replaces local information with IP addresses, generally the next hop. Topology hiding has the advantage of presenting single Via and Record-Route headers externally where multiple headers may be received from the enterprise, particularly from the Session Manager. In some cases where Topology Hiding can't be applied, in particular the Contact header, IP addresses are translated to the Avaya SBCE external addresses using NAT.

To define Topology Hiding for the Session Manager, navigate to Global Profiles → Topology Hiding in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on Add and enter details in the Topology Hiding Profile pop-up menu (not shown).

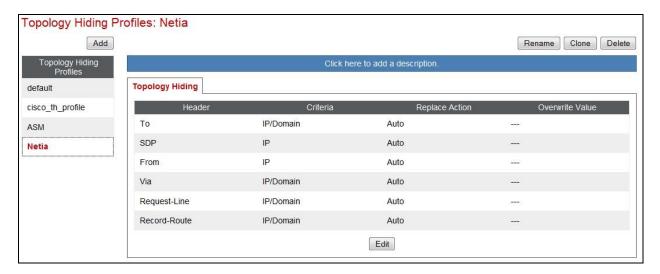
- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager and click **Next**.
- If the **Request-Line**, **Record-Route**, **Via** and **To** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and **select** from the **Header** drop down menu.
- For each of the above headers, leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**.
- If the **From** and **SDP** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and **s**elect from the **Header** drop down menu.
- For each of the above headers, select **IP** from the **Criteria** drop down menu (important for the **From** header so that the "anonymous.invalid" domain name for restricted CLI is not overwritten).
- For each of the headers leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**.



Note: The use of **Auto** results in an IP address being inserted in the host portion of the Request-URI as opposed to a domain name. If a domain name is required, the action **Overwrite** must be used where appropriate, and the required domain names entered in the **Overwrite Value** field. Different domain names can be used for the enterprise and Netia SIP Trunk.

To define Topology Hiding for Netia SIP Trunk, navigate to **Global Profiles** → **Topology Hiding** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Topology Hiding Profile** pop-up menu (not shown).

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for Netia SIP Trunk and click **Next**.
- If the **Request-Line**, **Record-Route**, **Via** and **To** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and select from the **Header** drop down menu.
- For each of the above headers, leave the **Replace Action** at the default value of **Auto**.
- If the **From** and **SDP** Headers aren't shown, click on **Add Header** and select from the **Header** drop down menu.
- For each of the above headers, select **IP** from the **Criteria** drop down menu (important for the **From** header so that the "anonymous.invalid" domain name for restricted CLI is not overwritten).



7.9. End Point Policy Groups

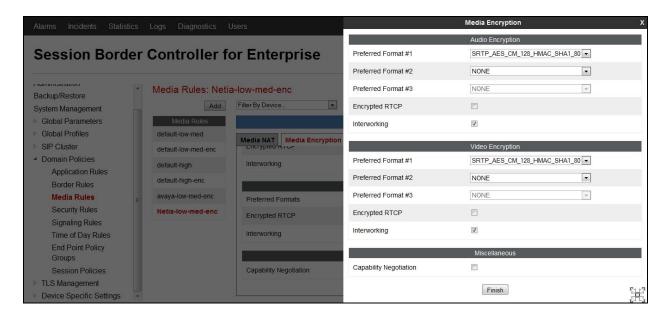
End Point Policy Groups are used to bring together a number of different rules for use in a server flow described in **Section 7.10**. The Netia SIP Trunk was tested with SRTP in the enterprise, and a Media Rule was required for conversion between SRTP and RTP.

7.9.1. Media Rules

Media rules are a mechanism on the Avaya SBCE to handle any unusual media handling scenarios that may be encountered for a particular Service Provider. In the case of Netia SIP Trunk, this was the conversion between SRTP and RTP.

To define the media rule, navigate to **Domain Policies** → **Media Rules** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the Media Rule pop-up box.

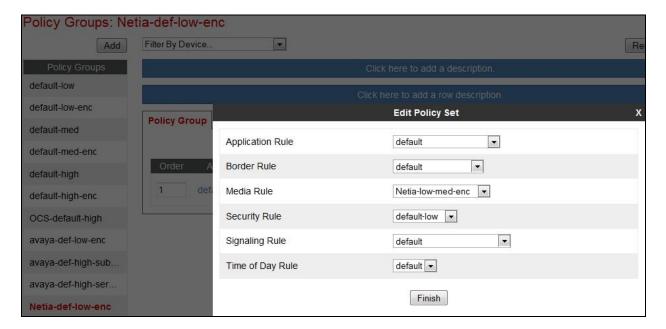
- In the **Rule Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Netia SIP Trunk media rule and click **Next** and **Next** again, then **Finish**.
- Click on the **Media Encryption** tab and then click on **Edit**.
- Select the **Preferred Format #1** from the drop down menu, in test **SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80** was used.
- Video is not currently offered as part of the solution, but if required select the preferred format for video.
- Ensure **Interworking** is checked so that the conversion to RTP can take place.
- Leave Capability Negotiation unchecked as it is not required in this solution.
- Click Finish.



7.9.2. End Point Policy Group

An End Point Policy Group is required to implement the media rule. To define one for use in the Session Manager server flow, navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **End Point Policy Groups** in the main menu on the left hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the Policy Group pop-up box (not shown).

- In the **Group Name** field enter a descriptive name for the Session Manager Policy Group, in this case **Netia-def-low-enc**, and click **Next**.
- Leave the **Application Rule** and **Border Rule** at their default values.
- Select the **Media Rule** created in the previous section in the drop down menu.
- Leave the Security Rule, Signalling Rule and Time of Day Rule at their default values.

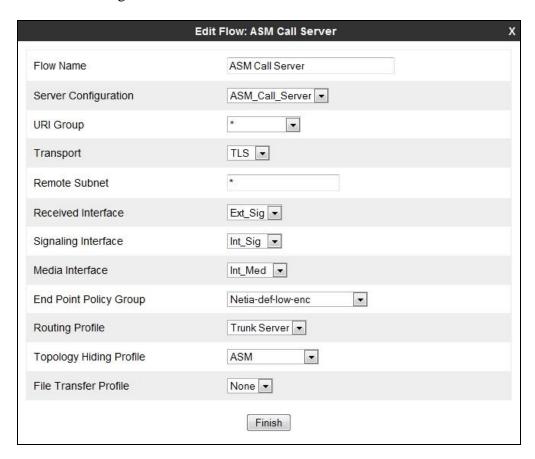


7.10. Server Flows

Server Flows combine the previously defined profiles into two End Point Server Flows, one for the Session Manager and another for the Netia SIP Trunk. This configuration ties all the previously entered information together so that calls can be routed from the Session Manager to Netia SIP Trunk and vice versa.

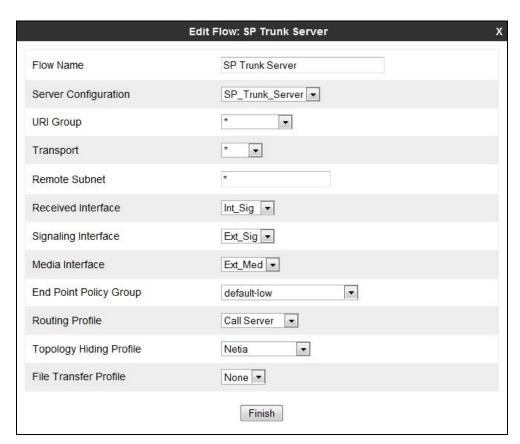
To define a Server Flow for the Session Manager, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**.

- Click on the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add Flow** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the server flow for the Session Manager, in this case **ASM Call Server** was used.
- In the **Transport** drop-down menu, select the transport to be used, in this case **TLS**.
- In the **Received Interface** drop-down menu, select the external SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for the Session Manager is received on.
- In the **Signaling Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for the Session Manager is sent on.
- In the **Media Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal media interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that media bound for the Session Manager is sent on.
- In the **Routing Profile** drop-down menu, select the routing profile of Netia SIP Trunk defined in **Section 7.7**.
- In the **End Point Policy Group** drop down menu, select the policy group defined in **Section 7.9**.
- In the **Topology Hiding Profile** drop-down menu, select the topology hiding profile of the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.8** and click **Finish**.

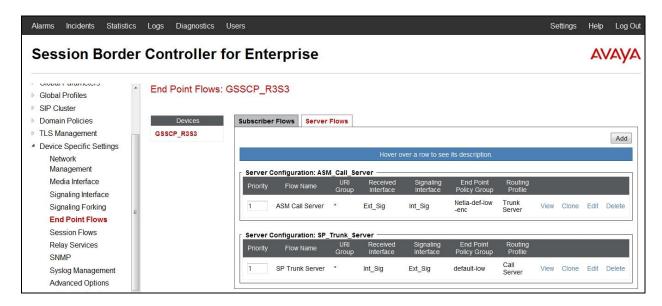


To define a Server Flow for Netia SIP Trunk, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point** Flows.

- Click on the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add Flow** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the server flow for Netia SIP Trunk, in this case a generic name of **SP Trunk Server** was used.
- In the **Received Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for Netia SIP Trunk is received on.
- In the **Signaling Interface** drop-down menu, select the external SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that signalling bound for Netia SIP Trunk is sent on.
- In the **Media Interface** drop-down menu, select the external media interface defined in **Section 7.3**. This is the interface that media bound for Netia SIP Trunk is sent on.
- In the **Routing Profile** drop-down menu, select the routing profile of the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.7**.
- In the **Topology Hiding Profile** drop-down menu, select the topology hiding profile of the Netia SIP Trunk defined in **Section 7.8** and click **Finish**.



The information for all Server Flows is shown on a single screen on the Avaya SBCE.



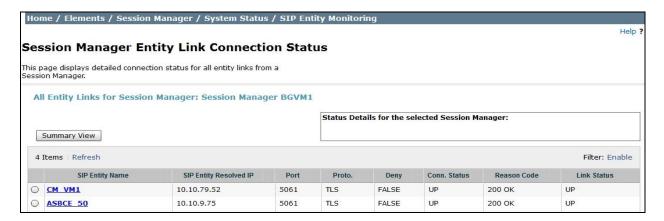
8. Configure Netia SIP Trunk Equipment

The configuration of the Netia equipment used to support Netia SIP Trunk is outside of the scope of these Application Notes and will not be covered. To obtain further information on Netia equipment and system configuration please contact an authorised Netia representative.

9. Verification Steps

This section provides steps that may be performed to verify that the solution is configured correctly.

1. From System Manager Home tab click on Session Manager and navigate to Session Manager → System Status → SIP Entity Monitoring. Select the relevant SIP Entities from the list and observe if the Conn Status and Link Status are showing as up.



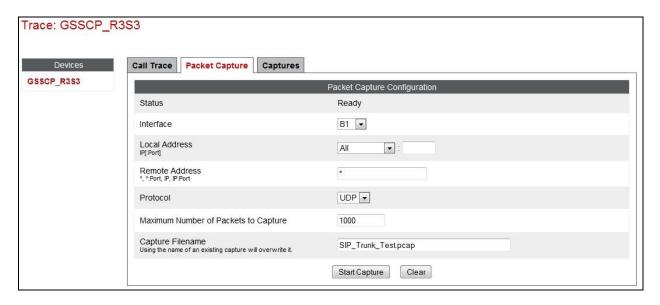
2. From the Communication Manager SAT interface run the command **status trunk n** where **n** is a previously configured SIP trunk. Observe if all channels on the trunk group display **in-service/idle**.

status trunk 1			
TRUNK GROUP STATUS			
Member	Port	Service State	Mtce Connected Ports Busy
0001/001 0001/002 0001/003 0001/004	T00002 T00003 T00004	<pre>in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle</pre>	no no no no
0001/005 0001/006 0001/007	T00006	<pre>in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle</pre>	no no no
0001/008 0001/009 0001/010	T00009	<pre>in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle</pre>	no no no

- 3. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active.
- 4. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active.
- 5. Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- 6. Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.
- 7. Should issues arise with the SIP trunk, use the Avaya SBCE trace facility to check that the OPTIONS requests sent from the Session Manager via the Avaya SBCE to the network SBCs are receiving a response.

To define the trace, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** → **Advanced Options** → **Troubleshooting** → **Trace** in the main menu on the left hand side and select the **Packet Capture** tab.

- Select the SIP Trunk interface from the **Interface** drop down menu.
- Select the signalling interface IP address or **All** from the **Local Address** drop down menu.
- Enter the IP address of the network SBC in the **Remote Address** field or enter a * to capture all traffic.
- Specify the **Maximum Number of Packets to Capture**, 10000 is shown as an example.
- Specify the filename of the resultant pcap file in the **Capture Filename** field.
- Click on **Start Capture**.



To view the trace, select the **Captures** tab and click on the relevant filename in the list of traces.



The trace is viewed as a standard pcap file in Wireshark. If the SIP trunk is working correctly, a SIP response in the form of a 200 OK will be seen from the Netia network.

10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration necessary to connect Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3 as an Evolution Server, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise to Netia SIP Trunk Service. Netia SIP Trunk Service is a SIP-based Voice over IP solution providing businesses a flexible, cost-saving alternative to traditional hardwired telephony trunks. The service was successfully tested with a number of observations listed in **Section 2.2**. At the time of writing, an ongoing issue remains with loss of media after 30 minutes on long duration calls. This is under investigation.

11. Additional References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes. Additional Avaya product documentation is available at http://support.avaya.com.

- [1] Installing and Configuring Avaya Aura® System Platform, Release 6.3, May 2013.
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura® System Platform, Release 6.3, May 2013.
- [3] Avaya Aura® Communication Manager using VMware® in the Virtualized Environment Deployment Guide, May 2013
- [4] Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 6.3 Documentation library, August 2013.
- [5] Avaya Aura® System Manager using VMware® in the Virtualized Environment Deployment Guide Release 6.3 May 2013
- [6] Implementing Avaya Aura® System Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [7] Upgrading Avaya Aura® System Manager to 6.3.2, May 2013.
- [8] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [9] Avaya Aura® Session Manager using VMware® in the Virtualized Environment Deployment Guide Release 6.3 May 2013
- [10] Implementing Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [11] Upgrading Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3, May 2013
- [12] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager Release 6.3, June 2013,
- [13] Installing Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 6.2 June 2013
- [14] Upgrading Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.2 July 2013
- [15] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Release 6.2 March 2013
- [16] RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol, http://www.ietf.org/

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